

HOW TO USE THE 365 Data Science P-VALUE CALCULATOR

What is a p-value calculator?

A p-value calculator is a software that has an input your test statistic, (and the degrees of freedom, if applicable) that returns the p-value for the test.

For your convenience, we have developed the 365 Data Science P-value calculator that you can find here:

<https://365datascience.com/calculators/p-value-calculator/>



How to use the 365 Data Science online p-value calculator?

Step 1: Go to

<https://365datascience.com/calculators/p-value-calculator/>

Step 2: Choose the appropriate distribution for your data. The calculator will then automatically choose the relevant test for you.

In this course, we cover tests associated with the Z-score, t-score, and the F-ratio score.

P-Value Calculator

Step 2

Distribution ⓘ

Standard Normal

Z-score ⓘ

Hypothesis Test ⓘ

Two-tailed

Significance Level ⓘ

0.05

Decimal Places ⓘ

4

Calculate

Reset

[Load Example](#)

P-value from Z-score

Step 1: Type in the Z-score you got from your test.

Step 2: Determine the alternative hypothesis. Choose whether it is left-tailed, right-tailed, or two-tailed.

Step 3: Specify the desired level of significance.

Step 4: Choose the number of digits after the decimal point to increase the precision of your results.

Step 5: Click calculate.

P-Value Calculator

Step 1

Distribution ⓘ
Standard Normal ▼

Step 2

Hypothesis Test ⓘ
Two-tailed ▼

Step 3

Z-score ⓘ

Significance Level ⓘ
0.05 ▼

Step 4

Decimal Places ⓘ
4 ▼

Step 5

Calculate

Reset

[Load Example](#)

P-value from Z-score (Example)

After clicking 'Calculate', you would instantly get two results.

Result 1: The p-value of the test.

Result 2: The decision, based on the information you entered above.

Note: The 365 Data Science calculator not only computes results but also interprets them for you.

P-Value Calculator

Distribution ⓘ
Standard Normal

Z-score ⓘ
3

Hypothesis Test ⓘ
Two-tailed

Significance Level ⓘ
0.05

Decimal Places ⓘ
4

Calculate

Reset

Load Example

Interpretation:

The p-value is 0.0027

Result 1

The result is significant at $p < 0.05$

Result 2

At the specified level of significance ($\alpha = 0.05$), the calculated p-value suggests that the result is **statistically significant**. This implies that there is sufficient evidence to reject the null hypothesis and support the alternative hypothesis.

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P-value from t-score

Step 1: Type in the t-score you got from your test.

Step 2: Type in the degrees of freedom associated with your test.

Step 3: Choose if this is a left-tailed, right-tailed, or two-tailed test.

Step 4: Choose the significance level.

Step 5: Choose the number of digits after the decimal point to increase the precision of your results.

Step 6: Click calculate.

P-Value Calculator

Distribution ⓘ	T-score ⓘ	Step 1
Student's T ▾	<input type="text"/>	
Degrees Of Freedom ⓘ	Hypothesis Test ⓘ	Step 3
<input type="text"/>	Two-tailed ▾	
Significance Level ⓘ	Decimal Places ⓘ	Step 5
0.05 ▾	4 ▾	
Step 6	<input type="button" value="Calculate"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/>	Load Example

P-value from t-score (Example)

After clicking 'Calculate', you would instantly get two results.

Result 1: The p-value of the test.

Result 2: The decision, based on the information you entered above.

Note: The 365 Data Science calculator not only computes results but also interprets them for you.

P-Value Calculator

Distribution ⓘ Student's T	T-score ⓘ 3
Degrees Of Freedom ⓘ 10	Hypothesis Test ⓘ Two-tailed
Significance Level ⓘ 0.05	Decimal Places ⓘ 4

[Calculate](#) [Reset](#) [Load Example](#)

Interpretation:

The p-value is 0.0133 Result 1

The result is significant at $p < 0.05$ Result 2

At the specified level of significance ($\alpha = 0.05$), the calculated p-value suggests that the result is **statistically significant**. This implies that there is sufficient evidence to reject the null hypothesis and support the alternative hypothesis.

P-value from F-score

Step 1: Type in the F-score you got from your test.

Step 2: Enter the degrees of freedom for both the numerator and denominator related to your test.

Step 3: Choose if this is a left-tailed, right-tailed, or two-tailed test.

Step 4: Choose the significance level.

Step 5: Choose the number of digits after the decimal point to increase the precision of your results.

Step 6: Click calculate.

P-Value Calculator

Step 1 Distribution ⓘ F **F-score ⓘ**

Step 2 Numerator Degrees of Freedom ⓘ Denominator Degrees of Freedom ⓘ

Step 3 Hypothesis Test ⓘ Two-tailed **Step 4** Significance Level ⓘ 0.05

Step 5 Decimal Places ⓘ 4

Step 6 Calculate Reset

[Load Example](#)

P-value from F-score (Example)

After clicking 'Calculate', you would instantly get two results.

Result 1: The p-value of the test.

Result 2: The decision, based on the information you entered above.

Note: The 365 Data Science calculator not only computes results but also interprets them for you.

P-Value Calculator

Distribution ⓘ

F

F-score ⓘ

3

Numerator Degrees of Freedom ⓘ

10

Denominator Degrees of Freedom ⓘ

5

Hypothesis Test ⓘ

Two-tailed

Significance Level ⓘ

0.05

Decimal Places ⓘ

4

Calculate

Reset

[Load Example](#)

Interpretation:

The p-value is 0.2370 **Result 1**

The result is not significant at $p > 0.05$ **Result 2**

At the specified level of significance ($\alpha = 0.05$), the calculated p-value suggests that the result is **not statistically significant**. This implies that there is insufficient evidence to reject the null hypothesis.