

Introduction to Logic Programming – WS 2023 Solutions for Exercise Sheet 3

1 Exercises

Exercise 2 (Simplification of Propositional Formulae)

Simplify the following two propositional formulae by rewriting implications to disjunctions and moving negations inwards to the literals.

1.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (a \Rightarrow (b \wedge \neg a)) \Rightarrow b \\
 & \equiv (\neg a \vee (b \wedge \neg a)) \Rightarrow b \\
 & \equiv \neg(\neg a \vee (b \wedge \neg a)) \vee b \\
 & \equiv (a \wedge \neg(b \wedge \neg a)) \vee b \\
 & \equiv (a \wedge (\neg b \vee a)) \vee b \text{ (task completed)} \\
 & \equiv (a \wedge \neg b) \vee (a \wedge a) \vee b \\
 & \equiv (a \wedge \neg b) \vee a \vee b \\
 & \equiv ((a \vee a) \wedge (\neg b \vee a)) \vee b \\
 & \equiv (a \wedge (\neg b \vee a)) \vee b \\
 & \equiv (a \vee b) \wedge \underbrace{(\neg b \vee a \vee b)}_{\top} \\
 & \equiv (a \vee b)
 \end{aligned}$$

2.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\neg(a \vee b)) \wedge (\neg b \Rightarrow a) \\
 & \equiv (\neg a \wedge \neg b) \wedge (\neg b \Rightarrow a) \\
 & \equiv (\neg a \wedge \neg b) \wedge (b \vee a) \text{ (task completed)} \\
 & \equiv ((\neg a \wedge (b \vee a)) \wedge (\neg b \wedge (b \vee a))) \\
 & \equiv ((\neg a \wedge b) \vee \underbrace{(\neg a \wedge a)}_{\perp}) \wedge (\neg b \wedge (b \vee a)) \\
 & \equiv (\neg a \wedge b) \wedge \underbrace{(\neg b \wedge (b \vee a))}_{\perp} \\
 & \equiv (\neg a \wedge b) \wedge ((\neg b \wedge b) \vee (\neg b \wedge a)) \\
 & \equiv (\neg a \wedge b) \wedge \underbrace{(\neg b \wedge b)}_{\perp} \vee (\neg a \wedge b \wedge \neg b) \\
 & \equiv (\neg a \wedge b) \wedge (\neg b \wedge a) \\
 & \equiv (\neg a \wedge b) \wedge (a \wedge \neg b) \\
 & \equiv \perp
 \end{aligned}$$