

Q2. Monochromatic light of wavelength 6560Å falls normally on a grating 2 cm wide. The first order spectrum is produced at an angle of $16^{\circ}17'$ from the normal. Calculate the total number of lines on the grating.

Given:- $\lambda = 6560\text{\AA} = 6560 \times 10^{-8}\text{cm}$; width = 2cm ; $n=1$; $\theta = 16.28^{\circ}$

Formula:- $(a + b)\sin \theta = n \lambda$

$$a + b = \frac{1}{(N)\text{Number of lines per cm}}$$

Total number of lines = $N \times \text{width}$

Solution:- $(a+b) = \frac{n\lambda}{\sin \theta} = \frac{6560}{\sin 16.28} \times 10^{-8} = 2.34 \times 10^{-4}\text{cm}$

$$\text{Number of lines per cm} = \frac{1}{a+b} = 4273$$

$$\text{Total no. of lines} = 4273 \times 2 = 8547$$

Ans:- There will be 8547 lines on the grating.