

Problem:

You are given two jugs, 4-liter one and a 3-liter one. Neither has any measuring marker on it. There is a pump that can be used to fill the jugs with water. How can you get exactly 2 liter of water into 4-liter jug? implement this using Depth first search.

→ Let us consider  $x$  as water in 4-liter jug; i.e.  $0 \leq x \leq 4$   
 Let  $y$  be water in 3-liter jug; i.e.  $0 \leq y \leq 3$

The state space can be described as  $(x, y)$

∴ Start state:  $(0, 0)$  Final state:  $(2, 0)$

Let's start with.

→ Fill 4-liter jug

State  
 $(x, y \mid x \leq 4) \Rightarrow (4, 0)$

→ Fill 3 liter jug with 4-liter jug

$(x, y \mid y < 3) \Rightarrow (1, 3)$   
 $\neq x + y \leq 4$

→ Empty 3 liter jug

$(x, y \mid y > 0) \Rightarrow (1, 0)$

→ Pour left 1 liter to 3 liter jug

$(x, y \mid x > 0) \Rightarrow (0, 1)$

→ Fill 4 liter jug

$(4, 1) \because y \leq 3$

→ ~~Pour~~ Fill 3 liter jug with 4 liter jug

$(2, 3) \because y \leq 3$

→ Empty 3 liter jug

$(2, 0)$

Final state is reached

Code:

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IBM18CS081

```
def gcd(a, b): // return gcd of  
    if b == 0: two values.  
        return a  
    return gcd(b, a % b)
```

```
def Pour(tojug, fromjug, d):  
    from = fromjug  
    to = 0  
    step = 1  
    while (from is not d) and (to is not d):  
        temp = min(from, tojug - to) // min of fromjug & tojug - to  
        to = to + temp  
        from = from - temp  
        step = step + 1  
        if (from == d) or (to == d):  
            break  
        if (from == 0):  
            from = fromjug  
            step = step + 1  
        if (to == tojug):  
            to = 0  
            step = step + 1  
    return step
```

```
def minsteps(n, m, d):  
    if m > n:  
        temp = m  
        m = n  
        n = temp  
    if (d % (gcd(n, m)) is not 0):  
        return -1  
    return (min(Pour(n, m, d), Pour(m, n, d)))
```

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