

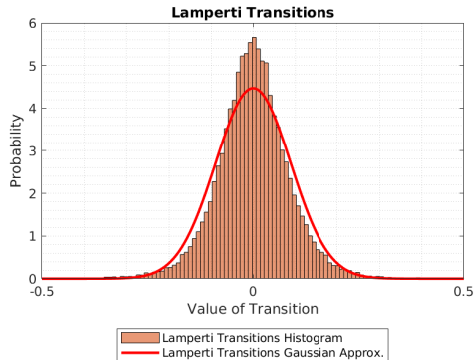
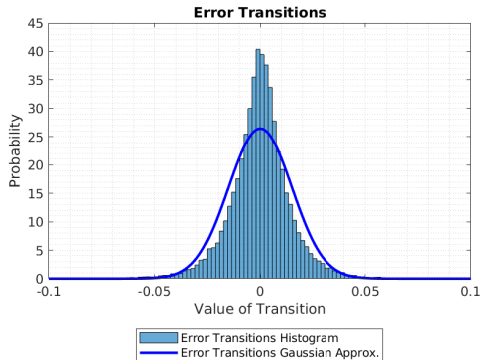
# Unused Plots

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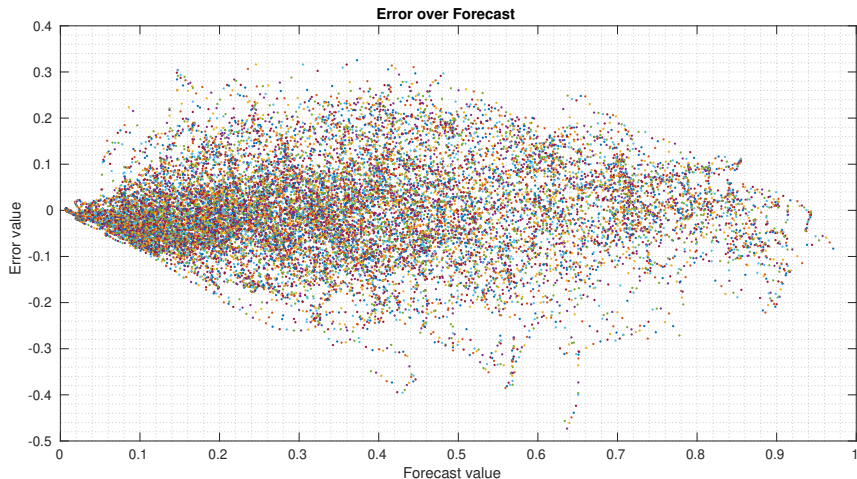
## Gaussian approximation for the transitions:

Files: **Gauss\_Approx\_Err.eps**, and **Gauss\_Approx\_Lam.eps** (dataConditioner.m, cell (11)).

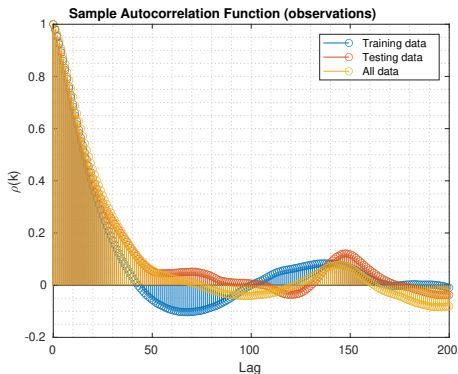


## Error Vs. Forecast for all training days (scatter plot):

Files: **error\_over\_forecast.eps** (erroVsForecast.m).

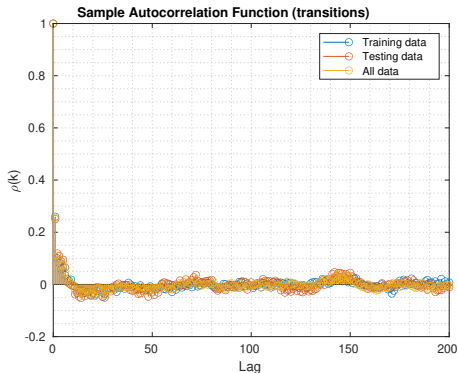


# Autocorrelation Function for the error observations $\{v_{j,i}\}_{j=1,i=1}^{M,N}$ :



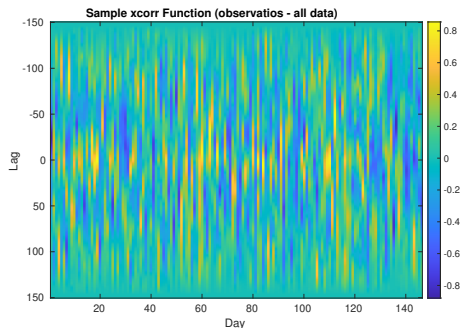
We connect all the paths into a single and long path. Then, we compute the autocorrelation with lags from 0 to 200.

## Autocorrelation Function for the error transitions $\{\Delta v_{j,i}\}_{j=1,i=0}^{M,N}$ :



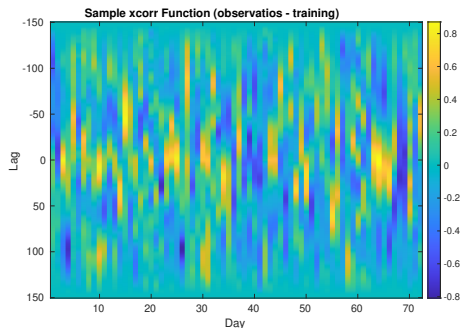
We connect all the transitions. Then, we compute the autocorrelation with lags from 0 to 200.

## Cross-correlation Function for the error observations $\{v_{j,i}\}_{j=1,i=1}^{M,N}$ :



We compute the cross-correlation between consecutive days. From the 147 days, we see the cross-correlation between 1-2, 2-3, ..., and 146-147, with lags from -150 to 150.

## Cross-correlation Function for the error observations $\{v_{j,i}\}_{j=1,i=1}^{M,N}$ :



We compute the cross-correlation between consecutive days. In this case using the training data, which does not have consecutive days.