Manual Solution for the transport Problem

(% i1) ratprint: false\$

1 Preparations

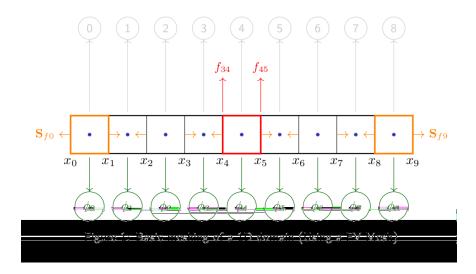


Figure 1: The Mesh we'll work on

How the gradient of ϕ at the face should be calculated (between cells i and j)?

(% i2) $\operatorname{grad}(\operatorname{phi}_i, j, dx) := (\operatorname{phi}_i - \operatorname{phi}_j)/dx;$

(% o2)
$$\operatorname{grad}\left(\phi,i,j,dx\right) := \frac{\phi_{i} - \phi_{j}}{dx}$$

How to interpolate ϕ values from cell centers (between cells i and j) to face centers?

(% i3) face_inter($\phi(i,j):=(\phi(i)+\phi(i))/2;$

(% o3)
$$\operatorname{face_inter}\left(\phi,i,j\right) := \frac{\phi_i + \phi_j}{2}$$

Gauss-Seidel iterations

```
(% i4) gauss_seidel(A,b,iters):=block(
           n:rank(A),
           x:float(zeromatrix(n,1)),
           y:float(zeromatrix(n,1)),
           dif:1,
           for m:1 thru iters do(
              for i:1 thru n do(
                y[i,1]:(b[i,1]-sum(A[i,j]*y[j,1],j,1,i-1)-sum(A[i,j]*x[j,1],j,i+1,n))/A[i,i]
              dif:sort (makelist(abs(x[i,1]-y[i,1]),i,1,n), 'ordergreatp),
              print ("Iteration", m, ": ", transpose(y), ", dif=", dif[1]),
              x:copymatrix(y)
        ), return(x)$
Convective and diffusive setup
(% i7) U:0.03$ K:0.01$ dx:0.1$
     Algebraic Equations for cells
```

2

For all internal cells (i going from 1 to 8):

```
(% i9) X:[\phi_i], \phi_i (X, 3,2,dx) - (% i9) X:[\phi_i] (X, 3,2)-K*grad(X, 3,2,dx) -
         U^*face_inter(X,2,1) + K^*grad(X, 2,1,0.1),ratsimp;
                             -\frac{17\phi_{i+1} - 40\phi_i + 23\phi_{i-1}}{200}
(icell)
(%
         icell, expand, float;
i10)
(\% \text{ o}10)
                          -0.085\phi_{i+1} + 0.2\phi_i - 0.115\phi_{i-1}
(%
         X:[\phi[0], \phi[1]] xb:1$ cell0: U*face\_inter(X,1,2)-K*grad(X, 2,1,0.1) - U*xb
i13)
         - K^*(xb-X[1])/(dx/2), expand, float;
(cell0)
                             -0.085\phi_1 + 0.315\phi_0 - 0.23
(%
         X:[\phi[8], \phi[9]]$ xb:0$ cell9: -U*face\_inter(X,1,2)+K*grad(X, 2,1,0.1) +
i16)
         U*xb - K*(xb-X[2])/(dx/2), expand, float;
(cell9)
                                  0.285\phi_9 - 0.115\phi_8
```

3 Matrix Resolution

Collect coefficients from cells equations:

(% A:matrix([0.315 , -0.085, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0], [-0.115, 0.2, -0.085, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0], [0, -0.115, 0.2, -0.085, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, -0.115, 0.2, -0.085, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, -0.115, 0.2, -0.085, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, -0.115, 0.2, -0.085, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0, -0.115, 0.2, -0.085, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -0.115, 0.2, -0.085], [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -0.115, 0.285]);

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.315 & -0.085 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -0.115 & 0.2 & -0.085 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -0.115 & 0.2 & -0.085 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -0.115 & 0.2 & -0.085 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -0.115 & 0.2 & -0.085 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -0.115 & 0.2 & -0.085 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -0.115 & 0.2 & -0.085 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -0.115 & 0.2 & -0.085 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -0.115 & 0.2 & -0.085 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -0.115 & 0.285 \\ \end{pmatrix}$$

Source term present only in first cell

(B)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.23 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Solve the system with Gauss-Seidel Method (run for 40 iterations and watch max solution change in an iteration)

(% iterative_sol:gauss_seidel(A,B,40); i19)

... Goes on about iteration results ...

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.989130803064315 \\ 0.9598697431668418 \\ 0.9205309580963118 \\ 0.8676405533439283 \\ 0.7964673452312362 \\ 0.7005668030132802 \\ 0.5711678657073875 \\ 0.3963489778943668 \\ 0.1599302893257971 \end{pmatrix}$$

4 Solution from Theory

Forget some variable so we can continue using the same names

(% kill(U, K, x, y)\$ assume(U> 0);
i21)
(% o21)
$$[U; 0]$$

Compose and solve the ODE:

$$(\text{ode}) \qquad \qquad U\left(\frac{d}{dx}y\right) - K\left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2}y\right) = 0$$

(gsol)
$$y = \%k1 \% e^{\frac{Ux}{K}} + \%k2$$

Figure out k1 and k2 coeffs based on boundary values (involves solving a system of two equations)

(% f0:
$$rhs(ev(gsol, x=0))$$
\$ f9: $rhs(ev(gsol, x=0.9))$ \$ **i25)**

(sol)
$$[[\%k1 = -\frac{1}{\%e^{\frac{0.9U}{K}} - 1}, \%k2 = \frac{\%e^{\frac{0.9U}{K}}}{\%e^{\frac{0.9U}{K}} - 1}]]$$

```
(%
      coeffs:ev(sol, U=0.03, K=0.01);
i27)
(coeffs)
          [[\%k1 = -0.07204750205711648, \%k2 = 1.072047502057116]]
(%
      theory_sol:makelist( ev(rhs(gsol),
                                      x=i/10.0+0.05,
                                                      U=0.03,
                                                                K=0.01,
i28)
      %k1 = rhs(coeffs[1][1]), %k2 = rhs(coeffs[1][2])), i, 0, 8);
(theory_sol)
(%
      iterative_sol-theory_sol;
i29)
                      (7.90556000192843610^{-4})
                      8.15216520029138410^{-4}
                      0.001008019091012557\\
                      0.001479676093988691
                       0.00233771703218355\\
(\% o29)
                      0.003669190766267927\\
                      0.005519746571607254\\
                      0.007869143024669012\\
```

0.01060262339579992