



BlockGuard

BlockGuard Fusio Token Smart Contract Audit Report



Document Control

PUBLIC

FINAL(v2.1)

Audit_Report_BLKG-TOK_FINAL_21

Apr 16, 2025	Q v0.1	Luis Arroyo: Initial draft
Apr 18, 2025	V 0.2	Luis Arroyo: Added findings
Apr 21, 2025	v1.0	Charles Dray: Approved
May 5, 2025	V1.1	João Simões: Reviewed findings
May 6, 2025	v 2.0	Charles Dray: Finalized
May 6, 2025	V2.1	Charles Dray: Published

Points of Contact	Maiwand Sultan	BlockGuard	maiwandsultan@gmail.com
	Charles Dray	Resonance	charles@resonance.security
Testing Team	Luis Arroyo	Resonance	luis.arroyo@resonance.security
	João Simões	Resonance	joao@resonance.security
	Michał Bazyli	Resonance	michal@resonance.security



Copyright and Disclaimer

© 2025 Resonance Security, Inc. All rights reserved.

The information in this report is considered confidential and proprietary by Resonance and is licensed to the recipient solely under the terms of the project statement of work. Reproduction or distribution, in whole or in part, is strictly prohibited without the express written permission of Resonance.

All activities performed by Resonance in connection with this project were carried out in accordance with the project statement of work and agreed-upon project plan. It's important to note that security assessments are time-limited and may depend on information provided by the client, its affiliates, or partners. As such, the findings documented in this report should not be considered a comprehensive list of all security issues, flaws, or defects in the target system or codebase.

Furthermore, it is hereby assumed that all of the risks in electing not to remedy the security issues identified henceforth are sole responsibility of the respective client. The acknowledgement and understanding of the risks which may arise due to failure to remedy the described security issues, waives and releases any claims against Resonance, now known or hereafter known, on account of damage or financial loss.

Contents

1	Document Control	2
Co	opyright and Disclaimer	2
2	Executive Summary	4
Sy	stem Overview	4
Re	epository Coverage and Quality	4
3	Target	5
4	Methodology	6
Se	everity Rating	7
Re	epository Coverage and Quality Rating	8
5	Findings	9
St	orage Collision Risk	10
Sc	olidity Version 0.8.20 Incompatibilities Due To PUSH0	11
Up	odate Import Usages To Add Modularity	12
Fl	oating Pragma	13
Α	Proof of Concepts	14

Executive Summary

Blockguard contracted the services of Resonance to conduct a comprehensive security audit of their smart contracts between 16th April, 2025 and 18th April, 2025. The primary objective of the assessment was to identify any potential security vulnerabilities and ensure the correct functioning of smart contract operations.

During the engagement, Resonance allocated 2 engineers to perform the security review. The engineers, including an accomplished professional with extensive proficiency in blockchain and smart-contract security, encompassing specialized skills in advanced penetration testing, and in-depth knowledge of multiple blockchain protocols, devoted 3 days to the project. The project's test targets, overview, and coverage details are available throughout the next sections of the report.

The ultimate goal of the audit was to provide BlockGuard with a detailed summary of the findings, including any identified vulnerabilities, and recommendations to mitigate any discovered risks. The results of the audit are presented in detail further below.



System Overview

The Fusio Token is an upgradeable ERC20 token with 1 billion maximum supply that implements burning, pausing, and minting capabilities. It uses a minter role (assigned by owner) for minting operations while maintaining supply cap. It also has centralized control through owner who can pause/unpause, change minter, and upgrade implementation. Lastly, it is built on OpenZeppelin's upgradeable contracts with UUPS pattern to upgrade it in the future.



Repository Coverage and Quality

Code	Tests	Documentation
10 / 10	N/A	N/A

Resonance's testing team has assessed the Code, Tests, and Documentation coverage and quality of the system and achieved the following results:

- The code follows development best practices and makes use of known patterns, standard libraries, and language guides. It is easily readable and uses the latest stable version of relevant components. Overall, **code quality is excellent**.
- No tests are included. Overall, tests coverage and quality is substandard.
- The documentation is absent. Overall, documentation coverage and quality is substandard.

Target

The objective of this project is to conduct a comprehensive review and security analysis of the smart contracts that are contained within the specified repository.

The following items are included as targets of the security assessment:

- File: BSC Token.zip
- Hash(SHASUM): 8a78849a2fcc36bd6536ced93ac6e40719753a06
- Repository: pixelette-technologies/fusio-token-contract/contracts
- Hash: 73b9e53a9e2a895c0924c9b3af40ecdf126b38c0

The following items are excluded:

- External and standard libraries
- Files pertaining to the deployment process
- Financial related attacks

Methodology

In the context of security audits, Resonance's primary objective is to portray the workflow of a real-world cyber attack against an entity or organization, and document in a report the findings, vulnerabilities, and techniques used by malicious actors. While several approaches can be taken into consideration during the assessment, Resonance's core value comes from the ability to correlate automated and manual analysis of system components and reach a comprehensive understanding and awareness with the customer on security-related issues.

Resonance implements several and extensive verifications based off industry's standards, such as, identification and exploitation of security vulnerabilities both public and proprietary, static and dynamic testing of relevant workflows, adherence and knowledge of security best practices, assurance of system specifications and requirements, and more. Resonance's approach is therefore consistent, credible and essential, for customers to maintain a low degree of risk exposure.

Ultimately, product owners are able to analyze the audit from the perspective of a malicious actor and distinguish where, how, and why security gaps exist in their assets, and mitigate them in a timely fashion.

Source Code Review - Solidity EVM

During source code reviews for Web3 assets, Resonance includes a specific methodology that better attempts to effectively test the system in check:

- 1. Review specifications, documentation, and functionalities
- 2. Assert functionalities work as intended and specified
- 3. Deploy system in test environment and execute deployment processes and tests
- 4. Perform automated code review with public and proprietary tools
- 5. Perform manual code review with several experienced engineers
- 6. Attempt to discover and exploit security-related findings
- 7. Examine code quality and adherence to development and security best practices
- 8. Specify concise recommendations and action items
- 9. Revise mitigating efforts and validate the security of the system

Additionally and specifically for Solidity EVM audits, the following attack scenarios and tests are recreated by Resonance to guarantee the most thorough coverage of the codebase:

- Reentrancy attacks
- Frontrunning attacks
- Unsafe external calls
- Unsafe third party integrations
- Denial of service
- Access control issues

- Inaccurate business logic implementations
- Incorrect gas usage
- Arithmetic issues
- Unsafe callbacks
- Timestamp dependence
- Mishandled panics, errors and exceptions



Severity Rating

Security findings identified by Resonance are rated based on a Severity Rating which is, in turn, calculated off the **impact** and **likelihood** of a related security incident taking place. This rating provides a way to capture the principal characteristics of a finding in these two categories and produce a score reflecting its severity. The score can then be translated into a qualitative representation to help customers properly assess and prioritize their vulnerability management processes.

The **impact** of a finding can be categorized in the following levels:

- 1. Weak Inconsequential or minimal damage or loss
- 2. Medium Temporary or partial damage or loss
- 3. Strong Significant or unrecoverable damage or loss

The **likelihood** of a finding can be categorized in the following levels:

- 1. Unlikely Requires substantial knowledge or effort or uncontrollable conditions
- 2. Likely Requires technical knowledge or no special conditions
- 3. Very Likely Requires trivial knowledge or effort or no conditions





Repository Coverage and Quality Rating

The assessment of Code, Tests, and Documentation coverage and quality is one of many goals of Resonance to maintain a high-level of accountability and excellence in building the Web3 industry. In Resonance it is believed to be paramount that builders start off with a good supporting base, not only development-wise, but also with the different security aspects in mind. A product, well thought out and built right from the start, is inherently a more secure product, and has the potential to be a game-changer for Web3's new generation of blockchains, smart contracts, and dApps.

Accordingly, Resonance implements the evaluation of the code, the tests, and the documentation on a score **from 1 to 10** (1 being the lowest and 10 being the highest) to assess their quality and coverage. In more detail:

- Code should follow development best practices, including usage of known patterns, standard libraries, and language guides. It should be easily readable throughout its structure, completed with relevant comments, and make use of the latest stable version components, which most of the times are naturally more secure.
- Tests should always be included to assess both technical and functional requirements of the system. Unit testing alone does not provide sufficient knowledge about the correct functioning of the code. Integration tests are often where most security issues are found, and should always be included. Furthermore, the tests should cover the entirety of the codebase, making sure no line of code is left unchecked.
- Documentation should provide sufficient knowledge for the users of the system. It is useful for developers and power-users to understand the technical and specification details behind each section of the code, as well as, regular users who need to discern the different functional workflows to interact with the system.

Findings

During the security audit, several findings were identified to possess a certain degree of security-related weaknesses. These findings, represented by unique IDs, are detailed in this section with relevant information including Severity, Category, Status, Code Section, Description, and Recommendation. Further extensive information may be included in corresponding appendices should it be required.

An overview of all the identified findings is outlined in the table below, where they are sorted by Severity and include a **Remediation Priority** metric asserted by Resonance's Testing Team. This metric characterizes findings as follows:

- "Quick Win" Requires little work for a high impact on risk reduction.
- "Standard Fix" Requires an average amount of work to fully reduce the risk.
- "Heavy Project" Requires extensive work for a low impact on risk reduction.

RES-01	Storage Collision Risk	111]111	Resolved
RES-02	Solidity Version 0.8.20 Incompatibilities Due To PUSH0	odlo	Acknowledged
RES-03	Update Import Usages To Add Modularity	odlo	Resolved
RES-04	Floating Pragma	udh	Resolved



Storage Collision Risk

Info

RES-BLKG-TOK01 Data Validation Resolved

Code Section

• FusioToken.sol

Description

The upgradeable contract does not have a storage gap for future upgrades. This may cause new variables in upgraded contracts to collide with existing storage, should the contract be extended and inherited as a base contract from other contracts.

Recommendation

It is recommended to add a storage gap such as:

Status

The issue has been fixed in 09fafcef52a4a8bcd9325756348bee5e3528788b.



Solidity Version 0.8.20 Incompatibilities Due To PUSH0

Info

RES-BLKG-TOK02

Data Validation

Acknowledged

Code Section

• FusioToken.sol#L2

Description

The compiler for Solidity 0.8.20 switches the default target EVM version to Shanghai, which includes the new PUSHO op code. This op code may not yet be implemented on all L2s, so deployment on these chains may fail.

The command forge build -force -extra-output evm.bytecode.opcodes will print the used opcodes in out/FusioToken.sol/FusioToken.json, where it is possible to search for the push0 opcode.

Recommendation

It is recommended to use an earlier as described in SolidityLang, should the need arise, to deploy to L2 blockchains that do not support this opcode.

Status

The issue was acknowledged by Blockguard's team. The development team stated "Contracts only to be deployed on Binance Smart Chain and Ethereum".



Update Import Usages To Add Modularity

Info

RES-BLKG-TOK03 Code Quality Resolved

Code Section

• FusioToken.sol#L4-L8

Description

Two different syntaxes for importing contracts from external libraries or dependencies are used in Solidity:

- 1. import "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol";
- 2. import {ERC20} from "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol"

Second syntax allows developers to selectively import specific contracts from a file and provides finer control over which contracts are being imported. This could be useful for reducing namespace clutter or importing only necessary code for the contract.

Recommendation

It is recommended to update imports with curly braces usage if possible.

Status

The issue has been fixed in 09fafcef52a4a8bcd9325756348bee5e3528788b.



Floating Pragma

Info

RES-BLKG-TOK04

Code Quality

Resolved

Code Section

• FusioToken.sol#L2

Description

The project uses floating pragmas ^0.8.20.

This may result in the contracts being deployed using the wrong pragma version, which is different from the one they were tested with. For example, they might be deployed using an outdated pragma version which may include bugs that affect the system negatively.

Recommendation

It is recommended to use a strict and locked pragma version for solidity code. Preferably, the version should be neither too new or too old.

Status

The issue has been fixed in 09fafcef52a4a8bcd9325756348bee5e3528788b.

Proof of Concepts

No Proof-of-Concept was deemed relevant to describe findings in this engagement.