

# C Coding Guidelines

## Variables

Local: *{name\_of\_var}*

Global: *g\_{detailed\_name\_of\_var}*

```
int i;
extern int g_alien_cnt;
```

## Functions

### Names

*{libLabel}\_ {object}\_ {action\_or\_verb}* or *{libLabel}\_ {action\_or\_verb}\_ {object}*

```
sfSyl_welcome_txt_print ();
sfSyl_print_welcome_txt ();
```

- Rationale: first form is easier for completion

### Definitions

```
[attributes ]{type}
{function_name}( {args} )
{
    /*...*/
}
```

```
noreturn void
usage( int status )
{
    /*...*/
    exit( status );
}
```

- Rationale: easier to `grep ("^func_name")`

## Pointers declaration

```
{type} *{var}
int *var1, *var2;    /* 2 pointers */
```

- Rationale: avoid confusion like in `int *var1, var2; /* 1 pointer, 1 int ! */`

## Typedefs

```
[libLabel_] {name}_t
superint_t i;
sfs_superint_t j;
```

## Structures

```
{name_of_struct}_s, {name_of_struct_var}  
datstruct_s this_is_a_struct;
```

## Enums

```
{name_of_enum}_e, {ENUM_CONST}, {name_of_enum_var}  
enum mood_e { TAKE_IT, GIVE_IT, KEEP_IT } my_mood;
```

## Gotos

```
[GT_]{ThisPart} or [GT_]{this_part}
```

```
EmergencyClosure:  
GT_EmergencyClosure:  
GT_emergency_closure:
```

## Define

```
[TYPE_]{NAME_OF_DEF}  
#define ALIENS_ON_PLANET_CNT    1234
```

## Macros

```
[M_]{OBJECT}_{VERB} or [M_]{VERB}_{OBJECT}  
#define ALIENS_ON_PLANET_LOCATE ()  
#define M_ALIENS_ON_PLANET_LOCATE ()  
#define LOCATE_ALIENS_ON_PLANET ()
```

## Header guards

```
{NAME_OF_HEADER}_H  
#ifndef MY_COOL_LIB_H  
#define MY_COOL_LIB_H  
/*...*/  
#endif
```

- Rationale: \_- and \_\_-starting header guards are used by standard library headers

## Parenthesis / braces

```
{func}({args});  
printf( "spaces btwn args and parenthesis : %d", true_dat );  
{statement} ({condition}) {  
/*...*/  
}
```

```

if (true_dat == 1) {
    /*...*/
} else {
    /*...*/
}

```

## Code example

```

#ifndef THAT_GUARD_THOUGH_H
#define THAT_GUARD_THOUGH_H

#include "myheader.h"

#include <header1.h>
#include <header2.h>

#define STR_SIZE_OF_PLANET  "BIG"

noreturn void
f_datFunc( void )
{
    unsigned int aliens_cnt = 100;
    int happn = 0;

    printf( "This planet is %s.\n", STR_SIZE_OF_PLANET );
    if (aliens_cnt > 50) {
        puts( "it's happening" );
        happn = 1;
    } else if (aliens_cnt > 0) {
        puts( "we still have time" );
        happn = 0;
    } else { puts( "ERROR" ); goto GT_Habbening; }

    switch (happn) {
    case 0:
        return( EXIT_SUCCESS );
    default:
        GT_Habbening:
        return( EXIT_FAILURE );
    }
}

#endif      /* ndef THAT_GUARD_THOUGH_H */

```

## General advices

- *snake\_case*: easier to type, harder to read
  - Though: some of the best ever written softwares were made in *snake\_case*
- *camelCase*: harder to type, easier to read
  - Microsoft uses it, so...
- Dividing the code in functions increase its comprehension and readability.
- Code must not be generic, but very specific to what exactly you're doing.
- Code for debug purpose must be removed from the final form of the code.

- Always use header guards in header files.
- Put braces even on one-line statements.

## Formatting your code using *sindent*

*sindent*, my own taste of GNU *indent*, format your code according to the Linux kernel coding style (`-linux`) plus the one option it's missing (`-ps1`), which allows for easier **grep**-ing of function definitions.

## References/resources

- *Linux Kernel Coding style*: <https://www.kernel.org/doc/html/v4.10/process/coding-style.html>
  - *Notes on Programming in C*, Rob Pike: <https://www.lysator.liu.se/c/pikestyle.html>
  - *C Header File Guidelines*, David Kieras, University of Michigan: <http://umich.edu/~eecs381/handouts/CHeaderCodeFileGuidelines.pdf>
  - *JPL Coding Standard C*, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, NASA: [https://lars-lab.jpl.nasa.gov/JPL\\_Coding\\_Standard\\_C.pdf](https://lars-lab.jpl.nasa.gov/JPL_Coding_Standard_C.pdf)
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# Project Hierarchy Standard

## Tree

```
[PROJECT DIRECTORY]/
|-- bin
|   |-- data -> ../data
|   |-- project
|   |-- project.exe
|   +-- project.log
|-- data
|   |-- images
|   +-- ...
|-- etc
|   +-- project.conf
|-- lib32
|   |-- libcsfml-audio.dll
|   +-- ...
|-- lib64
|   |-- libcsfml-audio.so.1.6
|   +-- ...
|-- man
|   +-- project.6
|-- readme.d
|   |-- AUTHORS.txt
|   |-- LICENSE.SFML.txt
|   |-- LICENSE.txt
|   |-- changelog
|   +-- copyright
|-- src
|   |-- font
|   |   +-- usedGPLFont.zip
|   |-- inc
|   +-- SFML
```

```

| | | |-- Audio
| | | | |-- AudioResource.hpp
| | | | |-- Types.h
| | | | +-- ...
| | | |-- Graphics
| | | | +-- ...
| | | +-- ...
| | -- Makefile
| | -- project.c
| | -- project.h
| | -- utils.c
| +-- ...
|-- wip
| | -- DevLog
| | | -- Screenshot - 12142013 - 02:44:22 PM.png
| | | +-- ...
| | -- datMusicParts
| | | +-- ...
| +-- ...
|-- NOTES
|-- README
+-- TODO

```

## Directories

[Name]	[Content]
./	Regular README files and possibly other (few) things
./bin	Binaries ; where the program is built
./data	Project data (images, sounds, fonts, etc... )
./etc	Configuration files
./lib32	32-bit libraries (*.lib, *.so, *.a, *.dll)
./lib64	64-bit libraries (*.lib, *.so, *.a, *.dll)
./man	Linux manual pages
./readme.d	Remaining licensing information and other informative text files (not mandatory)
./src	Source files
./src/inc	Included external headers
./wip	<b>“Work In Progress”</b> material

## Releasing

When releasing the project to a wider audience, it’s necessary to remove useless files and directory such as:

- ./wip