

# Dynamic Documents 2

## APA Manuscripts

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Week 5, Class 1



## Agenda

- Questions
- Some leftover R Markdown
  - bold/italicize/code
  - TOC
- Some {papaja} modifications
- Equations
- Lab

*Learning objectives for today*

- Understand how to include latex extensions in RMD
- Be able to produce basic equations

## Agenda

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What questions do you have?

# Revisiting *git*

Talk with neighbor. What do these terms mean?

- clone
- pull
- stage
- commit
- push
- repo
- remote

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# Leftover R Markdown

- **Bold** text can be specified with double asterisks (i.e., **`**bold text**`**) or double underscores (i.e., **`__bold text__`**).

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- *Italics* are specified similarly, but with a single asterisk (i.e., **`*italicized text*`**) or underscores (i.e., **`_italicized text_`**).

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- **Bold** text can be specified with double asterisks (i.e., **`**bold text**`**) or double underscores (i.e., **`__bold text__`**).
- *Italics* are specified similarly, but with a single asterisk (i.e., **`*italicized text*`**) or underscores (i.e., **`_italicized text_`**).
- **Code** is defined by back-ticks **``code``**.
- This is the same as in-line code specification, but without telling it the language

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## Table of Contents

You can easily specify a table of contents with

```
---
```

```
output:
  html_document:
    toc: true
---
```

A table of contents will then be automatically generated for you based on your headers

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## Change TOC depth

- By default, the TOC will only go down to 3 levels
- Change that with

```
---
```

```
output:
  html_document:
    toc: true
    toc_depth: 5
---
```

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## Floating TOC

For HTML documents, allow the TOC to float along the side as you scroll

```
---
```

```
output:
  html_document:
    toc: true
    toc_float: true
---
```

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## Code folding

Provide a button for people to be able to see the code, but otherwise have it hidden

```
---
```

```
output:
  html_document:
    toc: true
    toc_float: true
    code_folding: "hide"
---
```

[example]

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## Escaping

- Sometimes you may not want the formatting to occur, and instead just show what you've typed.
- Escape with \

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- Escape with \

### I didn't want a header

## Escaping

- Sometimes you may not want the formatting to occur, and instead just show what you've typed.
- Escape with \

### I didn't want a header

```
# So I escape the pound symbol like this \#
```

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## LaTeX vs R Markdown

- LaTeX considerably more complicated
  - Probably won't really ever need it
- LaTeX is the engine behind R Markdown for rendering PDF
  - Why we'd use some extensions from there for PDF

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## LaTeX vs R Markdown

- LaTeX considerably more complicated
  - Probably won't really ever need it
- LaTeX is the engine behind R Markdown for rendering PDF
  - Why we'd use some extensions from there for PDF

*Essentially*

R Markdown let's us get *most* of the benefit of LaTeX without actually having to learn it.

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## Really want to see it?

```
output:  
  pdf_document:  
    keep_tex: true
```

Open the resulting `.tex` file.

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## Including other options

Specify `header-includes` in your YAML

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## Including other options

Specify `header-includes` in your YAML

*Example from a relatively complicated doc*

```
header-includes:  
  - \pagenumbering{gobble}  
  - \usepackage{placeins}  
  - \usepackage{float}  
  - \usepackage{caption}  
  - \captionsetup[figure]{labelformat = empty}  
  - \usepackage{xcolor}  
  - \definecolor{link}{rgb}{0, 0, 238}  
  - \usepackage{booktabs}
```

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## Option to consider for {papaja}

Change

```
classoption: "man"
```

to

```
classoption: "man, fleqn"
```

To get "flush equations" (i.e., left aligned and indented, rather than centered)

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## Even better

```
classoption: "man, fleqn, noextraspaces"
```

Removes some of the extra space around headers

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## Add some LaTeX option

```
header-includes:  
- \raggedbottom  
- \setlength{\parskip}{0pt}
```

This will help (save you lots of time googling) remove the extra space between paragraphs.

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## Showing the differences visually

[demo]

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## Equations (briefly)

Produce inline equations using LaTeX `$ Equation stuff here $`

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## Equations (briefly)

Produce inline equations using LaTeX `$ Equation stuff here $`

Produce equations in "Display" mode with

`$$`

`Equation stuff here`

`$$`

## Greek letters

### *Lower-case*

- `\alpha`  $\alpha$
- `\beta`  $\beta$
- `\gamma`  $\gamma$
- `\delta`  $\delta$
- `\epsilon`  $\epsilon$
- `\zeta`  $\zeta$
- `\eta`  $\eta$
- `\theta`  $\theta$
- `\iota`  $\iota$
- `\kappa`  $\kappa$
- `\lambda`  $\lambda$
- `\mu`  $\mu$
- `\nu`  $\nu$
- `\xi`  $\xi$
- `\omicron`  $\circ$
- `\pi`  $\pi$
- `\rho`  $\rho$
- `\sigma`  $\sigma$
- `\tau`  $\tau$
- `\upsilon`  $\upsilon$
- `\phi`  $\phi$
- `\chi`  $\chi$
- `\psi`  $\psi$
- `\omega`  $\omega$

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## Greek letters

### *Upper-case*

- `\Gamma`  $\Gamma$
- `\Delta`  $\Delta$
- `\Theta`  $\Theta$
- `\Lambda`  $\Lambda$
- `\Xi`  $\Xi$
- `\Pi`  $\Pi$
- `\Sigma`  $\Sigma$
- `\Upsilon`  $\Upsilon$
- `\Phi`  $\Phi$
- `\Psi`  $\Psi$
- `\Omega`  $\Omega$

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# Greek letters

## Upper-case

- `\Gamma`
- `\Delta`
- `\Theta`
- `\Lambda`
- `\Xi`
- `\Pi`
- `\Sigma`
- `\Upsilon`
- `\Phi`
- `\Psi`
- `\Omega`

*Note they're not all here...*

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# Quick example

```
$$
\begin{aligned}
\sqrt{37} &= \sqrt{\frac{73^2-1}{12^2}} \\
&= \sqrt{\frac{73^2}{12^2} \cdot \frac{73^2-1}{73^2}} \\
&= \sqrt{\frac{73^2}{12^2}} \sqrt{\frac{73^2-1}{73^2}} \\
&= \sqrt{\frac{73^2}{12^2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2 \cdot 73^2}\right) \\
&\approx \sqrt{\frac{73^2}{12^2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2 \cdot 73^2}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$
```

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# Lots of other things

- $\sum_{i=0}^n x_i$
- $\frac{a}{b}$
- Subscript with underscores `\beta_{0i}`
- Superscript with `q^{(a + b)}`

*Many more possibilities*

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$$\begin{aligned}
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&= \sqrt{\frac{73^2}{12^2} \cdot \frac{73^2-1}{73^2}} \\
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\end{aligned}$$

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---

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{37} &= \sqrt{\frac{73^2 - 1}{12^2}} \\&= \sqrt{\frac{73^2}{12^2} \cdot \frac{73^2 - 1}{73^2}} \\&= \sqrt{\frac{73^2}{12^2}} \sqrt{\frac{73^2 - 1}{73^2}} \\&= \frac{73}{12} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{73^2}} \\&\approx \frac{73}{12} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2 \cdot 73^2}\right)\end{aligned}$$

### *Take home message*

You can create beautiful typeset equations. [{mathpix}](#) is a great place to start!

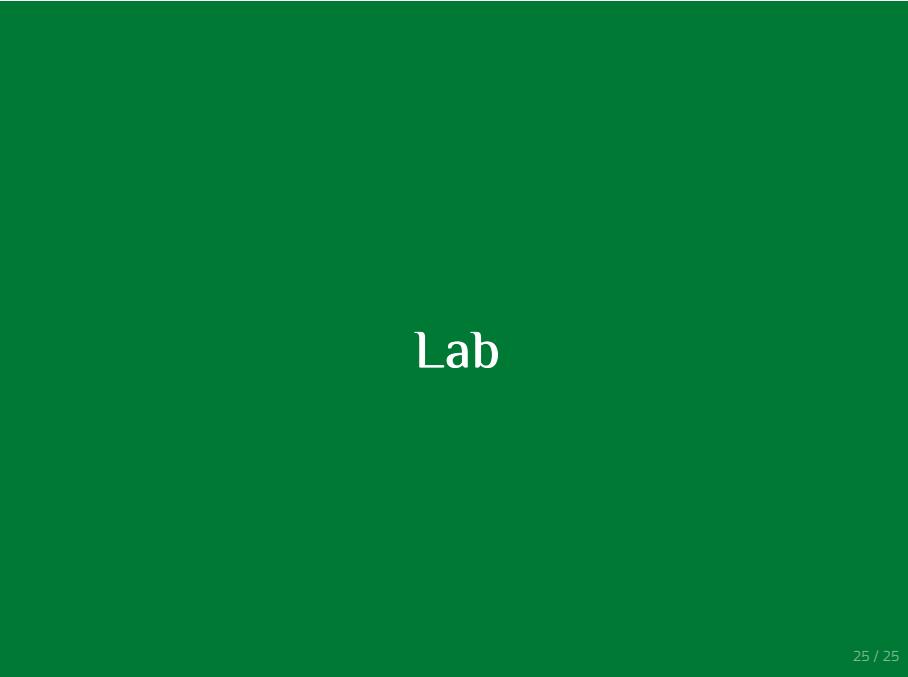
---

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## Some resources

- Chapter 3 of [The Not So Short Introduction to LaTeX](#)
- [mathjax tutorial](#)

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Lab

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