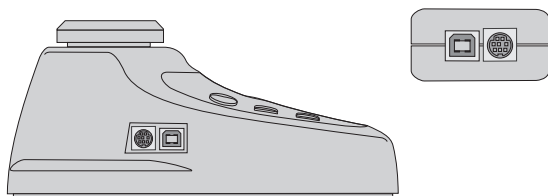


1 Data Interface

 USB-B Female Socket: USB 2.0

Used for connecting to PC or other USB host equipments.



Pin	Description
1	VBUS,Recharge V+
2	D+
3	D-
4	GND,Recharge GND

The connecting cable: USB-B to USB-A male plug.

 MD8 Socket: RS232 and setpoint output

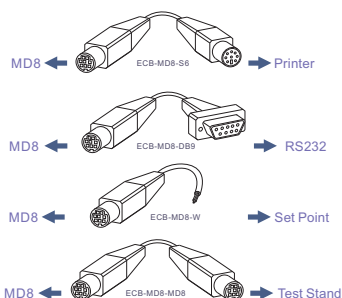
Used for connecting to printer or connecting to RS232 equipment and setpoint output(alarm signals)



Pin	Description
1	RS232 Transmit(TX)
2	RS232 Receive(RX)
3	RS232 Ground
4	Output A+
5	Reserved
6	Output COM-
7	Output B+
8	Reserved

The connecting cable:

MD8 male plug to S6 male plug (to printer)
or MD8 male plug to DB9 male plug(RS232)
or MD8 male plug cable (to get setpoint signal)

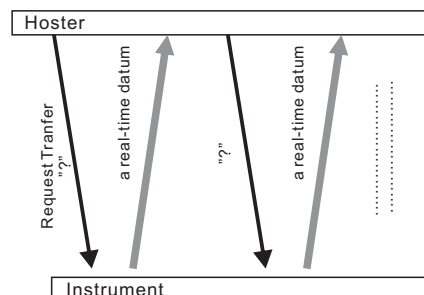


2 USB Interface

After installation of a data acquisition software, the realtime data or the records in memory of instrument can be uploaded. The upload of records in memory must be through USB port.

2.1 Real-time Data

The real-time data transfer process is initiated by the PC. The PC sends transfer instruction to instrument, the instrument sends a current measured value and related information.



Transfer Instruction	?(0x3f)
----------------------	---------

The instrument received ? instruction, send the current measured value and relative informations to hoster.

Data Format

All in ASCII

Define	Direction	Measured Value	Space	Units	End Sign
Length	1 byte or no	1~6 byte	1 byte	1~6 byte	1 byte
"~"(0x2d) "+ " none		in ASCII	0x20	in ASCII	"CR"(0x0d)

- ① The byte length of the data is a minimum of 4 bytes and a maximum of 15 bytes..
- ② Direction: If it is "-", expressed as 0x0D. If it is "+", there is no this byte.
- ③ Measured Value: Numbers in ASCII, including decimal points(if there is).
- ④ Units: The unit characters in ASCII code.

Units	HEX
N	0x4e
kN	0x6b, 0x4e
mN	0x6d, 0x4e
kgf	0x6b, 0x67, 0x66
gf	0x67, 0x66
tf	0x74, 0x66
lbf	0x6c, 0x62, 0x66
klbf	0x6b, 0x6c, 0x62, 0x66
ozf	0x6f, 0x7a, 0x66
N.m	0x4e, 0x2e, 0x6d
N.cm	0x4e, 0x2e, 0x63, 0x6d
kgf.m	0x6b, 0x67, 0x66, 0x2e, 0x6d
kgf.cm	0x6b, 0x67, 0x66, 0x2e, 0x63, 0x6d
lbf.ft	0x6c, 0x62, 0x66, 0x2e, 0x66, 0x74
lbf.in	0x6c, 0x62, 0x66, 0x2e, 0x69, 0x6e
MPa	0x4d, 0x50, 0x61

- ⑤ The example:

```
force (pull)      0 N — 0x30, 0x20, 0x4e, 0x0d
                    "0" space "N" CR
```

torque(CCW) 123.45kgf.cm
 — 0x2d, 0x31, 0x32, 0x33, 0x2e, 0x34, 0x35, 0x20,
 "—" 123.45 space
 0x6b, 0x67, 0x66, 0x2e, 0x63, 0x6d, 0x0d
 kgf.cm CR

2.2 Records in Memory of Instrument

Records in the instrument memory can only be uploaded via USB.

1 The content of records uploaded in memory

No.	Value	Unit	Mode	Direction	Group
1	xxxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
2	xxxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
3	xxxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
4	xxxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
5	xxxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
...
n	xxxx	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx

2 Instructions about transmit

Request Transmit

8 bytes:

0xfc,0x33,0x00,0x08,0x3f,0x3f,0xc0,0x1a

Data package received

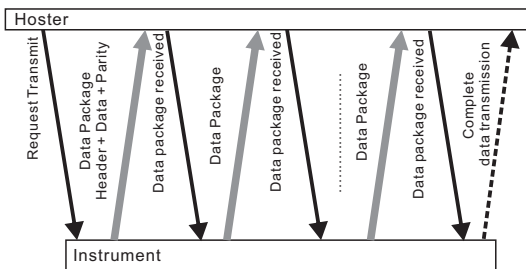
8 bytes:

0xfc,0x33,0x00,0x08,0x2b,0x2b,0xcf,0x15

Complete data transmission

9 bytes:

0xfc,0x33,0x00,0x09,0x55,0x2b,0x2b,0x74,0xaf



3 Data packages

Header		5 bytes
Data Group ①	D1	7 bytes
	D2	
	D3	
	D4	
	D5	
Parity		2 bytes

Header Format

Bytes	1	2	3	4	5
Define	0xfc	0x33	H	L	0xaa
			Length(byte)②		

Data Format

Bytes	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Define	H	L	Decimal Position③	Units Code④	Measuring Mode⑤	Directions⑥	Work Group
	Significant digits						

Parity Format

Bytes	1	2
Define	H	L
	CRC	

- ① A datapackage can contain no more than 5 records
- ② The data length is the byte length of this data package, include with header, records and CRC.
- ③ Decimal Position: Counts from right to the left in significant digits.

④ Units Code:

Code		Units
DEC	HEX	
1	0x01	N
2	0x02	kN
3	0x03	mN
4	0x04	kgf
5	0x05	gf
6	0x06	tf
7	0x07	lbf
8	0x08	klbf
9	0x09	ozf
32	0x20	N.m
33	0x21	N.cm
34	0x22	kgf.m
35	0x23	kgf.cm
36	0x24	lbf.ft
37	0x25	lbf.in
112	0x70	MPa

⑤ Mode Code:

Code		Measuring Mode
DEC	HEX	
0	0x00	Track
1	0x01	Peak
2	0x02	Preset
3	0x03	First Peak
4	0x04	Auto Peak
5	0x05	Auto First Peak
6	0x06	Double Peak

⑥ Directions

Code		Measuring Mode
DEC	HEX	
0	0x00	+ /Pull/CW
1	0x01	- /Push/CCW

3 RS232

RS232 port is used in connecting to a printer or the other equipment(such as PLC). On the insreument side, the connector is MD8 female socket, can be connected to a variety of cable.

3.1 RS232 Specifications

Word Length	8 bits
Stop Bit	1 bit
Parity	None
Baudrate	Settable
Hardware Flow Control	None

3.2 Baudrate Setting

In order for RS232 communication to proceed normally, both parties must have the same baud rate. The baud rate is usually required to be set in the setup menu. (See the relevant instructions)

Menu	System	Baudrate
Measurement	Password	9600 bps
Memory	Key Setting	19200 bps
Printing	RS232 Baudrate	38400 bps
System	Default Setting	
Language		

3.3 Protocol

RS232 protocol is same as the one in USB real-time data transmission exactly. (See 2.1 Real-time Data)

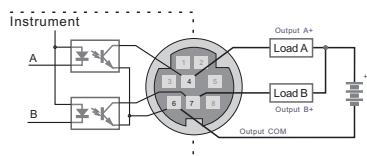
4 Setpoint Signal Port

The setpoint signal port is in MD8 port, it include two switches. It is used to output the overload alarm signal or over tolerance limit alarm signals.



- Pin 4 Output A: Overload, exceed upper limit;
- Pin 6 Output Com.
- Pin 7 Output B: Below lower limit.

Through this port, connect an external indication or actuating device to protect the instrument from damage due to overload.
It can also be used as a filter check indication after setting the tolerance.



This port is optically isolated from the inside of the instrument and external interference does not easily affect the operation of the instrument.
But the port itself is not very complete protection, so when connecting external devices should strictly abide by some restrictions, so as not to damage the port.

! Maximum permissible voltage

pin 7 to pin 6, pin 4 to pin 6: 35V;
pin 6 to pin 7, pin 6 to pin 4: 6V.

Port output status

