EXPERIMENT 8: Model Evaluation and Improvement: Hyperparameter Tuning with Grid Search and Cross-Validation

AIM:

To demonstrate key techniques for model evaluation and improvement:

- 1. Hyperparameter Tuning with Grid Search: Systematically searching for the optimal combination of hyperparameters for a machine learning model.
- 2. Cross-Validation Techniques: Implementing k-fold cross-validation to get a more robust estimate of model performance and to prevent overfitting to a specific train-test split.

SOURCE CODE:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.datasets import load iris
from sklearn.model selection import train test split, KFold, cross val score, GridSearchCV
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, classification report, confusion matrix
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
print("--- Part 1: Hyperparameter Tuning with Grid Search ---")
iris = load iris()
X = iris.data
y = iris.target
feature names = iris.feature names
target names = iris.target names
print(f"\nDataset Features (X) shape: {X.shape}")
print(f"Dataset Labels (y) shape: {y.shape}")
print(f"Feature Names: {feature names}")
print(f"Target Names: {target names}")
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(
  X, y, test size=0.3, random state=42, stratify=y)
print(f"\nTraining set size: {X train.shape[0]} samples")
print(f"Test set size: {X_test.shape[0]} samples")
```

```
scaler = StandardScaler()
X train scaled = scaler.fit transform(X train)
X test scaled = scaler.transform(X test)
print("\nFeatures standardized.")
param grid = {
  'C': [0.1, 1, 10],
  'gamma': [0.1, 0.01],
  'kernel': ['rbf', 'linear']
}
print("\nReduced Hyperparameter grid defined:")
for param, values in param grid.items():
  print(f" {param}: {values}")
grid search = GridSearchCV(
  SVC(),
  param grid,
  cv=3,
  scoring='accuracy',
  verbose=1,
  n jobs=-1
)
print("\nStarting Grid Search with 3-fold Cross-Validation...")
grid search.fit(X train scaled, y train)
print("\nGrid Search completed.")
print(f"\nBest hyperparameters found: {grid search.best params }")
print(f"Best cross-validation accuracy: {grid search.best score :.4f}")
best model = grid search.best estimator
y pred tuned = best model.predict(X test scaled)
test accuracy tuned = accuracy score(y test, y pred tuned)
print(f"\nTest set accuracy with tuned model: {test accuracy tuned:.4f}")
print("\n--- Classification Report for Tuned Model ---")
```

```
print(classification report(y test, y pred tuned, target names=target names))
print("\n--- Confusion Matrix for Tuned Model ---")
cm tuned = confusion matrix(y test, y pred tuned)
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 5))
sns.heatmap(cm_tuned, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues',
       xticklabels=target names, yticklabels=target names)
plt.title('Confusion Matrix (Tuned SVM)')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.ylabel('True Label')
plt.show()
results df = pd.DataFrame(grid search.cv results )
print("\n--- Top 5 Grid Search Results ---")
print(results df[['param C', 'param gamma', 'param kernel', 'mean test score',
           'rank test score']].sort values(by='rank test score').head())
print("\n--- Part 2: Cross-Validation Techniques (k-fold) ---")
model cv = SVC(random state=42)
k 	ext{ folds} = 3
kf = KFold(n splits=k folds, shuffle=True, random state=42)
print(f"\nPerforming {k_folds}-fold cross-validation...")
cv scores = cross val score(model cv, X train scaled, y train, cv=kf, scoring='accuracy')
print(f"\nCross-validation scores for each fold: {cv scores}")
print(f"Mean CV accuracy: {np.mean(cv scores):.4f}")
print(f"Std dev of CV accuracy: {np.std(cv scores):.4f}")
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
plt.bar(range(1, k folds + 1), cv scores, color='skyblue')
plt.axhline(y=np.mean(cv scores), color='r', linestyle='--',
       label=fMean Accuracy ({np.mean(cv scores):.4f})')
plt.title(f {k folds}-Fold Cross-Validation Accuracy Scores')
plt.xlabel('Fold Number')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
```

```
plt.ylim(0.8, 1.0)
plt.legend()
plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--')
plt.show()
print("\n--- Why is Cross-Validation Important? ---")
print("1. More Reliable Performance Estimate")
print("2. Better Generalization")
print("3. Efficient Data Usage")
print("4. Detects Overfitting/Underfitting")
```

OUTPUT:

Test set accuracy with tuned model: 0.9111 --- Classification Report for Tuned Model --precision recall f1-score support setosa 1.00 1.00 1.00 versicolor 0.93 0.82 0.88 15 virginica 0.92 0.80 0.86 15 45 45 0.91 0.91 accuracy 0.92 0.91 macro avg 0.91 weighted avg 0.92

--- Confusion Matrix for Tuned Model ---

Top 5 Grid Search Results					
	param_C	param_gamma	param_kernel	mean_test_score	rank_test_score
7	1.0	0.01	linear	0.980952	1
5	1.0	0.10	linear	0.980952	1
10	10.0	0.01	rbf	0.980952	1
8	10.0	0.10	rbf	0.971429	4
4	1.0	0.10	rbf	0.961905	5