

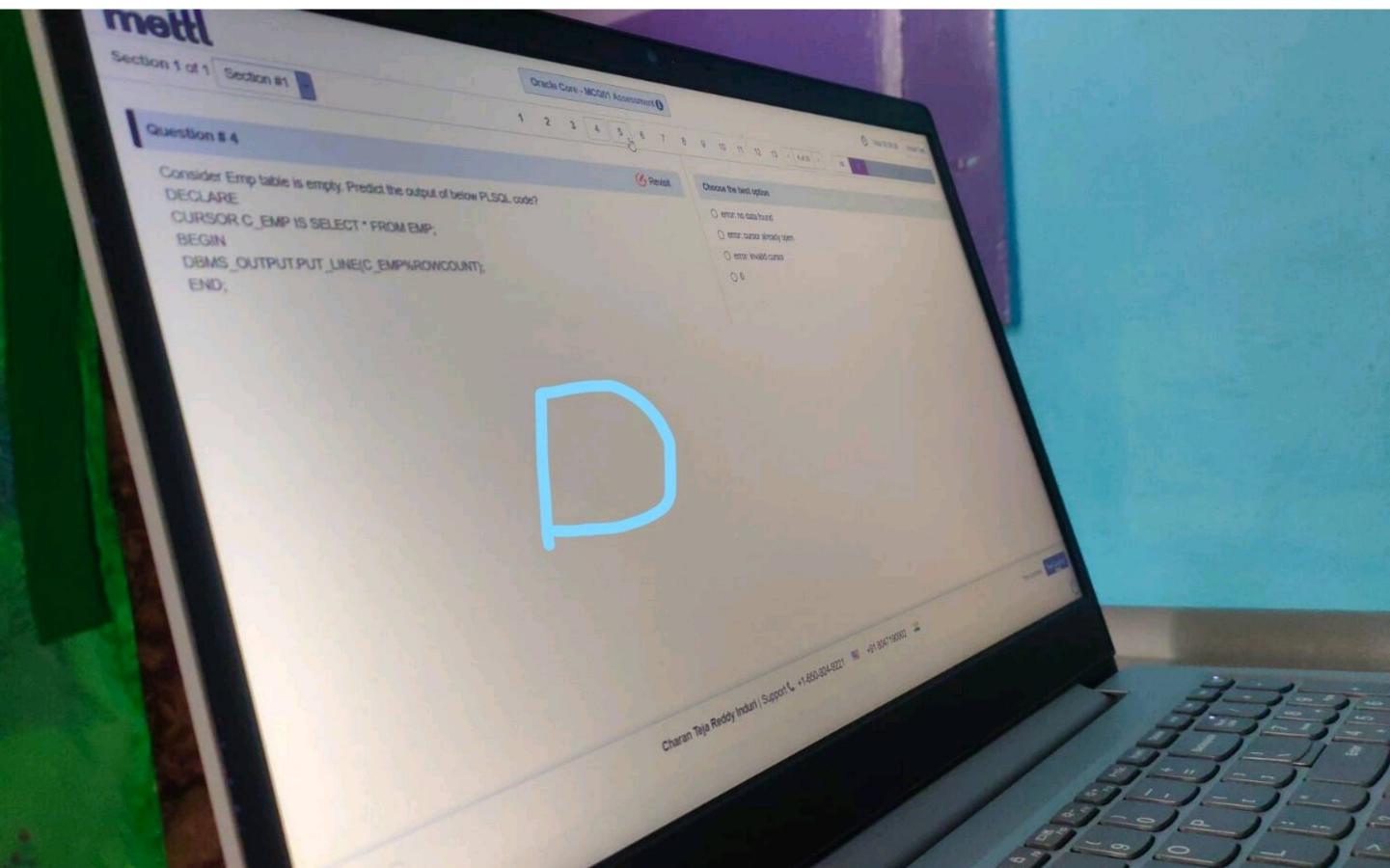
Question # 3 Revolt

Which of the following option(s) is/are Valid with respect to explicit cursor?
Choose most appropriate option.

Choose the best option

- Explicit Cursor can handle multiple rows
- Explicit Cursor need to be declared
- Explicit Cursor can be created with parameters
- All of the above





mettl

Section 1 of 1 Section #1 Oracle Core - MCQ01 Assessment 0

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

Question # 7

Revisit

Choose the best option

Which of the following statement creates a new table named EMP1 from existing table EMP

CREATE TABLE EMP1 AS SELECT * FROM EMP;

CREATE TABLE EMP1 IS SELECT * FROM EMP;

CREATE TABLE EMP1 FROM SELECT * FROM EMP;

CREATE TABLE EMP1 SELECT * FROM EMP;

A

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mettl

The image shows a laptop screen displaying a mettl online assessment interface. The question asks for a SQL statement to create a new table 'EMP1' from an existing table 'EMP'. Four options are provided, all involving the 'CREATE TABLE' command with different syntaxes. A large, light blue hand-drawn letter 'A' is prominently overlaid on the screen, obscuring the question text and the first two options. The keyboard of the laptop is visible at the bottom.

mett

on 1 of 1 Section #1

Oracle Core - MCQ01 Assessment 0

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Question # 8

Which of the following statement renames a table from EMP to EMP1

Choose the best option:

- A) `RENAME EMP TO EMP1;`
- B) `ALTER TABLE EMP TO EMP1;`
- C) `ALTER TABLE EMP1 TO EMP;`
- D) You cannot rename a table if it has data.

A large blue letter 'A' is overlaid on the screen, indicating the correct answer.

Charan Teja Reddy Induri | Support | -Last login: Wed Jul 27 10:45:27 IST 2023

Powered by mett

The image shows a laptop screen displaying an Oracle Core MCQ assessment. The question asks which statement renames a table from EMP to EMP1. The correct answer is option A: `RENAME EMP TO EMP1;`. A large blue outline of the letter 'A' is drawn over the screen, pointing to the correct answer. The laptop keyboard is visible at the bottom right.



Section 1 of 1

Section #1

Oracle Core - MCQ01 Assessment 6

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

Question # 13

Consider the SQL statements below executed in a sequence

```
CREATE TABLE dept (deptno NUMBER(2), dname VARCHAR2(14), loc VARCHAR2(13));
ROLLBACK;
DESC DEPT
```

Which one of the options is true?

Choose the best option

- The DESCRIBE DEPT statement returns the results of the last CREATE statement.
- The DESCRIBE DEPT statement displays the structure of the DEPT table introduced before the ROLLBACK statement.
- The DESCRIBE DEPT statement displays the structure of the DEPT table introduced before the ROLLBACK statement.
- The ROLLBACK command has no effect on queries in PL/SQL.

B

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Section 1 of 1 Section #1

Oracle Core - MCQ01 Assessment 0

6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18

Question # 14

The EMPLOYEES table has these columns:
LAST_NAME VARCHAR2(35)
SALARY NUMBER(8,2)
HIRE_DATE DATE

Management wants to add a default value to the SALARY column. You plan to alter the table by using this SQL statement:

```
ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEES  
MODIFY (SALARY DEFAULT 5000);
```

Which is true about the ALTER statement?
Choose most appropriate option.

Choose the best option

- A change to the DEFAULT value affects any subsequent insertions to the table
- All the rows that have a NULL value for the SALARY column will be updated with the new value
- Column definitions cannot be altered to add DEFAULT values
- Column definitions cannot be altered to add DEFAULT values to columns which already have data

A

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Section 1 of 1 Section #1

Oracle Core - MCQW Assessment 0

6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

Question # 15

Revisit

Choose the best option:

Which of the below options is TRUE about the NVL function?
Choose most appropriate option.

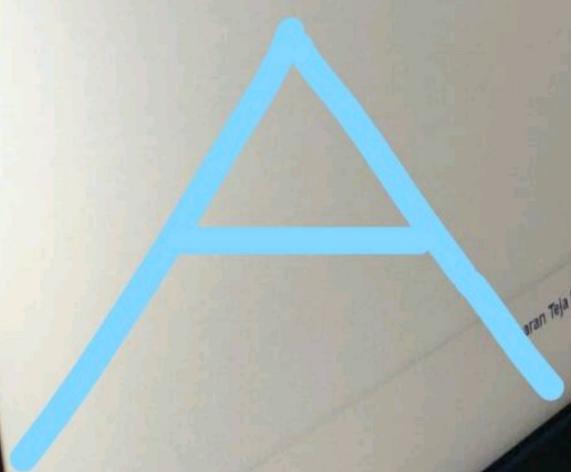
Allows the user to specify alternate value for null values.

Nullifies the value of the column value.

Allows the user to specify alternate value for non-null column values.

Assists in the distribution of data across multiple storage.

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on 1 of 1 Section #1

Oracle Core - MCQ01 Assessment 0

Question # 16

Which of the following arithmetic operations on a date column named HIRE_DATE of EMP table is valid

Choose the best option

- SELECT HIRE_DATE + 1 FROM EMP;
- SELECT HIRE_DATE / 2 FROM EMP;
- SELECT HIRE_DATE * 3 FROM EMP;
- SELECT MOD(HIRE_DATE) FROM EMP;

A

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Section 1 of 1 Section #1

Oracle Core - MCQ01 Assessment 0

8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

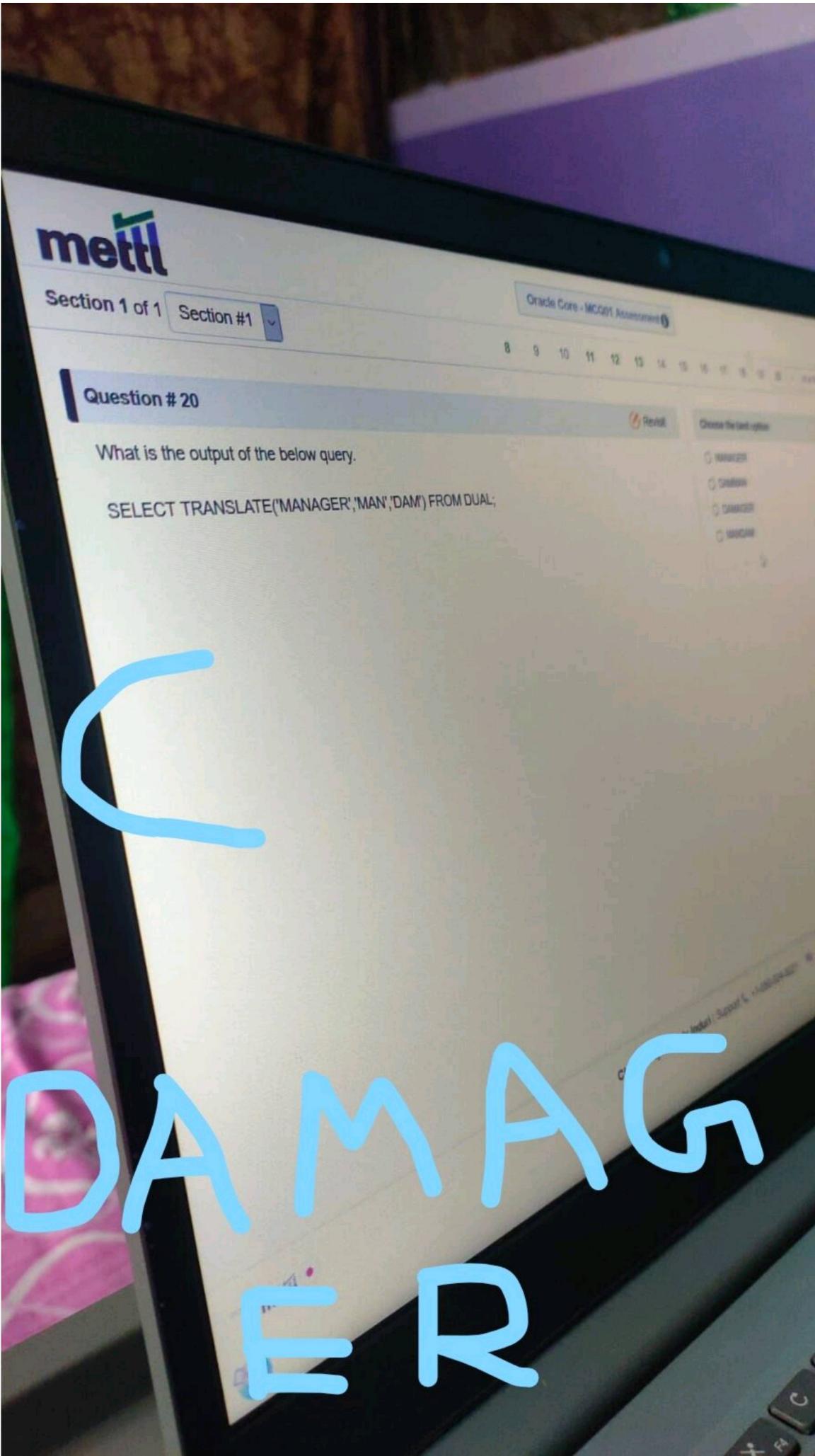
Question # 20

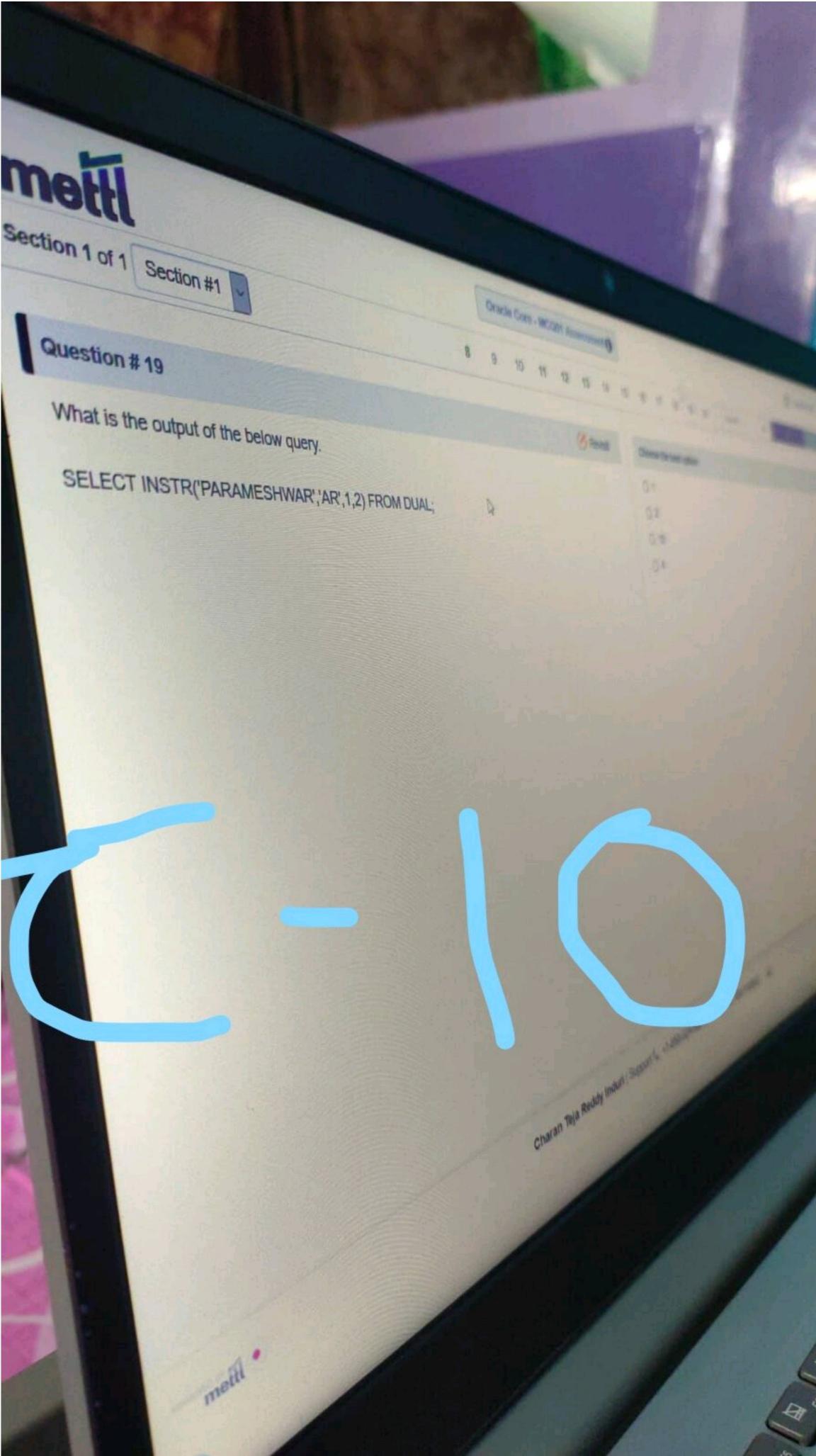
What is the output of the below query.

SELECT TRANSLATE('MANAGER','MAN','DAM') FROM DUAL;

MANAGER
 DAMAGER
 DAMMER
 MAGNER

**DA MAG
ER**







Section 1 of 1 Section #1

OC Main MCQ01-Test14 0

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

Total 00:29:52

Question # 1

Revisit

Choose the best option

true

false

B

mettl

Section 1 of 1 Section #1

OC Main MCQ01-Test14

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 2 of 20 All

Total 00:29:43 Finish Test

Question # 2

What will happen when PL/SQL code tries to access a cursor which is not opened? Choose most appropriate option.

Choose the best option

- No Output will be displayed and PLSQL Program executes successfully
- DUP_VAL_ON_INDEX Exception will be raised
- INVALID_CURSOR Exception will be raised
- CURSOR_NOT_OPENED Exception will be raised



Section 1 of 1

Section #1

OC Main MCQ01-Test4

Total 00:29:35 Finish Test

Question # 3

Which Data Dictionary table is used to verify the column name on which a constraint is applied

Revisit

Choose the best option

- USER_CONSTRAINTS
- USER_CONS_COLUMNS
- USER_CONSTRAINTS_COLUMNS
- USER_TAB



Section 1 of 1 Section #1

OC Main MCQ01-Test4 0

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 < 4 of 28 > All

Total 02:29:28 Finish Test

Question # 4

What clause applies a lock on the table?
Choose most appropriate option.

Revisit

Choose the best option

- For Loop
- For update
- Where Current of
- For cursor

B

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Section 1 of 1 Section #1 OC Main MCQ01-Test4 0 Total 00:29:11

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 < 5 of 20 > All

Question # 5

Revisit

Considering the presence of the column named 'sal' in 'emp' table and also 7839 employee number, choose the output of the below program.

```
1 declare
2     v_sal number;
3 begin
4     select sal*12 into v_sal from emp where empno=7839;
5     dbms_output.put_line(v_sal);
6 end;
7 /
```

Choose the best option

- Error at line 2, as the size of the variable is not defined
- The salary of the employee is printed
- Error at line 4 as there is no employee with number 7839
- Error at line 7 as there is a special symbol ?

A

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Section 1 of 1 Section #1 OC Main MCQ01-Test4 0 Total 00:29:11

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 < 5 of 20 > All

Question # 9

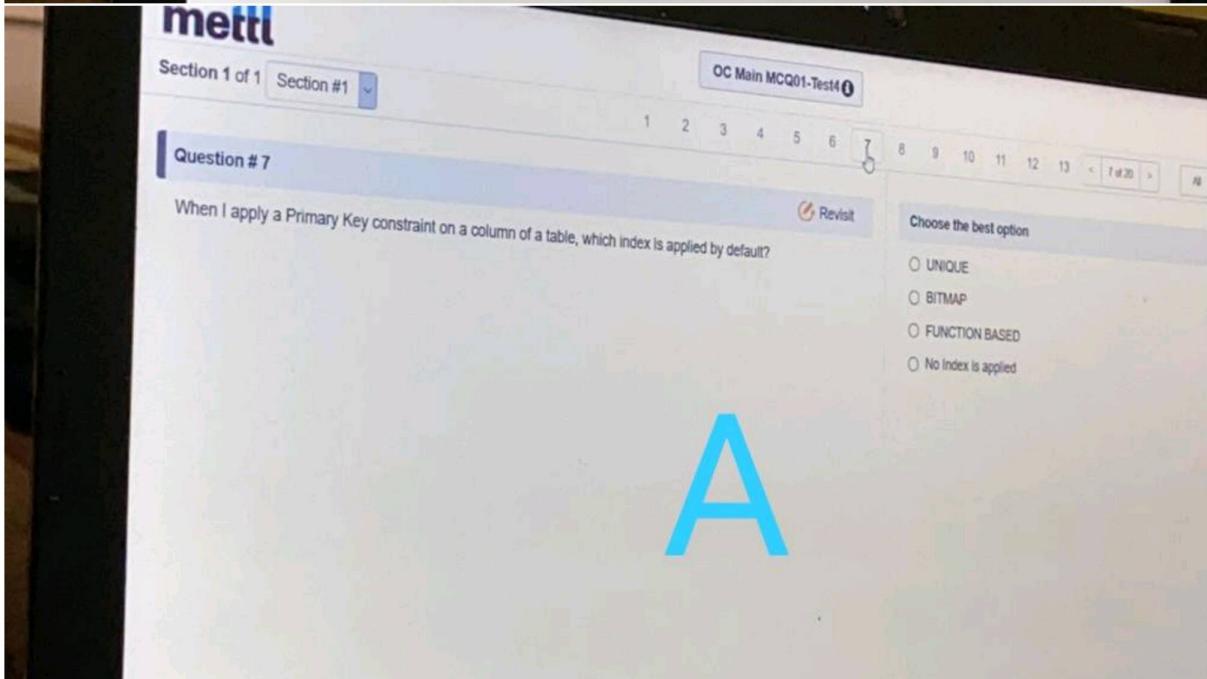
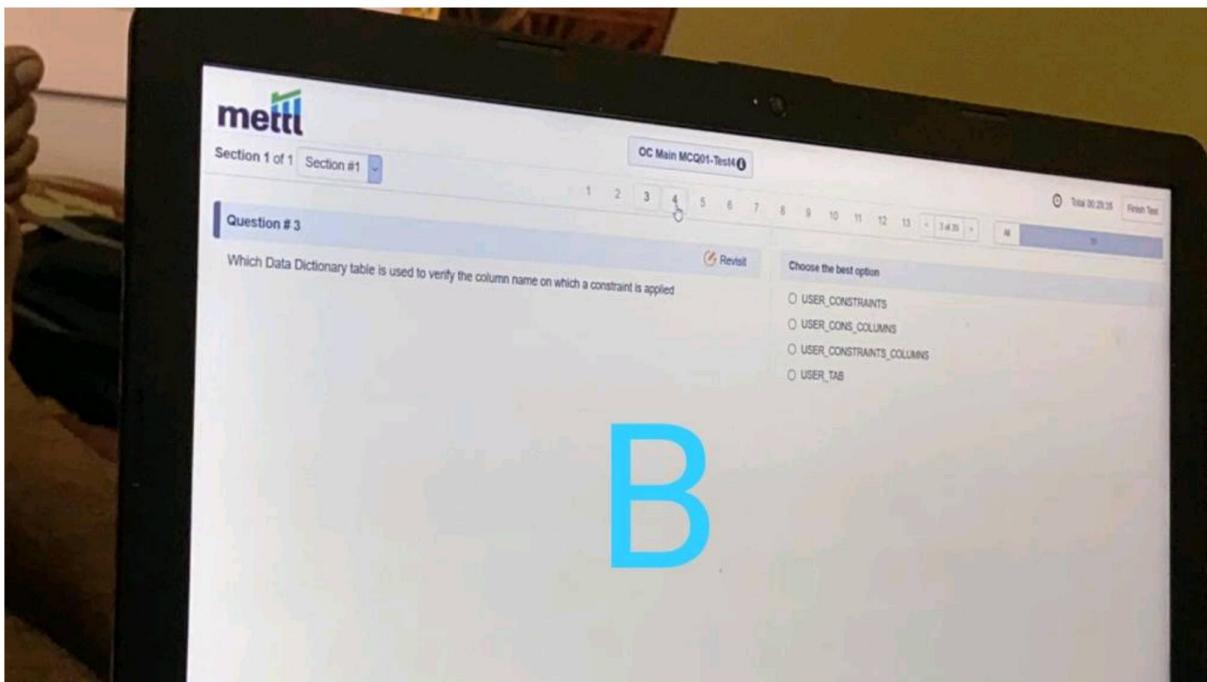
Revisit

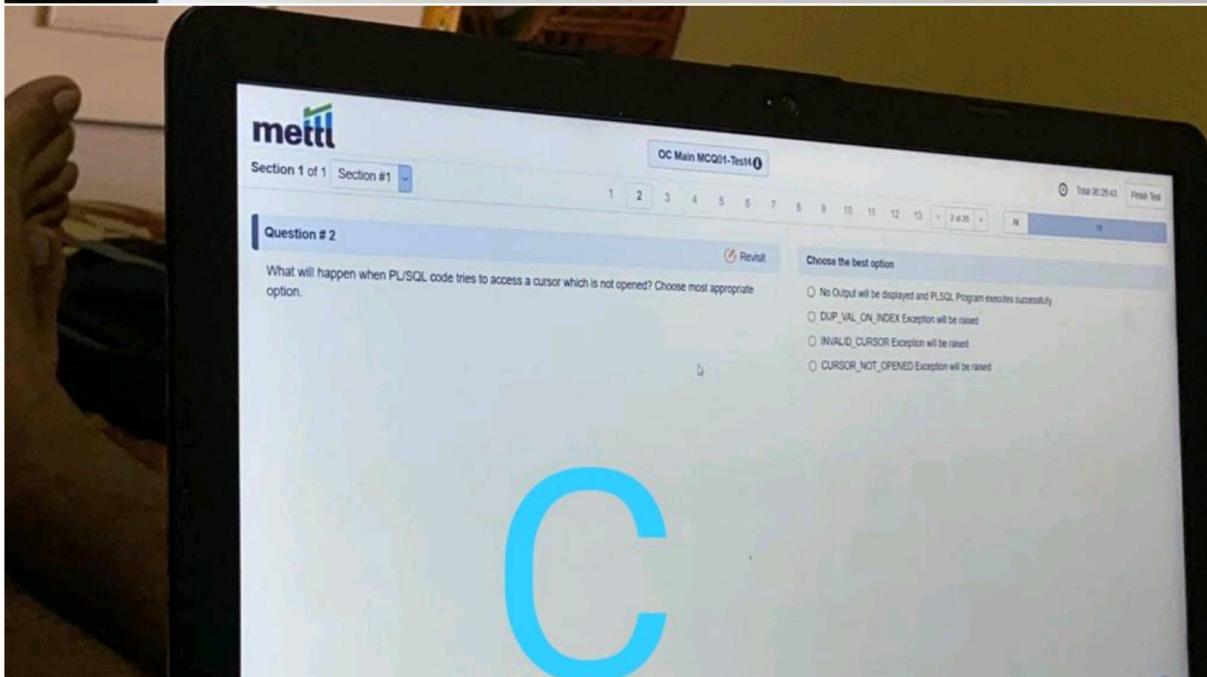
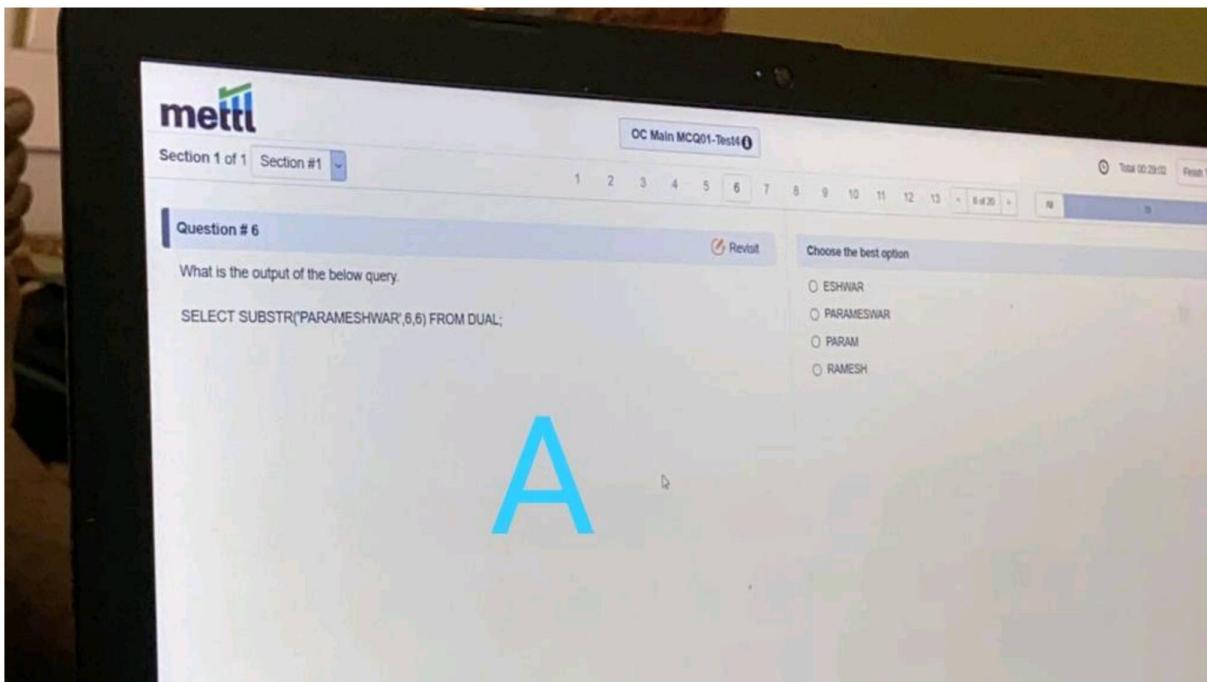
What is the result of below select statement?
Select translate('this is test','test','nest') from dual;

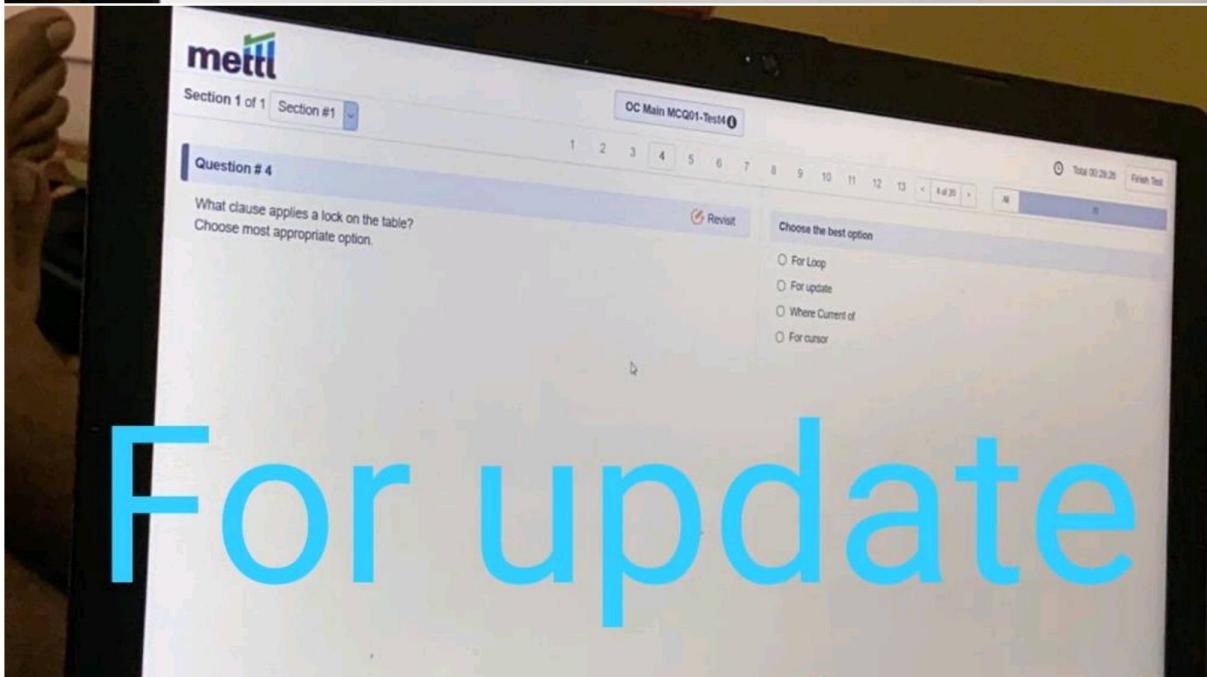
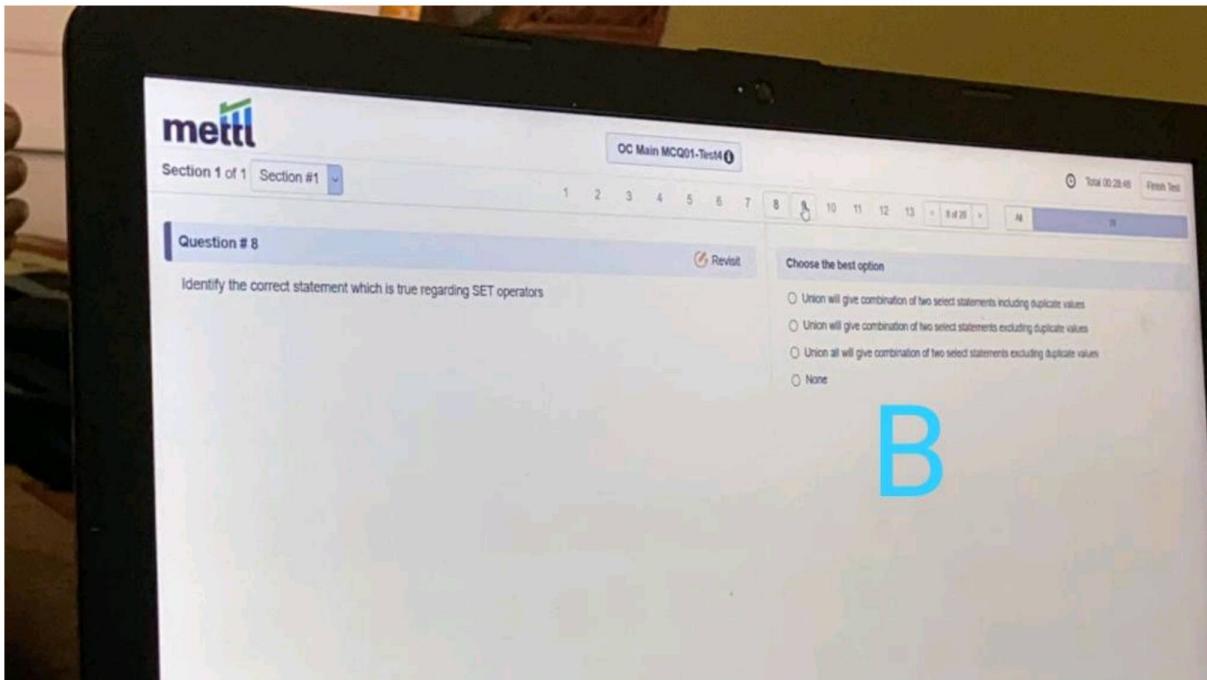
Choose the best option

- this is nest
- this is near
- this is nest
- error

B







For update

Which of the following property guarantees that once a user is notified of success in his action on the database, the completed action will persist.

ANS. DURABILITY

A aggregate function ignores _____ value by default. Fill in the blank with an appropriate option.

ANS. NULL

Consider the SQL statements below executed in a sequence

```
CREATE TABLE dept (deptno NUMBER(2), dname VARCHAR2(14), loc VARCHAR2(13));
ROLLBACK;
DESC DEPT
```

Which one of the options is true?

ANS. The DESC DEPT statement displays the structure of the table DEPT. ROLLBACK does not apply on CREATE statement.

Which one of these is used to write the actual data to data file?

ANS. DATABASE WRITER

Consider the following DCL statements

1. Create user user1 identified by password;
2. Grant create session to user1;

After the execution of the two statements, When user login and try to execute the below statement. What will be the result?

Create table test1(c1 number);

Revisit

ANS. INSUFFICIENT PRIVILAGES

Following SQL Statement when executed will result in which of the following option.

CREATE TABLE T1(SNAME CHAR);

ANS. TABLE IS CREATED BUT THE USER CAN INSERT DATA WITH SINGLE CHARACTER.

Question # 16

A default constraint is mentioned on a table column. Which one of the below statements is true?

ANS. If we do not insert any value then default value will be considered.

Question # 17

What is the difference between a PL/SQL Cursor and PL/SQL Ref Cursor?

ANS. PL/SQL cursor is dynamic in nature whereas PL/SQL Ref cursor is static in nature.

Question # 18

Which of the following is an example for declaring a strong ref cursor?

ANS. TYPE T1 IS REF CURSOR RETURN EMP%ROWTYPE

Question # 20

Which of the following way of adding Check constraint is correct

**ANS. CREATE TABLE EMP(empno number, sal number, comm number, constraint check_sal
check(sal+comm>1000));**

What is the output of the below query.

SELECT RTRIM('RAMESH*','') FROM DUAL;**

ANS. RAMESH**

Question # 1

Physical considerations may cause the physical data model to be quite different from the logical data model, _____ may occur based on user requirements.

Choose most appropriate option.

- Denormalization
- Normalization
- Partition
- Specification

A

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Section 1 of 1

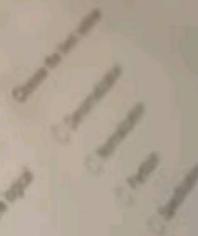
Section #1 ▼

Question #1

Physical considerations may cause the physical data model to be quite different from the logical data model.
Choose most appropriate option.

A

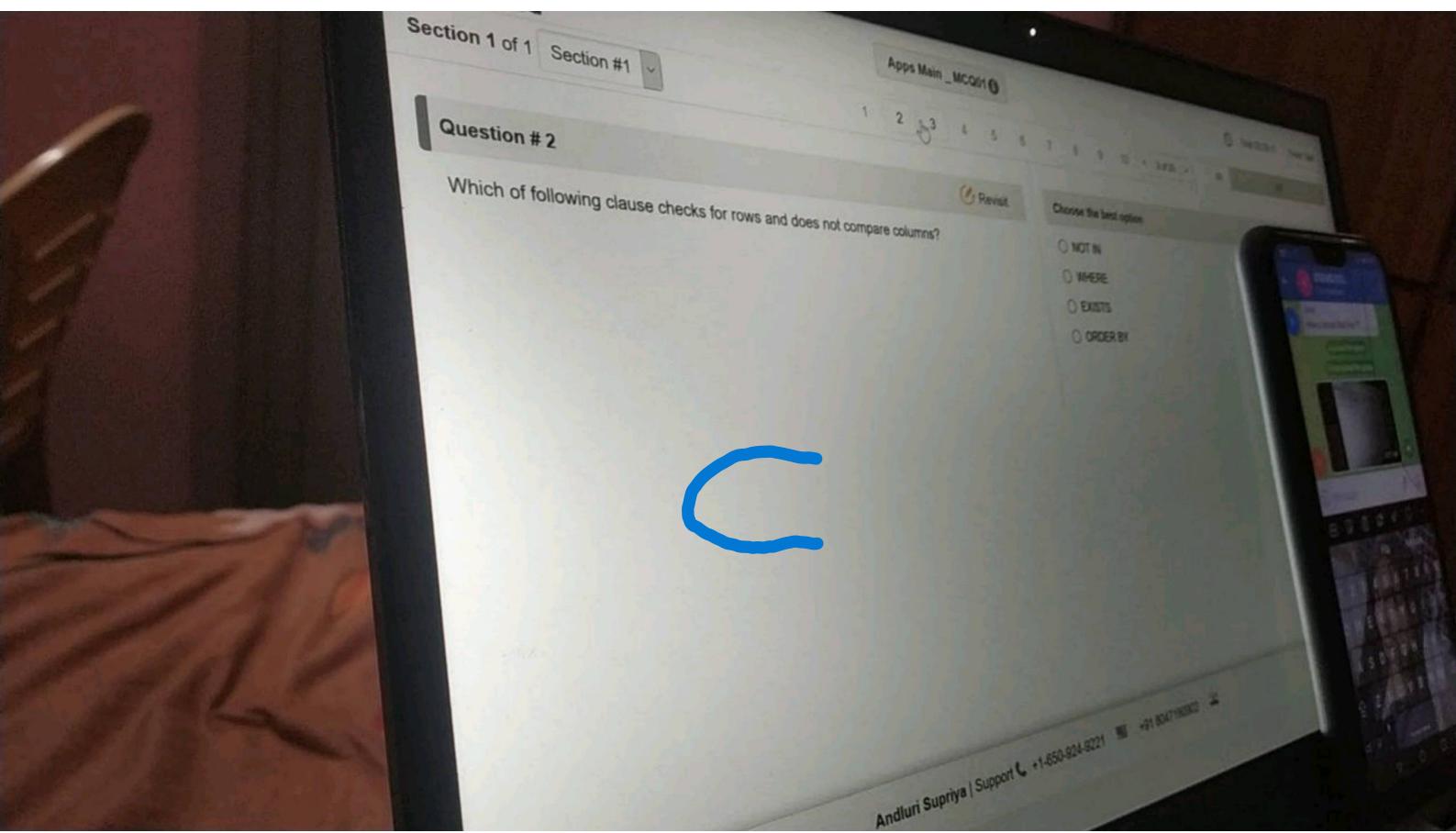
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mettl



Sar Alketa Myspyda - Section C - Version 1



Question # 3

Which of the following is mandate to get the output of DBMS_OUTPUT package statement?
Choose an appropriate option.

Choose the best option

- set linesize 100;
- set pagesize 300;
- set serveroutput on;
- set output on;

Question # 4

A PL/SQL block can be: Choose an appropriate option.

C

Apps Main _ MCQ010

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Revisit

Choose the best option

- Singular and Multiple
- Nonprocedural and Procedural
- Anonymous and Named
- Declaration and Exception handle for the question

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Section 1 of 1 Section #1

Apps Main - MCQ010

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 < 1 of 2 >

Question # 5

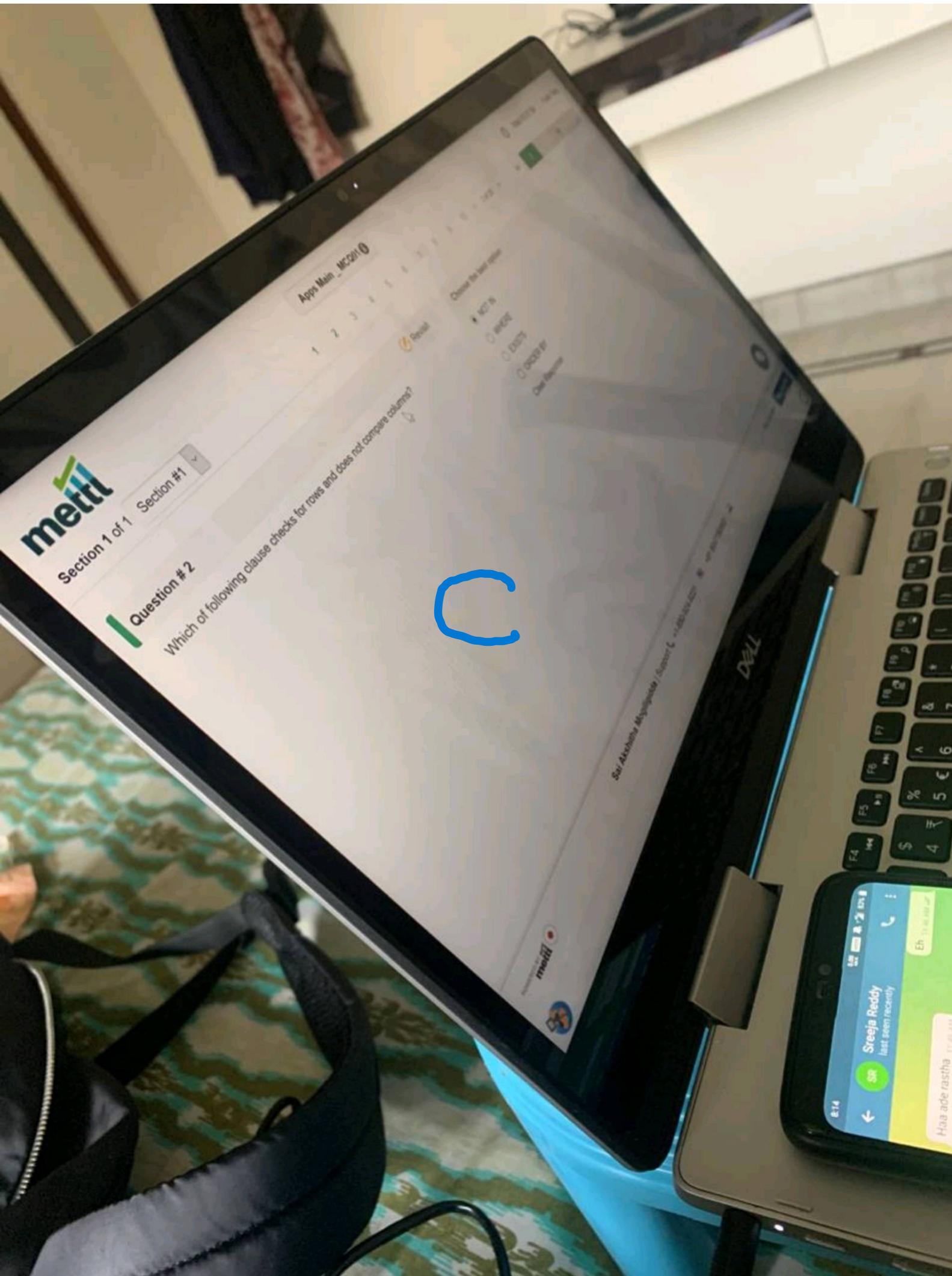
The EXIT statement brings the control:

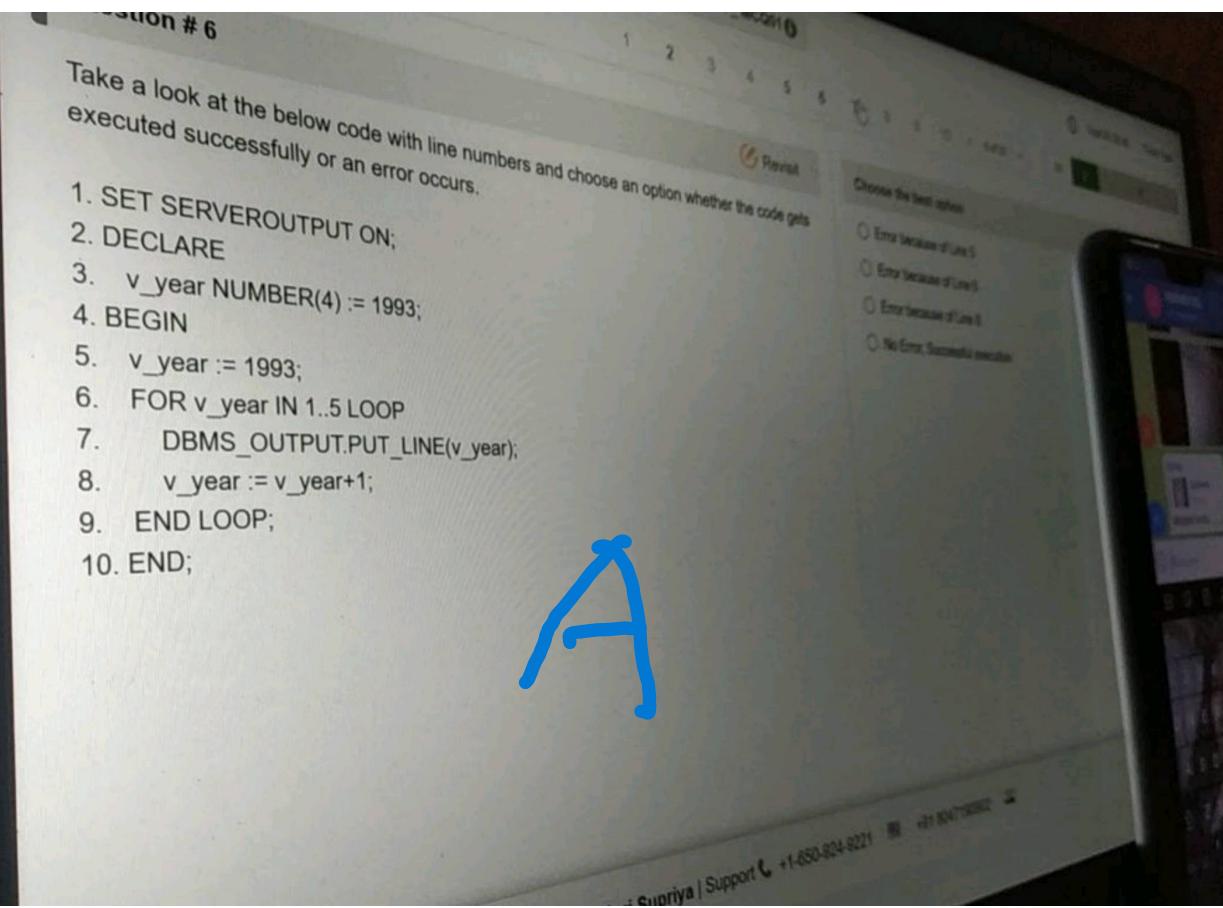
Revisit

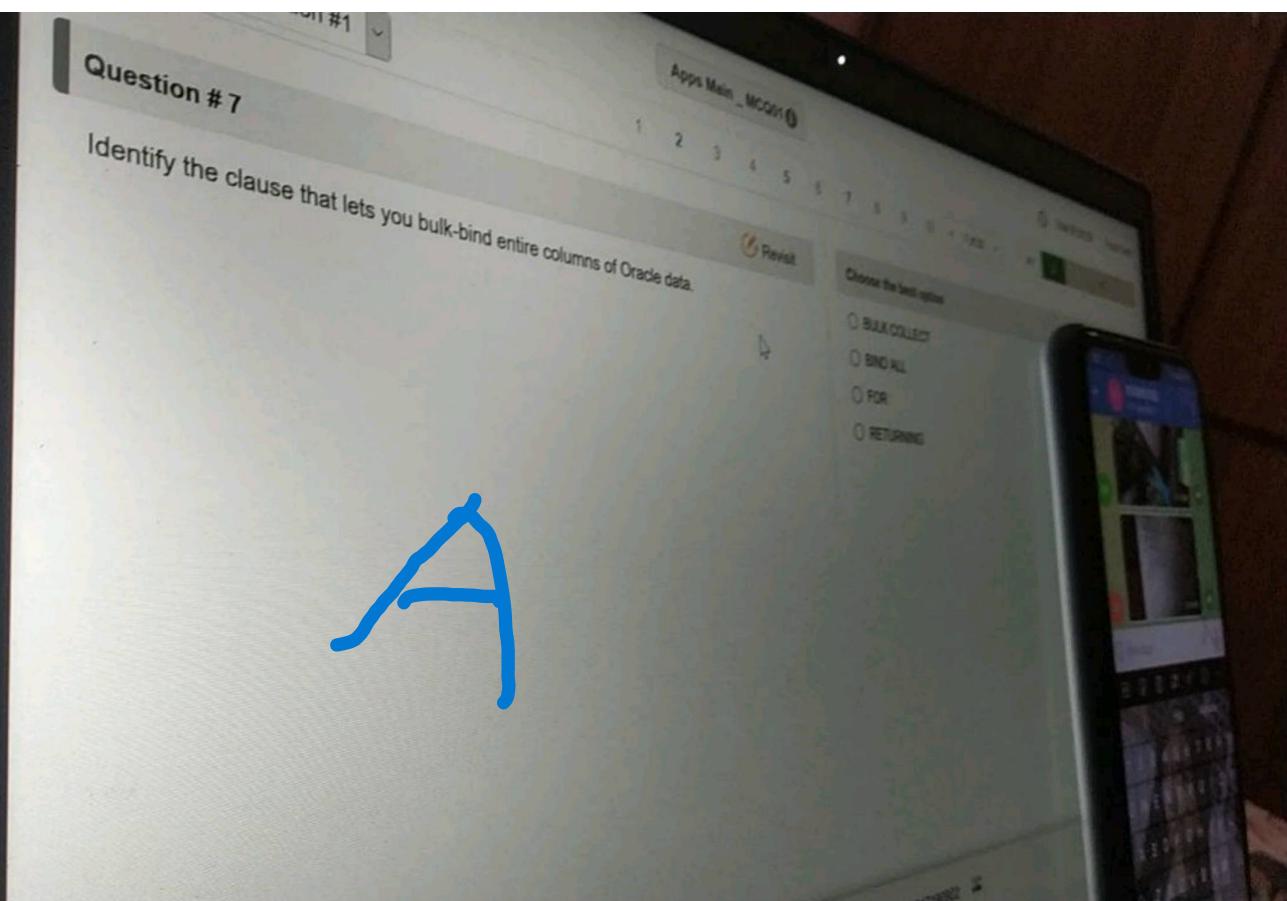
Choose the best option

- Out of the PL/SQL Program
- Out of the Section
- Out of the CASE
- Out of the LOOP

D







Question # 9

Which of the following cursor is defined by the user? Choose an appropriate option.

Review

Choose the best answer

- Implicit cursor
- Parameterized cursor
- Explicit cursor
- Non-parameterized cursor
- REF Cursor

C

B

Question # 10

When should a CLOSE cursor statement be used in PL/SQL? Choose an appropriate option.

Revisit

PPS Main _ MCQ01

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

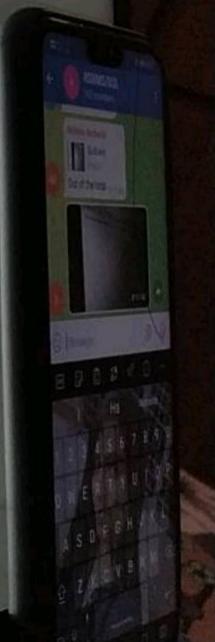
9

10

Total 90/25 14

Choose the best option

- For both implicit and explicit cursor
- Only for explicit cursors
- Only for implicit cursors
- Only for expressions



Question # 11

Which of the Following Statement is/are Valid?

- A. Bulk Collect can be used in SQL Queries.
- B. Bulk Collect used only in PLSQL programs.
- C. PLSQL Table can be used in SQL Tables.
- D. VArray can be used in SQL Tables.

Apps Main _ MCQ011
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

Revisit

- Choose the best option
- A & C
 - All
 - C & D
 - B & D

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A

Section 1 of 1

Section #1

Question #6

Take a look at the below code and choose how many times will the value of value_index will be printed in the output.

```
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DECLARE
BEGIN
FOR value_index IN REVERSE 5..1 LOOP
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(value_index);
END LOOP;
END;
```

A

Question # 12

PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT(exception,error_number) is required to handle. Choose most appropriate option.

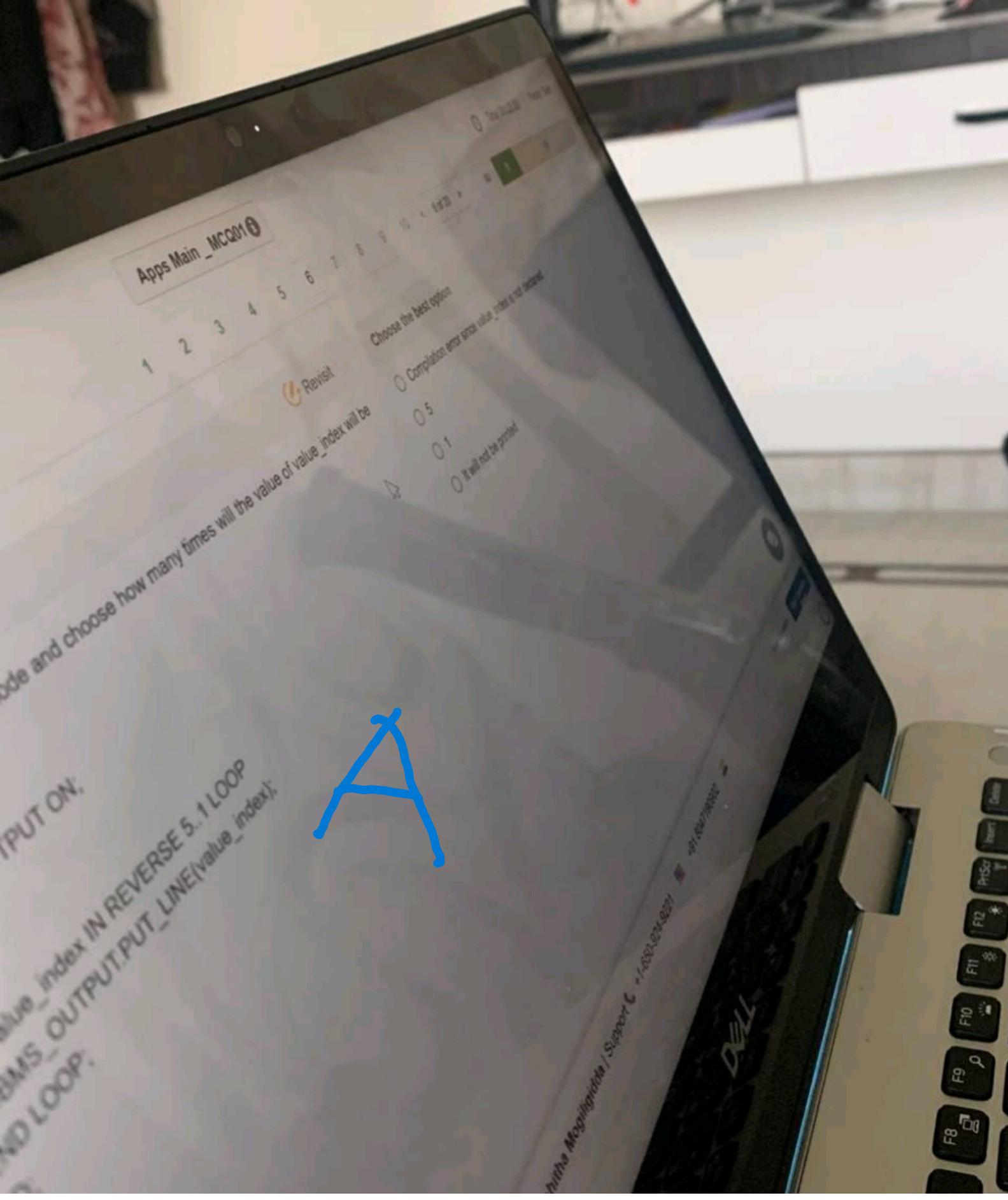
Apps Main _ MCQ01
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

Revisit

Choose the best option

- Oracle Server Predefined Exceptions
- Oracle Server Non-Predefined Exceptions
- User-Defined Exceptions
- None of the above

B



6 7 8 9 10 11 12

Revise

- Choose the best option
- When a SELECT statement returns no rows
 - When the datatype of SELECT clause is wrong
 - Both A & B
 - None of the above

Question # 13

PL/SQL raises an exception, in which scenarios? Choose an appropriate option.

C

Question # 14

Which of the following statements hold true for Subprograms?

1. They are named PL/SQL blocks and can be invoked by other blocks
2. Can be dropped by using DROP command
3. Are stored in the database
4. Do not have to return values if they are functions
5. Can take parameters

Choose an appropriate option.

- Choose the best option:
- all the statements
 - 1234
 - 1235
 - 15

C

Question # 15

A package
option.

can be created without a package body. Choose an appropriate

6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

Revisit

- Choose the best option
- Specification
 - Body
 - Exception
 - Declaration

C

Question # 16

Consider the following Package Specification:

```
create or replace package pk
as
abc number;
procedure pn;
function fn return number;
end pk;
```

which of the following Package body suits for the above specification? Choose Two appropriate options.

create or replace package body pk
as
procedure pn
is
begin
dbms_output.put_line('in procedure');
abc:=100;
end pn;
function fn return number
is
begin
return abc;
end fn;
end pk;

create or replace package body pk
as
procedure pn
is
begin
dbms_output.put_line('in procedure');
end pn;

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Question # 17

A BEFORE INSERT Trigger means that Oracle will fire this trigger before the INSERT operation is executed. Choose an appropriate option.

Choose the best option

- True
- False

A

Q # 18

11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

Predict the output of below PL/SQL code.
CREATE or REPLACE TRIGGER trg_check
BEFORE INSERT on
emp
BEGIN
dbms_output.put_line(:old.empno);
END;

Revisit

Choose the best option

- Syntax error: New and old references cannot be used in the same expression.
- Syntax error: New and old references cannot be used in the same expression.
- null
- None of the above

Clear Response

Choose an appropriate option.

A

Question # 19

Which of the following statement is true regarding a Trigger ?
Choose most appropriate option.

B

11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

Apps Main - MCQ01

Revisit

Choose the best option

- It is like a Stored Procedure implicitly invoked by an event occurs.
- It is a kind of Subprogram which implicitly invokes.
- A Trigger can be overridden in a Package.
- It accepts arguments and after the program calling environment.

A, C, D, E

Section #1

Apps Main _ MCQ010

11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

Question # 20

Which of the following statements are allowed to be executed by Dynamic SQL? Choose four appropriate options.

Choose the best option(s)

CREATE
 NULL in USING Clause
 DROP
 GRANT
 SET ROLE



ctt

Section 1 of 1 Section #1 ▾

Question #8

Which of the following is not among the types of PLSQL record?

A

A

Choose the best option

- View Based
- Table based
- cursor based records
- User defined records

Clear Response

Question # 19

Consider the following trigger:

```
CREATE or REPLACE TRIGGER upper_trig  
BEFORE INSERT or UPDATE of ename on new_emp  
For each row  
BEGIN  
:new.ename :=UPPER(:new.ename);  
End;
```

What will happen when above code is executed? Choose most appropriate option

- the best option
- Converts all names already present in the table into upper case
 - All new names will be inserted or updated in the table
 - All names which we newly add will appear in upper case whether we do it or not
 - Syntax error in the code

Question #11

Which of the Following Statement is/are Valid?

- A. Bulk Collect can be used in SQL Queries.
- B. Bulk Collect used only in PLSQL programs.
- C. PLSQL Table can be used in SQL Tables.
- D. VArray can be used in SQL Tables.

A
A B C

n_Mcq01

8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 < 11d3 >



Choose the best option

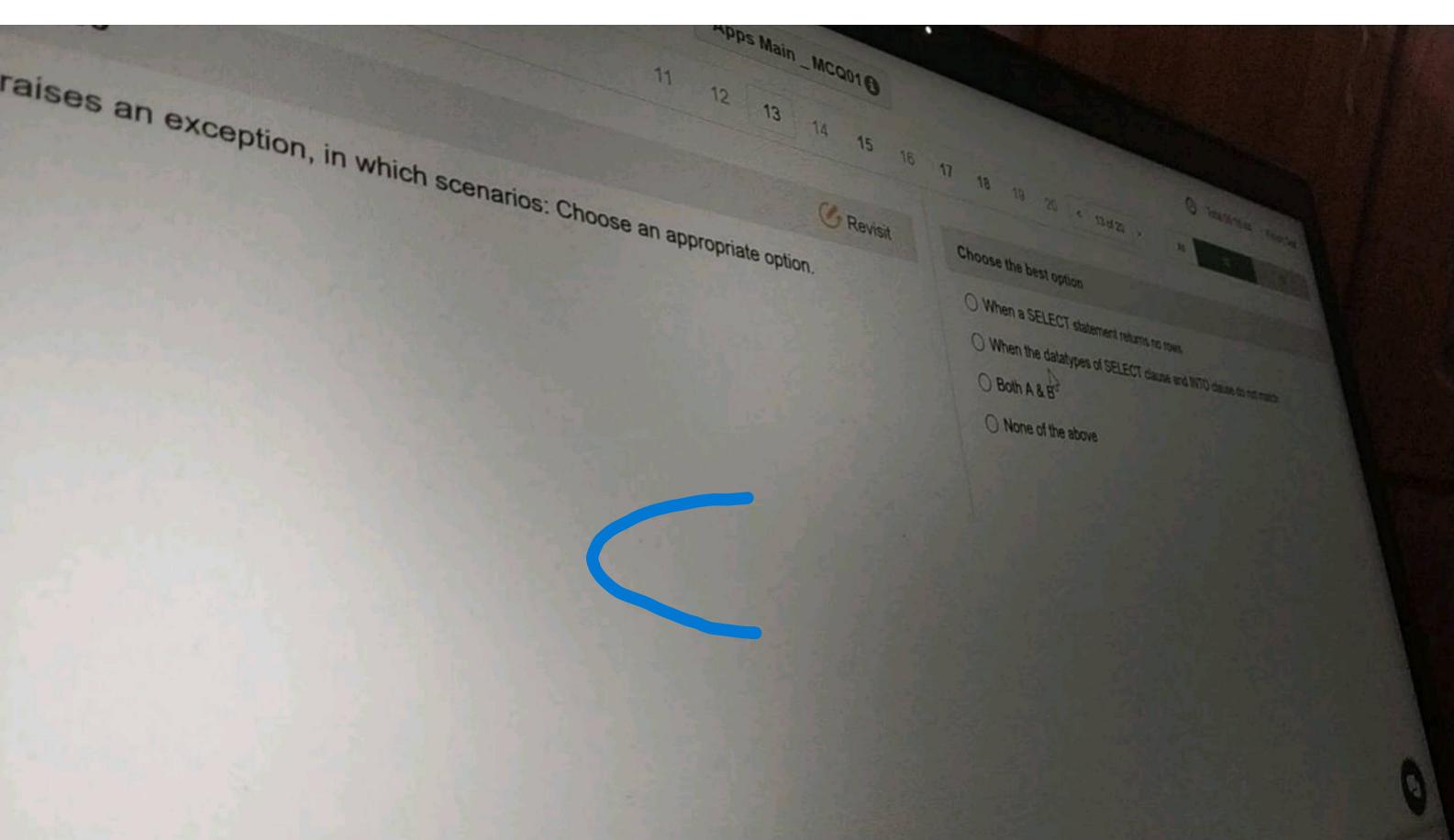
- A&C
- All 4
- C&D
- B&D

A

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Which of the following statements is/are not TRUE ? Choose the most appropriate option.





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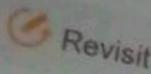
4 of 20

>

All

10

Total 00:17



te option.

Choose the best option

- Any LOB instance that is NULL does not have a locator.
- An empty LOB is the same as a null LOB.
- An empty CLOB is not the same as a LOB containing a string of 0 length.
- All of the above

C

221

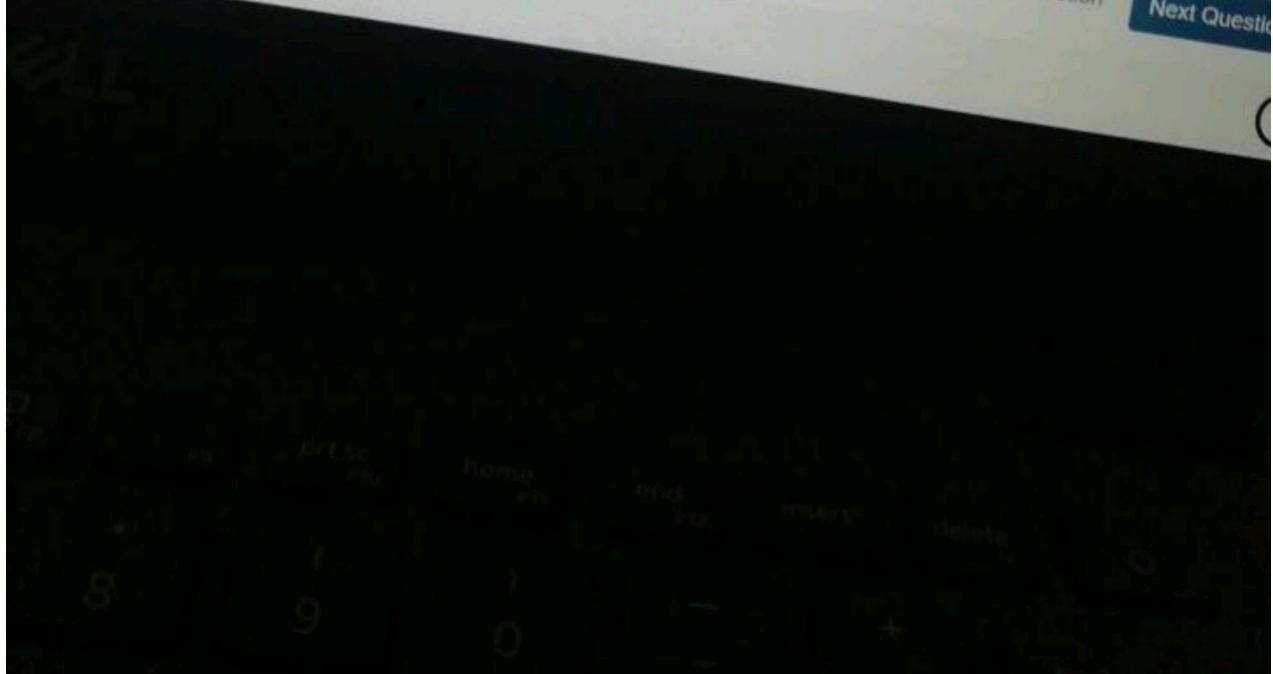


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Prev Question

Next Question





Section 1 of 1

Section #1

Question # 14

- Which of the following statements hold true for Subprograms?
1. They are named PL/SQL blocks and can be invoked by other blocks
 2. Can be dropped by using DROP command
 3. Are stored in the database
 4. Do not have to return values if they are functions
 5. Can take parameters

Choose an appropriate option.

1 2 3 5

4

ain _ MCQ01

1 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15



Choose the best option

- all the statements
- 1,2,3,4
- 1,2,3,5
- 0,1,5

C

programs?
invoked by other blocks

are functions

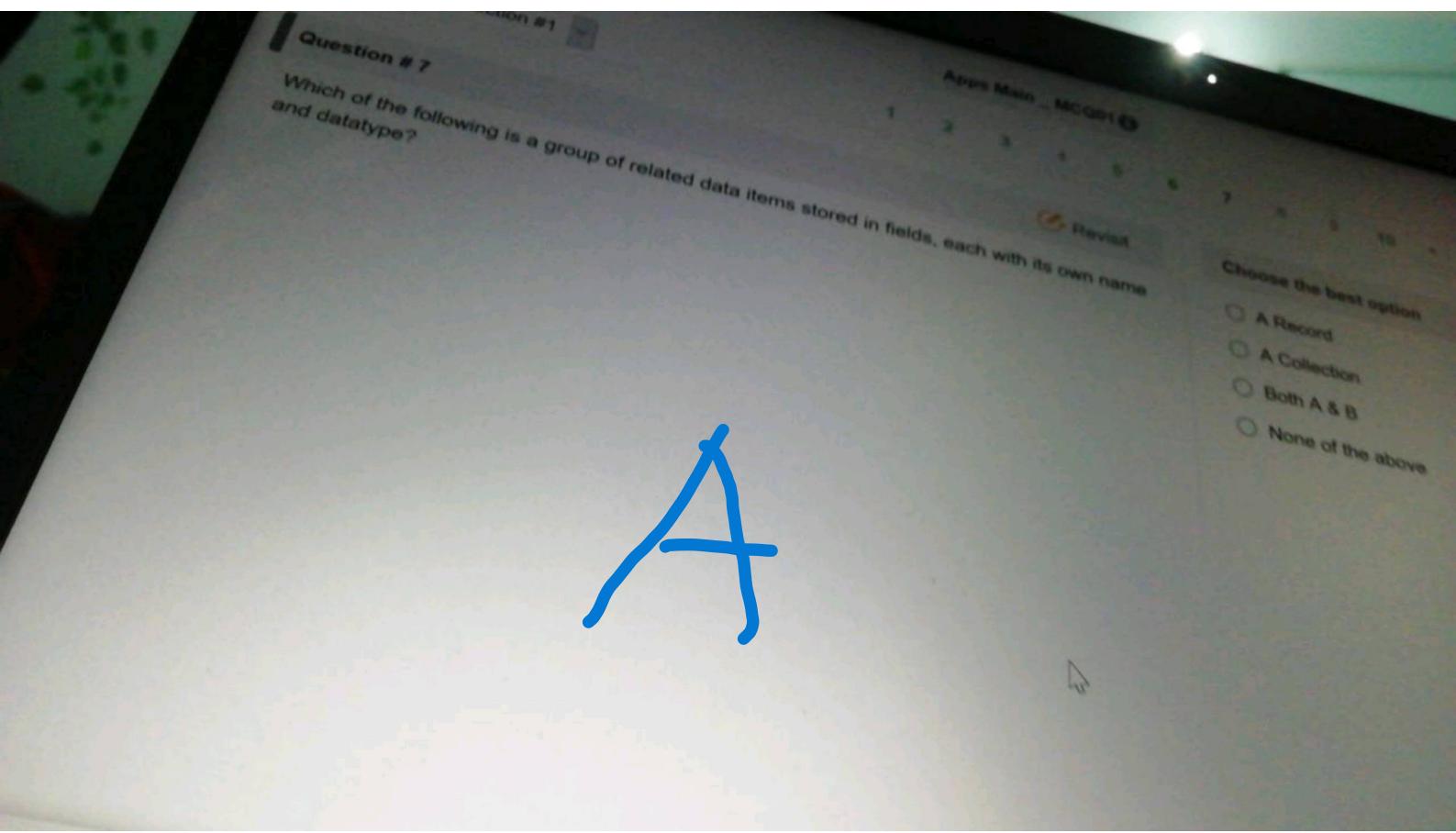
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Total 0/10.5 From 1st

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14 of 20 >

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Section 1 of 1 Section #1

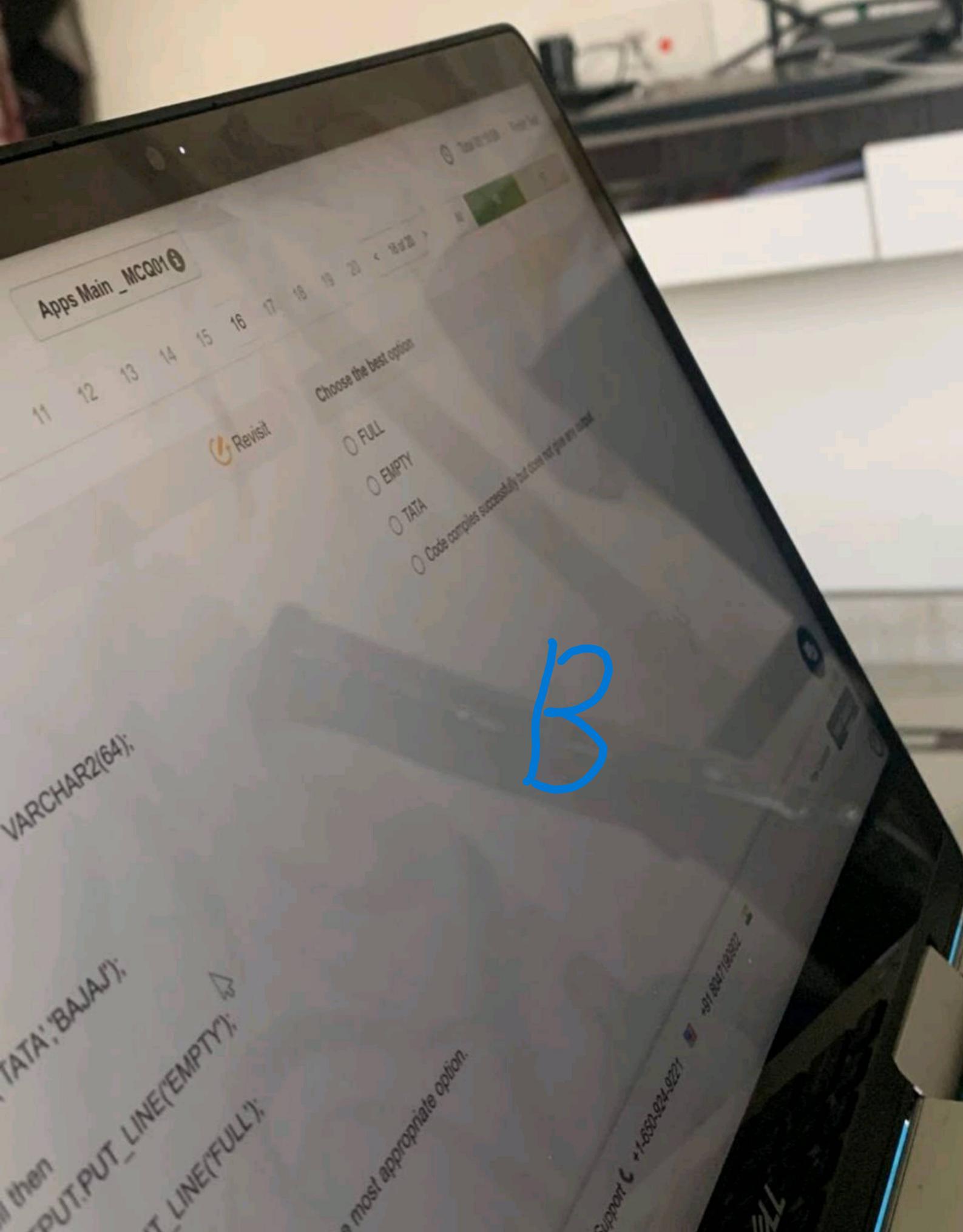
Question # 16

Consider the following code:

```
DECLARE
  TYPE customers IS TABLE OF VARCHAR2(64);
  cust1 customers;
  cust2 customers;
BEGIN
  cust1:= customers('TATA','BAJA');
  cust2 := cust1;
  IF cust1 is null then
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('EMPTY');
  ELSE
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('FULL');
  END IF;
END;
```

What is the output of above code ? Choose most accurate one

B



Question # 8

Revisit

Choose the best option

Which datatype is not allowed in the definition of PL/SQL record?

- Collection
- Scalar
- Both A & B
- None of the above

A



Question # 18

Which command disables all the triggers on a specific table? Choose the appropriate answer.

A

Question # 9

Revisit

Identify the cursor operations for the following :

1. The values are associated from the host variables, with the placeholders, inside the SQL statements. This is done by SQL engine for static SQL and for dynamic SQL. It is done explicitly.
2. The statements are executed within the SQL engine during the execution phase.
3. The SQL statement is made sure that it is valid based on which, the execution plan is determined.

Choose most appropriate option.

Choose the best option

- 1 - Execute, 2 - Parse, 3 - Bind
- 1 - Parse, 2 - Bind, 3 - Execute
- 1 - Bind, 2 - Execute, 3 - Parse
- None of the above

Question # 8

Which of the following is not among the types of PL/SQL records?

Question # 15

Revisit

Which of the following are VALID for Overloaded Procedures and Functions ? Choose most appropriate option.

6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 < 15 of 20 >

Choose the best option

- Overloaded Procedures and Functions help to build flexible applications restricted by specific data type or number of formal parameters.
- Only local or packaged subprograms can be overloaded.
- All procedures and functions can be overloaded together with package subprograms.
- Local or packaged subprograms cannot be overloaded.

Question # 19

Consider the following Trigger:

```
create or replace trigger tgn  
before insert on voter  
for each row
```

```
begin
```

```
if :new.age > 17 then
```

```
dbms_output.put_line('valid entry');
```

```
else
```

```
dbms_output.put_line('in-valid entry');
```

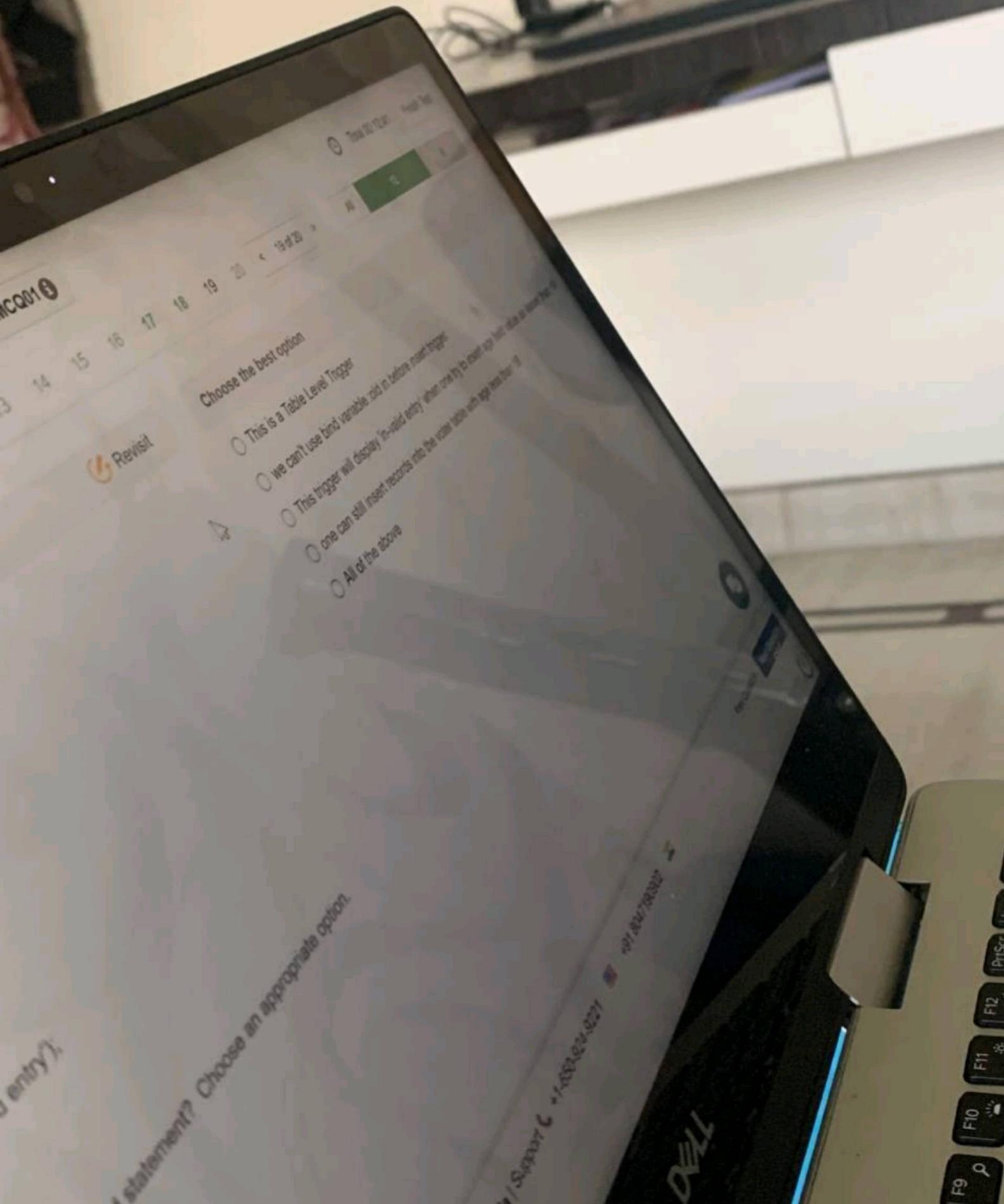
```
end if;
```

```
end;
```

```
/
```

which of the following is/are valid statement? Choose an appropriate option.

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Section 1 of 1 Section #1

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Question # 18

Revisit

Choose the best option

- Syntax error: New and old references cannot be used in row level triggers
- Syntax error: New and old references cannot be used in table level statements
- null
- 0

Predict the output of below PL/SQL code.

```
CREATE or REPLACE TRIGGER trg_check
BEFORE INSERT on
emp
BEGIN
dbms_output.put_line(:old.empno);
END;
```

Choose an appropriate option.

Question # 19

Revisit

Choose the best option

- Converts all names already present in the table into upper case
- All new names will be inserted or updated in the table
- All names which we newly add will appear in upper case whether we
- Syntax error in the code

Consider the following trigger:

```
CREATE or REPLACE TRIGGER upper_trig
BEFORE INSERT or UPDATE of ename on new_emp
For each row
BEGIN
:new.ename :=UPPER(:new.ename);
End;
```

What will happen when above code is executed? Choose most appropriate option.

Question # 20

Revisit

Choose the best option

Consider the following Procedure code:

```
1 create or replace procedure create_Table(abc varchar2)
2 is
3 begin
4 execute immediate abc;
5 end;
```

While we Execute the Above Code, Consider we logged in using Scott user schema.

```
execute create_table('create table test(a int, b int)');
```

- SQL> conn sys/welcome1 as sysdba;
SQL> grant create any table to scott;
- SQL> conn scott/tiger as sysdba;
SQL> grant create any table to scott;
- SQL> conn sys/welcome1 as sysdba;
SQL> grant create test table to scott;
- SQL> conn sys/welcome1 as sysdba;
SQL> grant create all table to scott;

which threw the following Error.

ORA-01031: insufficient privileges

How to Fix the Above Error?

Choose most appropriate option.



Section 1 of 1 Section #1

Question # 11

Which of the Following Statement is are Valid?

- A. Bulk Collect can be used in SQL Queries.
- B. Bulk Collect used only in PLSQL programs.
- C. PLSQL Table can be used in SQL Tables.
- D. VArray can be used in SQL Tables.

Question # 8 Revisit**Choose the best option**

Which datatype is not allowed in the definition of PL/SQL record?

- Collection
- Scalar
- Both A & B
- None of the above



Section 1 of 1 Section #1

Question # 19

Consider the following Trigger:

```
create or replace trigger tgn  
before insert on voter  
for each row  
begin  
if :new.age > 17 then  
dbms_output.put_line('valid entry');  
else  
dbms_output.put_line('in-valid entry');  
end if;  
end;
```

/ which of the following is/are valid statement? Choose an appropriate

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Choose the best option

- This is a Table Level Trigger
- we can't use bind variable :old in before insert trigger
- This trigger will display 'invalid entry' when one try to insert age less than 0
- one can still insert records into the voter table with age and party
- All of the above

Revisit

choose an appropriate option.

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Section 1 of 1

Question #2

Which of following clause checks for rows and does not concern columns?

Apps Main - NC2010

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100

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Section 1 of 1 Section #1

Question # 20

Consider the following Procedure code:

```
1 create or replace procedure create_table is
2   begin
3     execute immediate 'create table test(a int, b int)';
4   end;
```

While we Execute the Above Code, Consider we logged in using Scott user schema.

execute create_table('create table test(a int, b int)');

which threw the following Error:

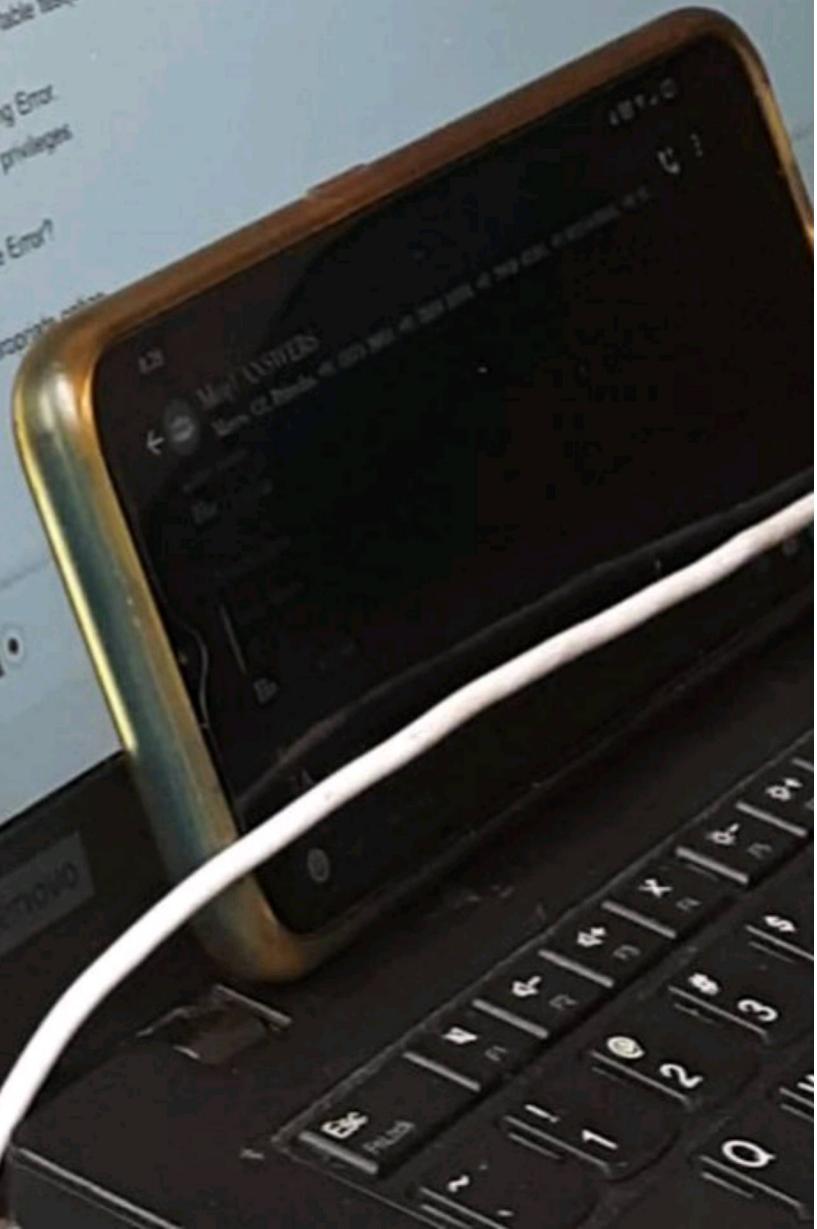
ORA-01031: insufficient privileges

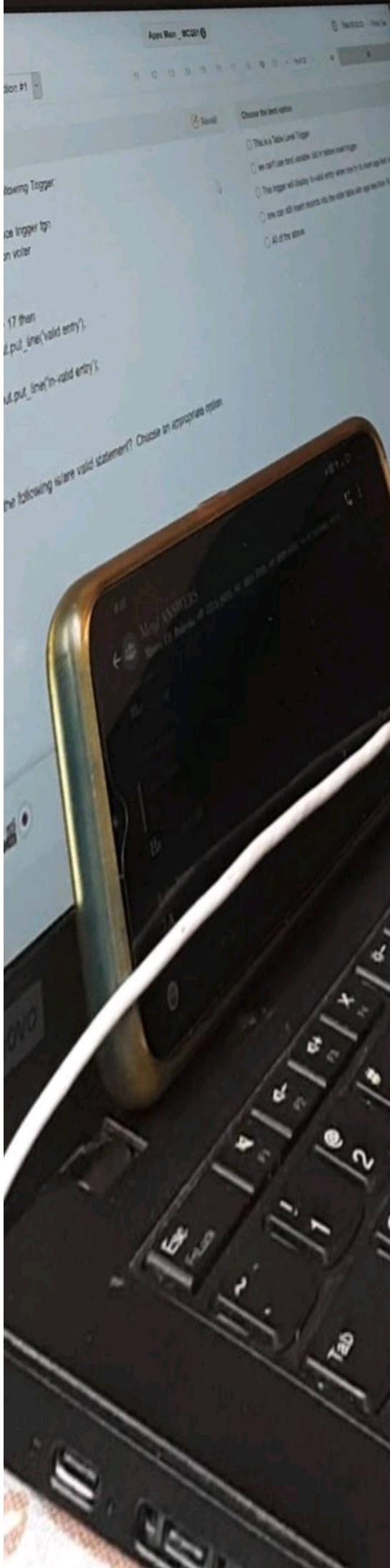
How to Fix the Above Error?

Choose most appropriate option

Choose the best option

- SQL> create synonym 'a' as table;
- SQL> grant create any table to test;
- SQL> create synonym 'a' as table;
- SQL> grant create any table to test;
- SQL> create synonym 'a' as table;
- SQL> grant create table to test;
- SQL> create synonym 'a' as table;
- SQL> grant create all table to test;





1 Section #1

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11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

1 Question

Choose the best option

If you had a trigger called orders_before_insert, you could stop it with which of the following command? Choose most appropriate option

DROP trigger before_insert;

DROP TRIGGER before_insert;

DROP ALL TRIGGER after_insert;

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Section 1 of 1 Section #1

Question #12

PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT(exception,error_number) is required to handle Oracle error.

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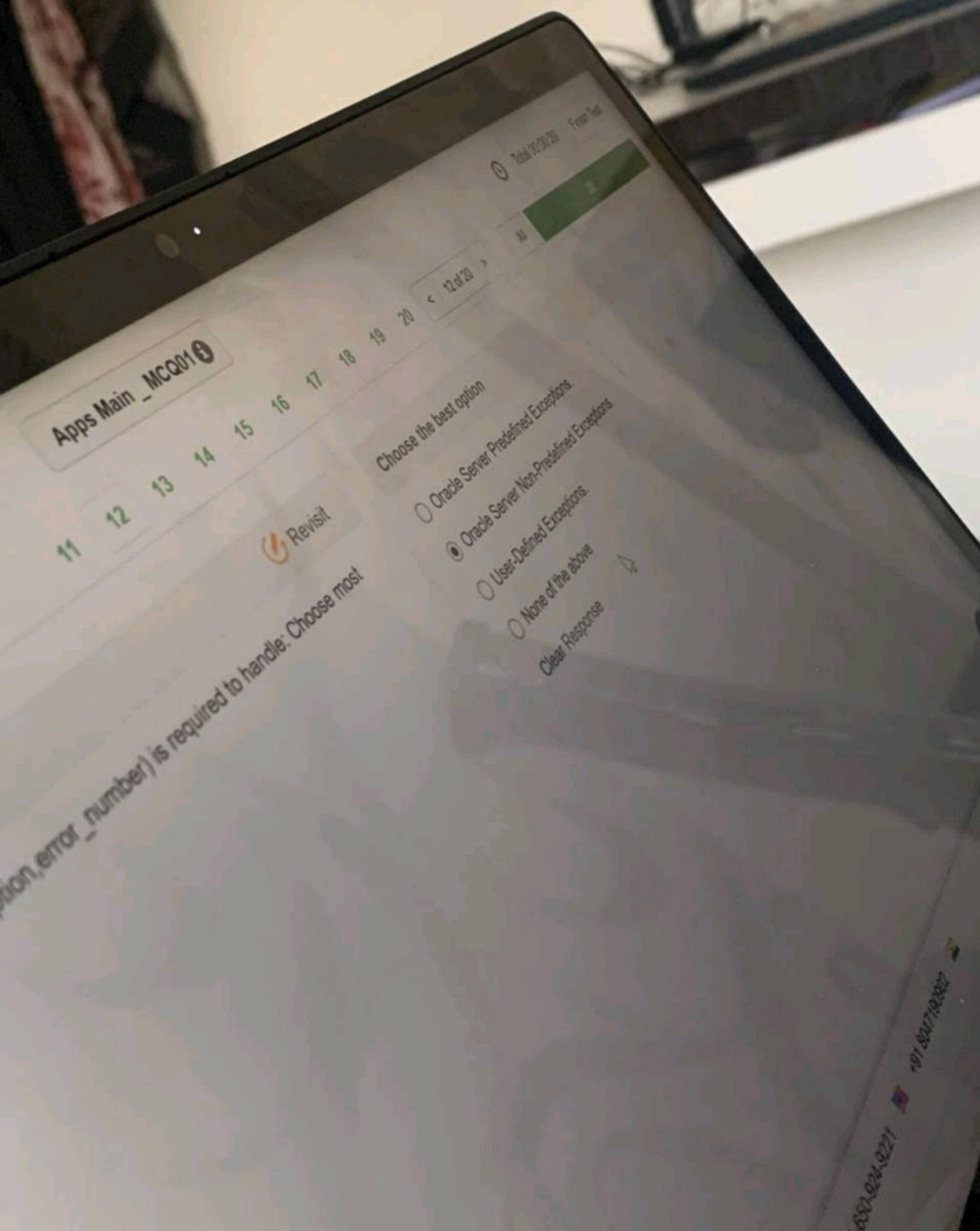
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See Attached Note

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Section 1 of 1

Section #1

Question #2

What will happen when PL/SQL code tries to access a cursor which is not opened? Choose one.

Section 1 of 1

Section #1

Question #4

Consider the following code snippet
DECLARE // Insert some lines here
FETCH emp_cursor INTO emp_rec;
IF emp_rec.ename='SMITH' THEN
DELETE FROM emp WHERE CURRENT OF emp_cursor;
END IF;
END;

Choose most appropriate option.

- CURSOR emp_cursor
OPEN emp_cursor
- CURSOR emp_cursor
OPEN emp_cursor
BEGIN
- CURSOR emp_cursor
OPEN emp_cursor
FORALL emp_rec
- emp_rec.emp_name
BEGIN
OPEN emp_cursor

1 of 1

Section #1

Question # 8

A aggregate function ignores _____

value by default. Fill in the blank with an appropriate option.

1 Section #1

Question #9

In a Select statement, which one of these clauses checks for rows and does not compare columns?

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

Revisit

Columns. Choose the most appropriate option.

Choose the best option

- WHERE
- HAVING
- EXISTS
- NOT IN

Section #1

Question # 12

Which of the following option of sequence object in Oracle Database cannot be altered?

- C INCREMENT BY
- D MINVALUE
- E MAXVALUE
- F CYCLE