

# PA/MA Bridges falling down



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## Project Goals:

Attempt to determine what factors lead up to the depreciation of bridges, and if those factors are consistent between states.

Examine the more robust PA dataset to narrow down features

Compare two different states to see if we get a similar score and if not hypothesize why and examine the features from the other dataset.



# What we'll be covering:

Background of project

EDA

Model Selection

Conclusions



# Why Bridges?

PA and MA are among the 10 worst states for their bridge upkeep, and I personally lived next to a decaying bridge for a number of years while I lived in Pittsburgh.

# The 10 worst average sufficiency ratings in the US

The rating, which ranges from 0 to 100, measures a bridge's condition, functionality, and importance.

State	Average sufficiency rating
Rhode Island	71.34
Hawaii	73.56
Kentucky	75.13
Arkansas	75.62
Pennsylvania	75.86
Iowa	76.16
Alaska	76.38
<b>Massachusetts</b>	<b>76.44</b>
North Carolina	76.82
Maine	76.90



TUNNEL  $\frac{3}{4}$  MILE  
CLEARANCE 13'-6"  
TRUCK OVERHEIGHT  
WHEN SIGNS  
FLASH AHEAD



# EDA:

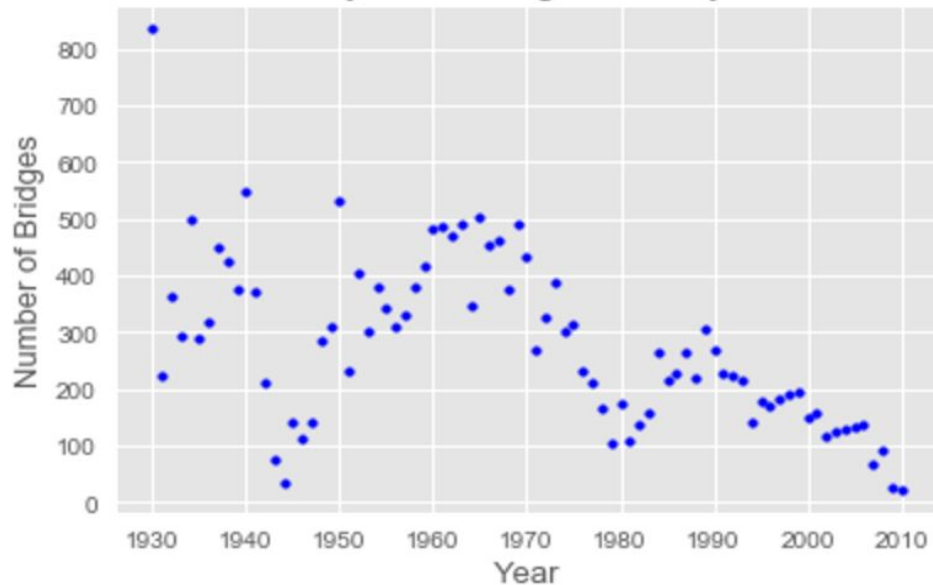
Factor Determination, and choices:

PA Factors: Lat/Lon, average daily traffic, city code, covered, caretaker, deck area/width, main material, main span material and type, design, material for the bridge, length, historical significance, year built/reconstructed, state/local, structural rating, flood inspection and the nbi rating

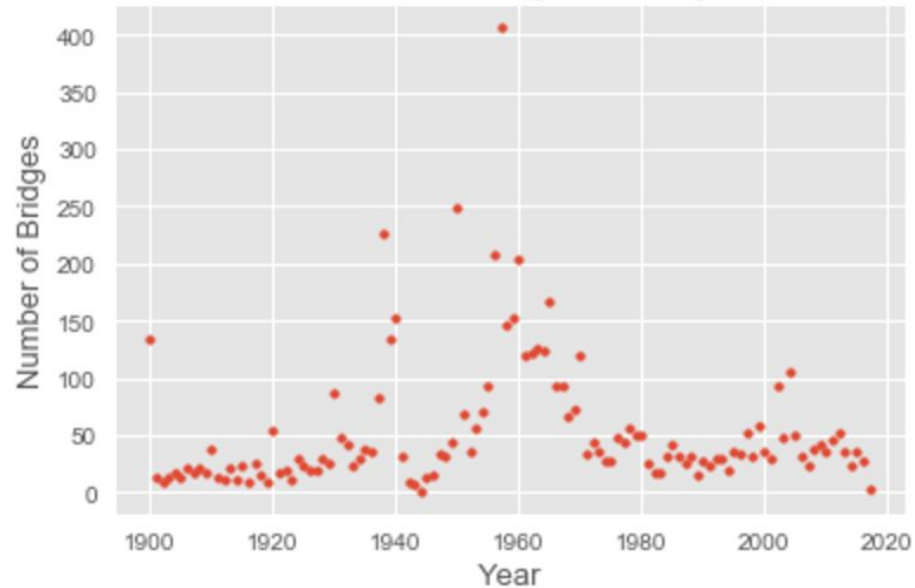
MA Factors: Latitude, Longitude, Structure Material, Structure\_Type, Bridge\_Owner, Year Built, Year reconstructed, Structure Length, Structurally Deficient, Structure Category

# Year Built Comparisons

Pennsylvania Bridges Built by Year

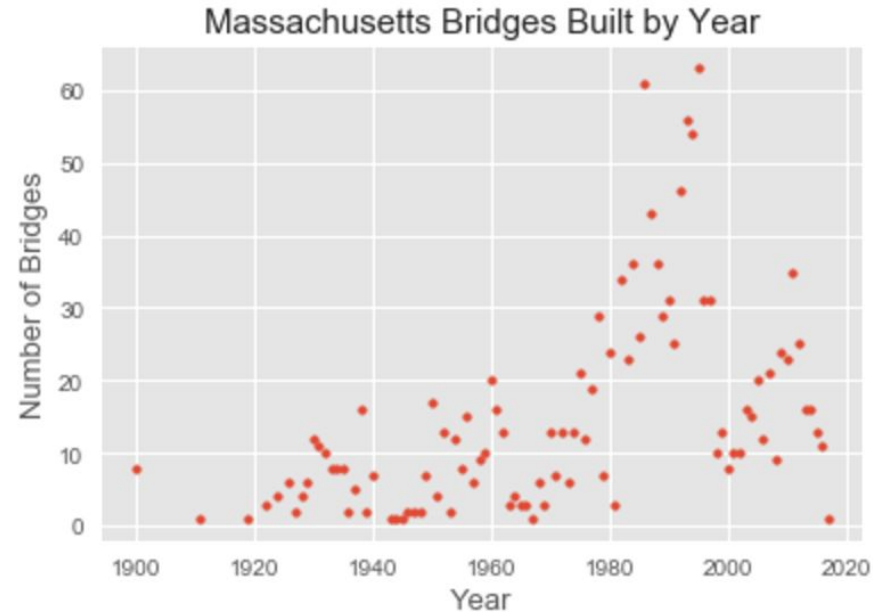
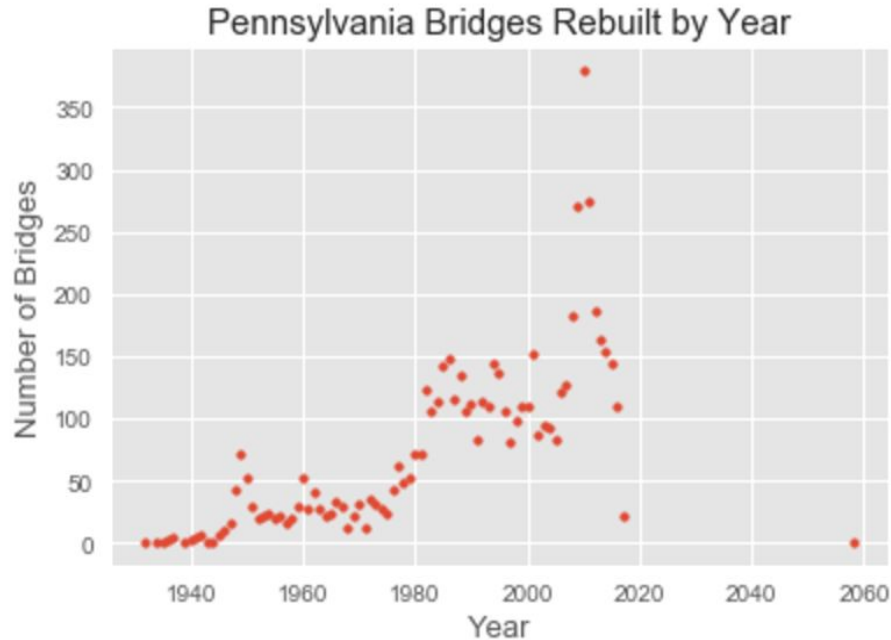


Massachusetts Bridges Built by Year





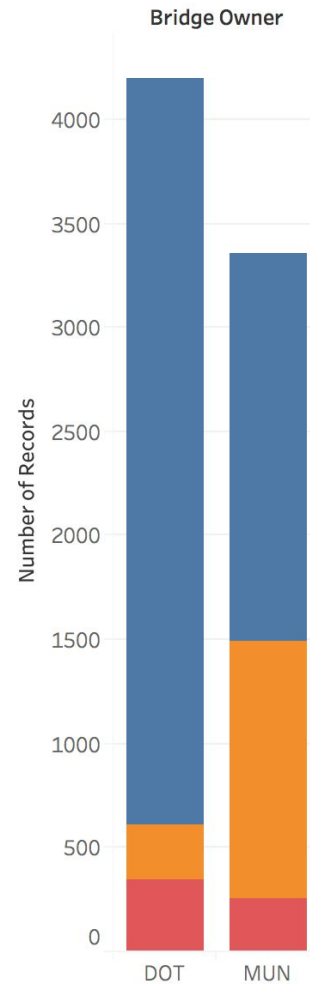
# Comparison by reconstruction year



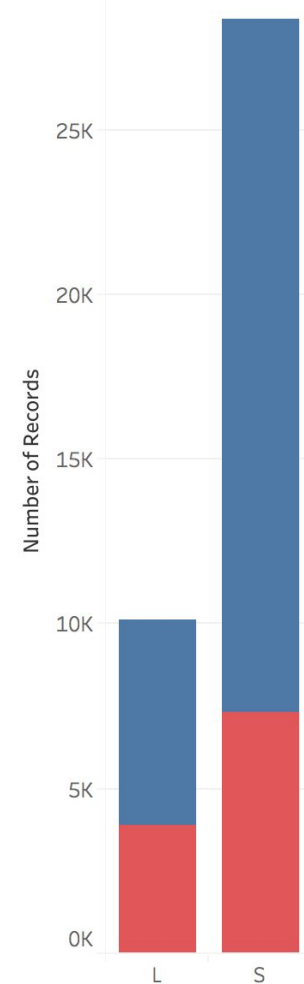
# Bridge Ownership

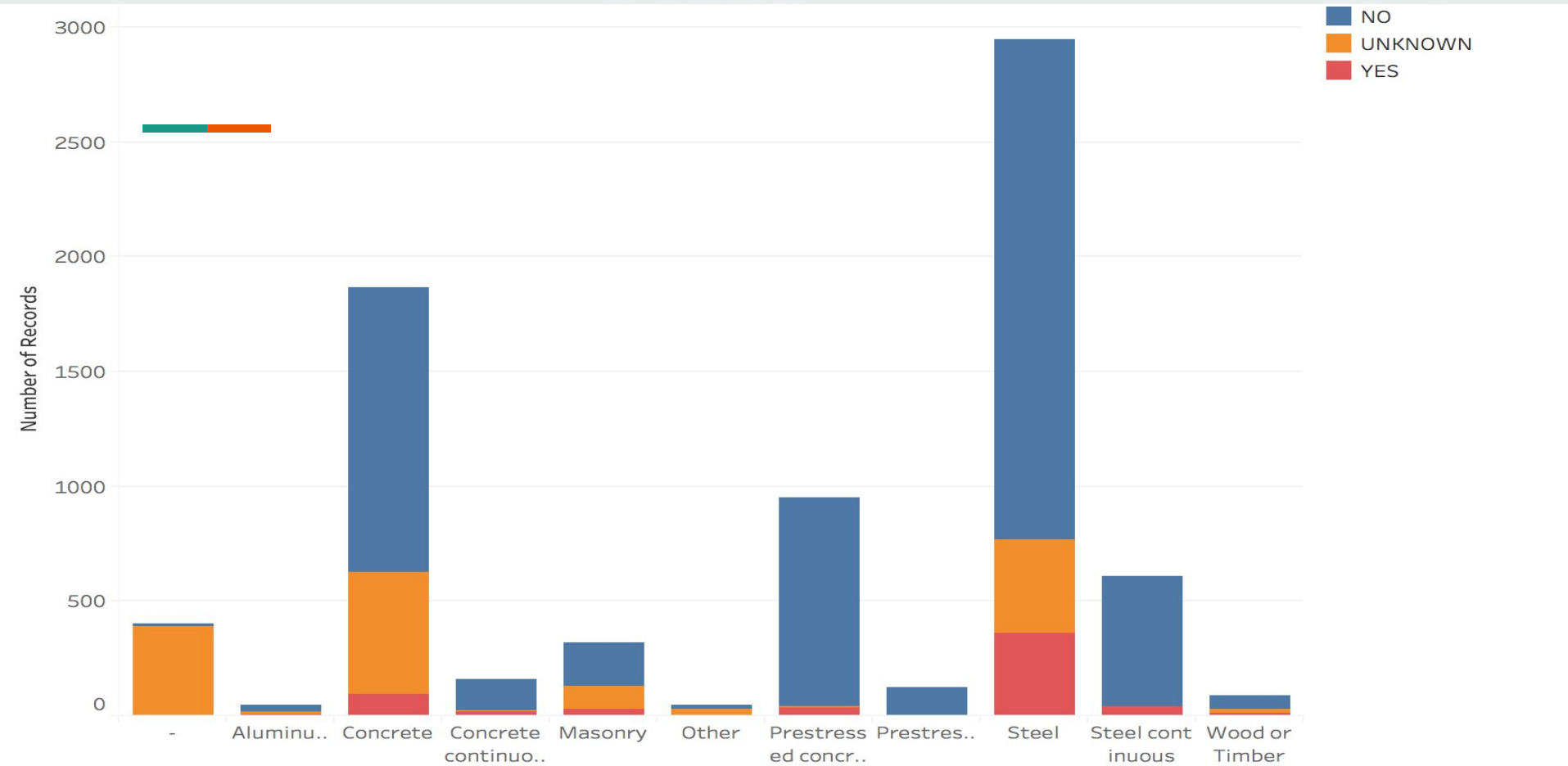
Significant difference in ownership for PA vs MA

## Bridge Owner

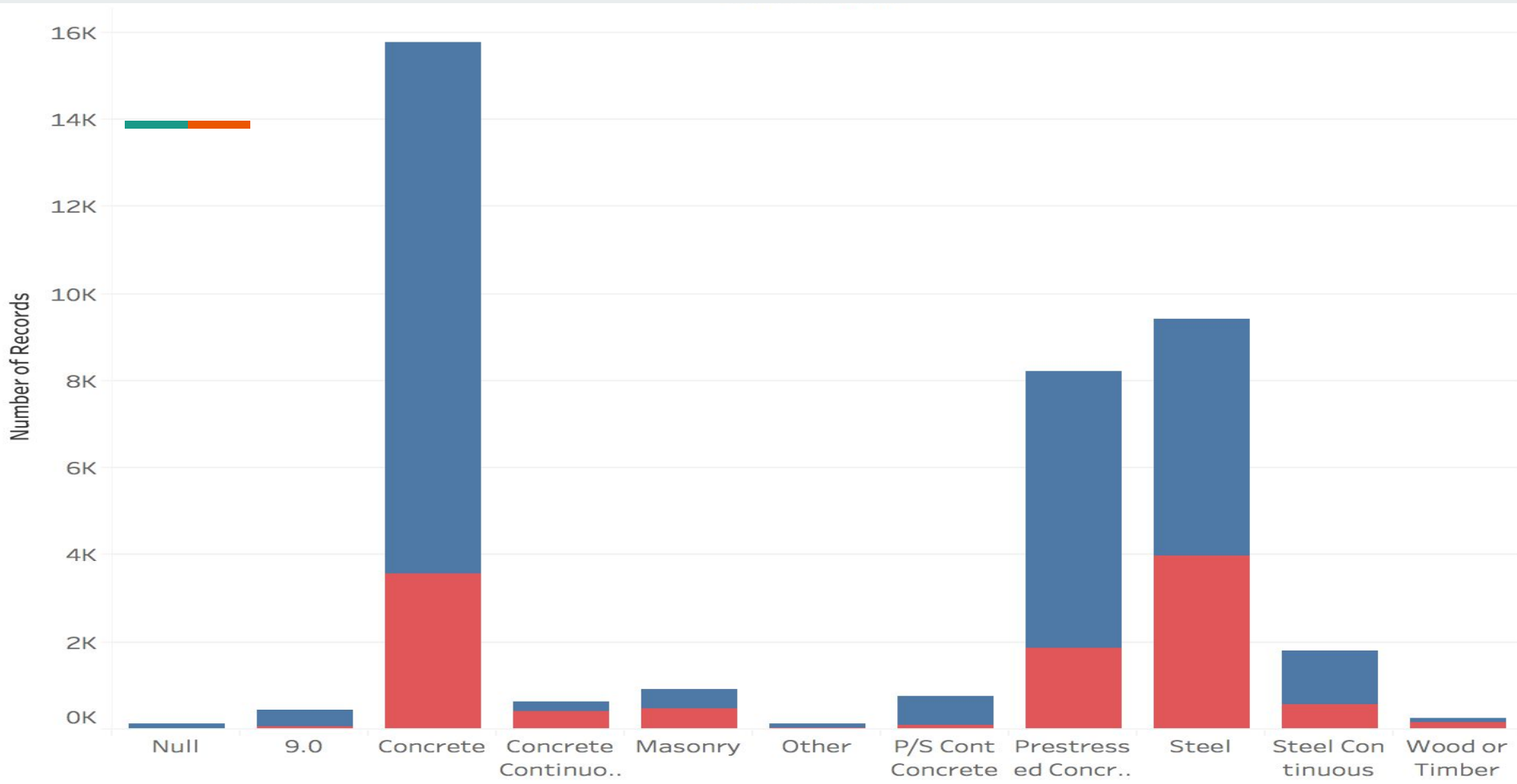


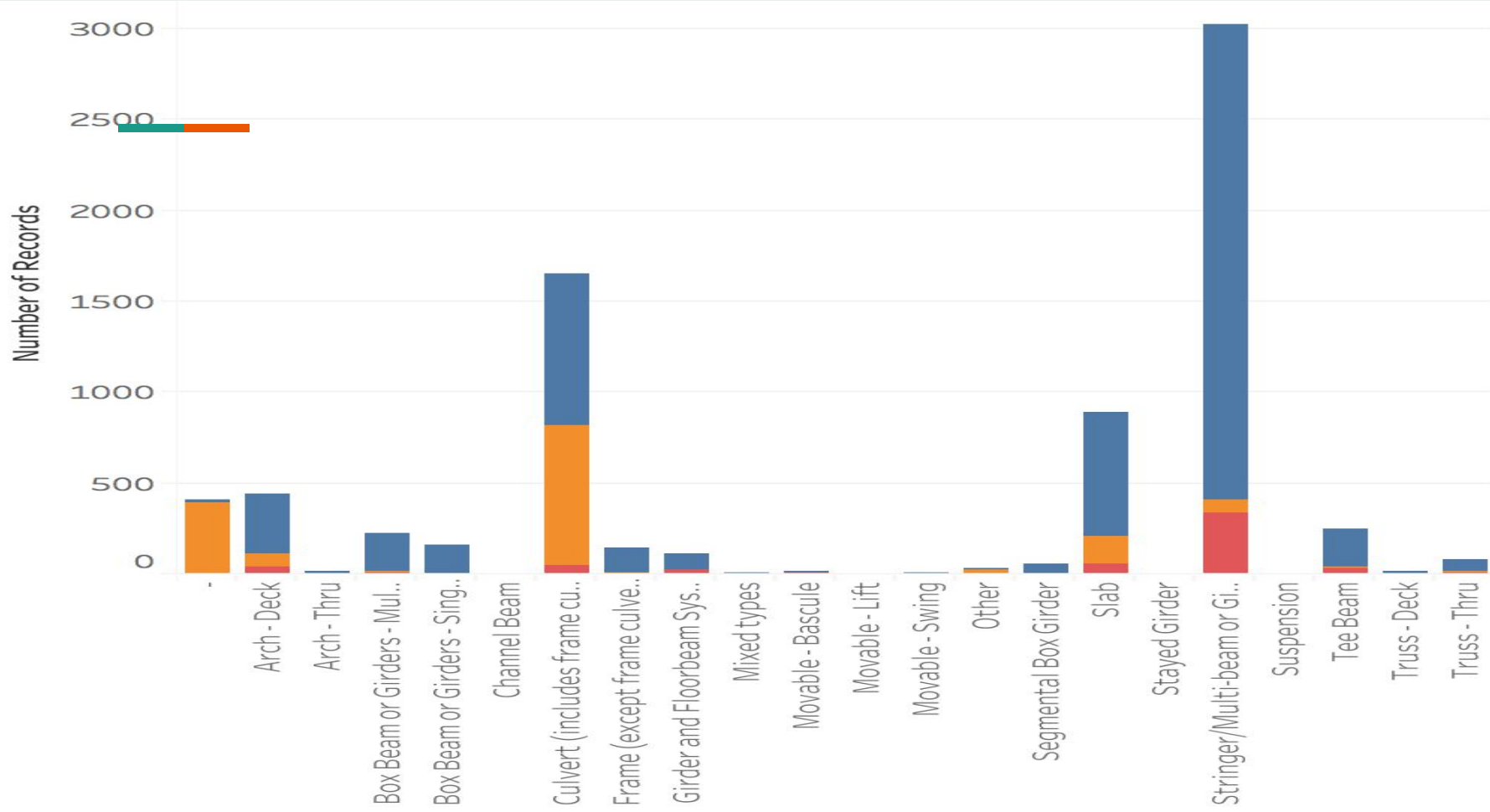
## State Local



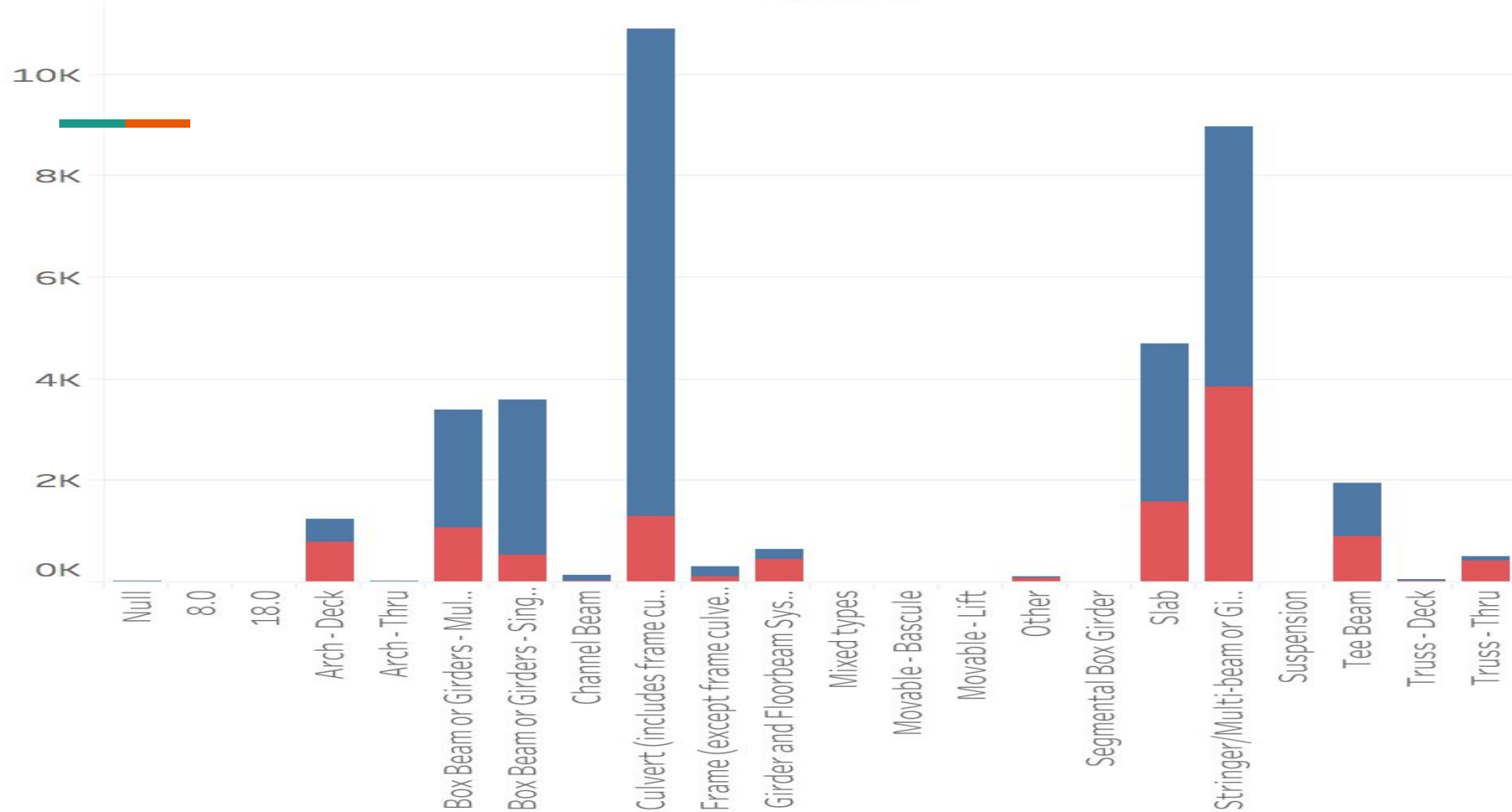


Sum of Number of Records for each Structure Material. Color shows details about Structurally Deficient.





Number of Records





# Model Selection:

Random Forests:

.90 PA1 Score, AUC\_ROC: .96

.90 MA Score, AUC\_ROC: .8

.82 PA2 Score, AUC\_ROC: .9

# PA Feature Importance

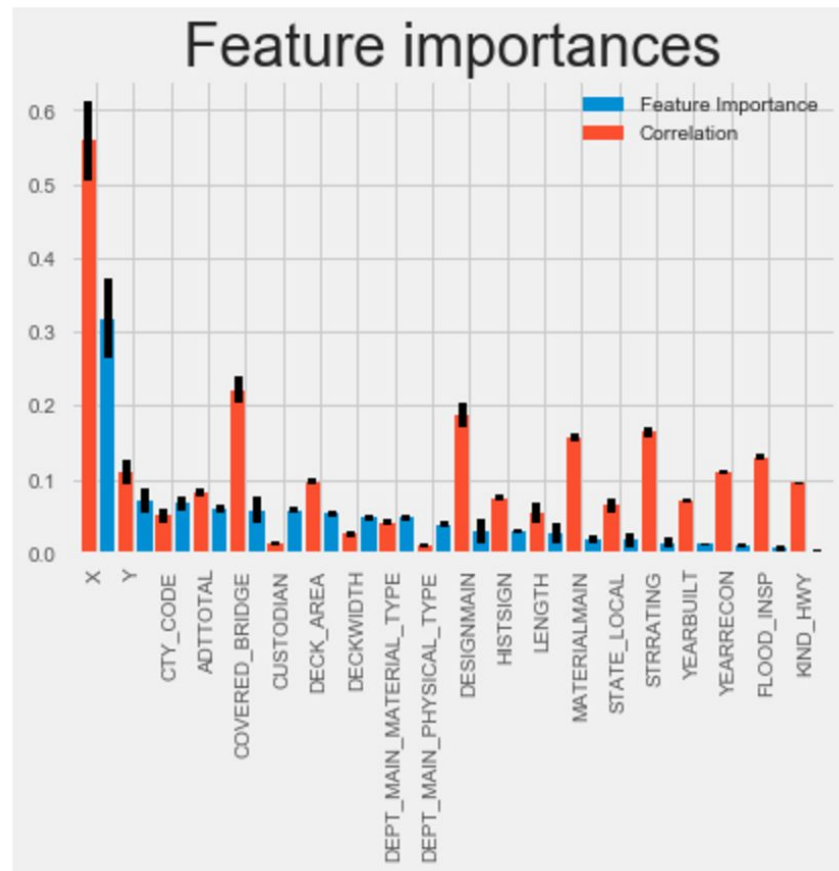
Latitude

Longitude

City Code

Average Daily Traffic

Covered Bridge





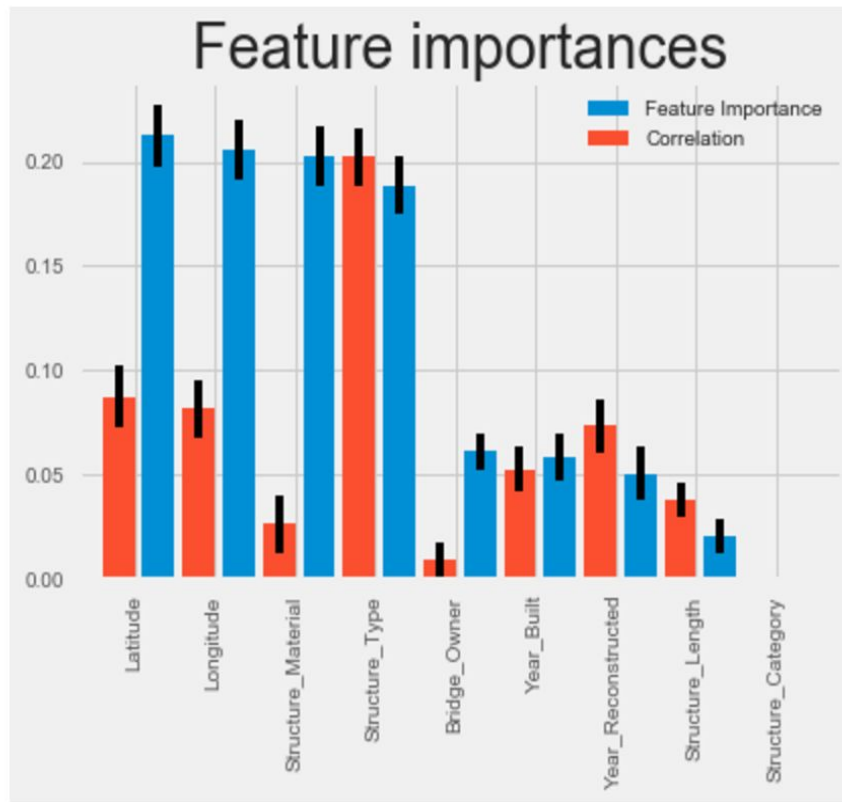


# MA Feature Importance

Geography

Material

Type



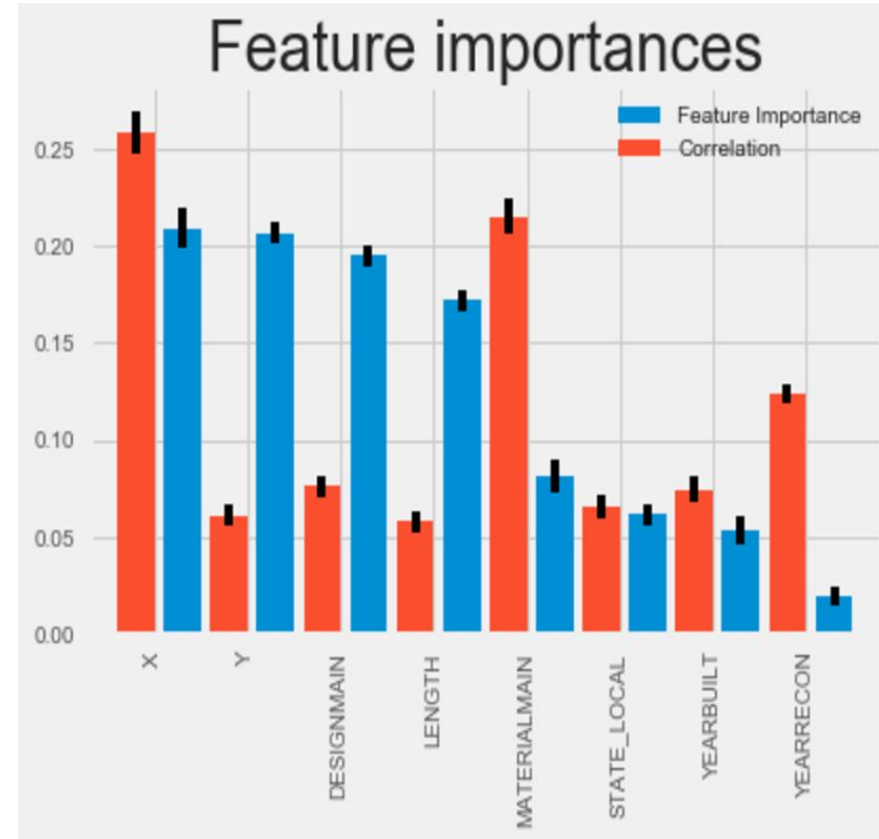
# PA 2 Feature Importance

Location

Material

Design

Length





## Conclusion:

Depending on the model we are 80-90% confident that these features can lead to the process of depreciation.

Future Goals: attempt to determine why similar features were more important depending on the state, look further into the discrepancy between scores. While all bridges will become decrepit eventually, analyzing contributing features could possibly prolong their lifespans, and reduce the need for repairs.



**Questions?**