Filesystems and Storage on RMACC Summit

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- Slides available for download at:
- *https://github.com/ResearchComputing/Filesystems_And_Storage_Fall_2020*

Outline

- Overview of Summit's storage

- Summit architecture and filesystems

- Petalibrary

- Data transfers and tools

Quick note

- Clusters come in all shapes and sizes, so much of the information here may not apply to other systems. HPC is a very diverse landscape so make sure you check with the system administrators of whichever cluster you are using.

Overview of RC's directories

- 3 major user directories
  - Home – Used for reusable job scripts, setting files, and other important small files.
  - Projects – Used for application and small datasets.
  - Scratch – Work directory. Used with jobs for highspeed access to data or output.
- Table:

	Directory	Capacity	Backup	Purge
Home	/home/$USER	2 GB	2 hours for 7 days	Never
Projects	/projects/$USER	250 GB	6 hours for 7 days	Never
Scratch	/scratch/summit/$USER	10 TB	(none)	90 days

# What's makes Summit different?

- As you may know Research Computing resources diverge a bit from the average computer.
    - Complex severs architecture connected to two separate clusters
    - Various endpoints and services
    - Several Filesystems for various purposes.
- When you log into Summit all of this seems "seamless…"
- So what gives?

RC's network

- The user facing side of RC's network is composed of 3 key compute structures:
- Login Nodes
  - VMs with very little compute capability
  - Can access RMACC Summit by running `ssh scompile` with the `slurm/summit` module loaded.
  - Can access Blanca by loading `slurm/blanca` and submitting an interactive job.
- Summit
  - CU Boulder high performance computing resource.
  - Composed of forward-facing 483 compute nodes and 2 compile nodes.
- Blanca
  - Buy in condo nodes that compose a heterogeneous compute cluster.
 - Check with your group if you'd like access to this resource.

RC's network

Heterogeneous Nodes

Blanca

Login Nodes

Compile Nodes

Compute Nodes

RMACC Summit
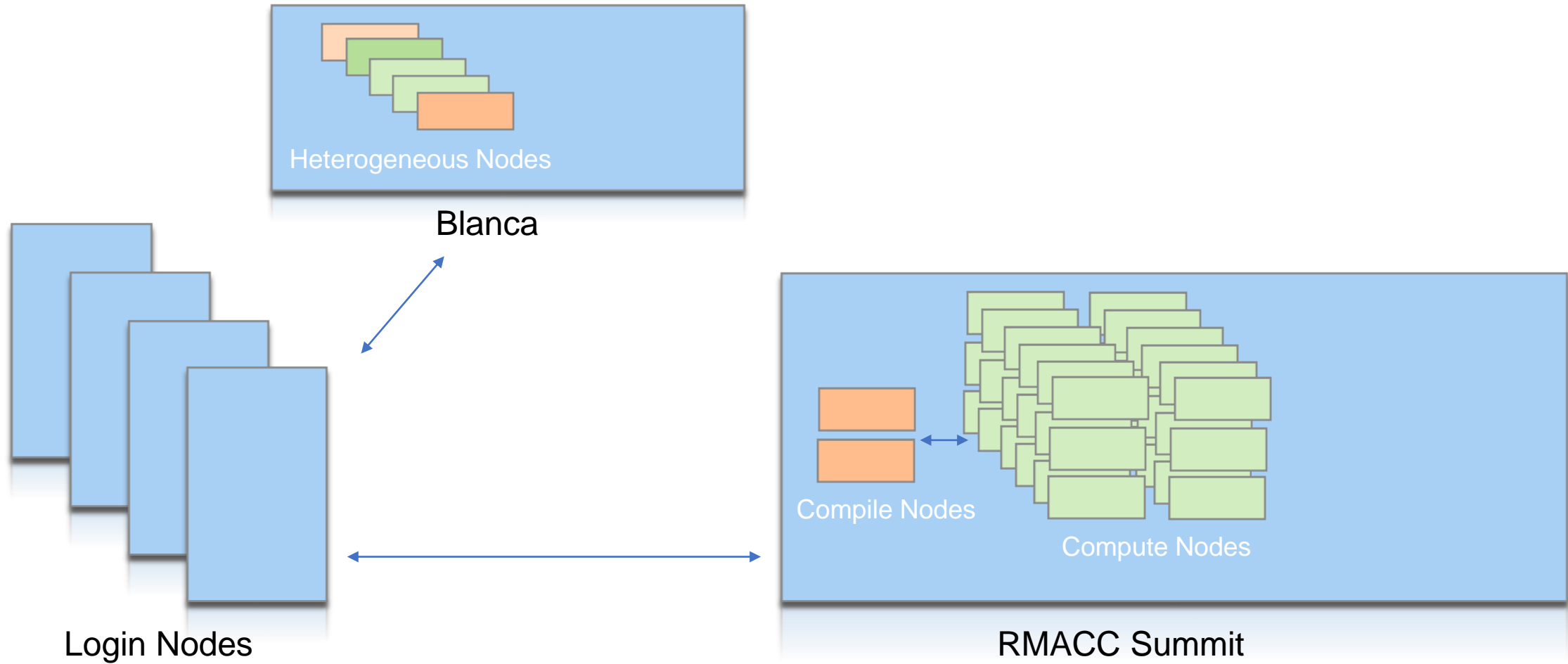
RC's filesystems

- To reduce the amount of complexity for an end user to manage, RC uses a shared file server to manage user related storage.

- "Core Storage"
  - Contains `/home, /projects, and /rc_scratch`
  - Contains all shared software and the module stack.

- Every node or login VM is connected to this resource allow user to easily manage their files.

- Non-Parallel IO

- Slow reads and writes

RC's Storage

Heterogeneous Nodes

Blanca

Core Storage

/home
/projects
/curc
...

Login Nodes

Compile Nodes

Compute Nodes

RMACC Summit
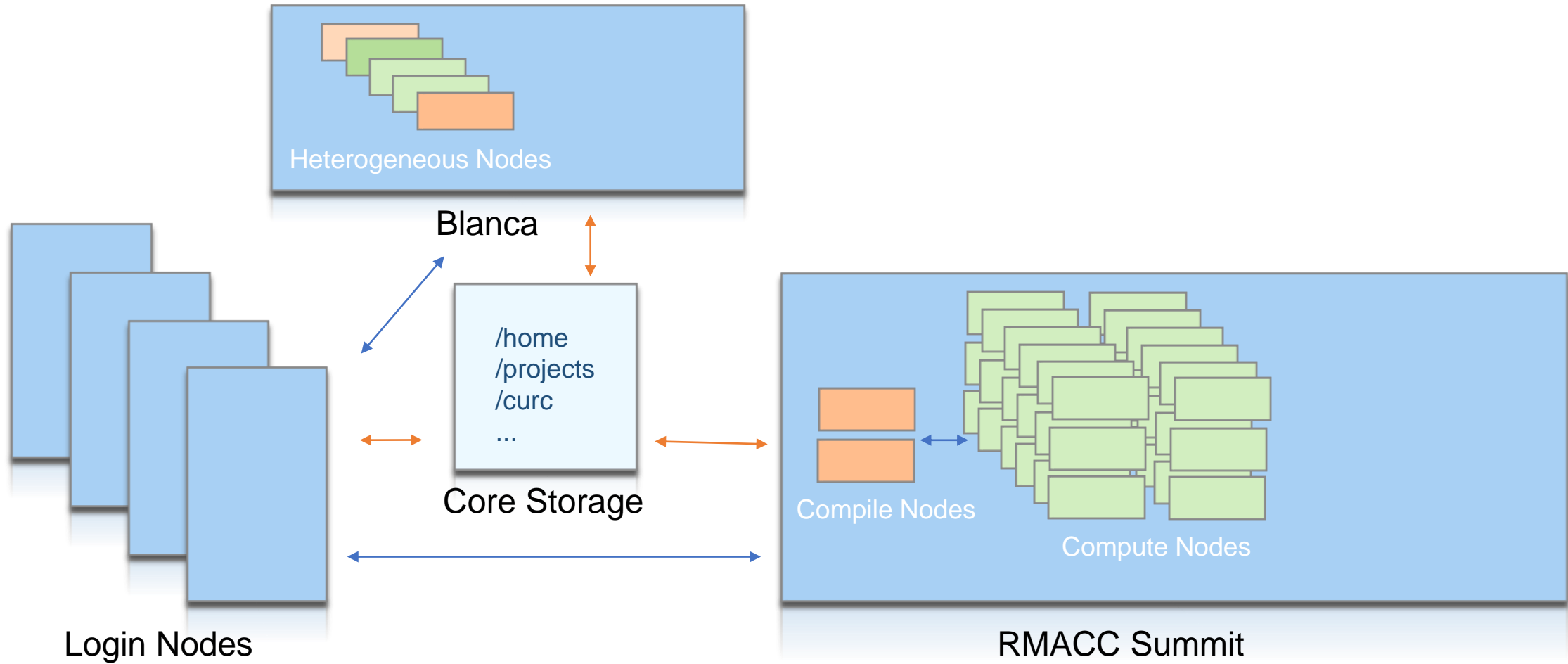
Parallel filesystems

- RC provides an additional system local parallel file system available on Summit.

- Scratch Space:
  - Spinning disk platters rated at 12 Gb/s
  - GPFS File System for parallel I/O w/ 32 Clients and 4 Servers
  - Locally mounted on Summit nodes.
  - Physically close to cores.

- Scratch is usually limited to 10 TB of storage but can be expanded upon with request.
  - Purges every 90 days from file creation
  - Technically shared among all users
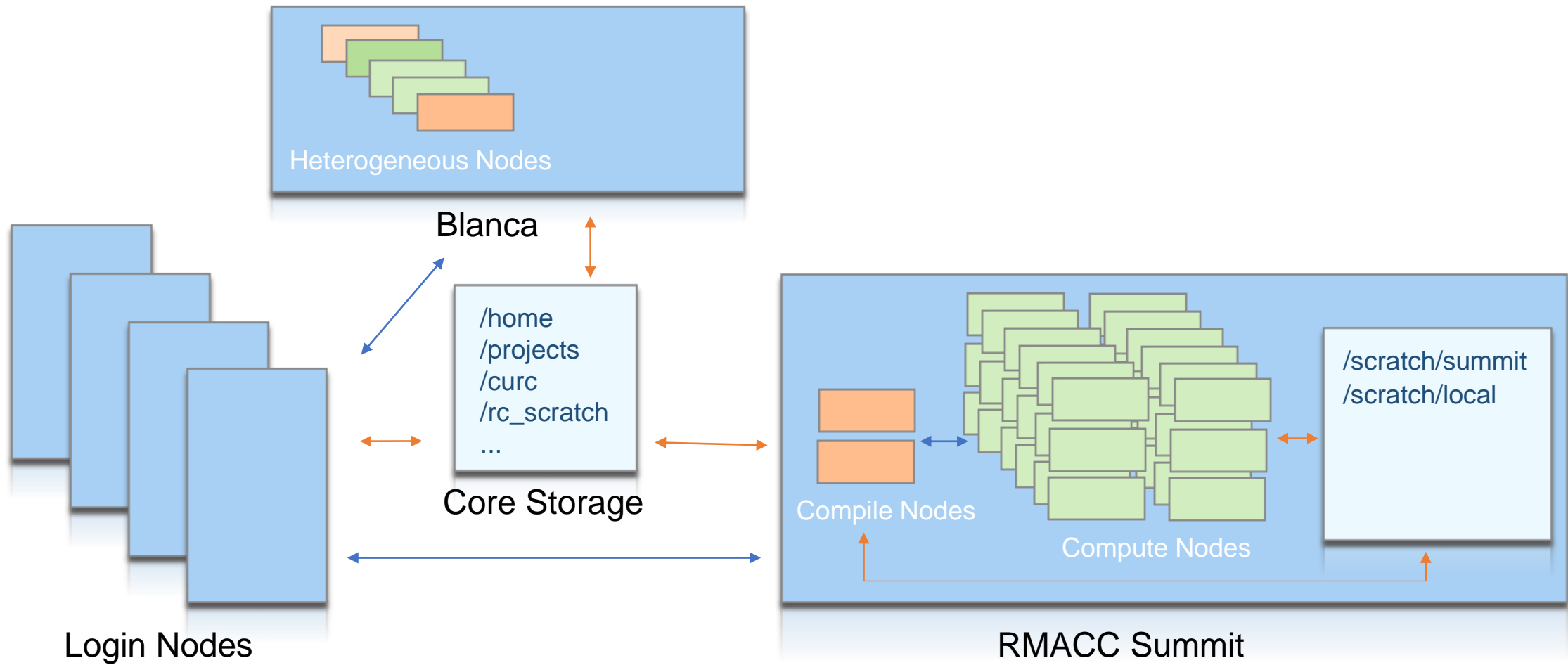 - Scratch totals in 1 PB of storage for everyone

Local Node SSDs

- Summit Nodes also hold onto 100 GB of local node SSD storage.

- These SSDs are not shared among nodes so must move files over within job.

- No Cooperative Parallel I/O

- Located at `/scratch/local`

Be Boulder.

Some more filesystems…

- High Performance I/O is less available with Blanca

- Petalibrary Active
  - High Speed performance
  - Allows for parallel reads and writes
  - Currently utilizes BeeGFS as its parallel filesystem, will be switching to GPFS
  - More on this in a minute…

- RC_Scratch
  - Not the best storage on Summit…
  - Older scratch space past its service dates
  - Large but slow
  - *"I'm sometimes wonder if /projects or /home would be faster than rc_scratch…"*

Parallel Filesystems

Heterogeneous Nodes

Blanca

/home
/projects
/curc
/rc_scratch
...

Core Storage

Compile Nodes

Compute Nodes

/scratch/summit
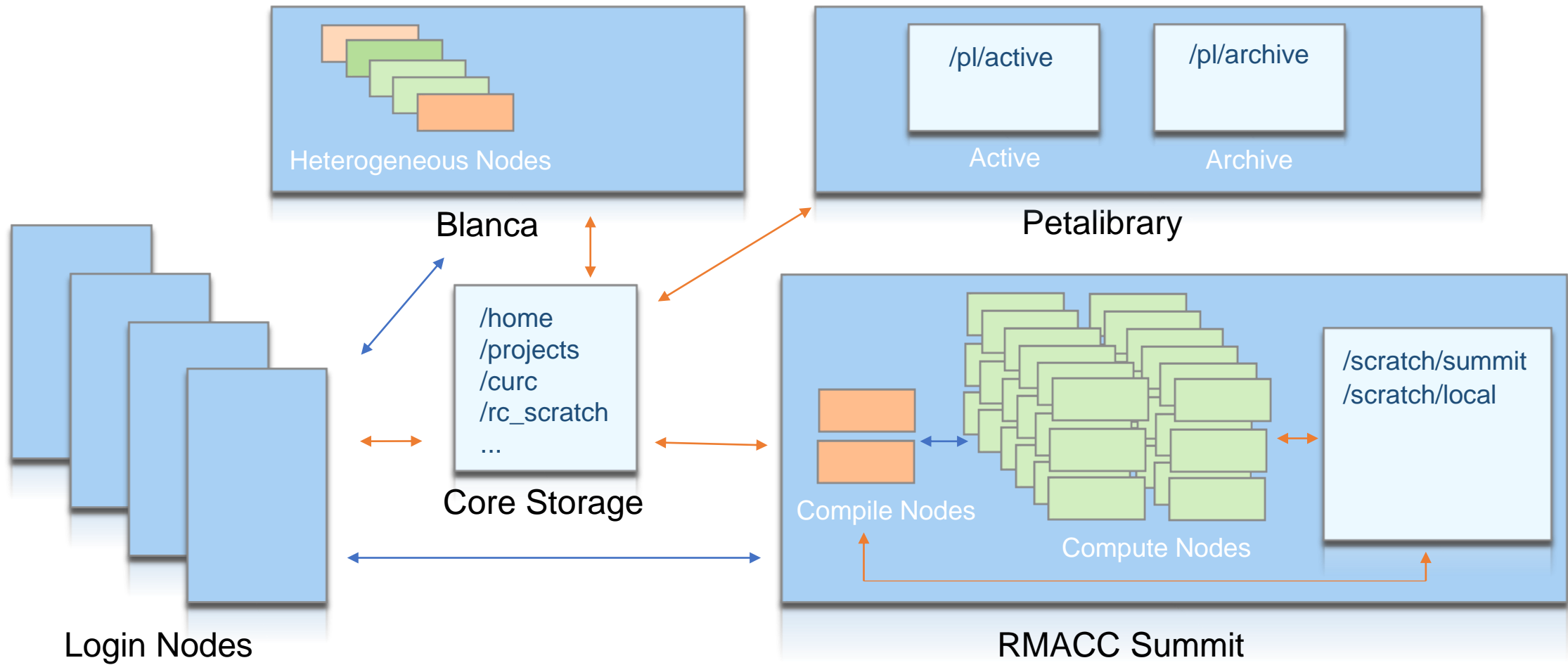/scratch/local

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Login Nodes

What is Petalibrary?

- Research Computing offers a subsidized but **paid**, long-term storage solution closely coupled with RC resources.

- Petalibrary
  - Large scale subsidized storage solution
  - Enterprise Grade
  - RC Staff supported with assistance on transfer strategies
  - Available in several flavors:
    - Active – Disk
    - Archival – Tape
    - Active Storage with Archive copy

Hardware Specifications

- Active Storage
  - Spinning disk platters for frequent reads and writes
  - BeeGFS filesystem
  - Parallel file I/O capable
  - RAID-6 file protection
  - Allocations located at: `/pl/active/`

- Archive Storage
  - Tape storage for infrequent reads and writes
  - iRods backed with StrongBox
  - Redundant copies of Data on separate tapes
  - Allocations located at: `/pl/archive/`

Petalibrary

Heterogeneous Nodes

Blanca

/pl/active   /pl/archive

Active   Archive

Petalibrary

/home
/projects
/curc
/rc_scratch
...

Core Storage

Compile Nodes

Compute Nodes

/scratch/summit
/scratch/local

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Login Nodes

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Useful storage command:

- *curc-quota* – Research computing tool to monitor disk usage.
    - Provides detailed summary of your core storage
    - Provides detailed summary of scratch space on compile and compute nodes
    - Also lists current capacity of all Petalibrary allocations you have access to

```
[userXXXX@login12 ~]$ curc-quota
```

Data Transfers

- Data transfers are usually handled by one of 2 methods:

- Globus
  - By far the most stable and recommended way for data transfers
  - Fast transfers
  - Transfers continue if a user disconnects
  - Web GUI option or Globus Connect Personal

- SCP/SFTP
  - Secure Copy and Secure File Transfer Protocol
  - Straightforward method of transferring data
  - Generally recommend only to move small files less than a Gigabyte.

More on Data transfers

- Less common methods of transferring data…

- sshfs
  - Mounting the RC filesystem to your drive remotely!
  - Single sign in for multiple data transfers
  - Great when needing to repeatedly access files on RC Resources

- rsync/rclone
  - Another utility to transfer files
  - Particularly useful in repeated file transfers and synchronization of file sets
  - Snapshot like backups
  - https://github.com/ResearchComputing/Documentation/blob/dev/docs/compute/rclone.md

Some additional notes...

- Do not run your job against `/home` or `/projects`
  - Slows down your jobs.
  - Slows down everyone else's jobs.
  - We monitor for this and will kindly ask you to stop.
  - Use Scratch instead for your data!

- Always recover your data from scratch after your job completes!
  - No backup and we can't get your data back!

- Always have a safe backed up location for your data!

Questions?

Thank you!

- Please fill out the survey: http://tinyurl.com/curc-survey18

- Contact information: rc-help@Colorado.edu

- Slides:

  https://github.com/ResearchComputing/Filesystems_And_Storage_Fall_2020