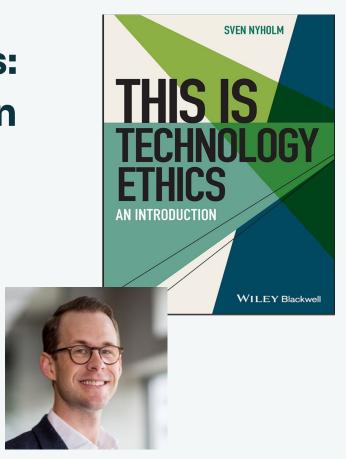


Technological Influences in Daily Life

Koey Chan, Jasmine Chow

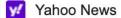
This is Technology Ethics: An Introduction - by Sven Nyholm

- Written by a LMU professor of Ethics of Artificial Intelligence
- Book covers introductions to ethical theories, many ethical issues in various aspects of technology



Should we rely on technology to make decisions? How much should we allow technology to influence our lives?

- Book mentions a couple human computer ethical issues -
 - Social media
 - Behavior changing technologies
 - Robots
 - Artificial Intelligence



MAGA Launches Bonkers

Hunt to 'Prove' Biden Is a

Robot Clone

19 hours ago



Loss of Personal Autonomy

Social Media

- Algorithms
 - Designed to keep our attention hooked to the screen
 - We may blame ourselves for having no self control
- Social comparison: influences how we see and perceive everything
 - Shapes our values through unrealistic portrayals of life
 - Threat to self-autonomy



Technology & Personal Autonomy

Behavior Changing Technologies:

Technologies that are aimed to change human behavior in hopes to monitor or promote positive behavior

Example: Smartwatch and exercise tracking apps

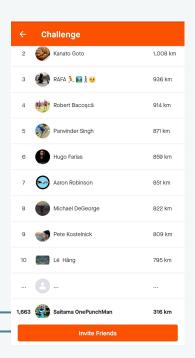
- the user can track exercise activity and motivate them to exercise more;
- on the other hand, the company can also influence how they want the user to behave



Technology & Personal Autonomy

Gamification: Tracking apps with ranking/leaderboards may motivate the individual through comparing and competing against one another

- Over reliance on technology, treating normal daily activities like a game
- Undermines personal autonomy
- Reduced enjoyment and possible increase in anxiety



Technology can influence our autonomy and decisions, but what about when we let the autonomy make the decisions?

If we allow machines to take control, how much authority should we give it?

Machines as Moral Agents

- Moral agent: something or someone that is able to take an action that affects others
- A machine that is a moral agent is generally in the class of "autonomous" machines- able to operate independently of human control to perform a task.
- Ex. self-driving cars, autonomous military weapons



Decisions A Machine Can Make

Or rather, decisions we allow machines to make-

There exist algorithms to decide whether you get a job interview, whether a bank approves your mortgage, etc.

As a result, companies distance themselves from the responsibility of the outcomes made by their algorithm.



The Other Side of the Debate

Ronald Arkin: computer science and ethics researcher at Georgia Tech

Argues that machines that have reasoning but lack human emotion will act more ethically than humans, especially in war.

His example: "[Ethically programmed machines] would not rape or pillage villages taken over during wartime."





Ethics



Utilitarianism

- If the technology can increase the overall happiness for the greatest number of people, it would still be morally good.
- If widespread negative effects, threat to wellbeing



Hedonism

- Overstimulating our minds with social media; pleasure in the short run
 - Psychological long run sufferings may outweigh the short term pleasures

Ethics



Kantian Ethics

 Intention in using algorithms is to make good moral judgements free of human emotion



Egoism

 Further one's own interests with any means possible- if we believe that a moral machine makes the best decisions for us, it is in our interest to use it

Thanks!



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