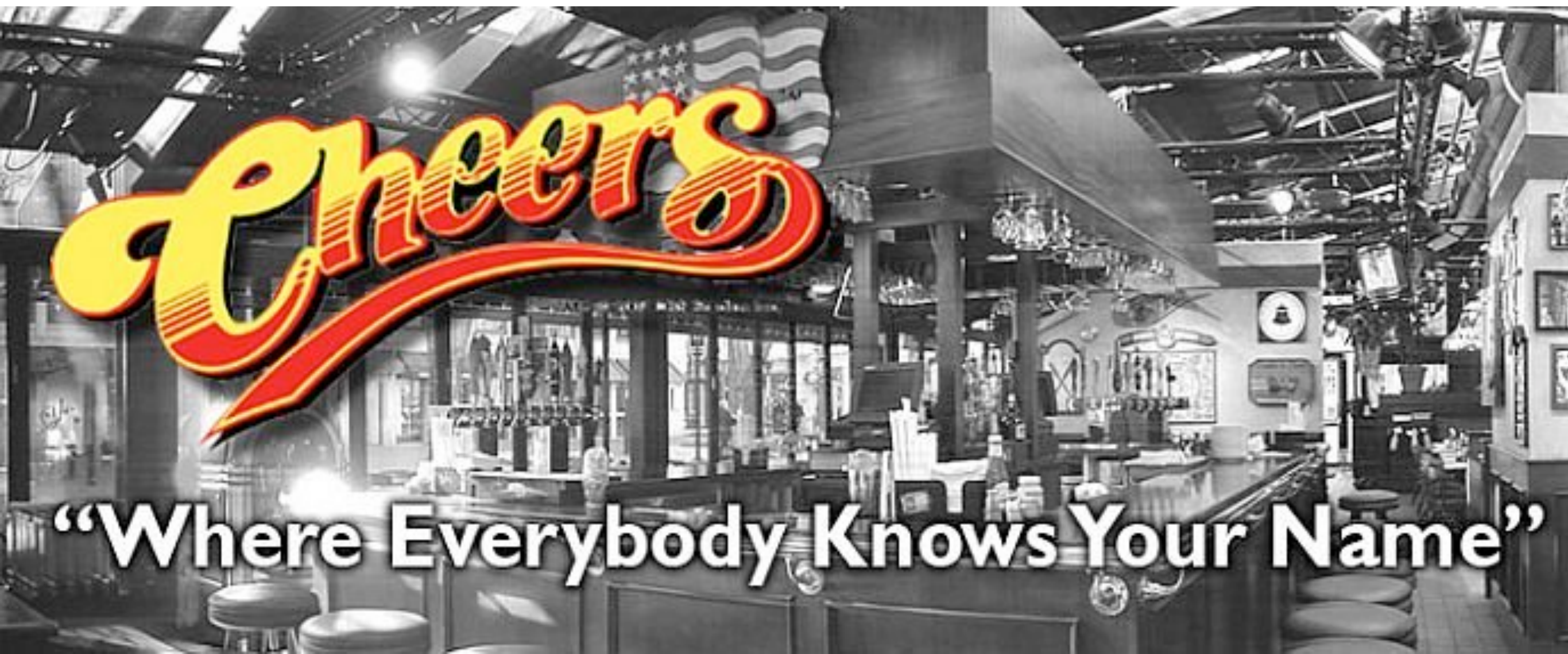


naming things

prepared by Jenny Bryan for
Reproducible Science Workshop

Names matter



NO

myabstract.docx

Joe's Filenames Use Spaces and Punctuation.xlsx

figure 1.png

fig 2.png

JW7d^(2sl@deletethisandyourcareerisoverWx2*.txt

YES

2014-06-08_abstract-for-sla.docx

joes-filenames-are-getting-better.xlsx

fig01_scatterplot-talk-length-vs-interest.png

fig02_histogram-talk-attendance.png

1986-01-28_raw-data-from-challenger-o-rings.txt









three principles for (file) names

machine readable

human readable

plays well with default ordering

awesome file names :)

-  2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H01.csv
-  2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H02.csv
-  2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H03.csv
-  2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_platefile.csv
-  2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A01.csv
-  2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A02.csv
-  2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A03.csv
-  2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A04.csv

“machine readable”

regular expression and globbing friendly

- avoid spaces, punctuation, accented characters, case sensitivity

easy to compute on

- deliberate use of delimiters

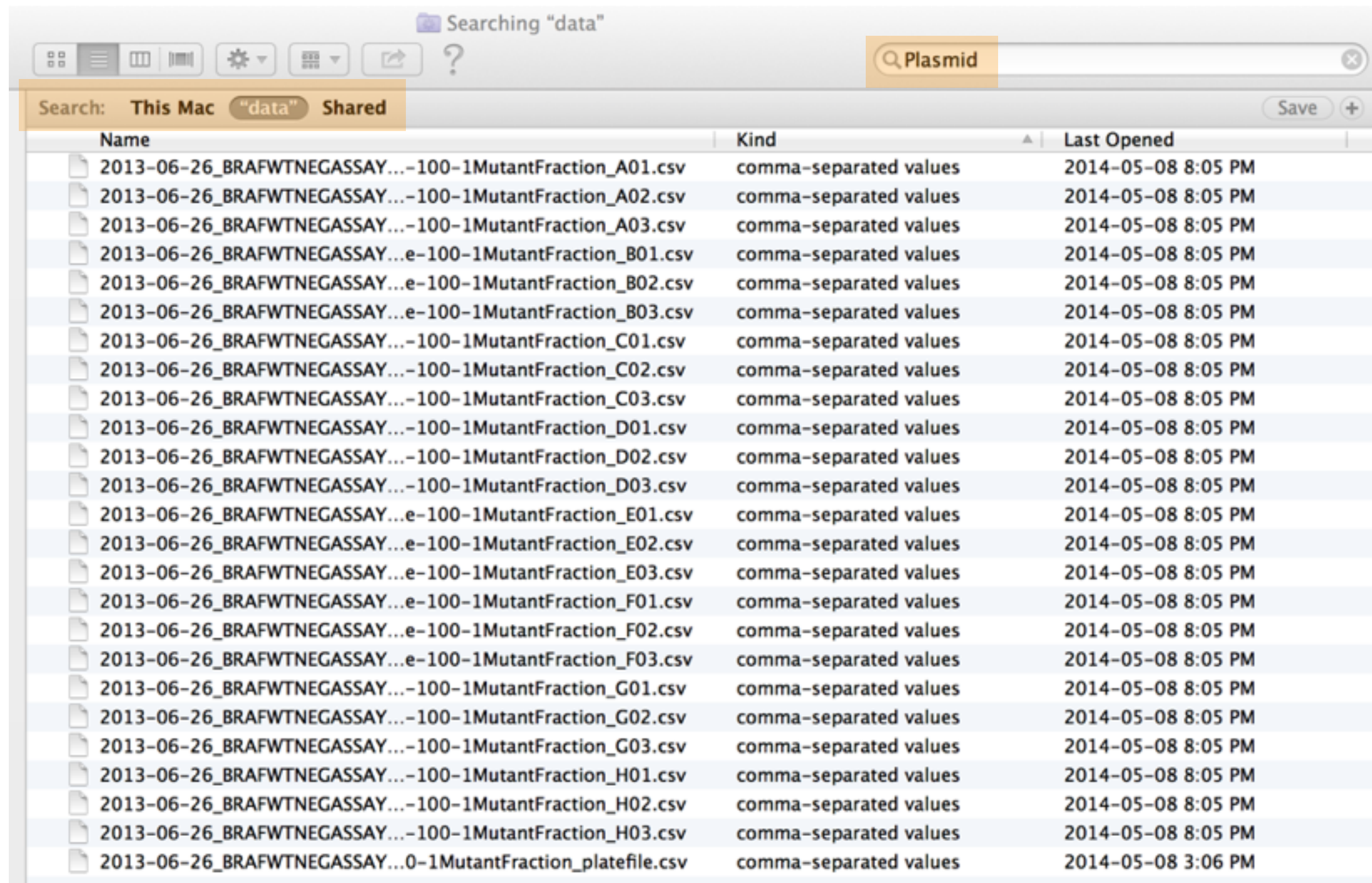
Excerpt of complete file listing:

```
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H01.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H02.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H03.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_platefile.csv
2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A01.csv
2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A02.csv
2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A03.csv
2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A04.csv
```

Example of **globbing** to narrow file listing:

```
Jennifers-MacBook-Pro-3:2014-03-21 jenny$ ls *Plasmid*
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_A01.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_A02.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_A03.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_B01.csv
....
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H03.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_platefile.csv
```

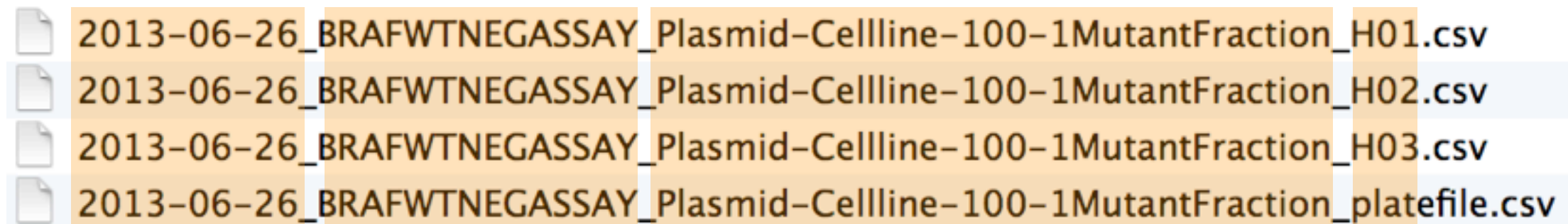
Same using Mac OS Finder search facilities:



Same using R's ability to narrow file list by regex:

```
> list.files(pattern = "Plasmid") %>% head
[1] "2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_A01.csv"
[2] "2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_A02.csv"
[3] "2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_A03.csv"
[4] "2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_B01.csv"
[5] "2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_B02.csv"
[6] "2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_B03.csv"
```

Deliberate use of “_” and “-” allows us to recover meta-data from the filenames.



The screenshot shows a list of four files in a directory. Each file name follows the same pattern: a date (2013-06-26), an assay name (BRAFWTNEGASSAY), a sample identifier (Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction), and a well identifier (H01, H02, H03, or platefile). The files are: 2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H01.csv, 2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H02.csv, 2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H03.csv, and 2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_platefile.csv.

```
> flist <- list.files(pattern = "Plasmid") %>% head
```

```
> stringr::str_split_fixed(flist, "[_\\.]", 5)
```

	[,1]	[,2]	[,3]	[,4]	[,5]
[1,]	"2013-06-26"	"BRAFWTNEGASSAY"	"Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction"	"A01"	"csv"
[2,]	"2013-06-26"	"BRAFWTNEGASSAY"	"Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction"	"A02"	"csv"
[3,]	"2013-06-26"	"BRAFWTNEGASSAY"	"Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction"	"A03"	"csv"
[4,]	"2013-06-26"	"BRAFWTNEGASSAY"	"Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction"	"B01"	"csv"
[5,]	"2013-06-26"	"BRAFWTNEGASSAY"	"Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction"	"B02"	"csv"
[6,]	"2013-06-26"	"BRAFWTNEGASSAY"	"Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction"	"B03"	"csv"

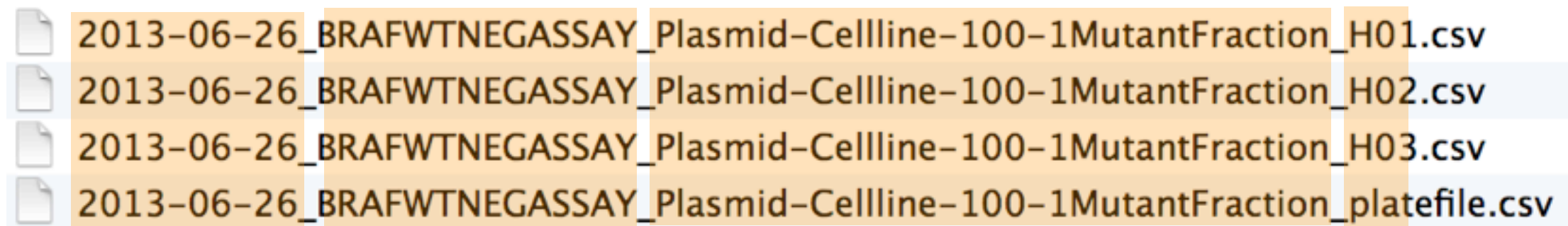
date

assay

sample set

well

This happens to be R but also possible in the shell, Python, etc.



2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H01.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H02.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H03.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_platefile.csv

```
> flist <- list.files(pattern = "Plasmid") %>% head
```

```
> stringr::str_split_fixed(flist, "[_\\.]", 5)
```

	[,1]	[,2]	[,3]	[,4]	[,5]
[1,]	"2013-06-26"	"BRAFWTNEGASSAY"	"Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction"	"A01"	"csv"
[2,]	"2013-06-26"	"BRAFWTNEGASSAY"	"Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction"	"A02"	"csv"
[3,]	"2013-06-26"	"BRAFWTNEGASSAY"	"Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction"	"A03"	"csv"
[4,]	"2013-06-26"	"BRAFWTNEGASSAY"	"Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction"	"B01"	"csv"
[5,]	"2013-06-26"	"BRAFWTNEGASSAY"	"Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction"	"B02"	"csv"
[6,]	"2013-06-26"	"BRAFWTNEGASSAY"	"Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction"	"B03"	"csv"

“_” underscore used to delimit units of meta-data I want later

“-” hyphen used to delimit words so my eyes don’t bleed

“machine readable”

easy to search for files later

easy to narrow file lists based on names

easy to extract info from file names, e.g. by splitting

new to regular expressions and globbing? be kind to yourself and avoid

- spaces in file names
- punctuation
- accented characters
- different files named “foo” and “Foo”

“human readable”

name contains info on ***content***

connects to concept of a ***slug*** from
semantic URLs

“human readable”

```
Jennifers-MacBook-Pro-3:analysis jenny$ ls -l
```

01_marshall-data.md	01.md
01_marshall-data.r	01.r
02_pre-dea-filtering.md	02.md
02_pre-dea-filtering.r	02.r
03_dea-with-limma-voom.md	03.md
03_dea-with-limma-voom.r	03.r
04_explore-dea-results.md	04.md
04_explore-dea-results.r	04.r
90_limma-model-term-name-fiasco.md	90.md
90_limma-model-term-name-fiasco.r	90.r
Makefile	Makefile
figure	figure
helper01_load-counts.r	helper01.r
helper02_load-exp-des.r	helper02.r
helper03_load-focus-statinf.r	helper03.r
helper04_extract-and-tidy.r	helper04.r
tmp.txt	tmp.txt

Which set of file(name)s do you want at 3a.m. before a deadline?

“human readable”

01_marshal-data.r

02_pre-dea-filtering.r

03_dea-with-limma-voom.r

04_explore-dea-results.r

90_limma-model-term-name-fiasco.r

helper01_load-counts.r

helper02_load-exp-des.r

helper03_load-focus-statinf.r

helper04_extract-and-tidy.r



embrace the **slug**

“human readable”

easy to figure out what the heck
something is, based on its name

“plays well with default ordering”

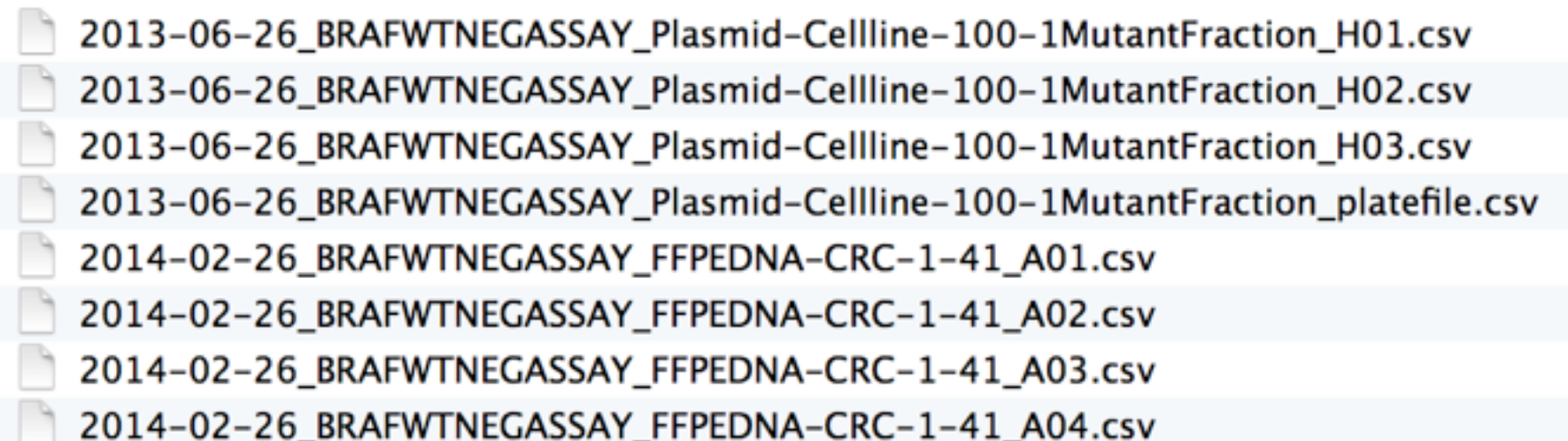
put something numeric first

use the ISO 8601 standard for dates

left pad other numbers with zeros

“plays well with default ordering”

chronological
order

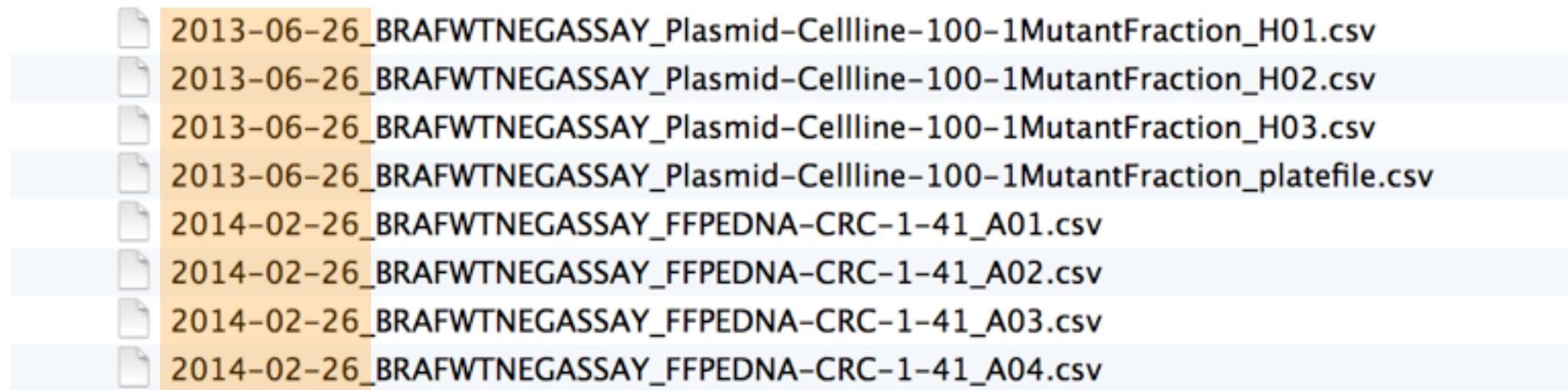


2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H01.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H02.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H03.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_platefile.csv
2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A01.csv
2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A02.csv
2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A03.csv
2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A04.csv

logical
order

01_marshall-data.r
02_pre-dea-filtering.r
03_dea-with-limma-voom.r
04_explore-dea-results.r
90_limma-model-term-name-fiasco.r
helper01_load-counts.r
helper02_load-exp-des.r
helper03_load-focus-statinf.r
helper04_extract-and-tidy.r

“plays well with default ordering”

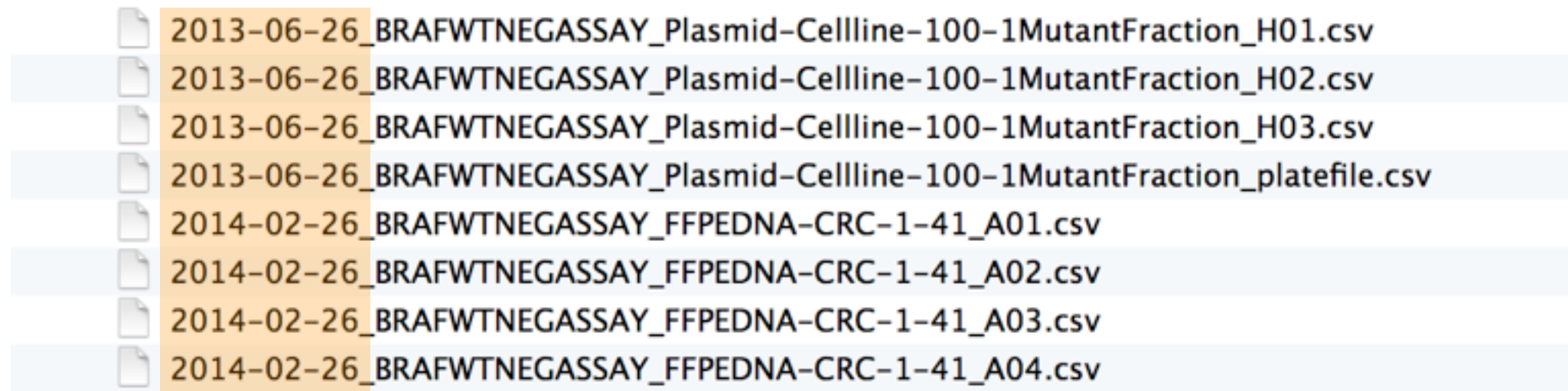


2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H01.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H02.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H03.csv
2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_platefile.csv
2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A01.csv
2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A02.csv
2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A03.csv
2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A04.csv

```
01_marshall-data.r  
02_pre-dea-filtering.r  
03_dea-with-limma-voom.r  
04_explore-dea-results.r  
90_limma-model-term-name-fiasco.r  
helper01_load-counts.r  
helper02_load-exp-des.r  
helper03_load-focus-statinf.r  
helper04_extract-and-tidy.r
```

put something numeric first

“plays well with default ordering”



2013-06-26	BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H01.csv
2013-06-26	BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H02.csv
2013-06-26	BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H03.csv
2013-06-26	BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_platefile.csv
2014-02-26	BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A01.csv
2014-02-26	BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A02.csv
2014-02-26	BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A03.csv
2014-02-26	BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A04.csv

use the ISO 8601 standard for dates

YYYY-MM-DD

PUBLIC SERVICE ANNOUNCEMENT:

OUR DIFFERENT WAYS OF WRITING DATES AS NUMBERS CAN LEAD TO ONLINE CONFUSION. THAT'S WHY IN 1988 ISO SET A GLOBAL STANDARD NUMERIC DATE FORMAT.

THIS IS *THE* CORRECT WAY TO WRITE NUMERIC DATES:

2013-02-27


THE FOLLOWING FORMATS ARE THEREFORE DISCOURAGED:

02/27/2013 02/27/13 27/02/2013 27/02/13

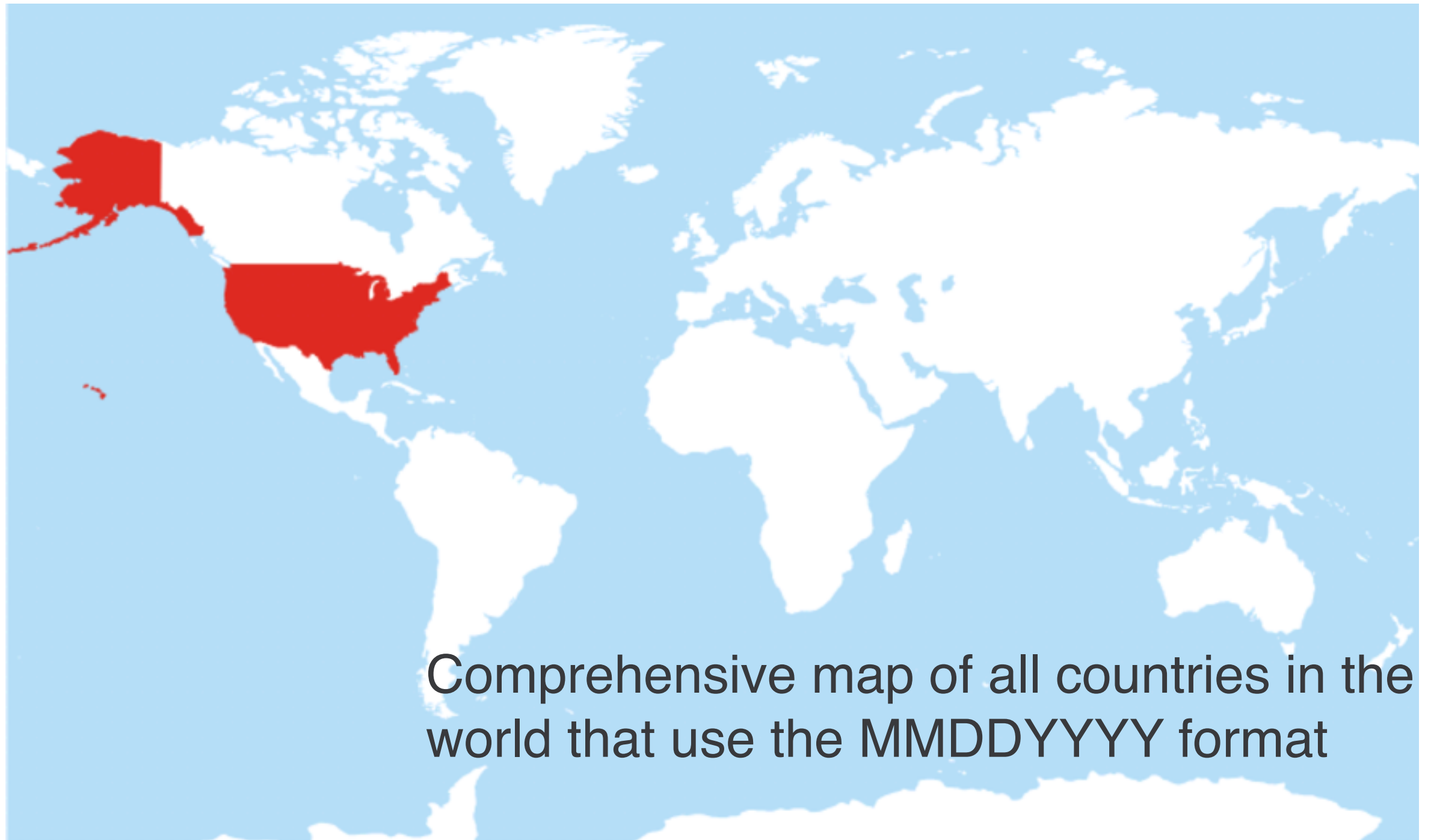
20130227 2013.02.27 27.02.13 27-02-13

27.2.13 2013.II.27. $27\frac{1}{2}$ -13 2013.158904109

MMXIII-II-XXVII MMXIII $\frac{\text{LVII}}{\text{CCCLXV}}$ 1330300800

$((3+3) \times (111+1) - 1) \times 3 / 3 - 1 / 3^3$ ~~2013~~ 

10/11011/1101 02/27/20/13 $\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 7 \\ & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \end{array}$



Comprehensive map of all countries in the world that use the MMDDYYYY format

left pad other numbers with zeros

```
01 _marshal-data.r  
02 _pre-dea-filtering.r  
03 _dea-with-limma-voom.r  
04 _explore-dea-results.r  
90 _limma-model-term-name-fiasco.r  
helper01 _load-counts.r  
helper02 _load-exp-des.r  
helper03 _load-focus-statinf.r  
helper04 _extract-and-tidy.r
```

if you don't left pad, you get this:

```
10 _final-figs-for-publication.R  
1 _data-cleaning.R  
2 _fit-model.R
```

which is just sad

“plays well with default ordering”

put something numeric first

use the ISO 8601 standard for dates

left pad other numbers with zeros

three principles for (file) names

machine readable

human readable

plays well with default ordering

three principles for (file) names

easy to implement NOW

payoffs accumulate as your skills evolve
and projects get more complex

go forth and use awesome file names :)

- 2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H01.csv
- 2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H02.csv
- 2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_H03.csv
- 2013-06-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_Plasmid-Cellline-100-1MutantFraction_platefile.csv
- 2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A01.csv
- 2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A02.csv
- 2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A03.csv
- 2014-02-26_BRAFWTNEGASSAY_FFPEDNA-CRC-1-41_A04.csv

- 01_marshall-data.r
- 02_pre-dea-filtering.r
- 03_dea-with-limma-voom.r
- 04_explore-dea-results.r
- 90_limma-model-term-name-fiasco.r
- helper01_load-counts.r
- helper02_load-exp-des.r
- helper03_load-focus-statinf.r
- helper04_extract-and-tidy.r