

**EXP 13****WORKING WITH TRIGGER**

## Program 1

Write a code in PL/SQL to develop a trigger that enforces referential integrity by preventing the deletion of a parent record if child records exist.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER prevent_parent_deletion
BEFORE DELETE ON employees
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE   pl_dept_count NUMBER;
BEGIN SELECT
COUNT(*)
      INTO pl_dept_count
      FROM department
      WHERE dept_id = :OLD.employee_id;
      IF pl_dept_count > 0 THEN
          RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Cannot delete employee record as
department records exist.');
```

```
      END IF;
      END;

DELETE FROM employees
WHERE employee_id = 70;
```



## Program 2

Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that checks for duplicate values in a specific column and raises an exception if found.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER prevent_duplicate_manager_id
BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON employees
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE    pl_count
NUMBER; BEGIN
    SELECT COUNT(*)
    INTO pl_count
    FROM employees
    WHERE manager_id = :NEW.manager_id AND employee_id
    != :NEW.employee_id;
    IF pl_count > 0 THEN
        RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20003, 'Duplicate manager_id found: ' ||
:NEW.manager_id); END
    IF;
END;

INSERT INTO employees (employee_id, first_name, last_name, email, phone_number,
hire_date, job_id, salary, commission_pct, manager_id, department_id)
VALUES (202, 'Jane', 'Smith',
'john006@gmail.com',7383922241,'11/9/2000','ST_CLERK',10000,0.15,400,80);
```



```
ORA-20004: application error, add
ORA-00000: error during execution of trigger
SELF_RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR_TRIGGER, BT

); INSERT INTO employees (employee_id, first_name, last_name, email, phone_number,
hire_date, job_id, salary, commission_pct, manager_id, department_id)
VALUES (900, 'Sam', 'Smith',
'samsmith@company.com', 555-5555, TO_DATE('2000-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
'SALES_REP', 12000, 0.1, 7698, 20);
```

### Program 3

Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that restricts the insertion of new rows if the total of a column's values exceeds a certain threshold.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER restrict_salary_insertion
```

```
BEFORE INSERT ON employees
```

```
FOR EACH ROW
```

```
DECLARE
```

```
total_salary NUMBER; threshold NUMBER
```

```
:= 100000; BEGIN
```

```
SELECT SUM(salary)
```

```
INTO total_salary
```

```
FROM employees;
```

```
IF (total_salary + :NEW.salary) > threshold THEN
```

```
RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20004, 'Insertion denied: Total salary exceeds the
threshold of ' || threshold); END IF;
```

```
END;
```

```
INSERT INTO employees (employee_id, first_name, last_name, email, phone_number,
hire_date, job_id, salary, commission_pct, manager_id, department_id)
VALUES (203, 'Charlie', 'Brown', 'charlie203@gmail.com', '9122334455', '03/01/2021', '#cb203',
5000, 0.20, 1000, 50);
```

```

-- Create a table to store employee information
CREATE TABLE employees (
    emp_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
    emp_name VARCHAR(100),
    emp_salary DECIMAL(10, 2),
    emp_department VARCHAR(100)
);

-- Insert data into the employees table
INSERT INTO employees (emp_id, emp_name, emp_salary, emp_department)
VALUES (1, 'John Doe', 50000, 'Engineering'),
       (2, 'Jane Smith', 60000, 'Marketing'),
       (3, 'Mike Johnson', 70000, 'Sales'),
       (4, 'Emily White', 80000, 'Finance'),
       (5, 'David Brown', 90000, 'Operations');

-- Create a table to store department information
CREATE TABLE departments (
    dept_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
    dept_name VARCHAR(100)
);

-- Insert data into the departments table
INSERT INTO departments (dept_id, dept_name)
VALUES (1, 'Engineering'),
       (2, 'Marketing'),
       (3, 'Sales'),
       (4, 'Finance'),
       (5, 'Operations');

-- Create a table to store salary history
CREATE TABLE salary_history (
    emp_id INT,
    salary DECIMAL(10, 2),
    effective_date DATE,
    PRIMARY KEY (emp_id, effective_date)
);

-- Insert data into the salary_history table
INSERT INTO salary_history (emp_id, salary, effective_date)
VALUES (1, 45000, '2020-01-01'),
       (1, 50000, '2021-01-01'),
       (2, 55000, '2020-01-01'),
       (2, 60000, '2021-01-01'),
       (3, 65000, '2020-01-01'),
       (3, 70000, '2021-01-01'),
       (4, 75000, '2020-01-01'),
       (4, 80000, '2021-01-01'),
       (5, 85000, '2020-01-01'),
       (5, 90000, '2021-01-01');

-- Create a table to store performance reviews
CREATE TABLE performance_reviews (
    emp_id INT,
    review_date DATE,
    review_score INT,
    reviewer_name VARCHAR(100),
    PRIMARY KEY (emp_id, review_date)
);

-- Insert data into the performance_reviews table
INSERT INTO performance_reviews (emp_id, review_date, review_score, reviewer_name)
VALUES (1, '2020-06-01', 90, 'John Doe'),
       (1, '2021-06-01', 95, 'John Doe'),
       (2, '2020-06-01', 85, 'Jane Smith'),
       (2, '2021-06-01', 90, 'Jane Smith'),
       (3, '2020-06-01', 80, 'Mike Johnson'),
       (3, '2021-06-01', 85, 'Mike Johnson'),
       (4, '2020-06-01', 75, 'Emily White'),
       (4, '2021-06-01', 80, 'Emily White'),
       (5, '2020-06-01', 70, 'David Brown'),
       (5, '2021-06-01', 75, 'David Brown');

```

## Program 4

Write a code in PL/SQL to design a trigger that captures changes made to specific columns and logs them in an audit table.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER audit_changes
AFTER UPDATE OF salary, job_id ON employees
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    IF :OLD.salary != :NEW.salary OR :OLD.job_id != :NEW.job_id THEN
        INSERT INTO employee_audit ( employee_id,
            old_salary,
```

ADLT_ID	EMPLOYEE_ID	OLD_SALARY	NEW_SALARY	OLD_JOB_ID	NEW_JOB_ID	CHANGE_TIMESTAMP	CHANGED_BY
1	20	50000	52000	manager	manager	5-OCT-24 10:00:00.000000 AM	admin
2	102	60000	69000	Manager	Manager	5-OCT-24 10:05:00.000000 AM	admin
3	21	45000	47000	Analyst	Senior Analyst	5-OCT-24 10:30:00.000000 AM	user1
22	176	7500	50000	HR-0005	ST_1110K	18-OCT-24 04:25:08.252780 PM	APEX_PUBLIC_USER
5	9	70000	72000	Senior Developer	Lead Developer	5-OCT-24 10:45:00.000000 AM	user2
4	4	80000	85000	Team Lead	Project Manager	5-OCT-24 11:00:00.000000 AM	admin

```
new_salary,          old_job_title,
new_job_title,
change_timestamp, changed_by )
VALUES (
:OLD.employee_id,
```

```
        :OLD.salary,  
        :NEW.salary,  
        :OLD.job_id, :NEW.job_id,  
        SYSTIMESTAMP,  
        USER  
    );  
END IF;  
END;
```

```
UPDATE employees  
SET salary = 55000, job_id = 'ST_CLERK' WHERE  
employee_id = 176;
```

```
SELECT * FROM employee_audit; PROGRAM:5  
implement a trigger that records user activity (inserts, updates, deletes)  
in an audit log for a given set of tables.
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_audit_employees  
AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE OR DELETE ON employees  
FOR EACH ROW  
DECLARE v_old_values  
        CLOB; v_new_values  
        CLOB;  
BEGIN  
    IF INSERTING THEN v_old_values := NULL; v_new_values :=  
        'employee_id: ' || :NEW.employee_id || ', ' ||
```

```
'first_name: ' || :NEW.first_name || ', ' ||
```

```
'salary: ' || :NEW.salary;
```

```
INSERT INTO audit_log (action, table_name, record_id, changed_by, new_values)
```

```
VALUES ('INSERT', 'employees', :NEW.employee_id, USER, v_new_values);
```

```
ELSIF UPDATING THEN
```

```
v_old_values := 'employee_id: ' || :OLD.employee_id || ', ' ||
```

```
'first_name: ' || :OLD.first_name || ', ' ||
```

```
'salary: ' || :OLD.salary; v_new_values :=
```

```
'employee_id: ' || :NEW.employee_id || ', ' ||
```

```
'first_name: ' || :NEW.first_name || ', ' ||
```

```
'salary: ' || :NEW.salary;
```

```
INSERT INTO audit_log (action, table_name, record_id, changed_by, old_values,  
new_values)
```

```
VALUES ('UPDATE', 'employees', :NEW.employee_id, USER, v_old_values,  
v_new_values);
```

```
ELSIF DELETING THEN
```

```
v_old_values := 'employee_id: ' || :OLD.employee_id || ', ' ||
```

```
'first_name: ' || :OLD.first_name || ', ' ||
```

```
'salary: ' || :OLD.salary; v_new_values :=
```

```
NULL;
```

```
INSERT INTO audit_log (action, table_name, record_id, changed_by, old_values)
```

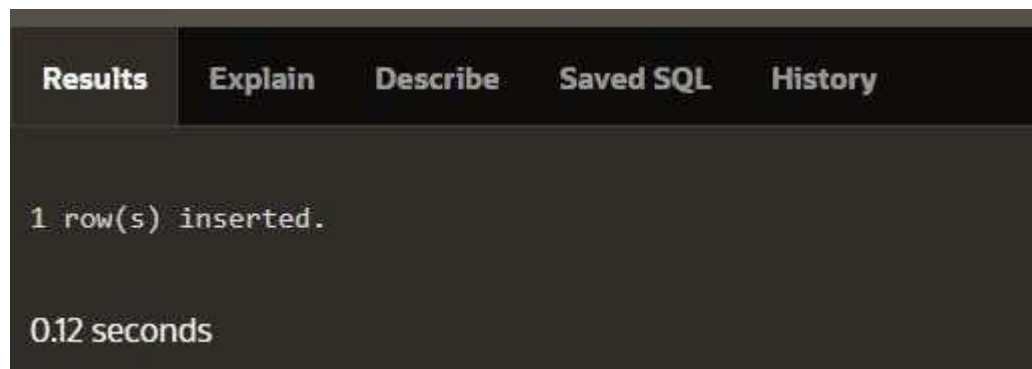
```
VALUES ('DELETE', 'employees', :OLD.employee_id, USER, v_old_values); END
```

```
IF;
```

```
END trg_audit_employees;
```

```
INSERT INTO employees (employee_id, first_name, salary)
```

```
VALUES (3, 'Ball', 50000);
```



```
UPDATE employees
```

```
SET salary = 55000
```

```
WHERE employee_id = 3;
```

```
1 row(s) updated.
```

```
0.06 seconds
```

```
DELETE FROM employees WHERE  
employee_id = 3;
```

```
SELECT * FROM audit_log;
```

AUDIT_ID	ACTION	TABLE_NAME	RECORD_ID	CHANGED_BY	CHANGE_TIMESTAMP	OLD_VALUES	NEW_VALUES
1	INSERT	employees	3	APRX_PUBLIC_USER	16-OCT-24 04:35:07 PM	-	employee_id: 3, first_name: Scott, salary: 50000
2	DELETE	employees	3	APRX_PUBLIC_USER	16-OCT-24 04:41:40 PM	employee_id: 3, first_name: Scott, salary: 50000	-
3	UPDATE	employees	3	APRX_PUBLIC_USER	16-OCT-24 04:43:03 PM	employee_id: 3, first_name: Scott, salary: 50000	employee_id: 3, first_name: Scott, salary: 12000

3 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [Download](#)

## PROGRAM 7

implement a trigger that automatically calculates and updates  
a running total column for a table whenever new rows are inserted.

```
CREATE TABLE transactions (  
    transaction_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY, amount  
    NUMBER,    running_total NUMBER  
);
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER update_running_total  
FOR INSERT ON transactions  
COMPOUND TRIGGER
```



```
TYPE amount_array IS TABLE OF NUMBER INDEX BY PLS_INTEGER; new_amounts
amount_array;
```

```
BEFORE EACH ROW IS
```

```
BEGIN      new_amounts(:NEW.transaction_id)      :=
      :NEW.amount;
END BEFORE EACH ROW;
```

```
AFTER STATEMENT IS
```

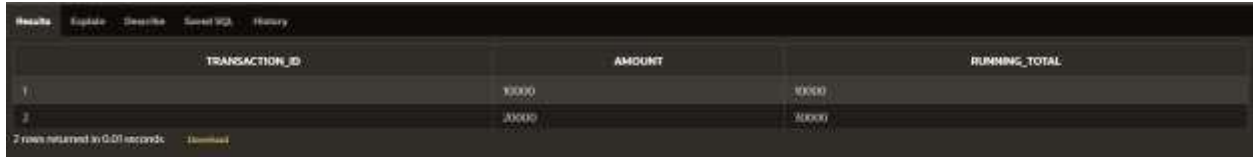
```
BEGIN
      DECLARE      v_total
      NUMBER;
      BEGIN
      SELECT NVL(MAX(running_total), 0)
      INTO v_total
      FROM transactions;

      FOR i IN new_amounts.FIRST .. new_amounts.LAST LOOP v_total :=
      v_total + new_amounts(i); UPDATE transactions
      SET running_total = v_total
      WHERE transaction_id = i;
      END LOOP;
      END;
      END AFTER STATEMENT;

      END update_running_total;
      INSERT INTO transactions (transaction_id, amount) VALUES
      (1, 10000);
```

```
INSERT INTO transactions (transaction_id, amount)
```

```
VALUES (2, 20000);
```



TRANSACTION_ID	AMOUNT	RUNNING_TOTAL
1	10000	10000
2	10000	20000

2 rows returned in 0.01 seconds. Download

## PROGRAM 7

create a trigger that validates the availability of items before

allowing an order to be placed, considering stock levels and pending orders.

```
CREATE TABLE inventory ( item_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY, item_name  
VARCHAR2(100), stock_level NUMBER
```

```
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE orders ( order_id NUMBER  
PRIMARY KEY, item_id NUMBER,  
quantity NUMBER,  
order_status VARCHAR2(20),  
CONSTRAINT fk_item FOREIGN KEY (item_id) REFERENCES inventory(item_id)  
);
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE  
TRIGGER  
validate_stock_before_order
```

```
BEFORE    INSERT    ON
```

```
ordersDECLARE
```

```
v_stock_level    NUMBER;
```

```
v_pending_orders NUMBER;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    SELECT stock_level
```

```
    INTO v_stock_level
```

```
    FROM inventory
```

```
    WHERE item_id = :NEW.item_id;
```

```
    SELECT NVL(SUM(quantity), 0)
```

```
    INTO v_pending_orders
```

```
    FROM orders
```

```
    WHERE item_id = :NEW.item_id
```

```
    AND order_status = 'Pending';
```

```
    IF (:NEW.quantity + v_pending_orders) > v_stock_level THEN
```

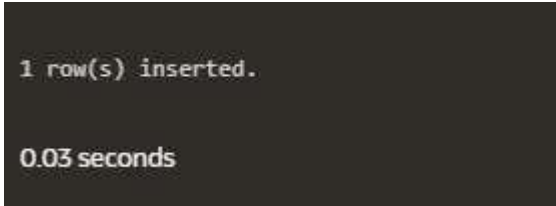
```
        RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Insufficient stock for item: ' || :NEW.item_id);
```

```
    END IF;
```

```
END;
```

```
INSERT INTO orders (order_id, item_id, quantity, order_status) VALUES (1,
```

```
101, 5, 'Pending');
```



```
1 row(s) inserted.
```

```
0.03 seconds
```

```
INSERT INTO orders (order_id, item_id, quantity, order_status)
```

```
VALUES (2, 103, 20, 'Pending');
```

```
ORA-20001: Insufficient stock for item: 103
ORA-06512: at "WKSP_SHRIRAM154.VALIDATE_STOCK_BEFORE_ORDER", line 15
ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger
'WKSP_SHRIRAM154.VALIDATE_STOCK_BEFORE_ORDER'
```

```
1. INSERT INTO orders (order_id, item_id, quantity, order_status)
2. VALUES (2, 103, 20, 'Pending');
```

ITEM_ID	ITEM_NAME	STOCK_LEVEL
101	Big Apple	50
102	Apple	20
103	Orange	5

View returned in 0.01 seconds. Download

ORDER_ID	ITEM_ID	QUANTITY	ORDER STATUS
1	101	1	Pending

View returned in 0.01 seconds. Download