

Lab-2 :-

21/12/23

Date

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Q Swap :-

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void swap(int *, int *);
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a, b;
```

```
    printf ("enter the value of a and b : \n");
```

```
    scanf ("%d %d", &a, &b);
```

```
    swap (&a, &b);
```

```
}
```

```
void swap (int *p, int *q)
```

```
{
```

```
    int temp = *p;
```

```
    *p = *q;
```

```
    *q = temp;
```

```
    printf ("the swap values are : %d %d", *p, *q);
```

Output :-

Enter the value of a and b:

9

6

the swap values are : 6 9

## ② Dynamic allocation :-

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void Malloc (int);
```

```
void Calloc (int);
```

```
void Realloc (int);
```

```
void main ()
```

```
{
```

```
    int * ptr;
```

```
    int n, i;
```

```
    printf ("enter the value of n: \n");
```

```
    scanf ("%d", &n);
```

```
    Malloc (n);
```

```
    Calloc (n);
```

```
    Realloc (n);
```

```
}
```

```
void Malloc (int n)
```

```
{
```

```
    int * ptr;
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    int arr[n];
```

```
    ptr = (int*) malloc (n * sizeof (int));
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
        ptr[i] = i + 1;
```

```
}
```

```
    printf ("Malloc");
```

```
    printf ("the elements of array are \n");
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
        printf ("%d", ptr[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
    printf ("\n");
```

```
    free (ptr);
```

```
}
```



void calloc (int n)

{

int \* ptr;

int i;

int arr [n];

ptr = (int \*) calloc (n, size of (int));

for (i=0; i<n; i++)

{

ptr[i] = i+1;

}

printf ("\\n");

free (ptr);

}

void Realloc (int n)

{

int \* ptr;

int i;

int arr [n];

n = 10;

ptr = (int \*) realloc (ptr, n \* size of (int));

for (i=5; i<n; i++)

{

ptr[i] = i+1;

}

~~for (i=0; i<n; i++)~~

for (i=0; i<n; i++)

{

printf ("%d", ptr[i]);

}

free (ptr);

}

Output :-

Enter the value of n:  
5

Malloc

the elements of array are:  
1 2 3 4 5

Calloc

the elements of array are:  
1 2 3 4 5 0

Realloc

the elements of array are:  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

③ Stack :-

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#define SIZE 4
```

```
int top = -1;
```

```
int arr[SIZE];
```

```
void push();
```

```
void pop();
```

```
void show();
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int ch;
```

```
    while(1)
```

```
{
```

```
    printf("operation on the stack: \n");
```

```
    printf("1. push the element \n 2. pop the element \n 3.
```

```
    show \n 4. End \n");
```

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```
printf("Enter the choice: \n");  
scanf("%d", &ch);
```

```
Switch (ch)
```

```
{
```

```
Case 1:
```

```
push();
```

```
break;
```

```
Case 2:
```

```
pop();
```

```
break();
```

```
Case 3:
```

```
show();
```

```
break;
```

```
Case 4:
```

```
exit(0);
```

```
default:
```

```
printf("Invalid choice \n");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
void push()
```

```
{
```

```
int x;
```

```
if (top == SIZE - 1)
```

```
{
```

```
printf("Overflow \n");
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
printf("Enter the element to be added:");
```

```
scanf("%d", &x);
```

```

top = top + 1;
inp_array[top] = x;
}
}

if (top == -1)
{
    printf("Underflow\n");
}
else
{
    printf("popped element: %d\n", inp_array[top]);
    top = top - 1;
}
}

void show()
{
    if (top == -1)
    {
        printf("Underflow\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Elements in the stack are: \n");
        for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--)
            printf("%d\n", inp_array[i]);
    }
}

```

Output :-

Enter the choice :

1

Enter the element to be added :

5

Operations on the stack :

1. push

2. Pop

3. Show

4. End

Enter the choice :

1

Enter the element to be added :

6

Operations on Stack :

1. push

2. pop

3. Show

4. end

Enter the choice :

3

elements in Stack are :

6

5