

Lab-7

13/6/24

# Johnson sort

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int flag = 0;
```

```
void swap (int* a, int* b) {
```

```
    int t = *a;
```

```
    *a = *b;
```

```
    *b = t;
```

```
}
```

```
int search (int arr[], int num, int mobil) {
```

```
    int g;
```

```
    for (g=0; g<num; g++) {
```

```
        if (arr[g] == mobil)
```

```
            return g+1;
```

```
    else {
```

```
        flag ++;
```

```
    }
```

```
    return -1;
```

```
}
```

```
int find_Mobil (int arr[], int d[], int num) {
```

```
    int mobil = 0;
```

```
    int mobil_p = 0;
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    for (i=0; i<num; i++) {
```

```
        if ((d[arr[i]]-1) == 0) {
```

```
            if (arr[i] > arr[i-1] && arr[i] > mobil_p) {
```

```
                mobil_p = mobil;
```

```

3: if (c1
else {
    flag++;
}
3: else if ((d[car[i]-1] == 1) && i != num-1) {
    if (arr[i] > arr[i+1] && arr[i] > mobile-p) {
        mobile = arr[i];
        mobile-p = mobile;
    } else {
        flag++;
    }
} else {
    flag++;
}
}
if (mobile-p == 0 && mobile == 0) return 0;
else return mobile;
}

```

```

void permutations (int arr[], int d[], int num) {

```

```

    int mobile = find-Mobile (arr, num);

```

```

    int pos = search (arr, num, mobile);

```

```

    if (d[car[pos-1]-1] == 2)

```

```

        swap (arr[pos-1], arr[pos-2]);

```

```

    else
        swap (arr[pos-1], arr[pos]);

```

```

    for (int i=0; i<num; i++) {

```

```

        if (arr[i] > mobile) {

```

```

            if (d[car[i]-1] == 2)

```

```

d[car[i]-1] = 1;

```

```

else

```

```

d[car[i]-1] = 0;

```

```

}

```

```

}

```

```

for (int i=0; i<num; i++)

```

```

    printf ("%d ",

```

```

    }

```

```

    printf ("\n");

```

```

}

```

```

int factorial (int

```

```

    int f =

```

```

    for (int

```

```

    }

```

```

    return

```

```

}

```

```

int mo

```





```
printf("Total permutations = %d\n", z);
```

```
printf("All possible permutations are:\n");
```

```
for (int i=0; i<num; i++) {
```

```
    d[i]=0;
```

```
    an[i]=i+1;
```

```
    printf("%d", an[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
printf("\n");
```

```
for (int j=1; j<=z; j++) {
```

```
    permutations(an, d, num);
```

```
}
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

Output:-

Enter the number: 3

Total permutations : 6

All possible permutations are:

1 2 3

1 3 2

3 1 2

3 2 1

2 3 1

2 1 3

*Handwritten note:*  
 N/A  
 13/6/20.