PODCAST PLUS APP

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1. Introduction

1.1 <u>overview</u>

A project that demonstrates the use of Android Jetpack Compose to build a UI for a podcast player app. The app allows users to choose, play and pause podcasts.

Project Workflow:

Users register into the application.

- After registration, user logins into the application.
- User enters into the main page
- The app allows users to choose, play and pause podcasts.

1.2 purpose

A podcasts app is designed to provide users with a convenient way to discover, download, and listen to audio content that is typically in the form of episodic series. Podcasts can cover a wide range of topics, such as news, entertainment, education, sports, politics, technology, and more.

The primary purpose of a podcasts app is to make it easy for users to find and subscribe to podcasts that interest them. The app can provide curated lists of popular podcasts or suggest new ones based on a user's

listening history. Once subscribed, the app can automatically download new episodes as they become available, allowing users to listen offline at their convenience.

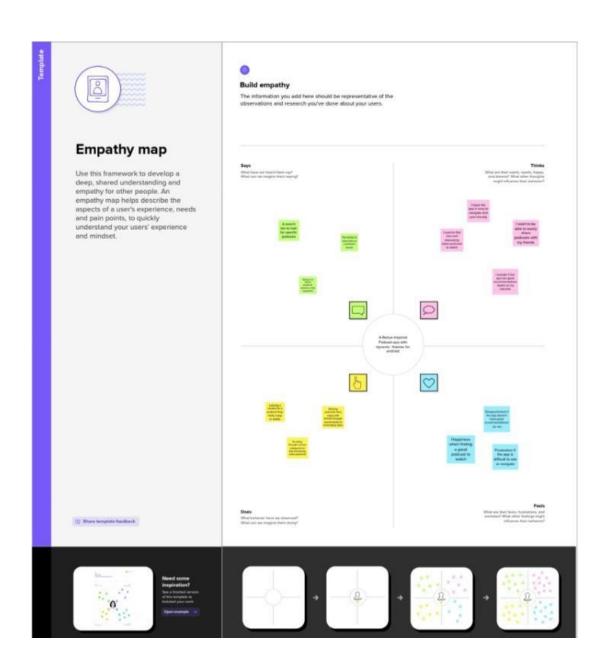
Podcasts apps can also offer features such as playback speed control, sleep timers, bookmarks, and sharing options.
Additionally, some apps may provide a social aspect, allowing users to follow and connect with other listeners

or hosts, leave reviews and ratings, and participate in discussions.

Overall, the purpose of a podcasts app is to provide a streamlined and personalized listening experience for users, helping them discover and consume audio content on their own terms.

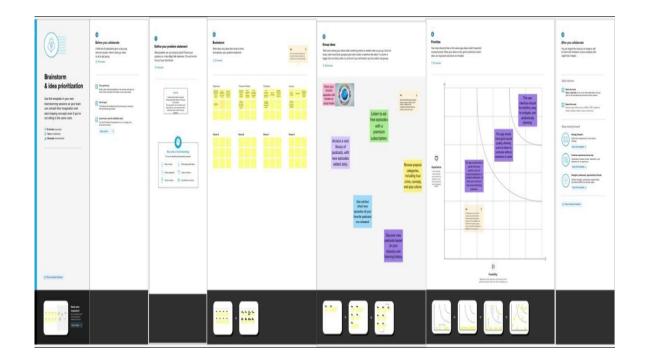
2.problem definition and design thinking

2.1 Empathy map



2.2 ideation

&Brainstorming

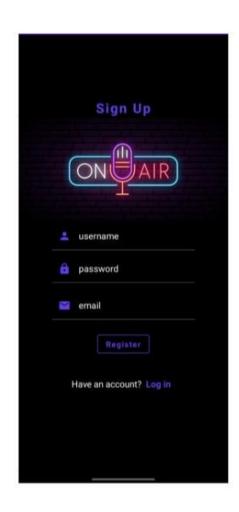


3. Result

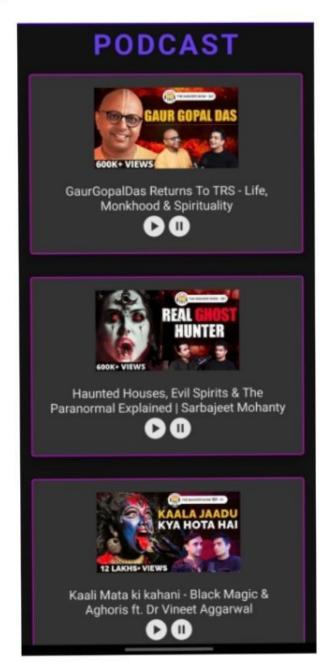
Login Page



Register Page :



Main Podcast Page:



4. <u>Advantages and</u> <u>Disadvantages</u>

Advantages:

- Easy to access and use:

 Podcast apps are easy to
 download and use. Users
 can browse and listen to
 their favorite podcasts
 with just a few clicks.
- Wide selection of content: There are thousands of podcasts

available on different topics, providing users with a vast range of choices to choose from.

• Can listen anytime:

Podcasts can be downloaded and listened to at any time, making it convenient for users to consume content while commuting, exercising, or doing other activities.

• Free or affordable: Many podcast apps are free or

have a minimal subscription fee, making it a cost-effective way to access high-quality content.

• Great for multitasking:
Unlike reading or
watching videos,
podcasts are great for
multitasking as they can
be listened to while doing
other activities like
cooking, cleaning, or
working out.

Disadvantages:

- Internet connectivity required: Podcasts need an internet connection to be streamed or downloaded, which may be a limitation in areas with poor network coverage.
- Limited visual content:
 Since podcasts are
 primarily audio-based,
 they may not provide
 enough visual content to

enhance the listening experience.

• Audio quality: The audio quality of a podcast may vary depending on the quality of the recording equipment and the skills of the host or guest. Poor audio quality can make it hard to listen to or understand the content.

 Overwhelming choice:
 With so many podcasts available, it can be overwhelming to find the right one. It can be time-consuming to browse through the content and find the podcast that suits your interests.

• Hard to keep up: There are so many podcasts being released every day, making it difficult to keep up with all the new content. It can be a challenge to stay up to date with your favorite

shows and discover new ones.

5. Application

Podcast app solutions can be applied to a variety of applications, including but not limited to:

Personal Development:

Podcast app solutions can be developed for personal development, including self-help, motivational, and inspirational podcasts.

News and Information:

Podcast app solutions can be developed for news and information, including daily news briefings, current events, and investigative journalism.

Entertainment:

Podcast app solutions can be developed for entertainment, including comedy, storytelling, and pop culture podcasts.

Education:

Podcast app solutions can be developed for educational purposes, including lectures, discussions, and interviews with experts in various fields.

Business:

Podcast app solutions can be developed for business purposes, including interviews with entrepreneurs, advice for

startups, and insights into industry trends.

Sports:

Podcast app solutions can be developed for sports fans, including analysis, commentary, and interviews with athletes and coaches.

Health and Fitness:

Podcast app solutions can be developed for health and fitness

enthusiasts, including nutrition advice, workout routines, and discussions about mental health.

Science and Technology:

Podcast app solutions can be developed for science and technology enthusiasts, including discussions about the latest breakthroughs and interviews with experts.

About Android Studio application:

Android Studio is the official integrated development environment (IDE) for building Android apps. It was first released by Google in 2013 and has since become the most popular development environment for Android app developers.

Android Studio is based on the IntelliJ IDEA community

edition, and it includes many tools and features designed specifically for developing Android apps.

Some of the key features of Android Studio include:

User Interface (UI)

Designer:

Android Studio includes a powerful UI designer that allows developers to easily create and modify app layouts using drag-and-drop tools. The UI designer supports a

variety of layouts, including linear, relative, and constraint layouts.

Code Editor:

Android Studio
includes a powerful code
editor that provides syntax
highlighting, code
completion, and other
features to help developers
write clean, efficient code.
The code editor also
supports debugging and
refactoring tools.

Emulator:

Android Studio includes a built-in emulator that allows developers to test their apps on different Android devices without needing to own the actual devices. The emulator supports a wide range of Android versions and device configurations.

Gradle Build System:

Android Studio uses the Gradle build system, which makes it easy to

manage dependencies and build complex apps with multiple modules.

Version Control:

Android Studio supports version control systems like Git, allowing developers to easily manage their code changes and collaborate with other team members.

Performance Profiling:

Android Studio includes performance profiling tools that allow developers to identify performance bottlenecks in their apps and optimize their code for better performance.

Overall, Android Studio is a powerful tool for developing high-quality Android apps. It provides a range of features and tools that make it easy for developers

to build, test, and deploy their apps.

6. Conclusion

In conclusion, the podcast player app developed using Android **Jetpack Compose provides a** simple and user-friendly way for users to access and control their favorite podcasts. The app's intuitive interface allows users to easily browse through available podcasts,

select the episode they want to listen to, and control playback with the play and pause buttons. By leveraging the capabilities of Jetpack Compose, the project demonstrates how developers can create a modern and engaging user interface that is easy to use and navigate. Additionally, the app's functionality can be easily extended to include additional features, such as the ability to save favorite episodes or search for new podcasts. Overall,

the podcast player app is an excellent example of how Jetpack Compose can be used to create high-quality, user-friendly apps that provide a seamless experience for users

7. Future scope

The podcast industry is rapidly growing, and there are several potential areas for a podcast app to expand its scope in the future. Here are some possibilities:

Personalization:

Personalization is key for many apps, and podcast apps are no exception. In the future, a podcast app could use artificial intelligence (AI) algorithms to recommend new podcasts to users based on their listening history, preferences, and behavior.

Original Content:

While most podcast apps currently host existing

podcasts, there is an opportunity to create original content specifically for the app. This could include producing and publishing new podcasts, as well as creating new types of content, such as shortform audio clips or behindthe-scenes interviews with podcast hosts.

Social Integration:

As podcasts become more mainstream, there is an opportunity for

podcast apps to integrate social features. Users could follow and connect with their friends, share their favorite podcasts on social media, and discover new podcasts through their social networks.

Ad Innovation:

Podcasts are a popular medium for advertising, but current ad formats can be disruptive to the listening experience. In the future, a podcast app

could experiment with new ad formats that are less intrusive and more engaging, such as product placements or sponsored content.

Monetization:

As the podcast industry continues to grow, there are new opportunities for monetization. A podcast app could explore different revenue models, such as subscription-based access

to exclusive content or sponsorships from brands.

Localization:

While podcasts are popular globally, there is an opportunity for a podcast app to focus on local or regional content. This could include providing podcasts in different languages, as well as featuring podcasts that cover local news and events.

Education:

Podcasts are an excellent medium for educational content, and a podcast app could cater to this niche. In the future, a podcast app could provide curated collections of podcasts on different topics, as well as interactive features such as quizzes and challenges

8. Appendix

A. Source code

Creating the database classes

Step 1 : Create
User data class

package com.example.podcast player

import
androidx.room.Column
Info
import
androidx.room.Entity

import
androidx.room.Primar
yKey

- @Entity(tableName =
 "user_table")
 data class User(
- @PrimaryKey(autoGen
 erate = true) val id:
 Int?,
- @ColumnInfo(name
 = "first_name") val
 firstName: String?,

@ColumnInfo(name
= "last_name") val
lastName: String?,
 @ColumnInfo(name
= "email") val email:
String?,
 @ColumnInfo(name
= "password") val
password: String?,

)

Step 2 : Create an UserDao interface package com.example.podcast player

import
androidx.room.*

@Dao
interface UserDao {

@Query("SELECT *
FROM user_table
WHERE email
= :email")
 suspend fun
getUserByEmail(email
: String): User?

@Insert(onConflict
=
OnConflictStrategy.RE
PLACE)
 suspend fun
insertUser(user: User)

@Update
 suspend fun
updateUser(user:
User)

@Delete
 suspend fun
deleteUser(user:
User)

Step 3 : Create an UserDatabase class

package com.example.podcast player

import
android.content.Conte
xt
import
androidx.room.Databa
se
import
androidx.room.Room

import
androidx.room.RoomD
atabase

@Database(entities =
[User::class], version
= 1)
abstract class
UserDatabase :
RoomDatabase() {

abstract fun userDao(): UserDao

companion object {

@Volatile

private var
instance:
UserDatabase? = null

fun getDatabase(context: Context): UserDatabase { return instance ?: synchronized(this) { val newInstance = Room.databaseBuilder

```
context.applicationCo
ntext,
UserDatabase::class.ja
va,
"user_database"
         ).build()
         instance =
newInstance
         newInstance
```

Step 4 : Create an UserDatabaseHelper class package com.example.podcast player

import
android.annotation.Su
ppressLint
import
android.content.Conte
ntValues
import
android.content.Conte

import
android.database.Curs
or
import
android.database.sqlit
e.SQLiteDatabase
import
android.database.sqlit
e.SQLiteOpenHelper

class UserDatabaseHelper(c ontext: Context) :

SQLiteOpenHelper(context,

DATABASE_NAME,
null,
DATABASE_VERSION)
{

companion object {
 private const val
 DATABASE_VERSION
 = 1
 private const val
 DATABASE_NAME =

private const val

TABLE_NAME =
"user_table"

"UserDatabase.db"

private const val $COLUMN_ID = "id"$ private const val COLUMN_FIRST_NAME = "first name" private const val COLUMN_LAST_NAME = "last_name" private const val COLUMN_EMAIL = "email" private const val COLUMN PASSWORD = "password"

override fun
onCreate(db:
SQLiteDatabase?) {
 val createTable =
"CREATE TABLE
\$TABLE_NAME (" +

"\$COLUMN_ID
INTEGER PRIMARY
KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
" +

"\$COLUMN_FIRST_NA ME TEXT, " +

"\$COLUMN_LAST_NA ME TEXT, " +

```
"$COLUMN_EMAIL
TEXT, " +
```

"\$COLUMN_PASSWOR
D TEXT" +
")"

db?.execSQL(createTa
ble)
}

override fun onUpgrade(db: SQLiteDatabase?,

```
oldVersion: Int,
newVersion: Int) {
db?.execSQL("DROP
TABLE IF EXISTS
$TABLE_NAME")
    onCreate(db)
  fun insertUser(user:
User) {
    val db =
writableDatabase
    val values =
ContentValues()
```

values.put(COLUMN_F

IRST_NAME,
user.firstName)

values.put(COLUMN_L

AST_NAME,
user.lastName)

values.put(COLUMN_E
MAIL, user.email)

values.put(COLUMN_P
ASSWORD,
user.password)

db.insert(TABLE_NAM
E, null, values)
 db.close()

}

```
@SuppressLint("Rang
e")
  fun
getUserByUsername(u
sername: String):
User? {
    val db =
readableDatabase
    val cursor: Cursor
db.rawQuery("SELECT
* FROM $TABLE_NAME
WHERE
$COLUMN_FIRST_NA
```

```
ME = ?",
arrayOf(username))
    var user: User? =
null
    if
(cursor.moveToFirst()
) {
       user = User(
         id =
cursor.getInt(cursor.g
etColumnIndex(COLU
MN_ID)),
         firstName =
cursor.getString(curso
r.getColumnIndex(CO)
LUMN_FIRST_NAME)),
```

```
lastName =
cursor.getString(curso
r.getColumnIndex(CO)
LUMN_LAST_NAME)),
         email =
cursor.getString(curso
r.getColumnIndex(CO)
LUMN_EMAIL)),
         password =
cursor.getString(curso
r.getColumnIndex(CO)
LUMN_PASSWORD)),
    cursor.close()
    db.close()
    return user
```

}

```
@SuppressLint("Rang
e")
  fun getUserById(id:
Int): User? {
    val db =
readableDatabase
    val cursor: Cursor
db.rawQuery("SELECT
* FROM $TABLE_NAME
WHERE $COLUMN_ID
= ?",
arrayOf(id.toString())
```

```
var user: User? =
null
    if
(cursor.moveToFirst()
) {
       user = User(
         id =
cursor.getInt(cursor.g
etColumnIndex(COLU
MN_ID)),
         firstName =
cursor.getString(curso
r.getColumnIndex(CO)
LUMN_FIRST_NAME)),
         lastName =
cursor.getString(curso
```

```
r.getColumnIndex(CO)
LUMN_LAST_NAME)),
         email =
cursor.getString(curso
r.getColumnIndex(CO)
LUMN_EMAIL)),
         password =
cursor.getString(curso
r.getColumnIndex(CO)
LUMN_PASSWORD)),
    cursor.close()
    db.close()
    return user
```

```
@SuppressLint("Rang
e")
  fun getAllUsers():
List<User> {
    val users =
mutableListOf<User>(
    val db =
readableDatabase
    val cursor: Cursor
db.rawQuery("SELECT
* FROM
$TABLE_NAME", null)
```

```
if
(cursor.moveToFirst()
) {
       do {
         val user =
User(
           id =
cursor.getInt(cursor.g
etColumnIndex(COLU
MN_ID)),
           firstName
cursor.getString(curso
r.getColumnIndex(CO
LUMN_FIRST_NAME)),
           lastName
```

cursor.getString(curso r.getColumnIndex(CO) LUMN_LAST_NAME)), email = cursor.getString(curso r.getColumnIndex(CO LUMN_EMAIL)), password cursor.getString(curso r.getColumnIndex(CO) LUMN_PASSWORD)),

users.add(user)

```
} while
(cursor.moveToNext()
)

}
cursor.close()
db.close()
return users
}
```

*Building
application UI and
connecting to
database.

Step 1: Creating
LoginActivity.kt with
database

package com.example.podcast player

import
android.content.Conte
xt
import
android.content.Intent
import
android.os.Bundle

import androidx.activity.Com ponentActivity import androidx.activity.comp ose.setContent import androidx.compose.fou ndation.BorderStroke import androidx.compose.fou ndation.Image import androidx.compose.fou ndation.background

import androidx.compose.fou ndation.layout.* import androidx.compose.fou ndation.shape.Rounde dCornerShape import androidx.compose.mat erial.* import androidx.compose.mat erial.icons.Icons import androidx.compose.mat erial.icons.filled.Lock

import androidx.compose.mat erial.icons.filled.Perso n import androidx.compose.run time.* import androidx.compose.ui.A lignment import androidx.compose.ui. Modifier import androidx.compose.ui.g raphics.Color

import androidx.compose.ui.r es.painterResource import androidx.compose.ui.t ext.font.FontWeight import androidx.compose.ui.t ext.input.PasswordVis ualTransformation import androidx.compose.ui.t ooling.preview.Previe W import androidx.compose.ui.u nit.dp

import androidx.compose.ui.u nit.em import androidx.compose.ui.u nit.sp import androidx.core.content. ContextCompat import com.example.podcast player.ui.theme.Podca stPlayerTheme

class LoginActivity :
ComponentActivity() {

private lateinit var
databaseHelper:
UserDatabaseHelper
 override fun
onCreate(savedInstan
ceState: Bundle?) {

super.onCreate(saved
InstanceState)
 databaseHelper =
UserDatabaseHelper(t
his)
 setContent {

PodcastPlayerTheme {
 // A surface

container using the

```
'background' color
from the theme
         Surface(
            modifier =
Modifier.fillMaxSize(),
            color =
MaterialTheme.colors.
background
         ) {
LoginScreen(this,
databaseHelper)
```

```
@Composable
fun
LoginScreen(context:
Context,
databaseHelper:
UserDatabaseHelper)
  var username by
remember
{ mutableStateOf("")
  var password by
remember
{ mutableStateOf("")
}
```

```
var error by
remember
{ mutableStateOf("")
}
  Card(
    elevation =
12.dp,
    border =
BorderStroke(1.dp,
Color.Magenta),
    shape =
RoundedCornerShape(
100.dp),
    modifier =
Modifier.padding(16.d)
p).fillMaxWidth()
```

) {

t()

Column(Modifier .background (Color.Black) .fillMaxHeigh .fillMaxWidt

.padding(bot h() tom = 28.dp, start = 28.dp, end = 28.dp),

horizontalAlignment =

```
Alignment.CenterHoriz ontally,
```

```
verticalArrangement =
Arrangement.Center
)
```

{

```
contentDescription =
"",
```

```
Modifier.height(400.d p).fillMaxWidth()
)
```

Text(text = "LOGIN", color = Color(0xFF6a3ef9), fontWeight = FontWeight.Bold, fontSize = 26.sp, style = MaterialTheme.typogr aphy.h1,

```
letterSpacing =
0.1.em
Spacer(modifier =
Modifier.height(10.dp)
       TextField(
         value =
username,
onValueChange =
{ username = it },
```

```
leadingIcon
= {
            Icon(
imageVector =
Icons.Default.Person,
contentDescription =
"personIcon",
              tint =
Color(0xFF6a3ef9)
         },
         placeholder
= {
            Text(
```

"username",

Color. White

```
text =
              color =
         colors =
TextFieldDefaults.text
FieldColors(
backgroundColor =
Color.Transparent
```

```
Spacer(modifier =
Modifier.height(20.dp)
       TextField(
         value =
password,
onValueChange =
{ password = it },
         leadingIcon
= {
            Icon(
```

imageVector =
Icons.Default.Lock,

```
contentDescription =
"lockIcon",
              tint =
Color(0xFF6a3ef9)
         placeholder
= { Text(text =
"password", color =
Color.White) },
visualTransformation
PasswordVisualTransf
ormation(),
```

```
colors =
TextFieldDefaults.text
FieldColors(backgroun
dColor =
Color.Transparent)
Spacer(modifier =
Modifier.height(12.dp)
       if
(error.isNotEmpty())
{
          Text(
            text =
error,
```

```
color =
MaterialTheme.colors.
error,
            modifier =
Modifier.padding(verti
cal = 16.dp)
       Button(
          onClick = {
            if
(username.isNotEmpt
y() &&
password.isNotEmpty(
)) {
```

```
val user
databaseHelper.getUs
erByUsername(userna
me)
              if
(user != null &&
user.password ==
password) {
                 error
= "Successfully log in"
context.startActivity(
Intent(
context,
```

```
MainActivity::class.jav
a
//onLoginSuccess()
               } else {
                  error
= "Invalid username
or password"
            } else {
               error =
"Please fill all fields"
```

```
border =
BorderStroke(1.dp,
Color(0xFF6a3ef9)),
         colors =
ButtonDefaults.button
Colors(backgroundCol
or = Color.Black),
         modifier =
Modifier.padding(top
= 16.dp)
       ) {
         Text(text =
"Log In", fontWeight
= FontWeight.Bold,
color =
Color(0xFF6a3ef9))
```

```
Row(modifier
Modifier.fillMaxWidth(
)) {
TextButton(onClick =
{
context.startActivity(
            Intent(
            context,
RegistrationActivity::c
lass.java
            ))})
```

```
Text(
               text =
"Sign up",
              color =
Color. White
Spacer(modifier =
Modifier.width(80.dp)
TextButton(onClick =
{ /* Do something!
*/ })
```

```
Text(
               text =
"Forgot password ?",
               color =
Color. White
  fun
startMainPage(context
: Context) {
     val intent =
Intent(context,
```

MainActivity::class.jav
a)

ContextCompat.startA
ctivity(context, intent,
null)
 }}

Step 2 : Creating
RegistrationActivity.kt
with database

package com.example.podcast player

import android.content.Conte xt import android.content.Intent import android.os.Bundle import androidx.activity.Com ponentActivity import androidx.activity.comp ose.setContent import androidx.compose.fou ndation.BorderStroke

import androidx.compose.fou ndation.Image import androidx.compose.fou ndation.background import androidx.compose.fou ndation.layout.* import androidx.compose.mat erial.* import androidx.compose.mat erial.icons.Icons

import androidx.compose.mat erial.icons.filled.Email import androidx.compose.mat erial.icons.filled.Lock import androidx.compose.mat erial.icons.filled.Perso n import androidx.compose.run time.* import androidx.compose.ui.A lignment

import androidx.compose.ui. Modifier import androidx.compose.ui.d raw.alpha import androidx.compose.ui.g raphics.Color import androidx.compose.ui.l ayout.ContentScale import androidx.compose.ui.r es.painterResource

import androidx.compose.ui.t ext.font.FontWeight import androidx.compose.ui.t ext.input.PasswordVis ualTransformation import androidx.compose.ui.t ooling.preview.Previe W import androidx.compose.ui.u nit.dp import androidx.compose.ui.u nit.em

import
androidx.compose.ui.u
nit.sp
import
androidx.core.content.
ContextCompat
import
com.example.podcast
player.ui.theme.Podca
stPlayerTheme

class
RegistrationActivity:
ComponentActivity()
{ private lateinit var
databaseHelper:
UserDatabaseHelper

override fun
onCreate(savedInstan
ceState: Bundle?) {

super.onCreate(saved
InstanceState)
 databaseHelper =
UserDatabaseHelper(t
his)
 setContent {

PodcastPlayerTheme {
 // A surface

container using the
'background' color

from the theme

Surface(

```
modifier =
Modifier.fillMaxSize(),
            color =
MaterialTheme.colors.
background
         ) {
RegistrationScreen(thi
s,databaseHelper)
```

@Composable

```
fun
RegistrationScreen(co
ntext: Context,
databaseHelper:
UserDatabaseHelper)
{
  var username by
remember
{ mutableStateOf("")
}
  var password by
remember
{ mutableStateOf("")
  var email by
remember
```

```
{ mutableStateOf("")
  var error by
remember
{ mutableStateOf("")
  Column(
    Modifier
       .background(C
olor.Black)
       .fillMaxHeight(
       .fillMaxWidth()
```

```
horizontalAlignment =
Alignment.CenterHoriz
ontally,
verticalArrangement =
Arrangement.Center
  { Row {
       Text(
         text = "Sign
         color =
Up"
Color(0xFF6a3ef9),
```

```
fontWeight
= FontWeight.Bold,
         fontSize =
24.sp, style =
MaterialTheme.typogr
aphy.h1,
letterSpacing =
0.1.em
    Image(
       painter =
painterResource(id =
R.drawable.podcast_si
gnup),
```

```
contentDescription =
TextField(
       value =
username,
       onValueChange
= { username = it },
       leadingIcon =
{
         Icon(
imageVector =
Icons.Default.Person,
```

```
contentDescription =
"personIcon",
            tint =
Color(0xFF6a3ef9)
       placeholder =
          Text(
            text =
"username",
            color =
Color. White
```

```
colors =
TextFieldDefaults.text
FieldColors(
```

```
backgroundColor =
Color.Transparent
```

Spacer(modifier Modifier.height(8.dp))

TextField(value = password,

```
onValueChange
= { password = it },
       leadingIcon =
{
         Icon(
imageVector =
Icons.Default.Lock,
contentDescription =
"lockIcon",
            tint =
Color(0xFF6a3ef9)
       placeholder =
{ Text(text =
```

```
"password", color =
Color.White) },
visualTransformation
PasswordVisualTransf
ormation(),
       colors =
TextFieldDefaults.text
FieldColors(backgroun
dColor =
Color.Transparent)
```

Spacer(modifier

```
Modifier.height(16.dp)
     TextField(
       value = email,
       onValueChange
= \{ email = it \},
       leadingIcon =
         Icon(
imageVector =
Icons.Default.Email,
contentDescription =
"emailIcon",
```

```
tint =
Color(0xFF6a3ef9)
       placeholder =
{ Text(text = "email",
color =
Color.White) },
       colors =
TextFieldDefaults.text
FieldColors(backgroun
dColor =
Color.Transparent)
```

```
Spacer(modifier
Modifier.height(8.dp))
    if
(error.isNotEmpty())
       Text(
          text = error,
          color =
MaterialTheme.colors.
error,
          modifier =
Modifier.padding(verti
cal = 16.dp)
```

```
Button(
       onClick = {
         if
(username.isNotEmpt
y() &&
password.isNotEmpty(
) &&
email.isNotEmpty()) {
            val user =
              id =
User(
null,
firstName =
username,
```

```
lastName = null,
              email =
email,
password = password
databaseHelper.insert
User(user)
            error =
"User registered
successfully"
            // Start
LoginActivity using
the current context
```

```
context.startActivity(
                Intent(
context,
LoginActivity::class.ja
va
          } else {
             error =
"Please fill all fields"
```

```
border =
BorderStroke(1.dp,
Color(0xFF6a3ef9)),
       colors =
ButtonDefaults.button
Colors(backgroundCol
or = Color.Black),
       modifier =
Modifier.padding(top
= 16.dp)
    ) {
       Text(text =
"Register",
         fontWeight
= FontWeight.Bold,
         color =
Color(0xFF6a3ef9)
```

) }

Row(

modifier =

Modifier.padding(30.d)

p),

verticalAlignment =
Alignment.CenterVerti
cally,

horizontalArrangemen
t =
Arrangement.Center
) {

```
Text(text =
"Have an account?",
color = Color.White)
TextButton(onClick =
context.startActivity(
          Intent(
            context,
LoginActivity::class.ja
va
```

```
Text(text =
"Log in",
         fontWeight
= FontWeight.Bold,
         style =
MaterialTheme.typogr
aphy.subtitle1,
         color =
Color(0xFF6a3ef9)
```

```
private fun
startLoginActivity(con
text: Context) {
   val intent =
Intent(context,
LoginActivity::class.ja
va)
```

ContextCompat.startA
ctivity(context, intent,
null)
}

Step 3 : Creating MainActivity.kt file package com.example.podcast player

import android.content.Conte xt import android.media.MediaPl ayer import android.os.Bundle import androidx.activity.Com ponentActivity

import androidx.activity.comp ose.setContent import androidx.compose.fou ndation.BorderStroke import androidx.compose.fou ndation.Image import androidx.compose.fou ndation.layout.* import androidx.compose.fou ndation.rememberScr ollState

import androidx.compose.fou ndation.verticalScroll import androidx.compose.mat erial.* import androidx.compose.run time.* import androidx.compose.ui.A lignment import androidx.compose.ui. Modifier

import androidx.compose.ui.g raphics.Color import androidx.compose.ui.r es.painterResource import androidx.compose.ui.t ext.font.FontWeight import androidx.compose.ui.t ext.style.TextAlign import androidx.compose.ui.u nit.dp

import
androidx.compose.ui.u
nit.em
import
androidx.compose.ui.u
nit.sp
import
com.example.podcast
player.ui.theme.Podca
stPlayerTheme

class MainActivity :
ComponentActivity() {
 override fun
onCreate(savedInstan
ceState: Bundle?) {

super.onCreate(saved
InstanceState)
 setContent {

Surface(

modifier =

Modifier.fillMaxSize(),

color =

MaterialTheme.colors.

background

```
) {
playAudio(this)
```

```
}
}
}
}
}
```

@Composable

```
fun
playAudio(context:
Context) {
```

```
Column(modifier =
Modifier.fillMaxSize())
{
```

```
Column(horizontalAlig

nment =

Alignment.CenterHoriz

ontally,

verticalArrangement =

Arrangement.Center)

{
```

```
Text(text =
"PODCAST",
         modifier =
Modifier.fillMaxWidth(
),
          textAlign =
TextAlign.Center,
          color =
Color(0xFF6a3ef9),
          fontWeight
= FontWeight.Bold,
          fontSize =
36.sp,
         style =
MaterialTheme.typogr
aphy.h1,
```

```
letterSpacing =
0.1.em
     Column(modifier
= Modifier
       .fillMaxSize()
       .verticalScroll(r
ememberScrollState()
)) {
```

Card(

```
elevation =
12.dp
         border =
BorderStroke(1.dp,
Color.Magenta),
         modifier =
           .padding(
Modifier
            .fillMaxWi
16.dp)
            .height(25
dth()
0.dp)
MediaPlayer =
```

MediaPlayer.create(co ntext, R.raw.audio)

Column(modifier = Modifier.fillMaxSize(),

horizontalAlignment = Alignment.CenterHoriz ontally

) {

Image(painter

- = painterResource(id
- = R.drawable.img),

```
contentDescription =
null,
modifier = Modifier
                 .heig
                 .widt
ht(150.dp)
h(200.dp),
            Text(
               text =
"GaurGopalDas
Returns To TRS - Life,
```

```
Monkhood & Spirituality",
```

```
textAlign =
TextAlign.Center,
```

```
IconButton(onClick =
{ mp.start() },
modifier =
```

```
Modifier.size(35.dp))
{
                 Icon(
painter =
painterResource(id =
R.drawable.play),
contentDescription =
IconButton(onClick =
{ mp.pause() },
modifier =
```

```
Modifier.size(35.dp))
{
                 Icon(
painter =
painterResource(id =
R.drawable.pause),
contentDescription =
```

```
Card(
          elevation =
12.dp
         border =
BorderStroke(1.dp,
Color.Magenta),
         modifier =
Modifier
16.dp)
dth()
0.dp)
```

.padding(

.height(25

.fillMaxWi

{

val mp:

MediaPlayer =
MediaPlayer.create(co
ntext, R.raw.audio_1)

Column(modifier = Modifier.fillMaxSize(),

horizontalAlignment = Alignment.CenterHoriz ontally

){

Image(

painter

= painterResource(id

= R.drawable.img_1),

contentDescription =
null,

modifier = Modifier .heig

ht(150.dp)

h(200.dp)

) .widt

Text(text = "Haunted Houses, Evil Spirits & The

Paranormal Explained

| Sarbajeet Mohanty",

textAlign = TextAlign.Center,

modifier =
Modifier.padding(start
= 20.dp, end = 20.dp)
)

Row() {

IconButton(onClick =
{ mp.start() },

```
modifier =
Modifier.size(35.dp))
{
                 Icon(
painter =
painterResource(id =
R.drawable.play),
contentDescription =
,,,,,
IconButton(onClick =
{ mp.pause() },
```

```
modifier =
Modifier.size(35.dp))
{
                Icon(
painter =
painterResource(id =
R.drawable.pause),
contentDescription =
```

}

```
Card(
          elevation =
12.dp
         border =
BorderStroke(1.dp,
Color.Magenta),
          modifier =
            .padding(
Modifier
            .fillMaxWi
16.dp)
dth()
```

```
.height(25
0.dp
         val mp:
MediaPlayer =
MediaPlayer.create(co
ntext, R.raw.audio_2)
         Column(
            modifier =
Modifier.fillMaxSize(),
```

horizontalAlignment = Alignment.CenterHoriz ontally

){

Image(
painter

= painterResource(id

= R.drawable.img_2),

contentDescription =
null,

modifier = Modifier .heig

ht(150.dp)

h(200.dp)

) .widt

```
Text(
text =
"Kaali Mata ki kahani -
Black Magic & Aghoris
ft. Dr Vineet
Aggarwal",
```

textAlign = TextAlign.Center,

```
modifier =
Modifier.padding(start
= 20.dp, end = 20.dp)
)
```

Row() {

```
IconButton(onClick =
{ mp.start() },
modifier =
Modifier.size(35.dp))
{
                 Icon(
painter =
painterResource(id =
R.drawable.play),
contentDescription =
```

```
IconButton(onClick =
{ mp.pause() },
modifier =
Modifier.size(35.dp))
{
                 Icon(
painter =
painterResource(id =
R.drawable.pause),
contentDescription =
```

```
Card(
         elevation =
12.dp
         border =
BorderStroke(1.dp,
Color.Magenta),
         modifier =
            .padding(
Modifier
16.dp)
```

```
.fillMaxWi
dth()
            .height(25
0.dp
         val mp:
MediaPlayer =
MediaPlayer.create(co
ntext, R.raw.audio_3)
         Column(
            modifier =
Modifier.fillMaxSize(),
horizontalAlignment =
```

Alignment.CenterHoriz ontally

) {

```
Image(
painter

= painterResource(id

= R.drawable.img_3),
```

contentDescription =
null,

```
modifier = Modifier
.heig
ht(150.dp h(200.dp
),
```

.widt

)

Text(
text =
"Tantra Explained
Simply | Rajarshi
Nandy - Mata, Bhairav
& Kamakhya Devi",

textAlign = TextAlign.Center,

modifier =
Modifier.padding(start
= 20.dp, end = 20.dp)
)

```
Row() {
```

```
IconButton(onClick =
{ mp.start() },
modifier =
Modifier.size(35.dp))
{
                 Icon(
painter =
painterResource(id =
R.drawable.play),
contentDescription =
```

}

```
IconButton(onClick =
{ mp.pause() },
modifier =
Modifier.size(35.dp))
{
                Icon(
painter =
painterResource(id =
R.drawable.pause),
contentDescription =
```

```
Card(
         elevation =
12.dp
         border =
BorderStroke(1.dp,
Color.Magenta),
         modifier =
Modifier
```

```
.padding(
16.dp)
            .fillMaxWi
dth()
            .height(25
0.dp)
          val mp:
MediaPlayer =
MediaPlayer.create(co
ntext, R.raw.audio_4)
          Column(
            modifier =
Modifier.fillMaxSize(),
```

horizontalAlignment = Alignment.CenterHoriz ontally

){

Image(
painter

= painterResource(id

= R.drawable.img_4),

contentDescription =
null,

modifier = Modifier
.heig
ht(150.dp)

```
.widt
```

h(200.dp),

)

Text(
text =
"Complete Story Of
Shri Krishna Explained In 20
Minutes",

textAlign = TextAlign.Center,

modifier =

```
Modifier.padding(start
= 20.dp, end = 20.dp)
)
Row() {
```

painter =
painterResource(id =
R.drawable.play),

```
contentDescription =
IconButton(onClick =
{ mp.pause() },
modifier =
Modifier.size(35.dp))
{
                 Icon(
painter =
painterResource(id =
R.drawable.pause),
```

```
contentDescription =
,,,,
       Card(
          elevation =
12.dp
```

```
border =
BorderStroke(1.dp,
Color.Magenta),
         modifier =
           .padding(
Modifier
            .fillMaxWi
16.dp)
            .height(25
dth()
0.dp)
       { val mp:
MediaPlayer =
MediaPlayer.create(co
ntext, R.raw.audio_5)
```

Column(modifier = Modifier.fillMaxSize(),

horizontalAlignment = Alignment.CenterHoriz ontally

){

Image(painter

- = painterResource(id
- = R.drawable.img_5),

contentDescription =
null,

modifier = Modifier
.heig
ht(150.dp) .widt

h(200.dp),

)

Text(
text =
"Mahabharat Ki Poori
Kahaani - Arjun, Shri
Krishna & Yuddh - Ami
Ganatra ",

```
textAlign =
TextAlign.Center,
```

```
painterResource(id =
R.drawable.play),
contentDescription =
IconButton(onClick =
{ mp.pause() },
modifier =
Modifier.size(35.dp))
{
                 Icon(
```

painter =

```
painter =
painterResource(id =
R.drawable.pause),
contentDescription =
```