



## Finding time complexity of algorithms

### Problem 1: Finding Complexity using Counter Method

**Question 1** | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 [Flag question](#)

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void function (int n)
```

```
{  
    int i= 1;  
  
    int s =1;  
  
    while(s <= n)  
    {  
        i++;  
        s += i;  
    }  
}
```

**Note:** No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

**Input:**

A positive Integer n

**Output:**

Print the value of the counter variable

**For example:**

| Input | Result |
|-------|--------|
| 9     | 12     |

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int n;
4     scanf("%d",&n);
5     int i = 1;
6     int s = 1;
7     int c = 0;
8     while (s<=n){
9         c++;
10        i++;
11        c++;
12        s += i;
13        c++;
14    }
15    c++;
16    printf("%d",c+2);
17    return 0;
18 }
```

|   | Input | Expected | Got |   |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ✓ | 9     | 12       | 12  | ✓ |
| ✓ | 4     | 9        | 9   | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

## Problem 2: Finding Complexity using Counter method

**Question 1** | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 [Flag question](#)

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void func(int n)
{
    if(n==1)
    {
        printf("*");
    }
    else
    {
        for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
        {
            for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
            {
                printf("*");
                printf("*");
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

**Note:** No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

**Input:**

A positive Integer n

**Output:**

Print the value of the counter variable

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 void func(int n)
3 {
4     int c=0;
5     if(n==1)
6     {c++;
7       //printf("*");
8       c++;
9     }
10    else
11    {c++;
12     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
13     {c++;
14      for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
15      {c++;
16        //printf("*");
17        c++;
18        // printf("*");
19        c++;
20        break;
21      }c++;
22    }c++;
23  }
24  printf("%d",c);
25 }
26 int main(){
27     int n;
28     scanf("%d",&n);
29     func(n);
30 }
```

|   | Input | Expected | Got  |   |
|---|-------|----------|------|---|
| ✓ | 2     | 12       | 12   | ✓ |
| ✓ | 1000  | 5002     | 5002 | ✓ |
| ✓ | 143   | 717      | 717  | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

### Problem 3: Finding Complexity using Counter Method

**Question 1** | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 [Flag question](#)

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
Factor(num) {  
    {  
        for (i = 1; i <= num; ++i)  
        {  
            if (num % i == 0)  
            {  
                printf("%d ", i);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

**Note:** No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and counter variable printf() statement.

**Input:**

A positive Integer n

**Output:**

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 void Factor(int num)
3 {
4     int c = 0,i;
5     for ( i = 1; i <= num;++i){
6         c++;
7
8
9         if (num % i== 0)
10        {
11            //printf("%d ", i);
12            c++;
13        }c++;
14    }c++;
15    printf("%d",c);
16 }
17
18 int main(){
19     int num;
20     scanf("%d",&num);
21     Factor(num);
22 }
```

|   | Input | Expected | Got |   |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ✓ | 12    | 31       | 31  | ✓ |
| ✓ | 25    | 54       | 54  | ✓ |
| ✓ | 4     | 12       | 12  | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

## Problem 4: Finding Complexity using Counter Method

**Question 1** | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 [Flag question](#)

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time

complexity using counter method.

```
void function(int n)
{
    int c= 0;
    for(int i=n/2; i<n; i++)
        for(int j=1; j<n; j = 2 * j)
            for(int k=1; k<n; k = k * 2)
                c++;
}
```

**Note:** No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

**Input:**

A positive Integer n

**Output:**

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 void function(int n)
3 {
4     int c=0;
5     c++;
6     for(int i=n/2;i<n;i++){
7         c++;
8         for(int j=1;j<n;j=2*j){
9             c++;
10            for(int k=1;k<n;k=k*2){
11                c++;
12                c++;
13            }c++;
14        }c++;
15    }c++;
16    printf("%d",c);
17 }
18 int main(){
19     int n;
20     scanf("%d",&n);
21     function(n);
22 }
```

|   | Input | Expected | Got |   |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ✓ | 4     | 30       | 30  | ✓ |
| ✓ | 10    | 212      | 212 | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.



## Problem 5: Finding Complexity using counter method

**Question 1** | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 [Flag question](#)

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
void reverse(int n)
{
    int rev = 0, remainder;
    while (n != 0)
    {
        remainder = n % 10;
        rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
        n /= 10;
    }
    print(rev);
}
```

**Note:** No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

**Input:**

A positive Integer n

**Output:**

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 void reverse(int n)
3 {   int c=0;
4     int rev = 0, remainder;
5     c++;
6     while (n != 0)
7     {c++;
8         remainder = n % 10;
9         c++;
10        rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
11        c++;
12        n/= 10;
13        c++;
14    }
15    c++;
16    //printf(rev);
17    c++;
18    printf("%d",c);
19 }
20 int main(){
21     int n;
22     scanf("%d",&n);
23     reverse(n);
24 }
```

|   | Input | Expected | Got |   |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ✓ | 12    | 11       | 11  | ✓ |
| ✓ | 1234  | 19       | 19  | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.