Challenge 1

Lets first read the src file

```
use std::io::{Write, stdin, stdout};
fn main() {
    // static username
    let username = "Test123";
    // static password
    let password = "Test123";
    // gather user input for username
    let mut input username = String::new();
    print!("Please enter your username: ");
    let = stdout().flush();
    stdin()
        .read line(&mut input username)
        .expect("Did not enter string");
    // gather user input for password
    let mut input_password = String::new();
    print!("Please enter your password: ");
    let = stdout().flush();
    stdin()
        .read_line(&mut input password)
        .expect("Did not enter string");
    // checking if username and password match (trim input)
    if input username.trim() == username && input password.trim() == password {
        println!("You did it well done!");
        println!("heres your flag >> FLAG{{Place_holder}");
        println!("Invalid username or password.");
}
```

so It has two hardcoded varbiables 'username' and 'password' and then it takes two user inputs for variables 'input_username' and 'input_password'

It then checks if the hard coded values match the input values if it does we get the flag if not it prints " Invalid username or password"

last thing to mention is it seems the flag is hardcoded

LEAKING THE FLAG

This is pretty straight forward we will leak the hardcoded flag using xxd and grep to search the hex data of the binary then greping for the string FLAG

we found the string 'your flag >> FL' which means we are on the write track but just need a few more hex lines for the full flag. lucky for us grep allows to view x amount of lines with the -A flag

and we have the flag

you may also use strings for a much easier approach