





DESCRIPTION

This project analyzes pizza sales data to uncover insights into customer preferences, sales performance, and revenue trends. Using SQL, it explores order volumes, popular pizza types and sizes, and peak ordering times. The analysis also highlights top revenue-generating items and category-wise performance. These insights support smarter decisions in marketing, inventory, and menu planning.

DATASET DETAILS







The analysis is based on four interconnected CSV files:

- 1. orders.csv
 - Contains order-level data including order_id, date, and time of purchase.
- 2. order_details.csv
 - Line-item details for each order, with order_details_id, order_id, pizza_id, and quantity.
- 3. pizzas.csv
 - Provides price and size details for each pizza, with fields like pizza_id,
 pizza_type_id, size, and price.
- 4. pizza_types.csv
 - Describes the types of pizzas, including pizza_type_id, name, category (e.g., Classic, Veggie, Chicken), and ingredients.

These datasets together offer a comprehensive view of customer orders, product information, and pricing, enabling in-depth sales and performance analysis.

Retrieve the total number of orders placed



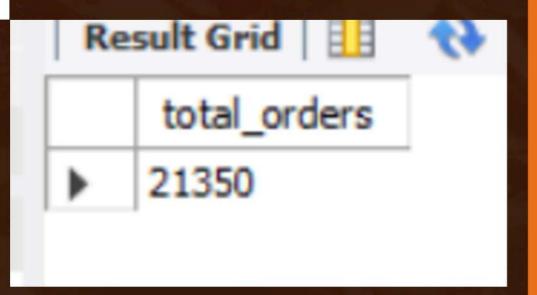
SELECT

COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders

FROM

orders

Insight: There are 21,350 unique orders placed.



Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales

```
SELECT

ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),

2) AS total_sales

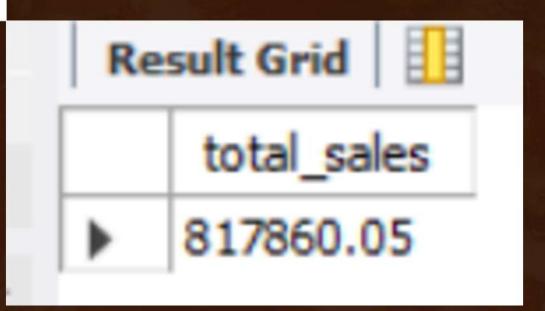
FROM

order_details

JOIN

pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;
```

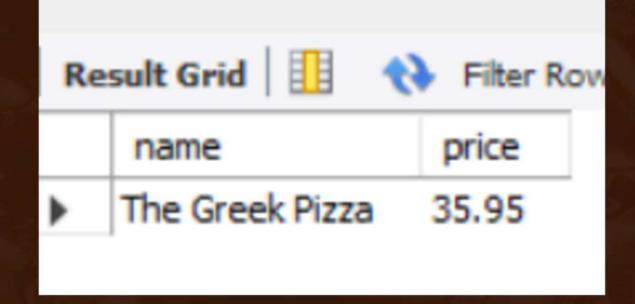
Insight: Total revenue generated is \$817,860.05.



Identify the highest-priced pizza



Insight: The Greek Pizza (XXL) is the highest-priced at \$35.95.

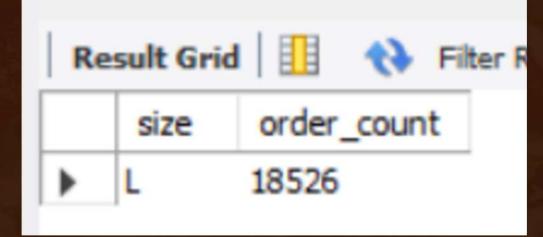




Identify the most common pizza size ordered



Insight: The Large (L) size is the most commonly ordered.



List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Insight: Top 5 most ordered pizzas include:

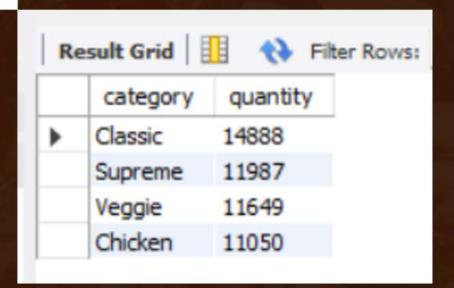
- Classic Deluxe
- BBQ Chicken
- Hawaiian
- Pepperoni
- Thai Chicken

Re	esult Grid 🔠 💎 Filter Ro	WS:
	name	quantity
١	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422 2418
	The Pepperoni Pizza	
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

Insight: Useful for analyzing which category (e.g. Chicken, Veggie, etc.) sells the most.



Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day



```
SELECT

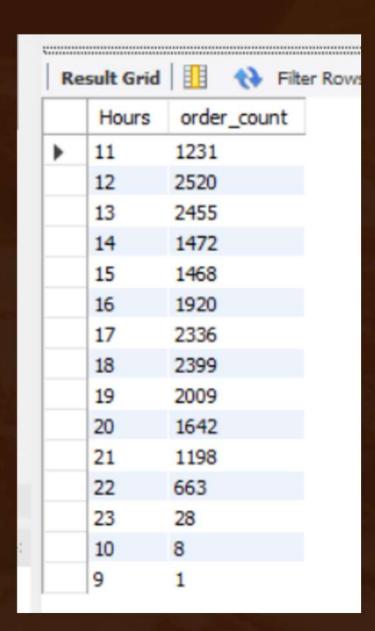
HOUR(order_time) AS Hours, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count

FROM

orders

GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

Insight: Reveals peak ordering hours, ideal for staffing and marketing.



Join relevant tables to find the categorywise distribution of pizzas

```
SELECT

category, COUNT(name)

FROM

pizza_types

GROUP BY category;
```

Insight: Shows the variety in each category (e.g., number of unique pizzas in "Meat" vs "Veggie").

	Re	esult Grid	Filter Rows:	
		category	count(name)	
	•	Chicken	6	
Ł		Classic	8	
×		Supreme	9	
г		Veggie	9	

Group the orders by date and calculate the iii average number of pizzas ordered per day

```
SELECT

ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) as avg_quantity_ordered_per_day

FROM

(SELECT

orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity

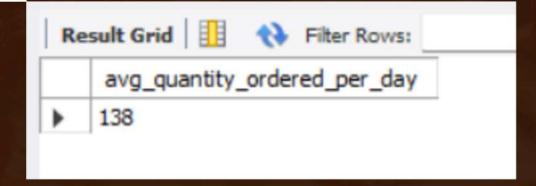
FROM

orders

JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id

GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

Insight: Useful for forecasting daily demand.



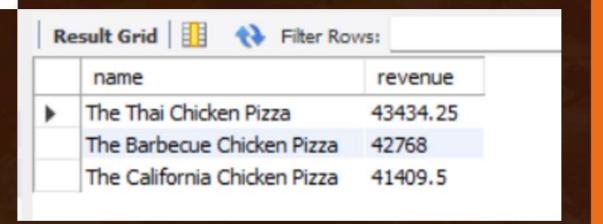


Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue



```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

Insight: Identifies best-sellers not just by volume, but by profitability.

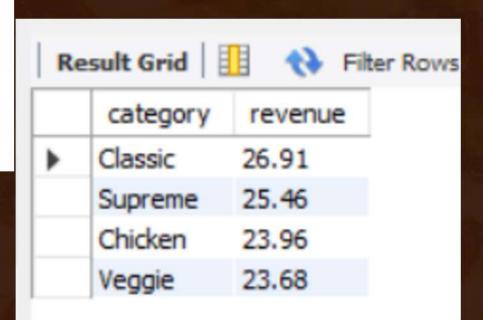




Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
SELECT
   pizza_types.category,
   round((SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
            ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
                        AS total_sales
        FROM
            order_details
                JOIN
            pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)) * 100,2) AS revenue
FROM
   pizza_types
        JOIN
   pizzas ON pizzas.pizza type id = pizza types.pizza type id
        JOIN
   order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY revenue DESC:
```

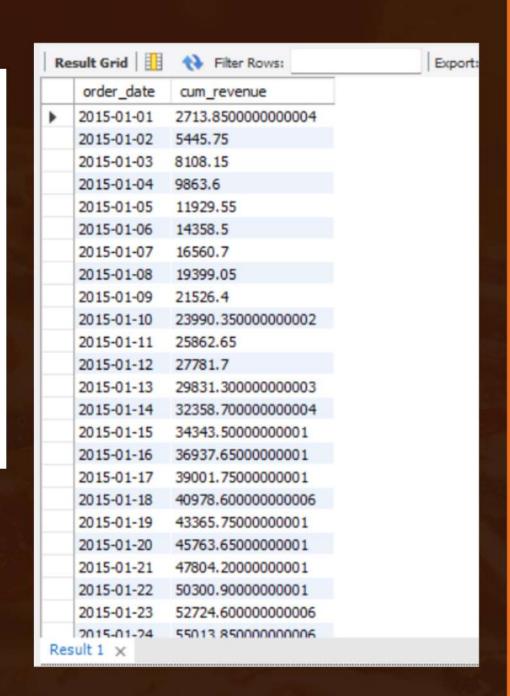
Insight: Shows which pizzas are contributing the most to overall revenue.



Analyze the cumulative revenue generated. over time.

```
select order_date, sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue from
(select orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    order_details
        JOIN
    pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
        JOIN
    orders ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

Insight: Great for visualizing business growth and forecasting trends.





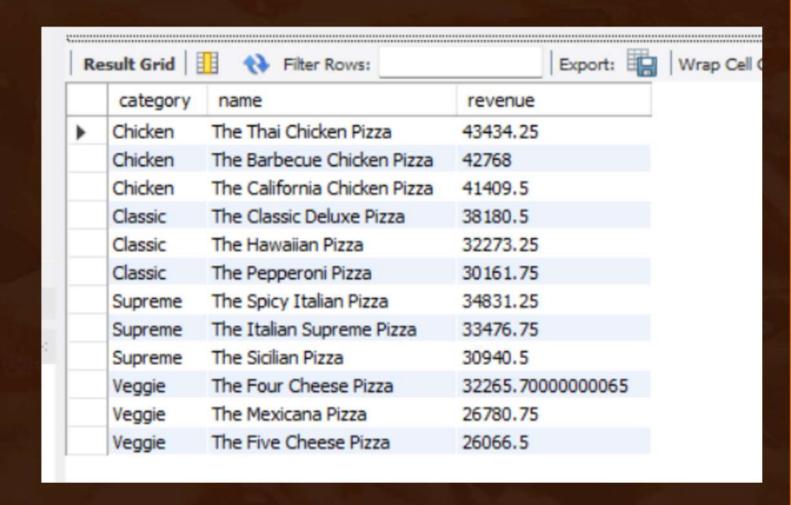
Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
select category, name, revenue from

(select category, name, revenue, rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as ranks from

(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name, sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as pizza_category) as category_ranks
where ranks <= 3;</pre>
```

Insight: Helps find top performers in each category—useful for curated menus or promotions.



CONCLUSION



- 1. Over \$817,000 in revenue was generated from more than 21,000 customer orders.
- 2. Large-sized pizzas were the most frequently ordered size.
- 3. The Classic Deluxe and BBQ Chicken pizzas were the top-selling and most profitable items.
- 4. Most orders were placed during lunch and dinner hours, highlighting peak business times.
- 5. A few pizzas contributed to the majority of revenue, supporting the 80/20 rule in menu performance.

Pizza Sales Presentation

THANK YOU FOR ATTENTION