

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that Mr.	student of			
M.Sc(C.S.) Semester III at Suryadatta College	e of Management			
Information Research & Technology (SCMIR	T), Pune, has successfully			
completed the assigned practical journal in <u>Machine Learning</u> prescribed				
by the Savitribai Phule Pune University during the academic year 2022-				
2023.				
Internal Examiner	External Examiner			
HOD	Principal			
	_			
Dlaga, Dana				
Place: Pune				
Date:				

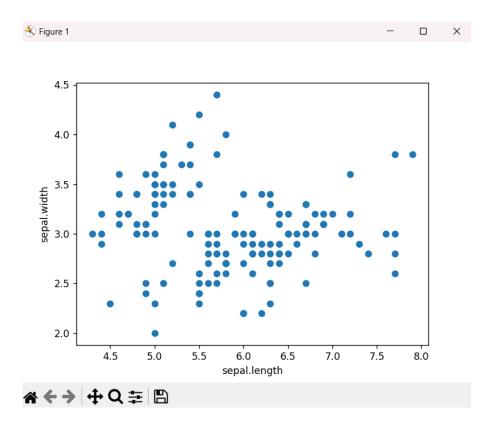
INDEX

Sr.No.	Name	Page No.	Remark	Sign
1)	Write a python program to Prepare Scatter Plot (Use Forge Dataset / Iris Dataset)	3		
2)	Write a python program to find all null values in a given data set and remove them.	4 - 6		
3)	Write a python program the Categorical values in numeric format for a given dataset.	7		
4)	Write a python program to implement simple Linear Regression for predicting house price.	8 - 9		
5)	Write a python program to implement multiple Linear Regression for a given dataset.	10 - 12		
6)	Write a python program to implement Polynomial Regression for given dataset.	13 - 15		
7)	Write a python program to Implement Naïve Bayes.	16 - 17		
8)	Write a python program to Implement Decision Tree whether or not to play tennis.	18 - 19		
9)	Write a python program to implement linear SVM.	20 - 22		
10)	Write a python program to implement k-nearest Neighbors ML algorithm to build prediction model (Use Forge Dataset)	23 - 24		

1) Write a python program to Prepare Scatter Plot (Use Forge Dataset / Iris Dataset)

Ans:

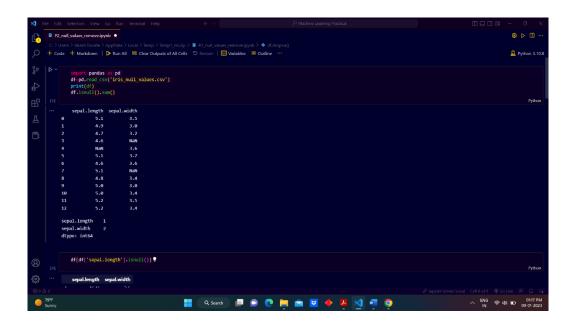
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('iris.csv')
print(df)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.scatter(df['sepal.length'], df['sepal.width'])
plt.xlabel('sepal.length')
plt.ylabel('sepal.width')
plt.show()

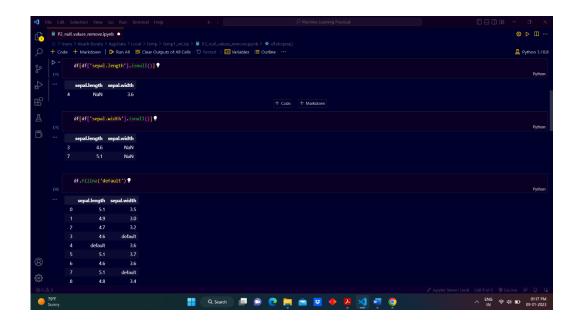


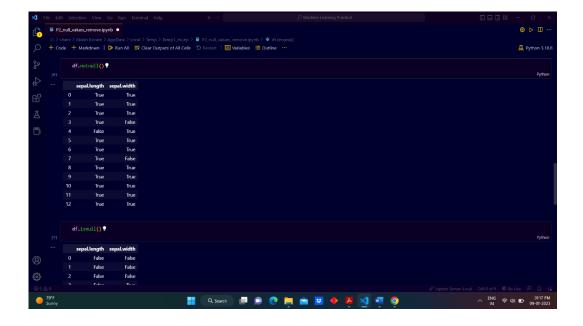
2) Write a python program to find all null values in a given data set and remove them.

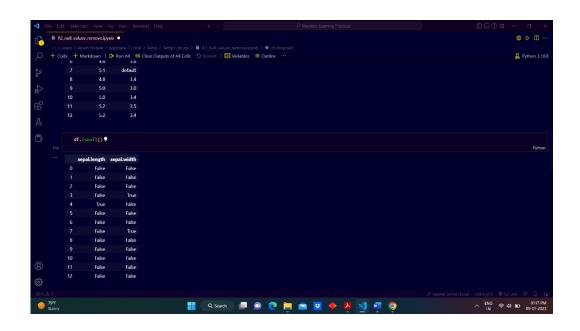
Ans:

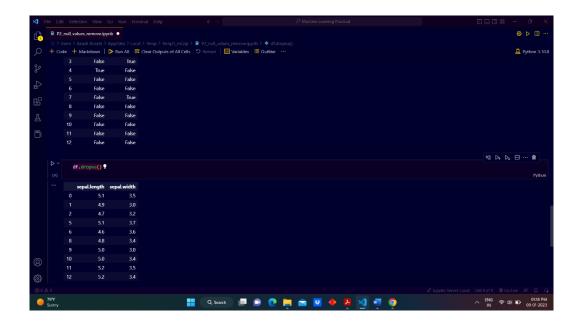
```
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv('iris_null_values.csv')
print(df)
df.isnull().sum()
df[df['sepal.length'].isnull()]
df[df['sepal.width'].isnull()]
df.fillna('default')
df.isnull()
df.notnull()
df.isnull()
df.dropna()
```









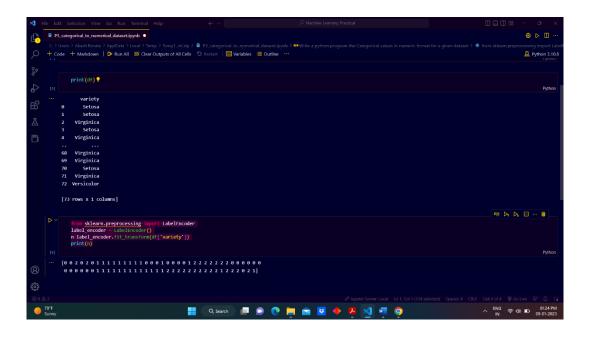


3) Write a python program the Categorical values in numeric format for a given dataset.

Ans:

```
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv('categorical_data.csv')
print(df)
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
n=label_encoder.fit_transform(df['variety'])
print(n)
```

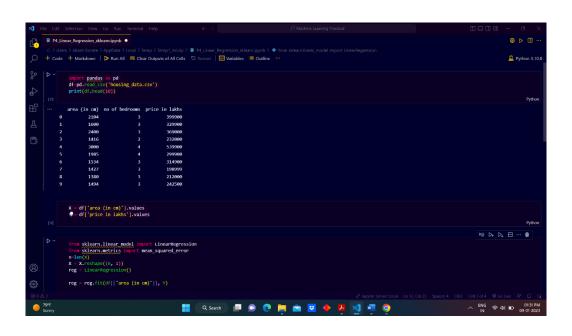
output:

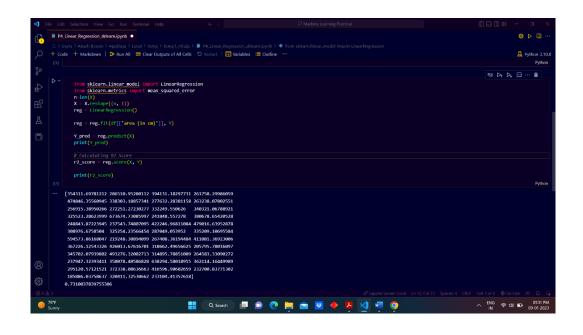


4) Write a python program to implement simple Linear Regression for predicting house price.

Ans:

```
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read csv('housing data.csv')
print(df.head(10))
X = df['area (in cm)'].values
Y = df['price in lakhs'].values
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
n=len(X)
X = X.reshape((n, 1))
reg = LinearRegression()
reg = reg.fit(df[['area (in cm)']], Y)
Y_pred = reg.predict(X)
print(Y_pred)
# Calculating R2 Score
r2 score = reg.score(X, Y)
print(r2_score)
```

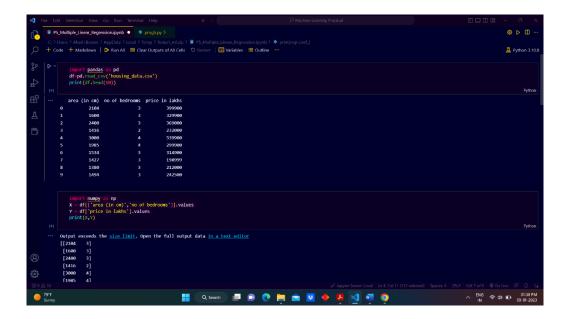


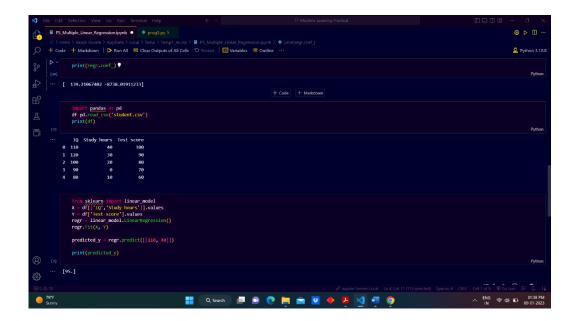


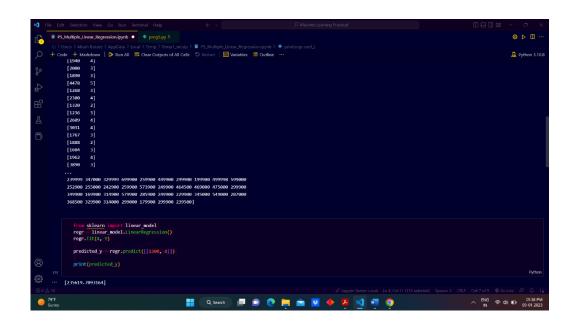
5) Write a python program to implement multiple Linear Regression for a given dataset.

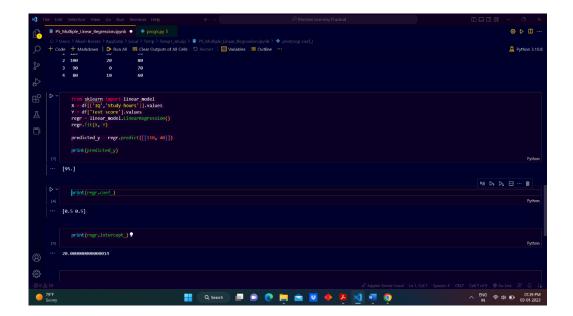
Ans:

```
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read csv('housing data.csv')
print(df.head(10))
import numpy as np
X = df[['area (in cm)','no of bedrooms']].values
Y = df['price in lakhs'].values
print(X,Y)
from sklearn import linear_model
regr = linear model.LinearRegression()
regr.fit(X, Y)
predicted_y = regr.predict([[1300, 4]])
print(predicted y)
print(regr.coef_)
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read csv('student.csv')
print(df)
from sklearn import linear model
X = df[['IQ','Study hours']].values
Y = df['Test score'].values
regr = linear_model.LinearRegression()
regr.fit(X, Y)
predicted y = regr.predict([[110, 40]])
print(predicted_y)
print(regr.coef_)
print(regr.intercept )
```







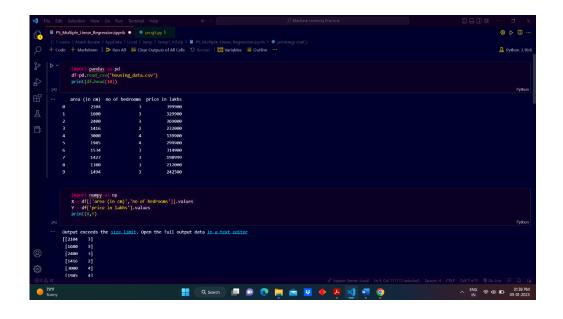


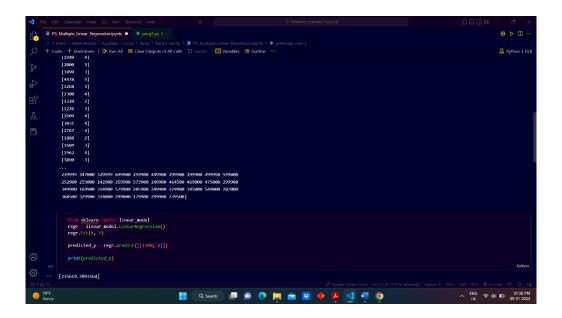
6) Write a python program to implement Polynomial Regression for given dataset.

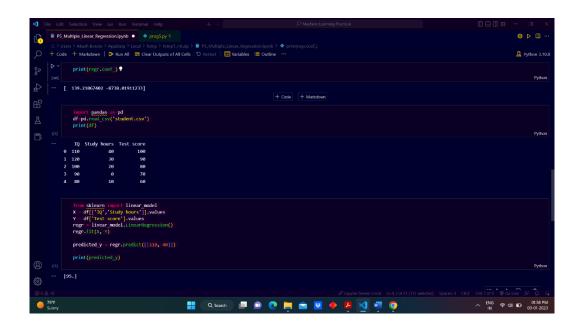
Ans:

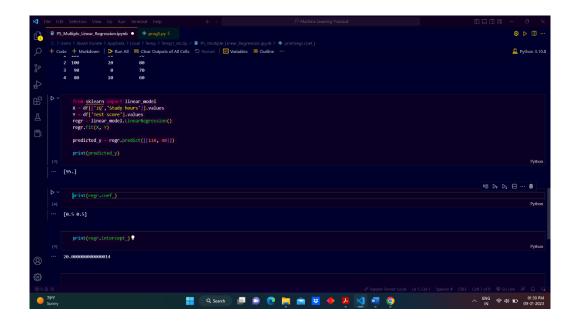
```
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read csv('employees.csv')
print(df)
X=df.iloc[:,1:2].values
y=df.iloc[:,2].values
print(X,y)
#fitting the polynomial regression model to the dataset
from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures
poly reg=PolynomialFeatures(degree=4)
X poly=poly reg.fit transform(X)
poly_reg.fit(X_poly,y)
lin reg2=LinearRegression()
lin_reg2.fit(X_poly,y)
#Visualising the pollynomial regression model results
import numpy as np
X \text{ grid=np.arange(min(X),max(X),0.1)}
X_grid=X_grid.reshape((len(X_grid),1))
plt.scatter(X,y,color='red')
plt.plot(X,lin_reg2.predict(poly_reg.fit_transform(X)),color='blue')
plt.title('(Polynomial Regression)')
plt.xlabel('Position Level')
plt.ylabel('Salary')
plt.show()
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
lin reg=LinearRegression()
lin_reg.fit(X,y)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.scatter(X,y,color='red')
plt.plot(X,lin_reg.predict(X),color='blue')
plt.title('(Linear Regression)')
plt.xlabel('Position Level')
plt.ylabel('Salary')
plt.show()
```

import numpy as np
lin_reg.predict(np.array([[6.5]]))
import numpy as np
lin_reg2.predict(poly_reg.fit_transform(np.array([[6.5]])))





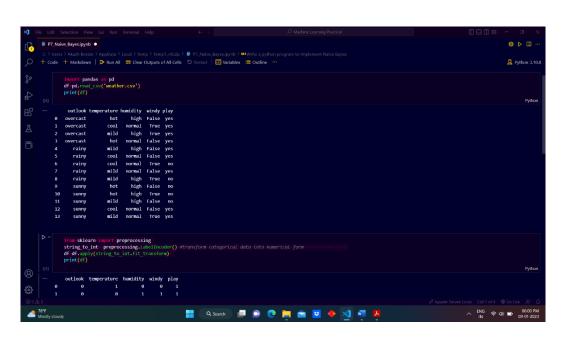


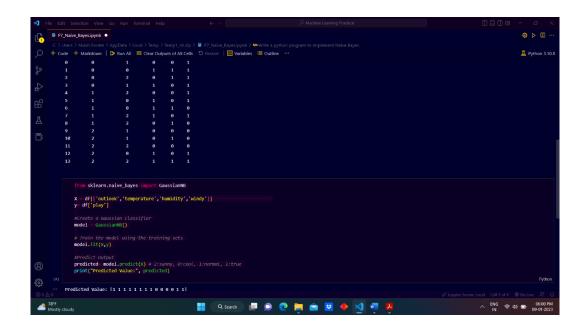


7) Write a python program to Implement Naïve Bayes.

Ans:

```
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv('weather.csv')
print(df)
from sklearn import preprocessing
string_to_int= preprocessing.LabelEncoder() #transform categorical data into
numerical form
df=df.apply(string_to_int.fit_transform)
print(df)
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
X = df[['outlook','temperature','humidity','windy']]
y= df['play']
#Create a Gaussian Classifier
model = GaussianNB()
# Train the model using the training sets
model.fit(X,y)
#Predict Output
predicted= model.predict(X) # 2:sunny, 0:cool, 1:normal, 1:true
print("Predicted Value:", predicted)
```

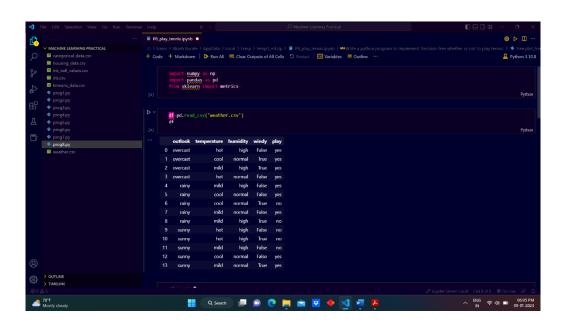


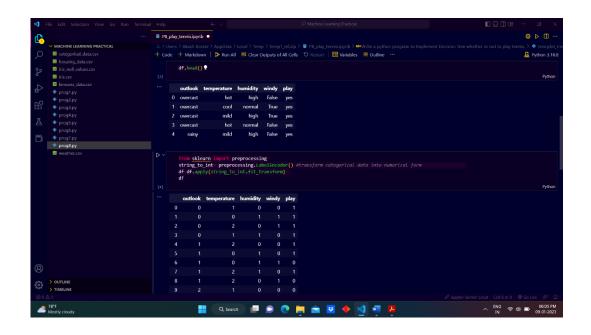


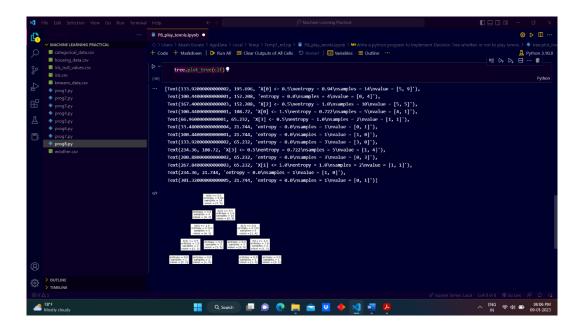
8) Write a python program to Implement Decision Tree whether or not to play tennis.

```
Ans:
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn import metrics
df=pd.read_csv('weather.csv')
df
df.head()
from sklearn import preprocessing
string_to_int= preprocessing.LabelEncoder() #transform categorical data into
numerical form
df=df.apply(string_to_int.fit_transform)
df
X = df[['outlook','temperature','humidity','windy']]
y= df['play']
from sklearn import tree
clf = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion = 'entropy')
clf = clf.fit(X, y)
tree.plot_tree(clf)
```



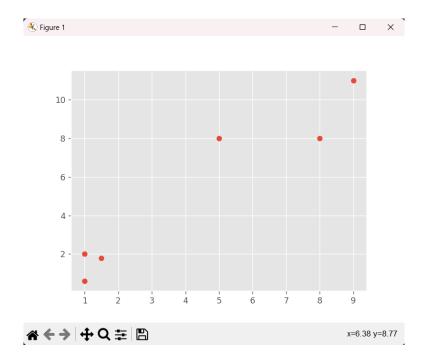


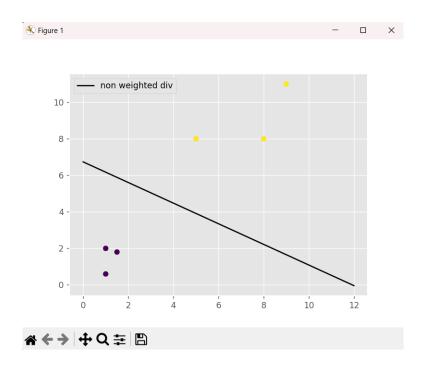


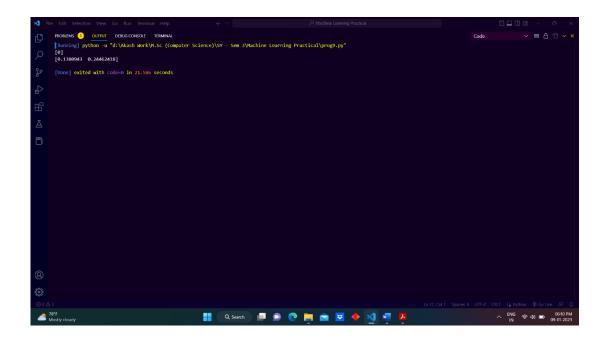
9) Write a python program to implement linear SVM.

Ans:

```
x = [1, 5, 1.5, 8, 1, 9]
y = [2, 8, 1.8, 8, 0.6, 11]
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib import style
style.use("ggplot")
plt.scatter(x,y)
plt.show()
import numpy as np
from sklearn import svm
X = np.array([[1,2],
       [5,8],
       [1.5,1.8],
       [8,8],
       [1,0.6],
       [9,11]])
y = [0,1,0,1,0,1]
clf = svm.SVC(kernel='linear', C = 1.0)
clf.fit(X,y)
print(clf.predict([[0.58,0.76]]))
w = clf.coef[0]
print(w)
a = -w[0] / w[1]
xx = np.linspace(0,12)
yy = a * xx - clf.intercept_[0] / w[1]
h0 = plt.plot(xx, yy, 'k-', label="non weighted div")
plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c = y)
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```







10) Write a python program to implement k-nearest Neighbors ML algorithm to build prediction model (Use Forge Dataset)

Ans:

```
x = [4, 5, 10, 4, 3, 11, 14, 8, 10, 12]
y = [21, 19, 24, 17, 16, 25, 24, 22, 21, 21]
classes = [0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1]
data=list(zip(x,y))
data
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.scatter(x, y, c=classes)
plt.show()
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=3)
knn.fit(data, classes)
new x = 7
new_y = 15
new_point = [(new_x, new_y)]
prediction = knn.predict(new point)
new_point
prediction
plt.scatter(x + [new_x], y + [new_y], c=classes + [prediction[0]])
plt.text(x=new x-1.7, y=new y-0.7, s=f"new point, class: {prediction[0]}")
plt.show()
```

