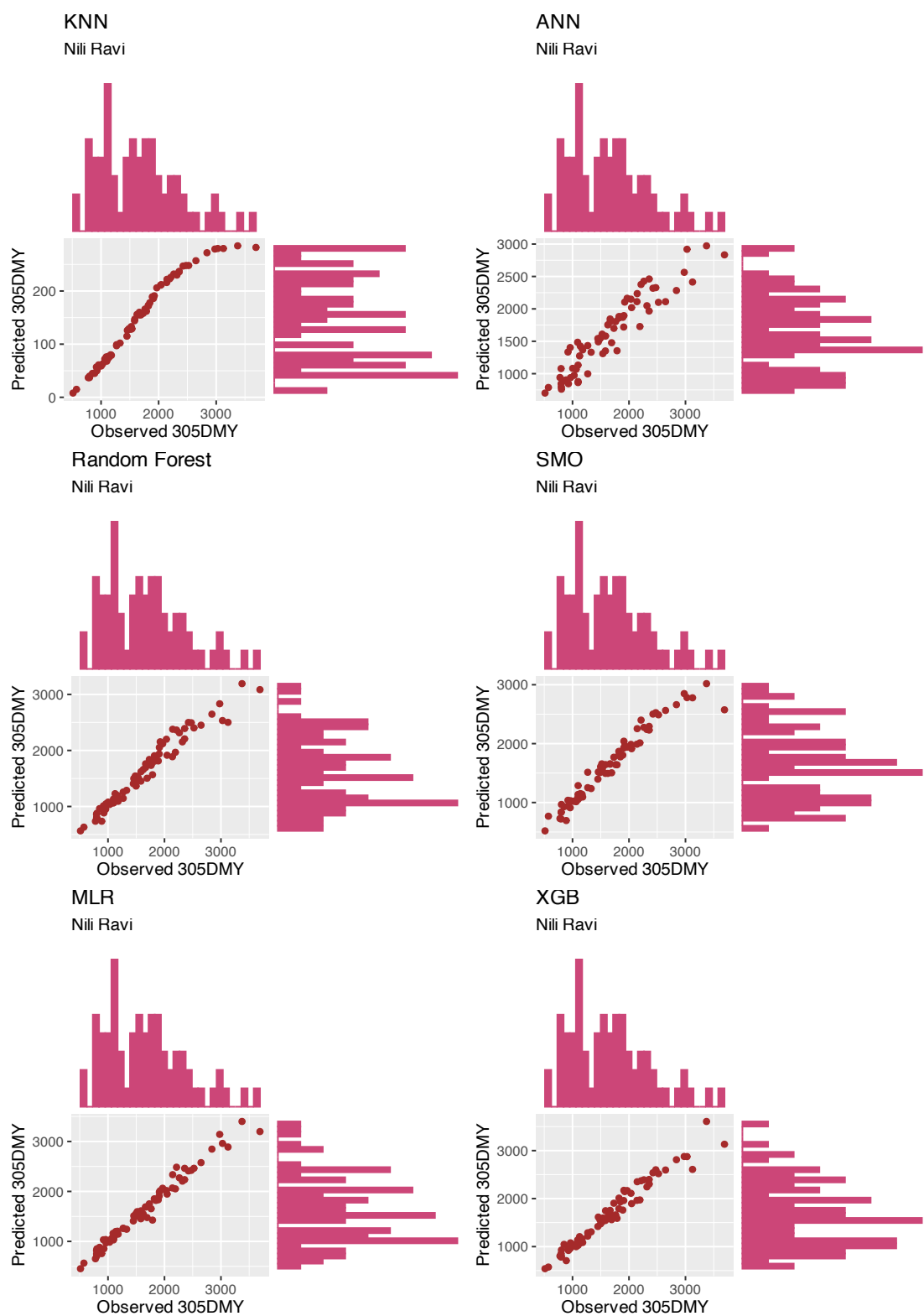
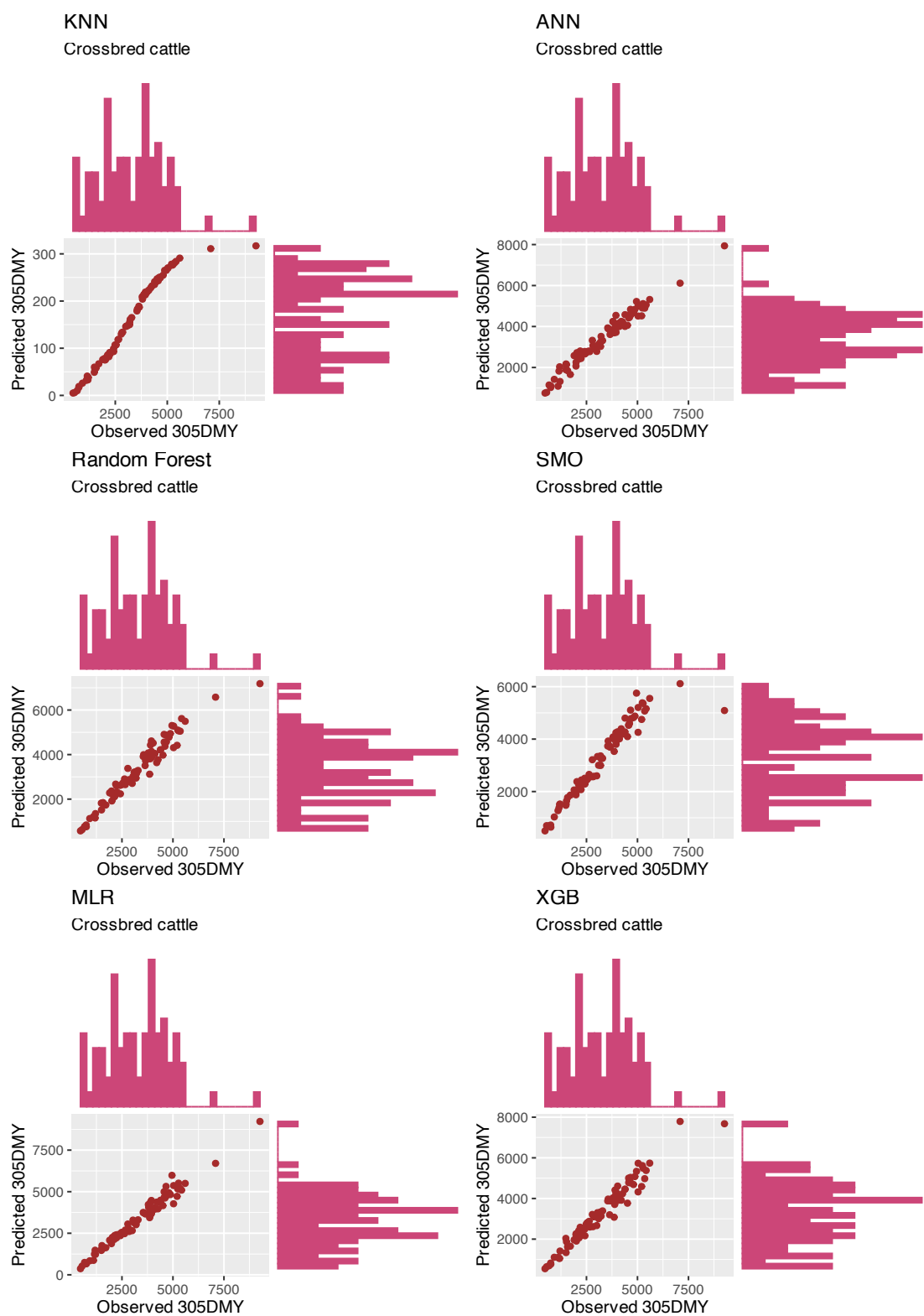


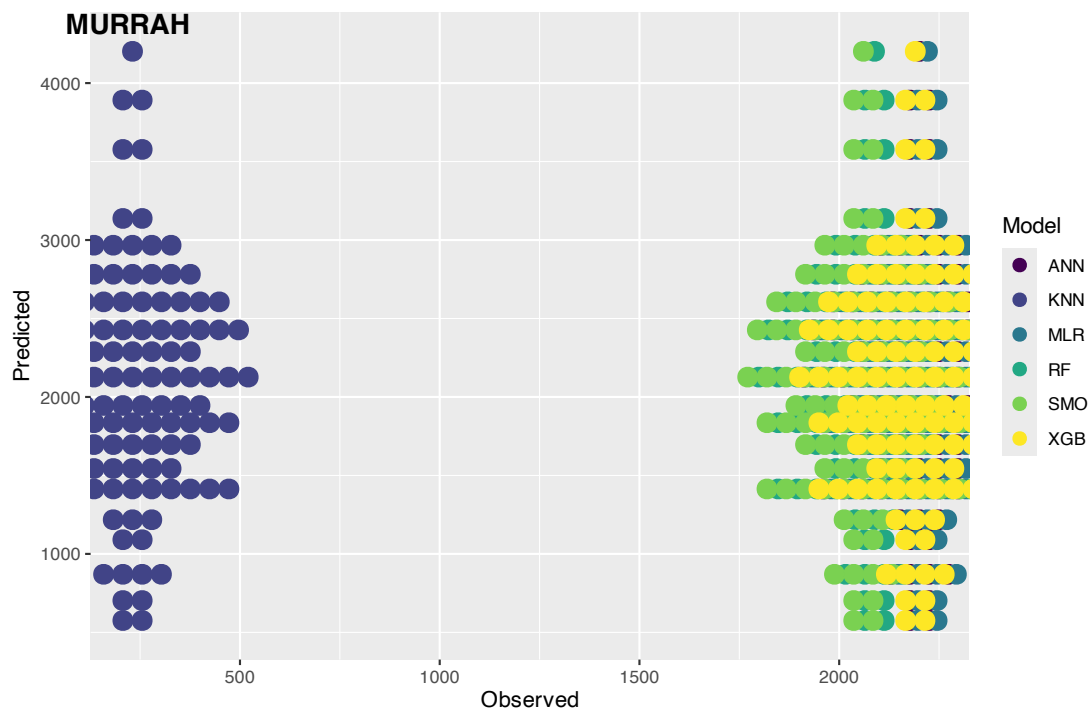
**Figure 4.1: Scatter plots with histogram of predicted vs observed values of 305DMY using STDY in Murrah buffaloes - (a) KNN, (b) ANN, (c) RF, (d) SMOreg, (e) MLR, (f) XGB**



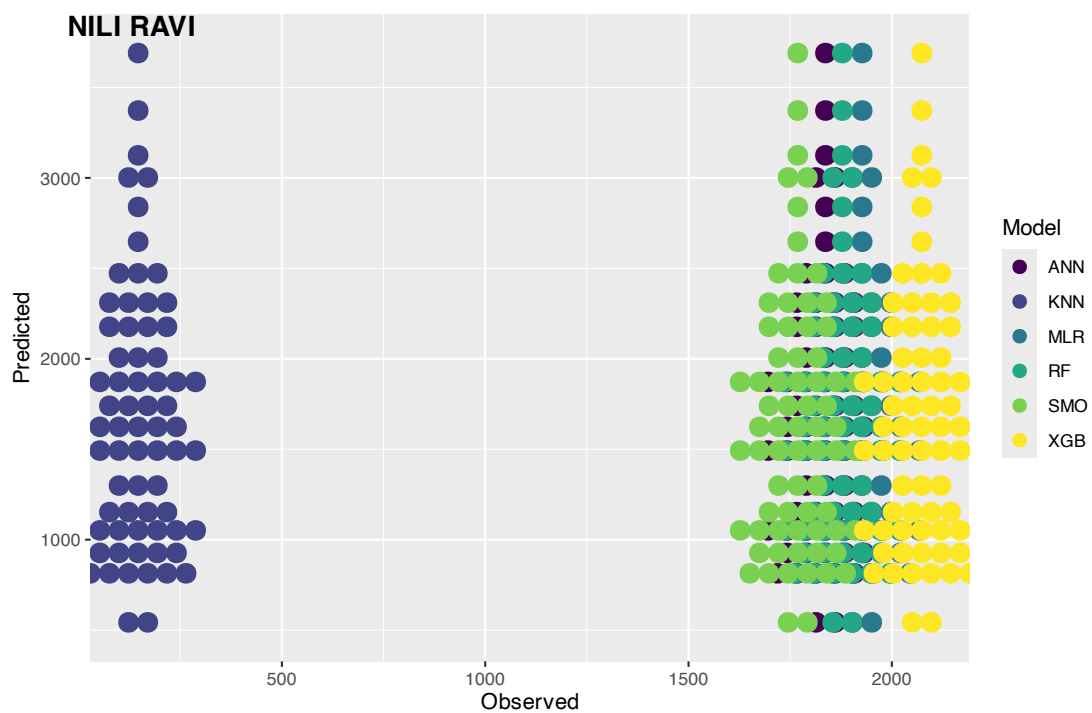
**Figure 4.2: Scatter plots with histogram of predicted vs observed values of 305DMY using STDY in Nili Ravi buffaloes - (a) KNN, (b) ANN, (c) RF, (d) SMOreg, (e) MLR, (f) XGB**



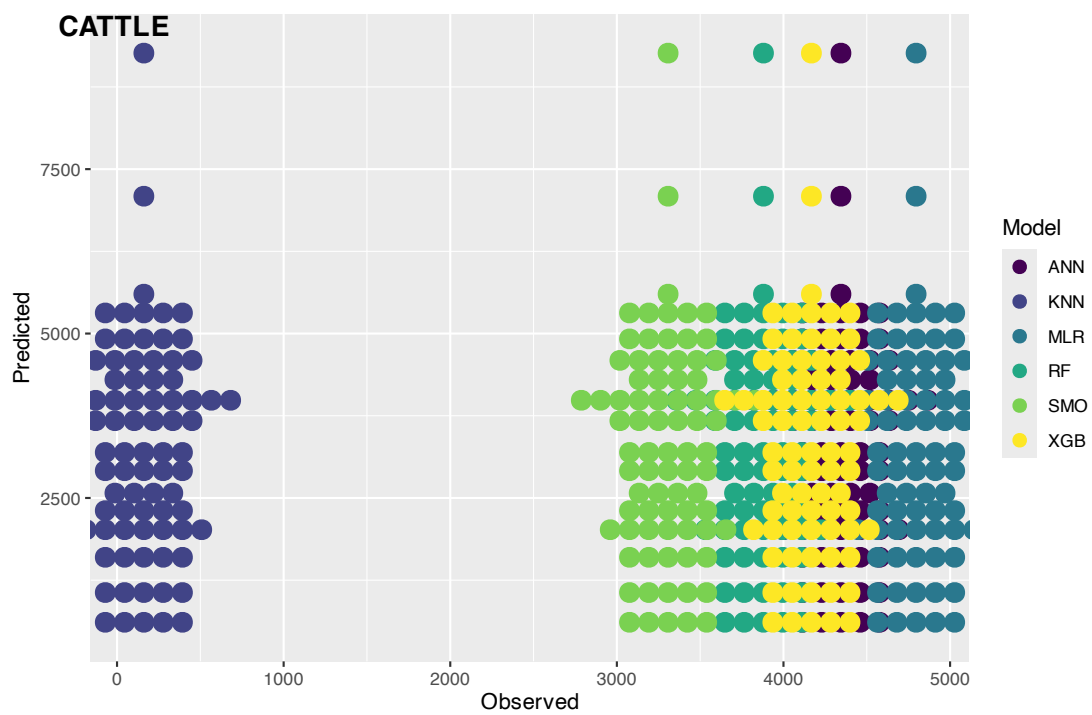
**Figure 4.3: Scatter plots with histogram of predicted vs observed values of 305DMY using STDY in crossbred cattle - (a) KNN, (b) ANN, (c) RF, (d) SMOreg, (e) MLR, (f) XGB**



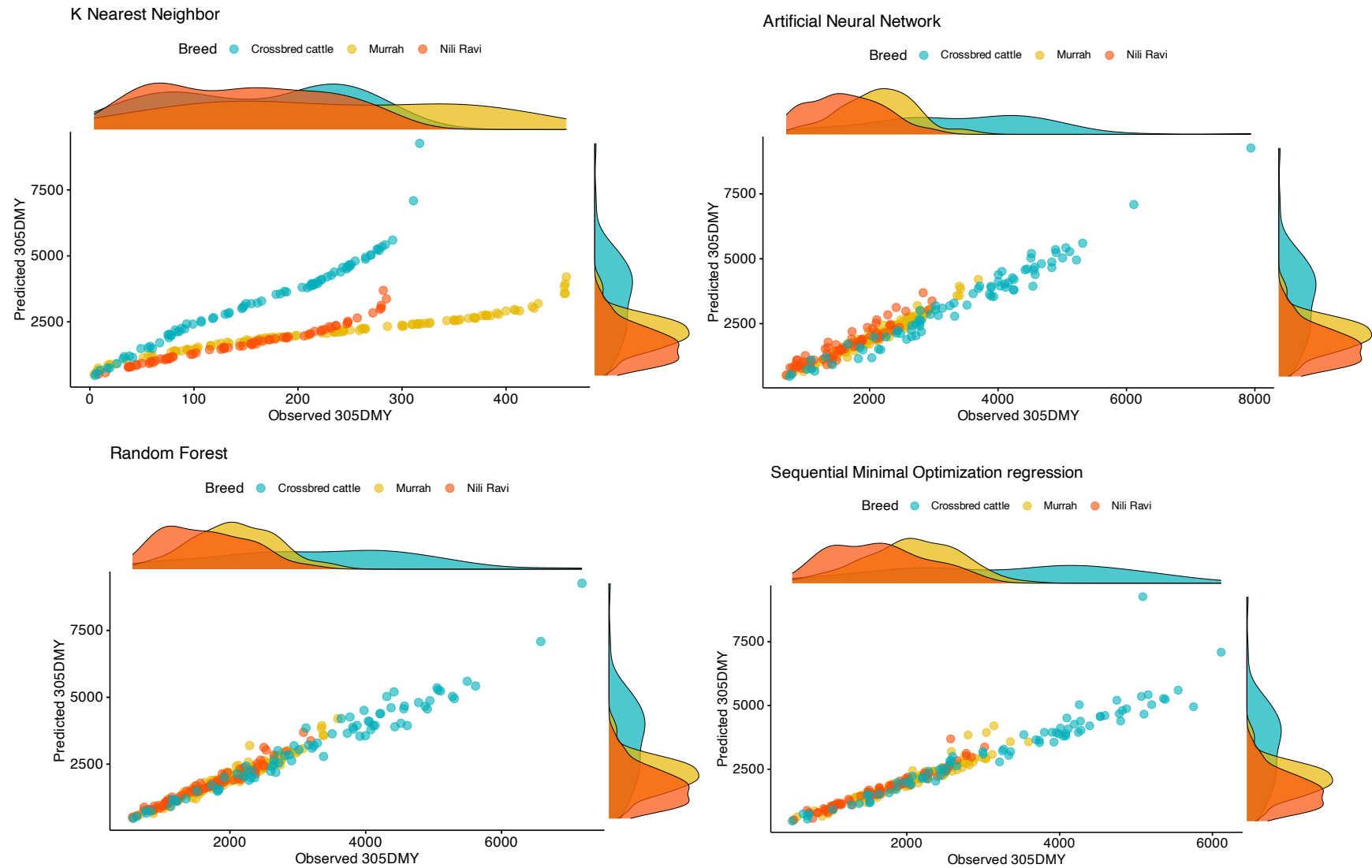
**Figure 4.4: Observed and predicted 305DMY in Murrah buffaloes using STDY**



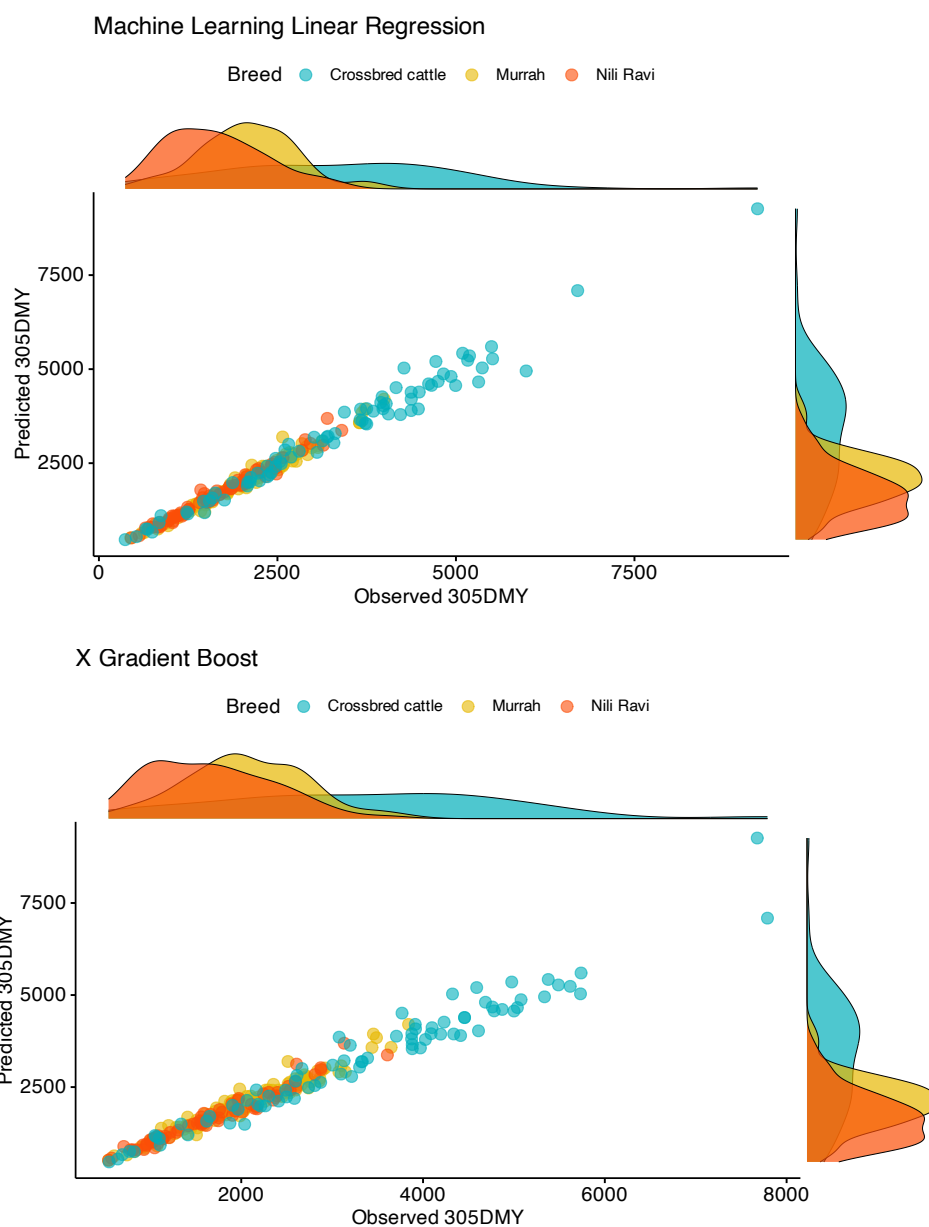
**Figure 4.5: Observed and predicted 305DMY in Nili Ravi buffaloes using STDY**



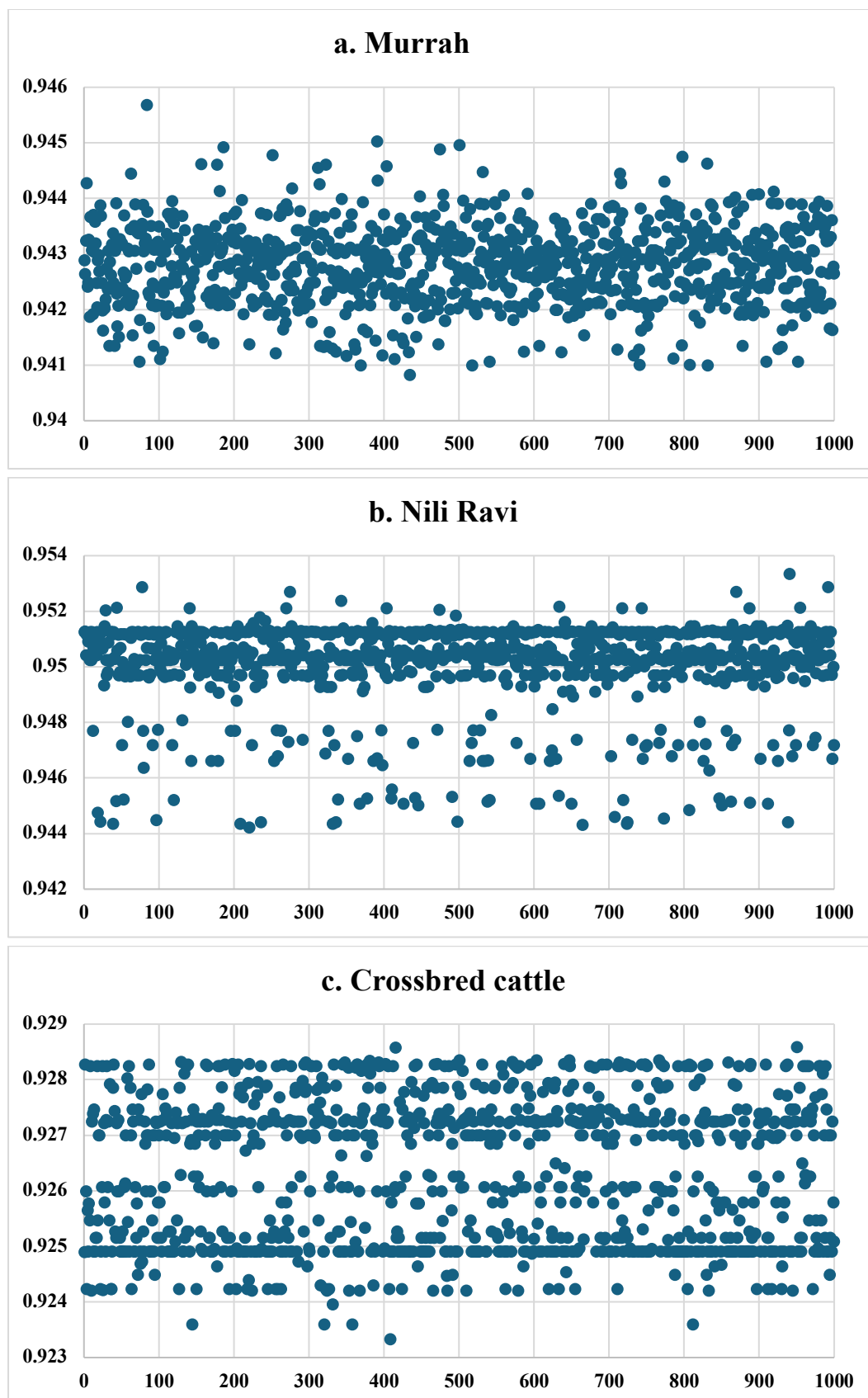
**Figure 4.6: Observed and predicted 305DMY in crossbred cattle using STDY**



**Figure 4.7: Comparative analysis of individual Model Efficiency: (a) KNN, (b) ANN, (c) RF, (d) SMOreg**

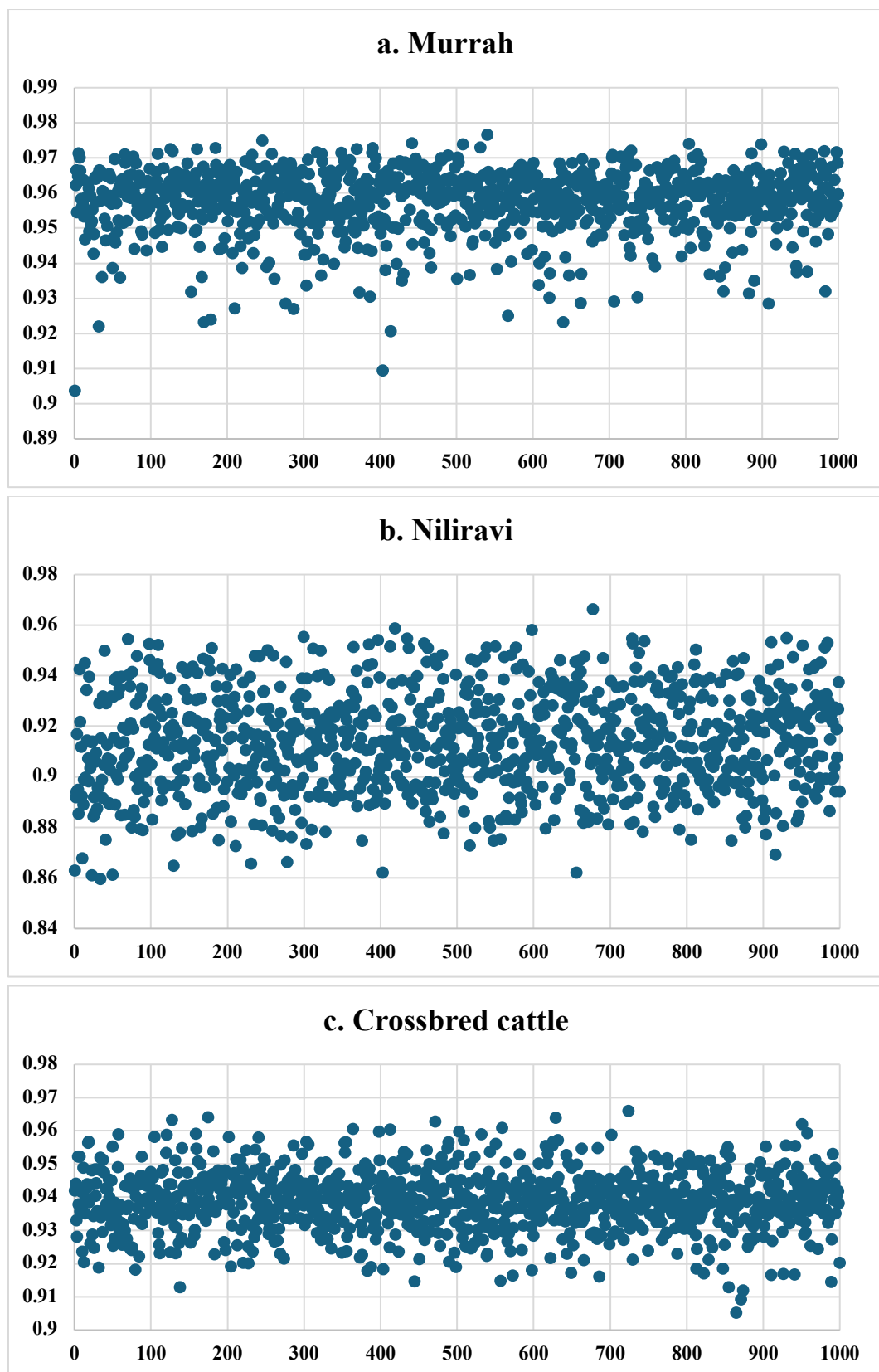


**Figure 4.7: Comparative analysis of individual Model Efficiency: (e) MLR, (f) XGB**

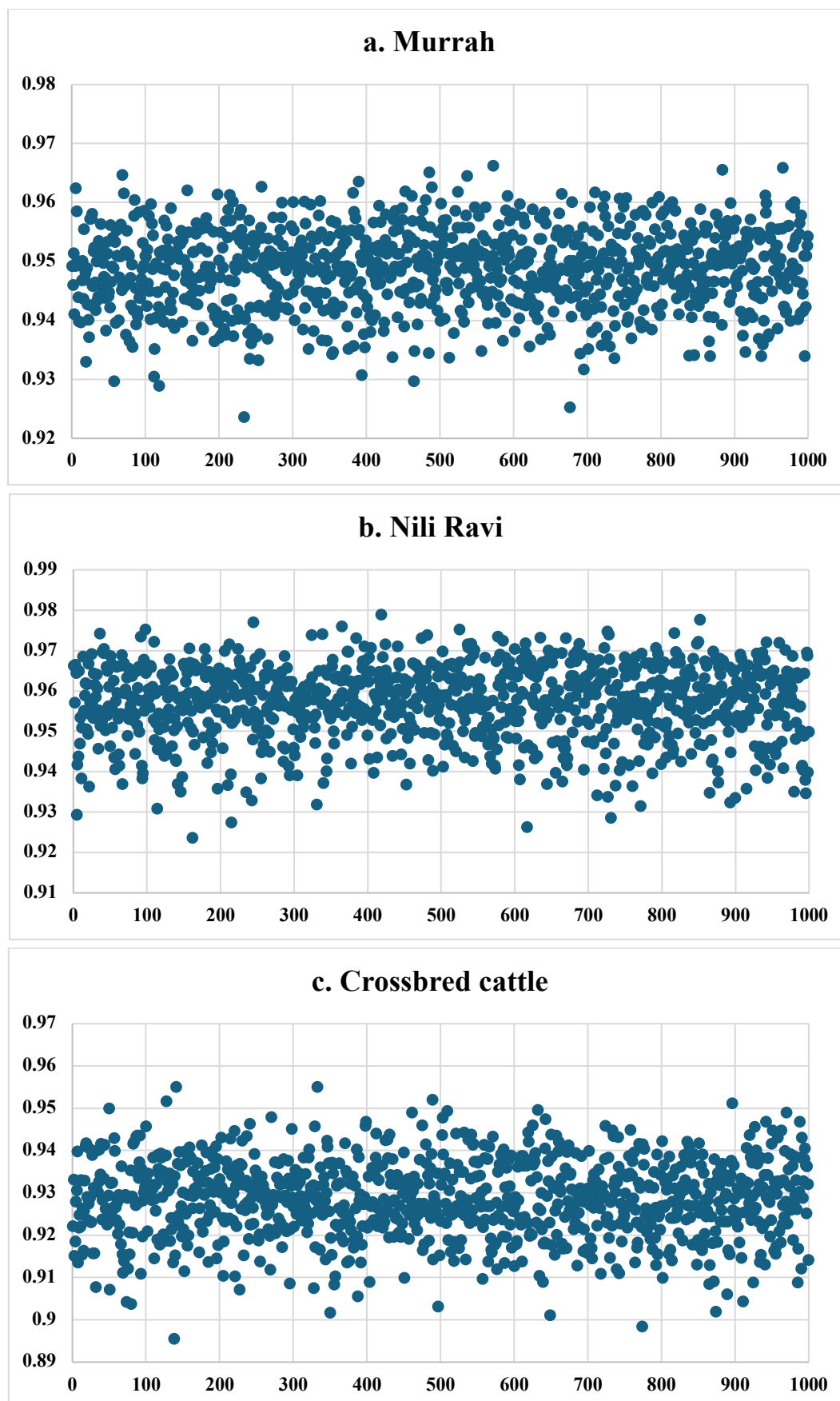


**Figure 4.8: Variability in Adjusted  $R^2$  for K Nearest Neighbor using the 1000 RTDMY sets**

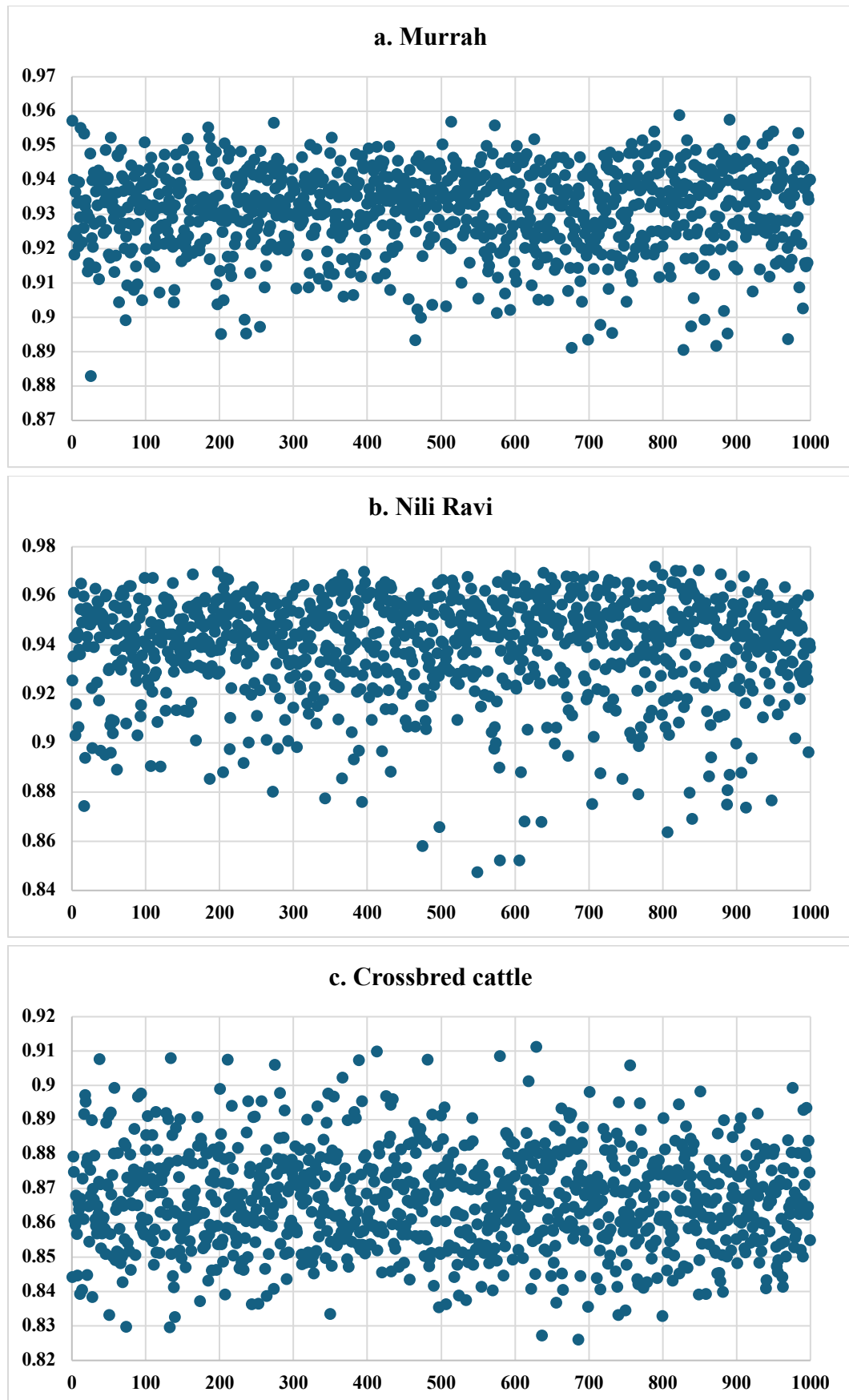




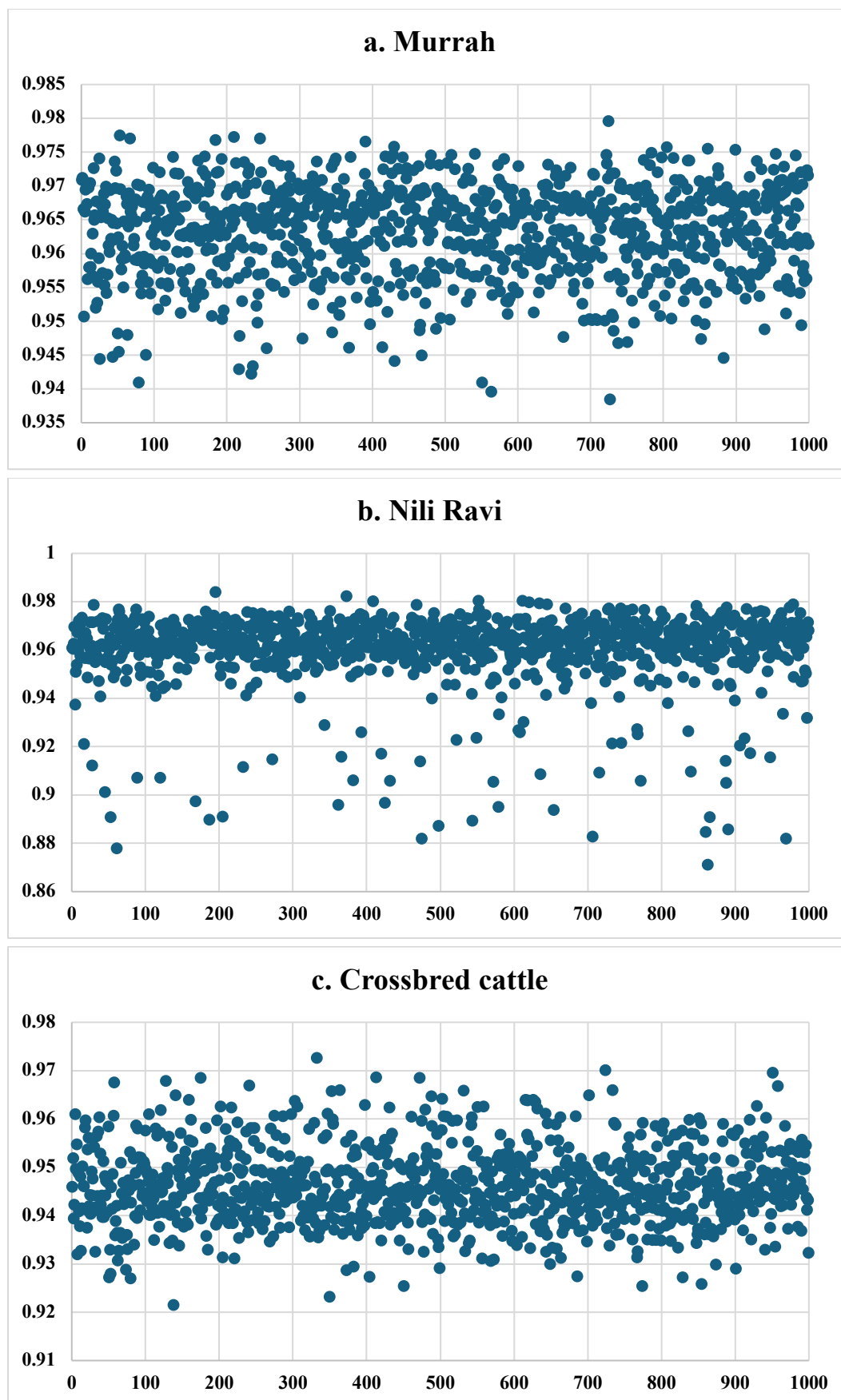
**Figure 4.9: Variability in Adjusted  $R^2$  for Artificial Neural Network using the 1000 RTDMY sets**



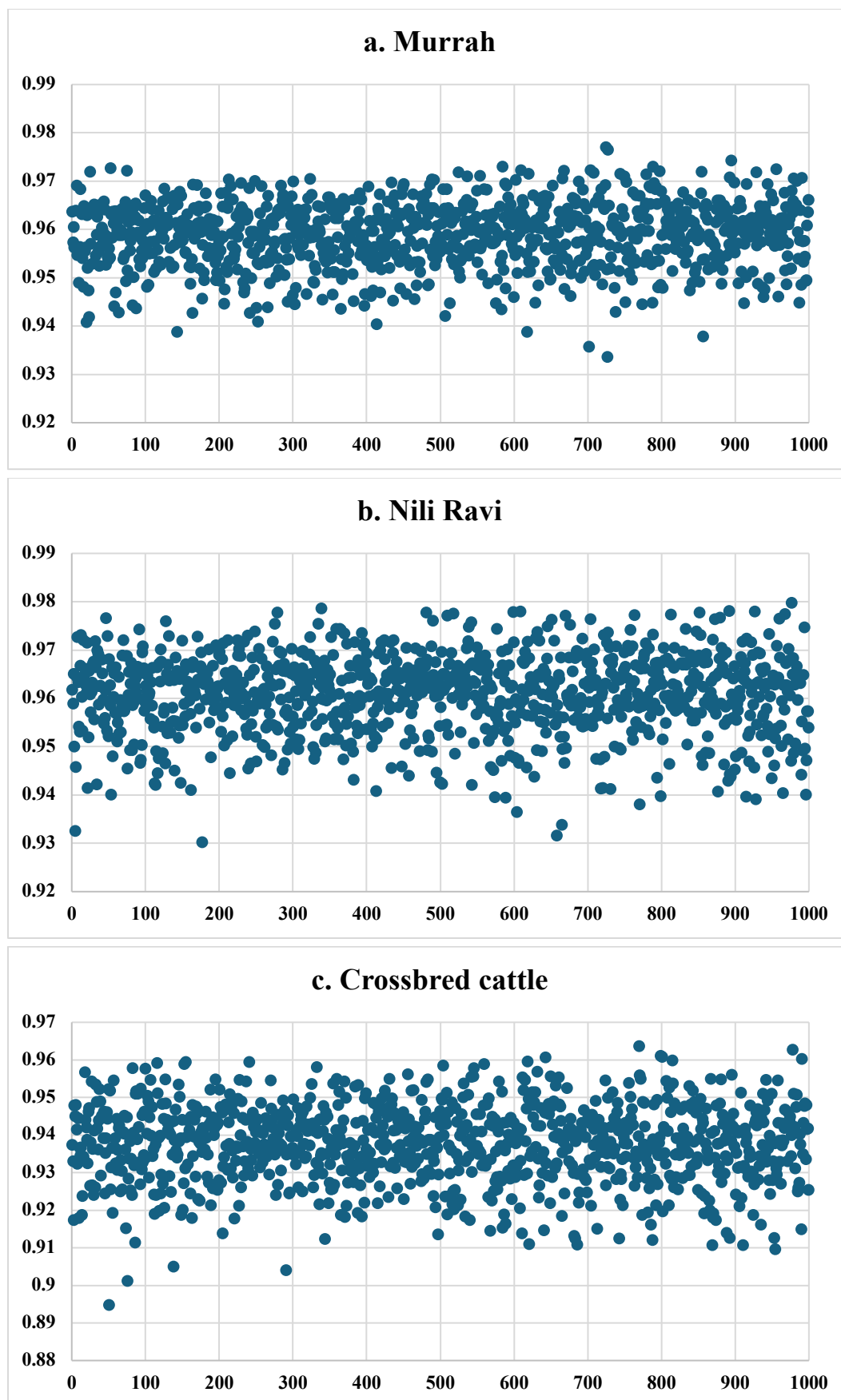
**Figure 4.10: Variability in Adjusted  $R^2$  for Random Forest using the 1000 RTDMY sets**



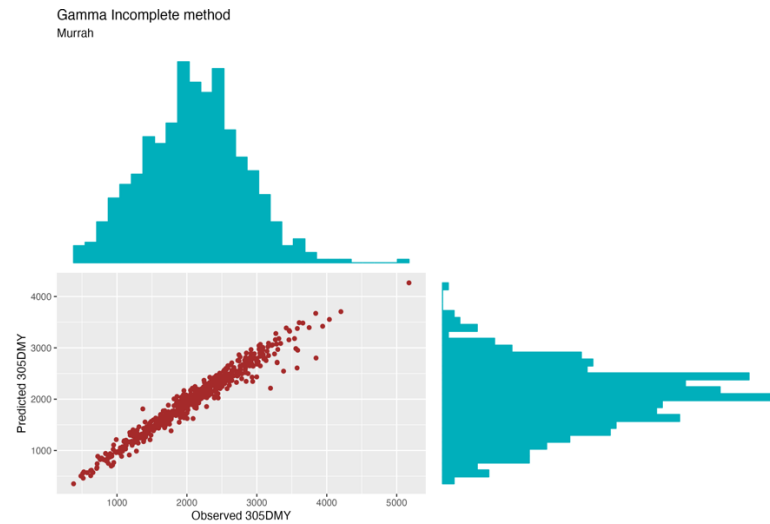
**Figure 4.11: Variability in Adjusted  $R^2$  for Sequential Minimal Optimization regression using the 1000 RTDMY sets**



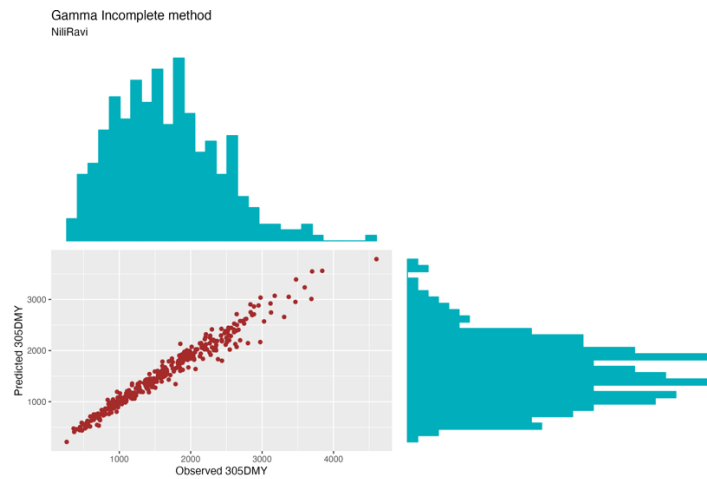
**Figure 4.12: Variability in Adjusted  $R^2$  for Machine learning linear regression using the 1000 RTDMY sets**



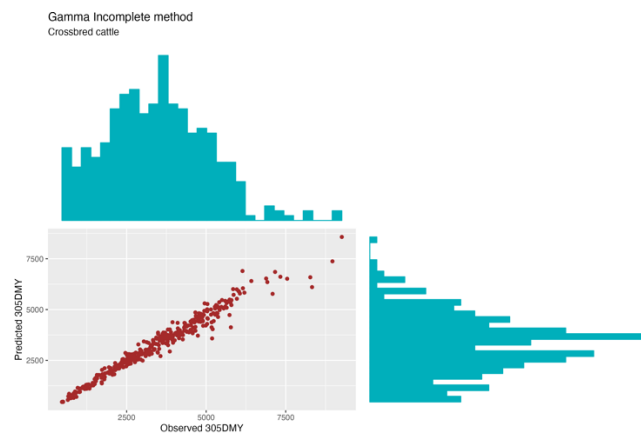
**Figure 4.13: Variability in Adjusted  $R^2$  for xEtreame Gradient Boost using the 1000 RTDMY sets**



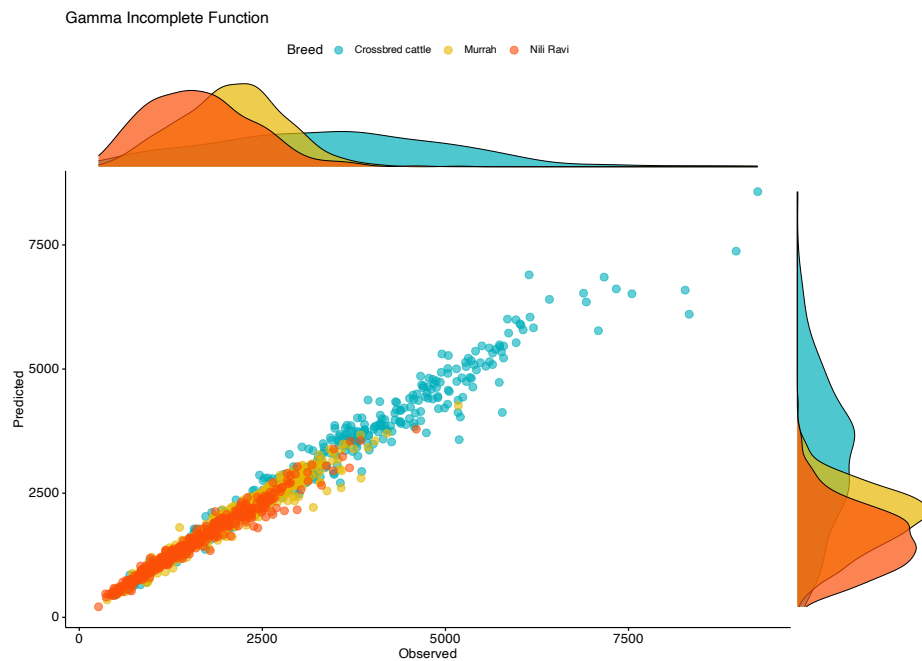
**Figure 4.14: Scatter plots with marginal histogram of predicted vs observed values of 305DMY using STDMY in Murrah buffaloes - Wood's Lactation curve model**



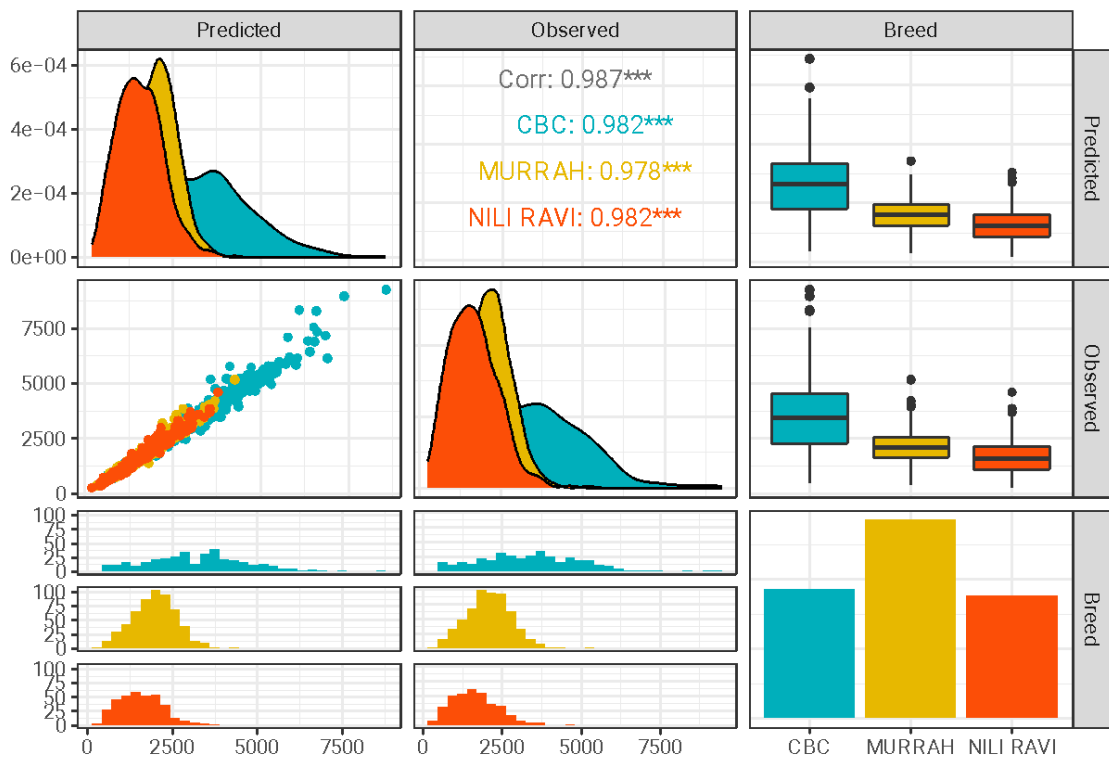
**Figure 4.15: Scatter plots with marginal histogram of predicted vs observed values of 305DMY using STDMY in Nili Ravi buffaloes - Wood's Lactation curve model**



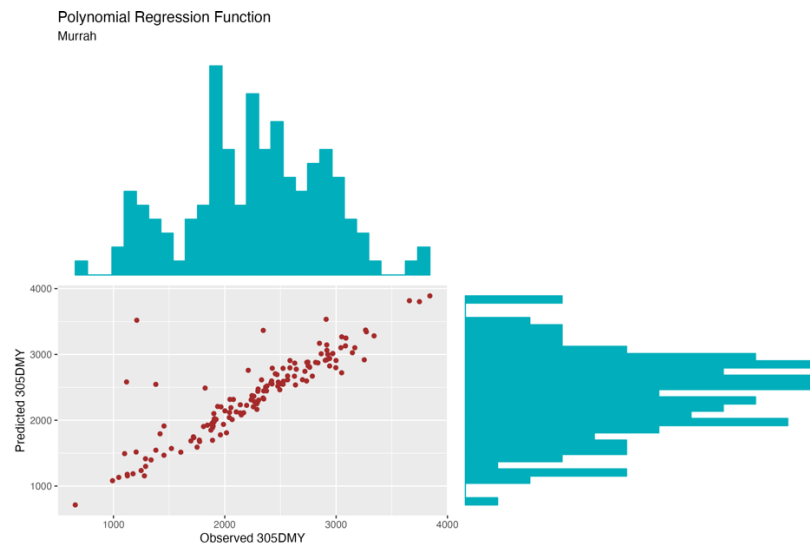
**Figure 4.16: Scatter plots with marginal histogram of predicted vs observed values of 305DMY using STDMY in crossbred cattle - Wood's Lactation curve model**



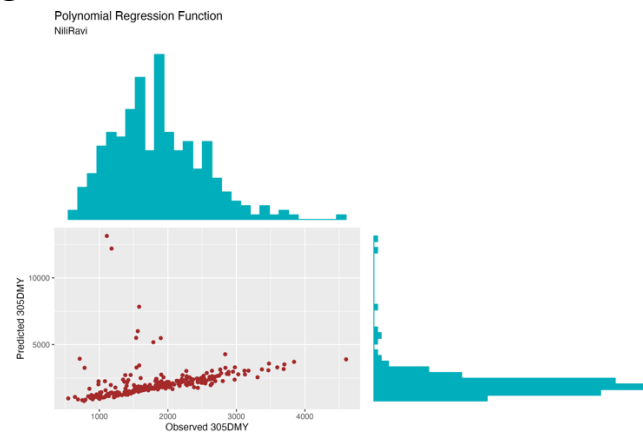
**Figure 4.17: Grouped Scatter plot with marginal density plots of predicted vs observed 305DMY in three different breeds - Gamma incomplete function (Wood's Lactation curve model)**



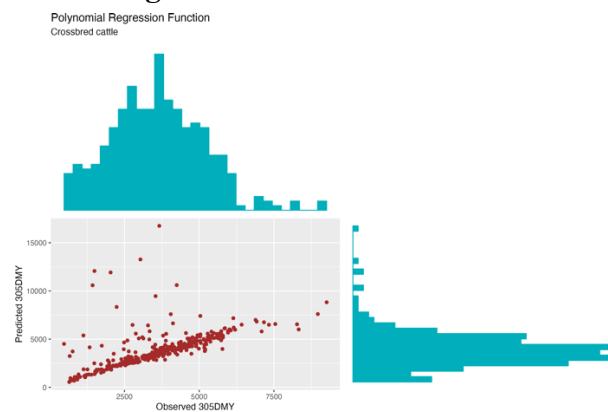
**Figure 4.18: Scatter plot matrix of Wood's lactation curve model of predicted vs observed 305DMY**



**Figure 4.19: Scatter plots with marginal histogram of predicted vs observed values of 305DMY using STDY in Murrah buffaloes - Polynomial Regression function**

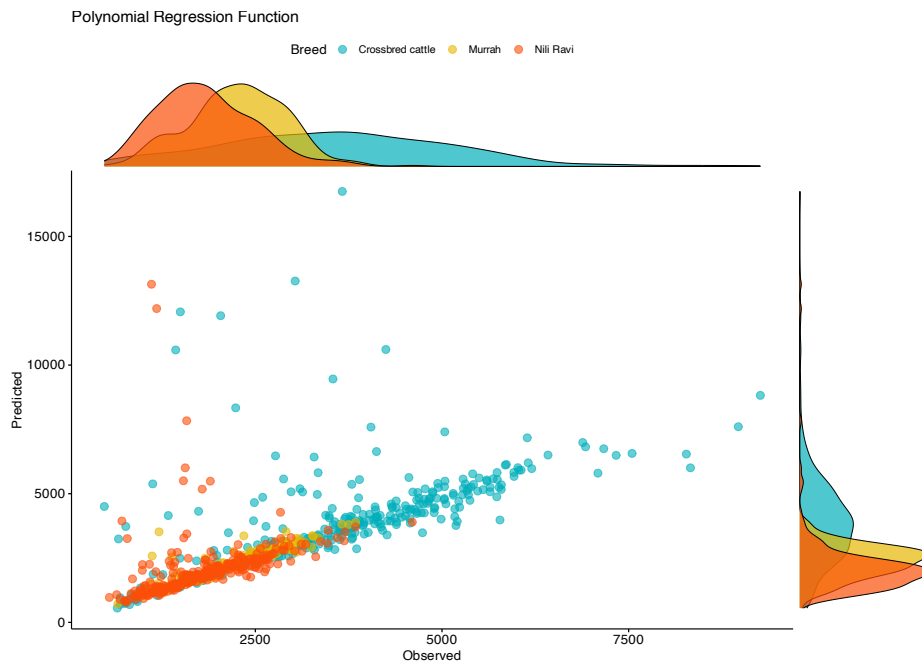


**Figure 4.20: Scatter plots with marginal histogram of predicted vs observed values of 305DMY using STDY in Nili Ravi buffaloes - Polynomial Regression function**

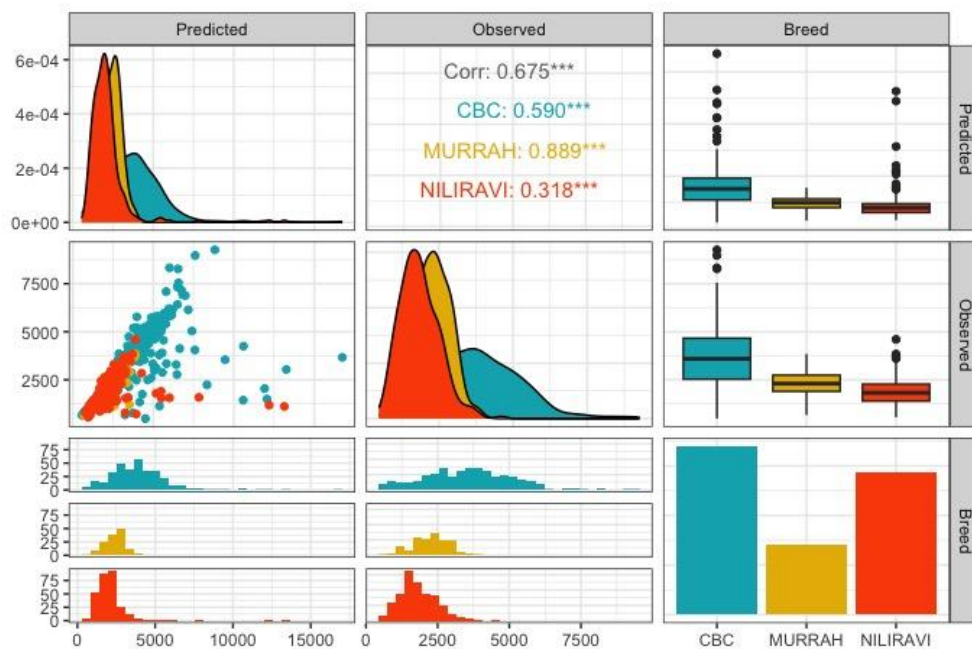


**Figure 4.21: Scatter plots with marginal histogram of predicted vs observed values of 305DMY using STDY in crossbred cattle - Polynomial Regression function**

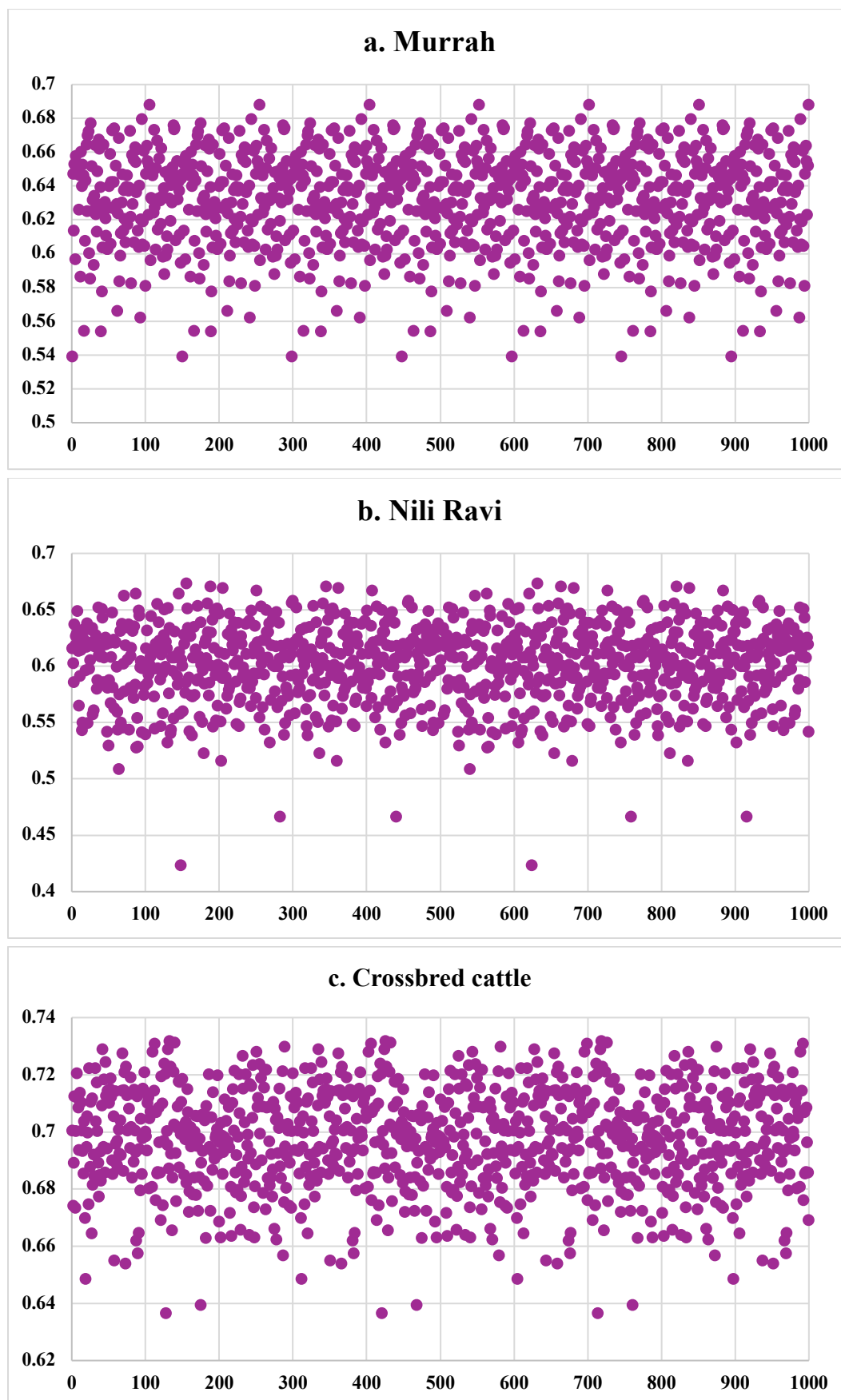




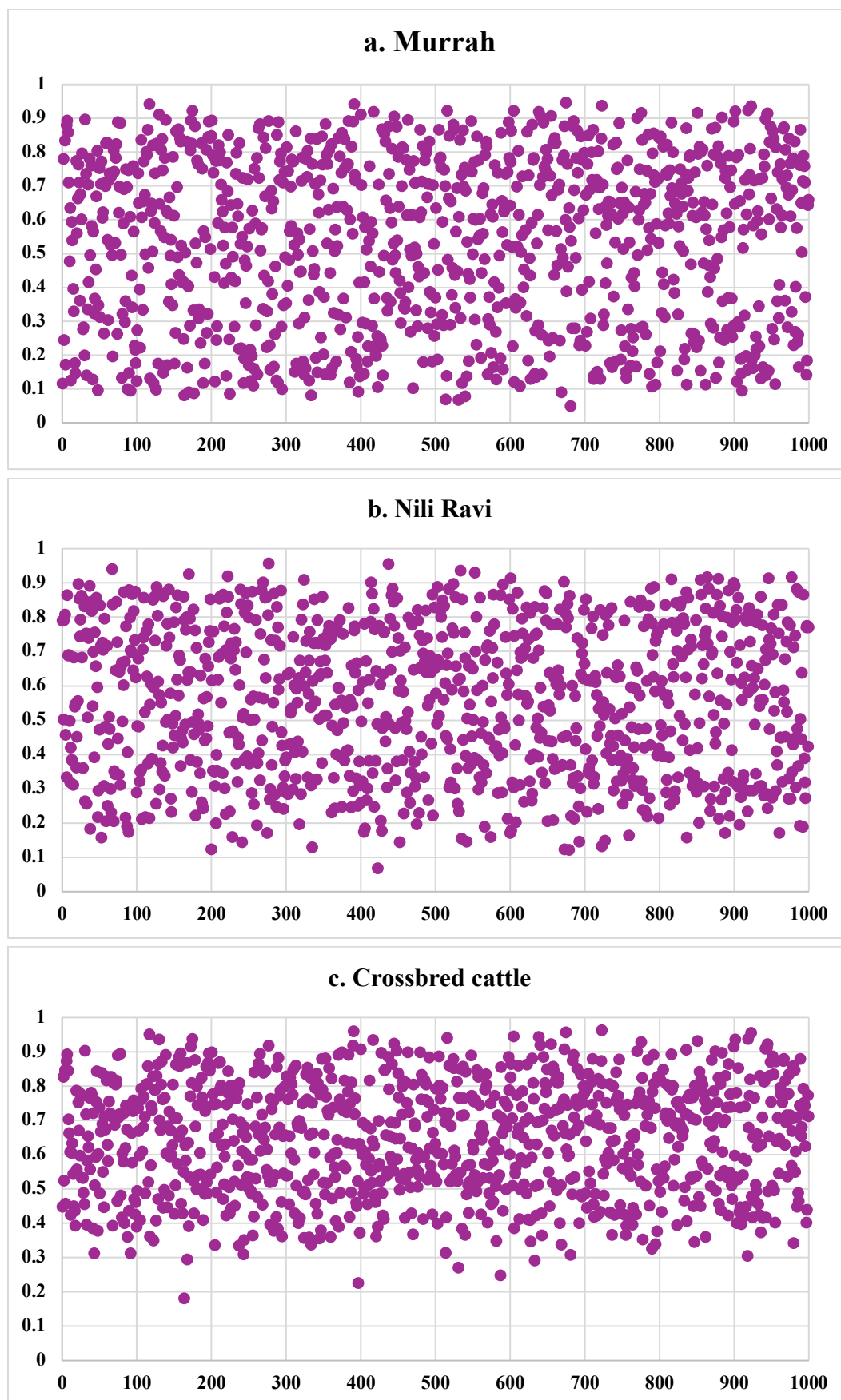
**Figure 4.22: Grouped Scatter plot with marginal density plots of predicted vs observed 305DMY in three different breeds - Polynomial Regression Function**



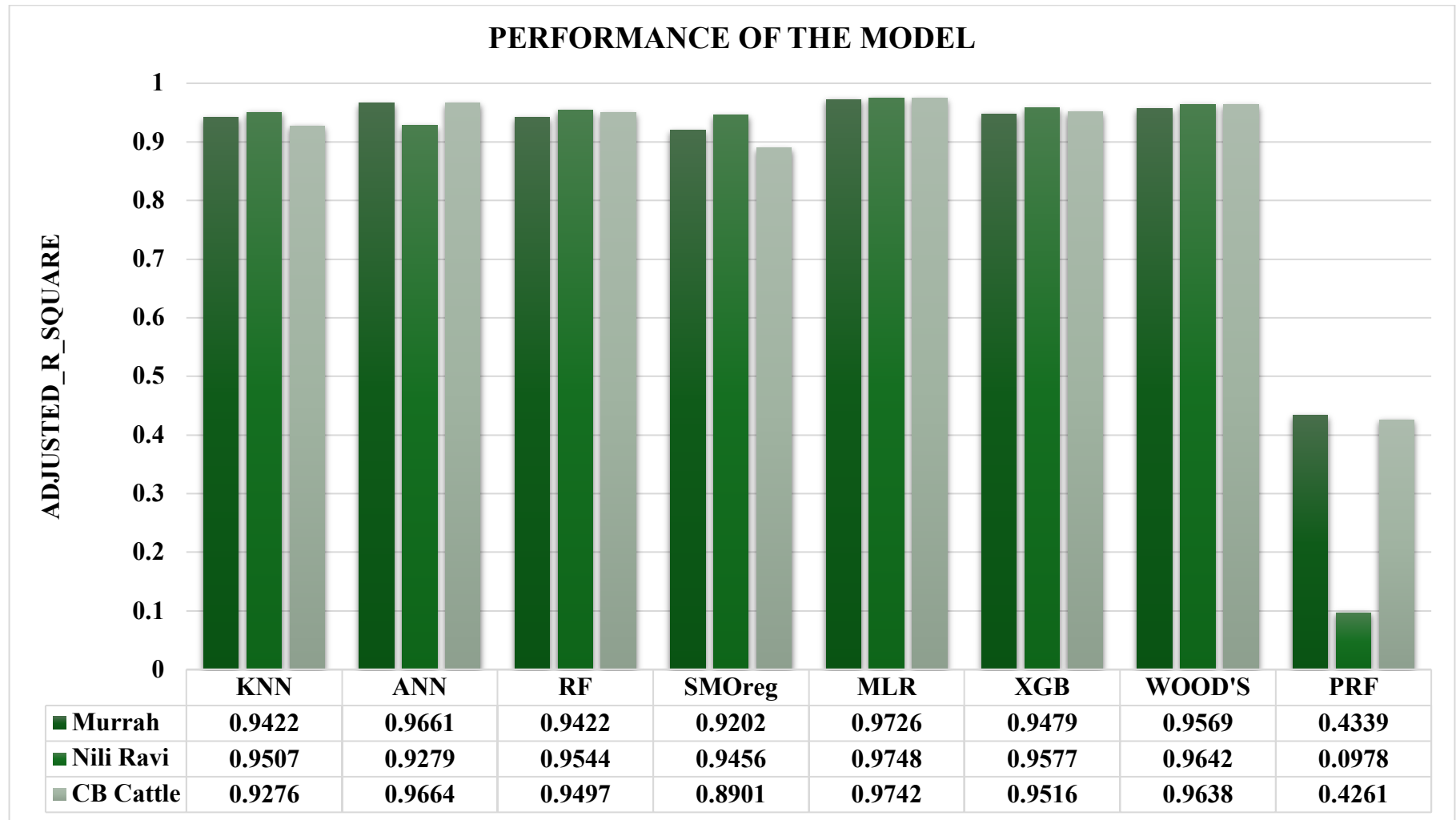
**Figure 4.23: Scatter plot matrix of Polynomial Regression function of predicted vs observed 305DMY**



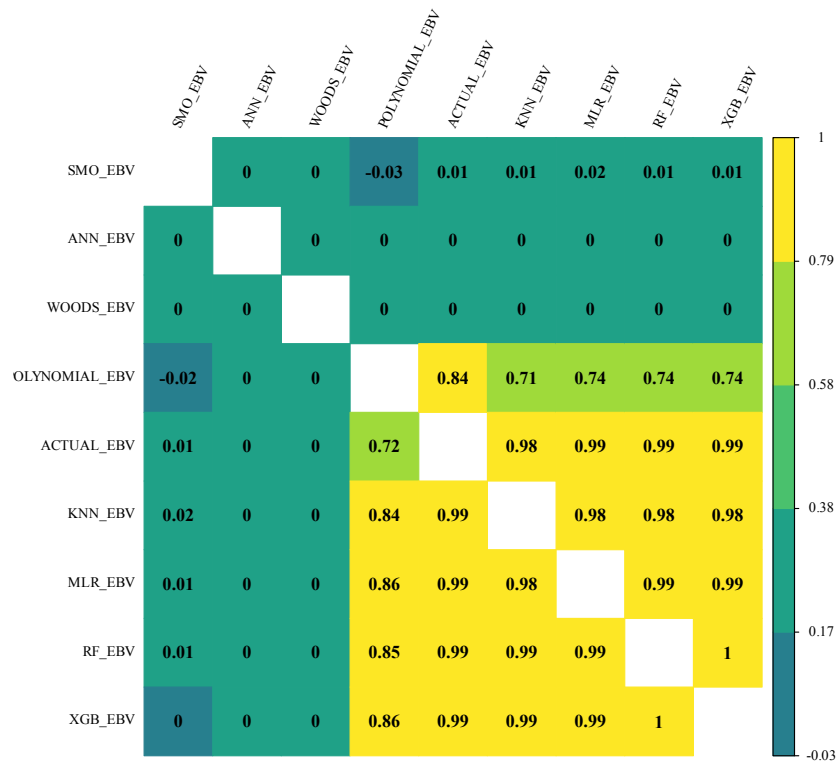
**Figure 4.24: Variability in Adjusted  $R^2$  for Wood's lactation curve model using the 1000 RTDMY sets**



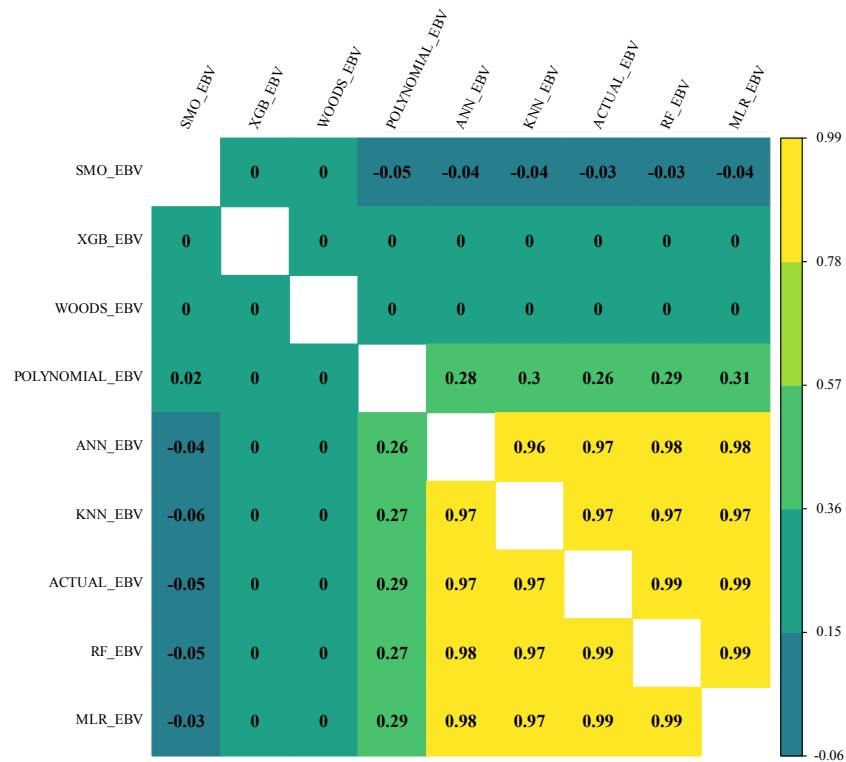
**Figure 4.25: Variability in Adjusted  $R^2$  for PRF model using the 1000 RTDMY sets**



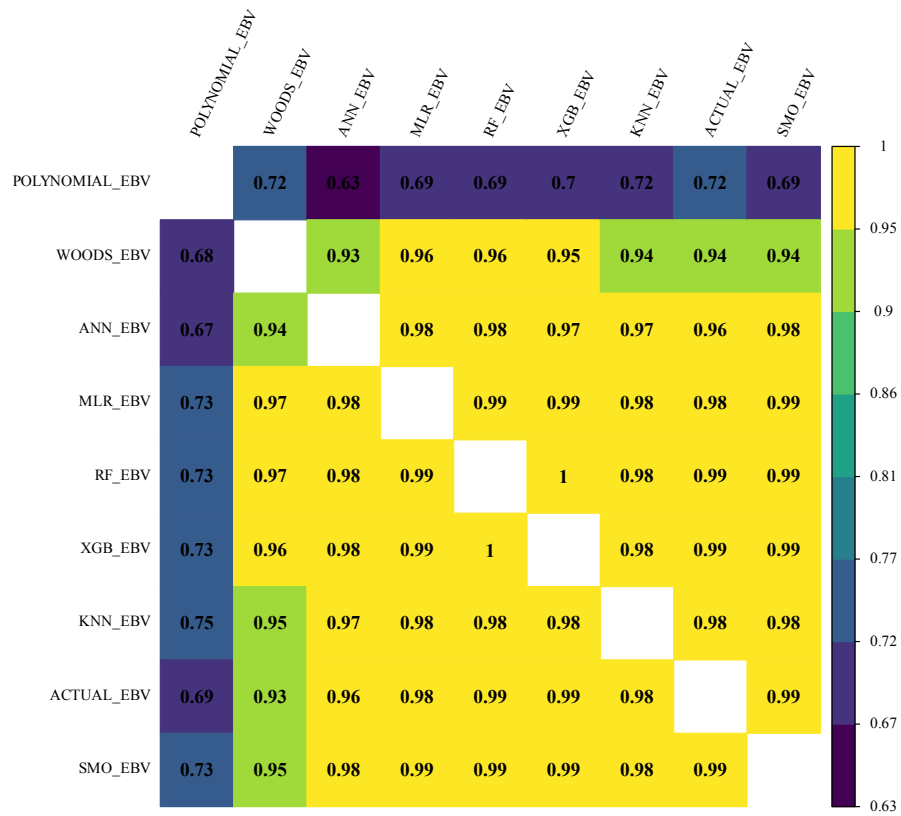
**Figure 4.26: Performance Comparison of six Machine Learning Models and two Conventional Lactation Curve models across different dairy animals using STDMY**



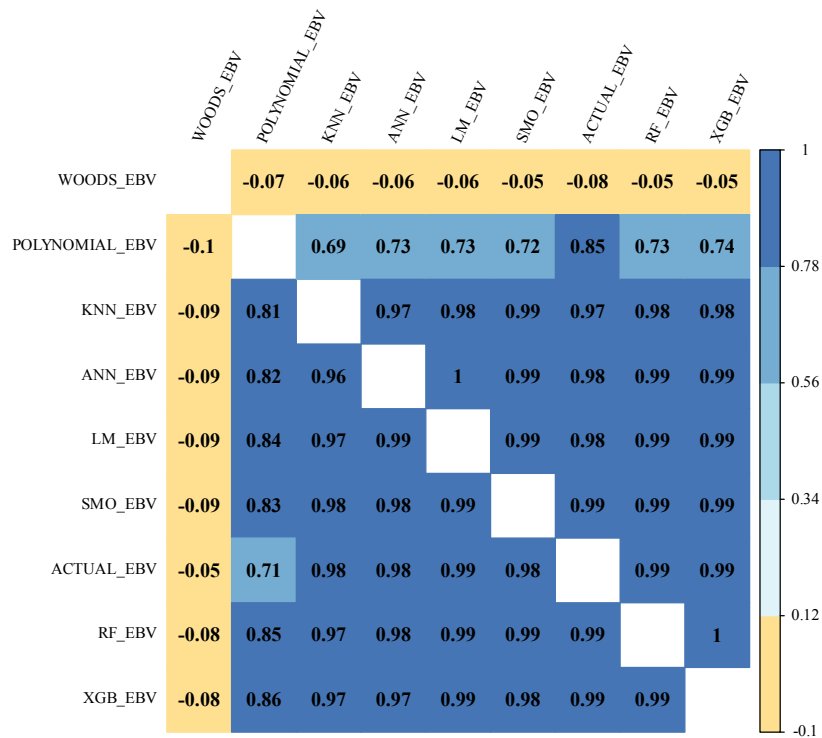
**Figure 4.27: Heatmap of Pearson's (above diagonal) and Spearman's (below diagonal) correlation coefficients of EBV among the models for Murrah buffaloes**



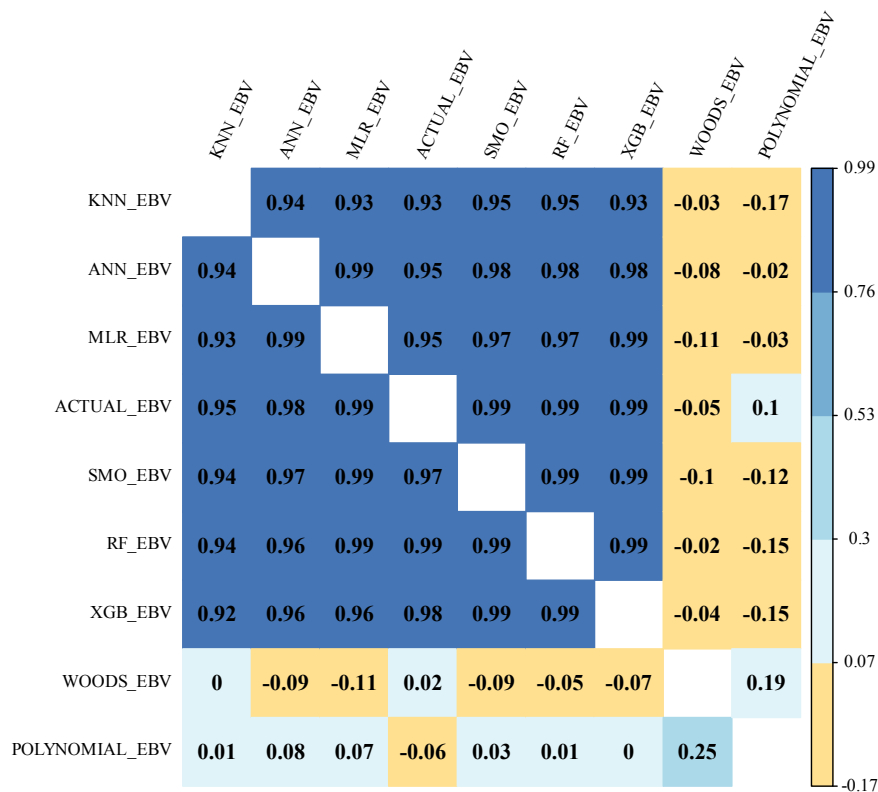
**Figure 4.28: Heatmap of Pearson's (above diagonal) and Spearman's (below diagonal) correlation coefficients of EBV among the models for Nili Ravi buffaloes**



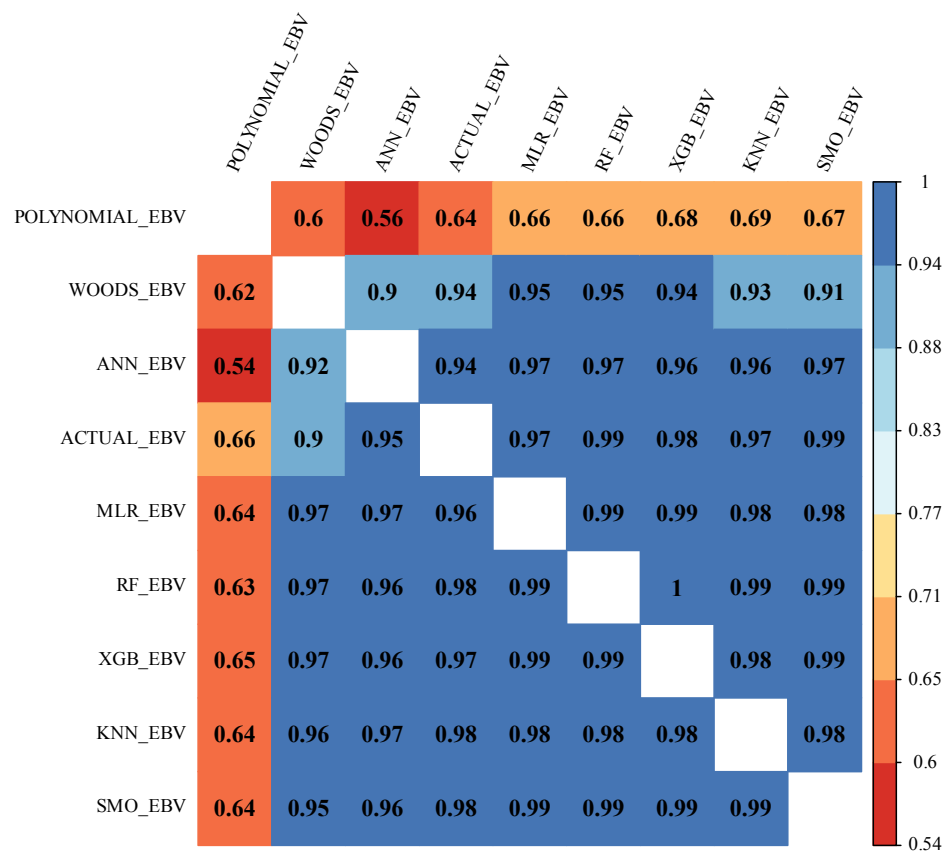
**Figure 4.29: Heatmap of Pearson's (above diagonal) and Spearman's (below diagonal) correlation coefficients of EBV among the models for crossbred cattle**



**Figure 4.30: Heatmap of Pearson's (above diagonal) and Spearman's (below diagonal) correlation coefficients of sire evaluation among the models for Murrah buffaloes**



**Figure 4.31: Heatmap of Pearson's (above diagonal) and Spearman's (below diagonal) correlation coefficients of sire evaluation among the models for Nili Ravi buffaloes**



**Figure 4.32: Heatmap of Pearson's (above diagonal) and Spearman's (below diagonal) correlation coefficients of sire evaluation among the models for crossbred cattle**