

University of Barishal Department of Computer Science and Engineering Course Code: CSE-4101

Course Title: Artificial Intelligence 4th Year 1st Semester Admission Session: 2016-2017

Time: 03 Hours

Marks: 60

Answer any FIVE questions out of the followings. All parts of each question must be answered consecutively. Right side of the question shows the maximum marks.

a) Define Artificial Intelligence (AI). Describe Turing test approach.

[3]

b) Define Agent and Rational Agent through real time example

[3]

Distinguish between the following properties of a task environment:

Static or dynamic

[3]

- ii) Discrete or continuous
- iii) Single or multi-agent
- Briefly explain the PEAS description of the task environment for an automated taxi, Part Picking Robot and Refinery Controller.

[3]

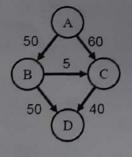
Write short notes on agent type:

[3]

- i) Simple reflex agents
- ii) Model-based reflex agents;
- Explain difference between uninformed and informed search. List two examples of each type of algorithm. Proof that Uniform-cost search is a special case of A* search.

[4] [5]

The state space description for a problem is shown below, with A being the start state and D being the goal state. Shown on the graph are path costs between states. The table lists the estimated distance from a state to the goal. Assume these estimates are admissible. Perform an A* search for this problem, showing (i) the tree that represents the nodes expanded and (ii) the ordered list of nodes to expand at each step along with the node's f value. (That list starts with {A90}, showing A's f-value of 90.) Recall that f = g + h. (5)



Node	Estimated distance to goal
A	90
В	45
C	40
D	0

What do you mean by Adversarial Search. Solve 8-Queen problem using Genetic Algorithm or Hilll-climbing search. Explain Alpha-Beta Pruning Idea. Apply this idea for the following example.

[5]

Illustrates the Wumpus World problem along with its PEAS. c)

[3]

Elaborate the following terms with example. a)

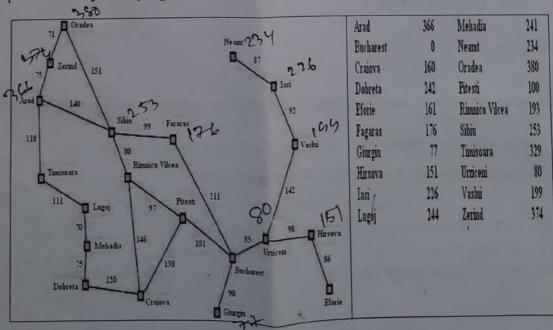
[4]

i) Horn clause

4.

- ii) Modus ponens
- iii) Disjunctive normal form (DNF)
- IV) Conjunctive

- b) Consider the following sentence: [(Food ⇒ Party) ∨ (Drinks ⇒ Party)] ⇒ [(Food ∧ Drinks) ⇒ [(Party)].
 - Determine, using enumeration, whether this sentence is valid, satisfiable (but not valid), or unsatisfiable.
 - ii) Convert the left-hand and right-hand sides of the main implication into CNF, showing each step, and explain how the results confirm your answer to (i).
 - iii) Prove your answer to (i) using resolution.
- c) Write down the Minimax Idea with its complexity.
- 5. a) Define Probability with its types of Conditional Probability and Unconditional Probability. [4]
 Write down the Axioms of Probability
 - b) Explain forward chaining and backward chaining algorithms with example. [3]
 - c) The probability that a student passes a Physics test is 2/3 and the probability that he passes both a Physics test and an English test is 14/45. The probability that he passes at least one test is 4/5. What is the probability that he passes the English test /
 - d) Differentiate among supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning? [3]
- 6. a) What is Bayesian reasoning? [2]
 - b) How does an expert system rank potentially true hypothesis? Give an example [4]
 - c) What is the certainty factor? How are belief and disbelief measured in certainty? [2+4]
- 7. a) How do the crossover and mutation operator work? Sketch the flow diagram of a genetic [3+3] algorithm.
 - b) What are the differences between evolution and genetic algorithms? [2]
 - c) What do you understand about Semantic Networks? Give an example of knowledge [2+2] representation using Semantic Network.
- (8, a) Short notes on: i) Tokenization ii) Stemming iii) Lemmatizing iv) TF-IDF Vectorize. [4]
 - b) Explain "A* search is both complete and optimal". Apply A* search for Bucharest in the given graph the node's f value f = g + h [5]



c) Describe Constraint Satisfaction Problem using graph coloring map example

[2]