

UE20CS301

Database Management System

Lab 6 – Aggregate Functions

Name : Renita Kurian

SRN : PES1UG20CS331

Roll No. : 13

1. Find the average distance between subsequent stations for every train

```
MariaDB [railway_system]> select train_no, avg(distance) from route_331 group by train_no;
```

train_no	avg(distance)
25260	277.1667
25261	277.1667
58450	280.3333
58451	279.8333
62620	184.4000
62621	185.0000

```
6 rows in set (0.047 sec)
```

2. Find the average distance between subsequent stations for every train and display them in descending order of distance

```
MariaDB [railway_system]> select train_no, avg(distance) as dist from route_331 group by train_no order by dist desc;
```

train_no	dist
58450	280.3333
58451	279.8333
25260	277.1667
25261	277.1667
62621	185.0000
62620	184.4000

```
6 rows in set (0.004 sec)
```

3. Display the list of train numbers and the total distance travelled by each in descending order of the distance travelled

```
MariaDB [railway_system]> select train_no, sum(distance) as total_distance from route_331 group by train_no order by total_distance desc;
```

train_no	total_distance
62621	1850
62620	1844
58450	1682
58451	1679
25260	1663
25261	1663

```
6 rows in set (0.002 sec)
```

4. List those trains that have maximum and minimum number compartments and also display number of compartments they have. (2 queries one to find max and other to find min)

```
MariaDB [railway_system]> select train_no, count(*) from compartment_331 group by train_no order by count(*) desc limit 1;
+-----+-----+
| train_no | count(*) |
+-----+-----+
| 62621 | 5 |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.015 sec)

MariaDB [railway_system]> select train_no, count(*) from compartment_331 group by train_no order by count(*) limit 1;
+-----+-----+
| train_no | count(*) |
+-----+-----+
| 58451 | 2 |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.001 sec)
```

5. Display the number of phone numbers corresponding to the user_id(s) ADM_001, USR_006, USR_10

```
MariaDB [railway_system]> select userID, count_no from (select userID, count(phoneNo) as count_no from Phone_331 group by userID) as PhoneCount where PhoneCount.userID in ('ADM_001', 'USR_006', 'USR_010');
+-----+-----+
| userID | count_no |
+-----+-----+
| ADM_001 | 2 |
| USR_006 | 2 |
| USR_010 | 2 |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.032 sec)
```

6. Find the average fare per km for each train type specified and display the train type and corresponding average fare per km as 'Avg_Fare' in decreasing order of Avg_Fare

```
MariaDB [railway_system]> select trainType, avg(farePerKm) as avg_fare from fare_table_331 group by trainType order by avg_fare desc;
+-----+-----+
| trainType | avg_fare |
+-----+-----+
| Superfast | 2.1799999872843423 |
| Fast | 1.8166666825612385 |
| Mail | 1.5333333214124043 |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.004 sec)
```

7. Retrieve all details of the oldest passenger.

```
MariaDB [railway_system]> select * from passenger_331 order by age desc limit 1;
```

PNR	Name	SeatNo	Age
PNR012	Ramya R	F01-13	45

```
1 row in set (0.015 sec)
```

8. Count the number of passengers whose name consists of 'Ullal'. (Hint: Use the LIKE operator)

```
MariaDB [railway_system]> select * from passenger_331 where name like '%ULLAL%';
```

PNR	Name	SeatNo	Age
PNR005	Hema Ullal	S01-10	27
PNR005	Hima Ullal	S01-11	28
PNR005	Asha Ullal	S01-12	21
PNR005	Ajit Ullal	S01-9	31

```
4 rows in set (0.002 sec)
```