

# Data-Flow and Pointer Aliasing

(Week 3)

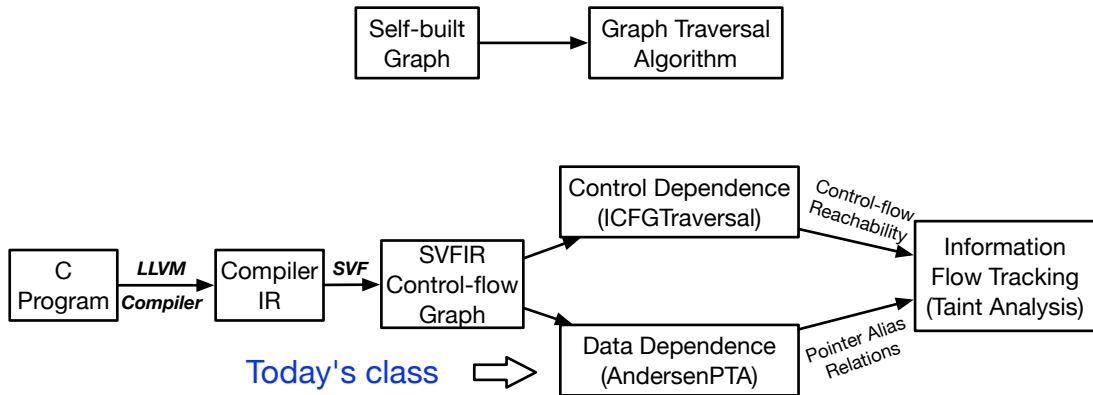
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University of New South Wales, Australia

# Today's class

## Lab Exercise 1



Today's class



# Data-Dependence

Definition-use relations between variables. Two types of variables on LLVM IR:

- **Top-level variables**, whose addresses are not taken (ValPN in SVF)
  - Including stack virtual **registers** (symbols starting with “%”) and **global** variables (symbols starting with “@”) are explicit, i.e., directly accessed.

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  - For example, def-use for **%a1** from Instruction-1 to Instruction-2.
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- **Address-taken variables** (abstract objects), accessed indirectly at load or store instructions via top-level variables ( $ObjPN$  in SVF)
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  - A **stack object** created at an LLVM’s ‘alloca’ instruction or a **heap object** created via (e.g., ‘malloc’ callsite) or a **global object**.
  - **Def-use for address-taken variables are computed via pointer analysis.**
  - For example, there is a def-use for object `o` from Instruction-1 to Instruction-2 if pointers `%a` and `%b` both point to `o`.
    - Instruction-1: `store i8* %a1, i8** %a, align 8`
    - Instruction-2: `%c = load i8** %b, align 8`

# Pointer Analysis

- Points-to Analysis: aims to statically determine the possible runtime values of a pointer at compile-time.
  - Compute the *points-to set* (**a set of address-taken variables**) of each *pointer* (**top-level variable**)
  - For example,  $p = \&a$ ;  $q = p$ ;
  - The resulting points-to sets of  $p$  and  $q$  are:  $\text{pts}(p) = \text{pts}(q) = \{a\}$

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  - The resulting points-to sets of  $p$  and  $q$  are:  $pts(p) = pts(q) = \{a\}$
- Alias Analysis: determine whether two pointer dereferences refer to the same memory location.
  - If the points-to sets of two pointers  $p$  and  $q$  have overlapping elements (i.e.,  $pts(p) \cap pts(q)$  is not empty) then  $p$  and  $q$  are aliases. The dereferences of  $p$  and  $q$  may refer to the same memory location.



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- Compiler optimizations and bug detection
  - Constant propagation
    - `*p = 1; x = *q;`  
x is a constant value and equals 1, if p and q are must-aliases (always point to the same memory location w.r.t every execution path).
    - `*p = 1; *q = r; x = *p;`  
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  - Taint analysis
    - `*p = taintedInput; x = *q;`  
x is tainted if p and q are aliases.

# Precision Dimensions

Can be generally classified into the following precision dimensions at different levels of abstractions.

## **Flow-insensitive** analysis:

- Ignores program execution order
- A single solution across whole program

## **Context-insensitive** analysis:

- Merges all calling contexts when analysing a program method

## **Path-insensitive** analysis:

- Merges all incoming path information at the join points of the control-flow graph

## **Flow-sensitive** analysis:

- Respects the program execution order
- Separate solution at each program point

## **Context-sensitive** analysis:

- Distinguishes between different calling contexts of a program method

## **Path-sensitive** analysis:

- Computes a solution per (abstract) program path.

# Precision Dimensions

## Levels of Abstractions

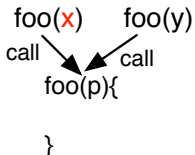
Assume **x** is a tainted value

$p = x$

$p = y$

### flow-sensitivity

at which  
**program point**  
 $p$  is tainted?



### context-sensitivity

under which  
**calling context**  
 $p$  is tainted?

if(cond)

$p = x$

else

$p = y$

### path-sensitivity

along which  
**program path**  
 $p$  is tainted?

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

## Flow-, context-, and path-insensitive analysis

In this subject, we will practice **Andersen's analysis<sup>1</sup>**, a **flow-insensitive, context-insensitive and path-insensitive pointer analysis** through analyzing the **Constraint Graph** of a program.

- One of the most popular and widely used pointer analyses
- Constraint solving, i.e., inclusion-based constraint solving between program variables (`ConstraintNode` in SVF)



# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

The analysis operating upon the constraint graph of a program. SVF transforms each LLVM instruction into a constraint edge connecting two nodes

- `ConstraintNode` represents
  - A pointer: (top-level variable) or
  - An object: (address-taken variable, i.e., heap, stack, global or function object)
- `ConstraintEdge` represents a constraint between two nodes

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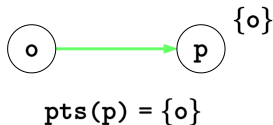
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AddrStmt	<code>%ptr = alloca o</code>	<code>p = alloc</code>	$\text{pts}(p) = \text{pts}(p) \cup \{o\}$
CopyStmt	<code>%p = bitcast %q</code>	<code>p = q</code>	$\text{pts}(q) = \text{pts}(q) \cup \text{pts}(p)$
LoadStmt	<code>%p = load %q</code>	<code>p = *q</code>	$\forall o \in \text{pts}(p) : \text{pts}(q) = \text{pts}(o) \cup \text{pts}(q)$
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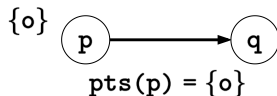
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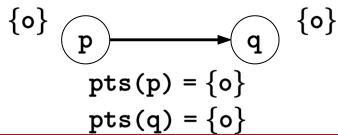
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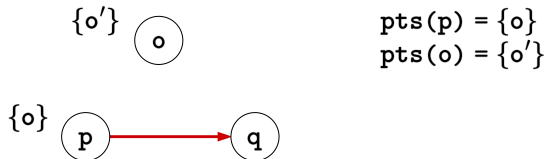
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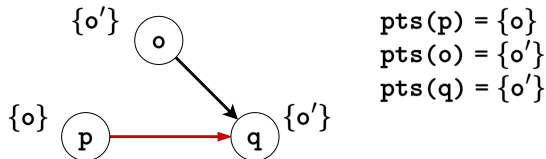
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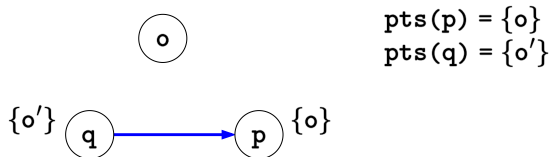
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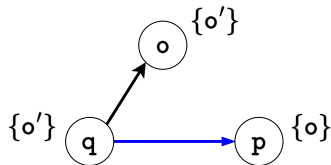
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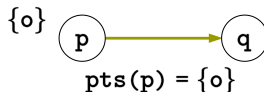
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$\text{pts}(p) = \{o\}$   
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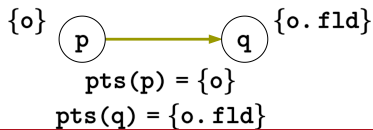
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# Compiling a C Program to Its LLVM IR

```
void swap(char **p, char **q){
    char* t = *p;
    *p = *q;
    *q = t;
}

int main(){
    char a1;
    char *a;
    char b1;
    char *b;
    a = &a1;
    b = &b1;
    swap(&a,&b);
}
```

swap.c

Compile



```
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}

define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}
```

swap.ll

\*<https://github.com/SVF-tools/Teaching-Software-Analysis/wiki/CodeGraph#2-llvm-ir-generation>

# Construct a Constraint Graph from LLVM IR

```
define i32 @main() #0 {  
entry:
```

```
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1    // O1  
  %a  = alloca ptr, align 8   // O2  
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1    // O3  
  %b  = alloca ptr, align 8   // O4
```

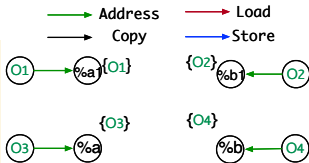
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```
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<https://github.com/svf-tools/SVF/wiki/Analyze-a-Simple-C-Program#5-pag>

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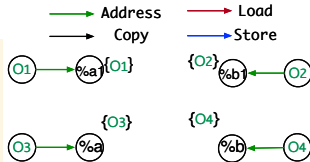
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}
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}
```

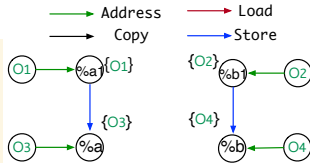


\*<https://github.com/svf-tools/SVF/wiki/Analyze-a-Simple-C-Program#5-pag>

# Construct a Constraint Graph from LLVM IR

```
define i32 @main() #0 {  
  entry:  
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1      // O1  
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8      // O2  
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1      // O3  
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8      // O4  
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8  
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8  
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)  
    ret i32 0  
}
```

```
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {  
  entry:  
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8  
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8  
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8  
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8  
    ret void  
}
```

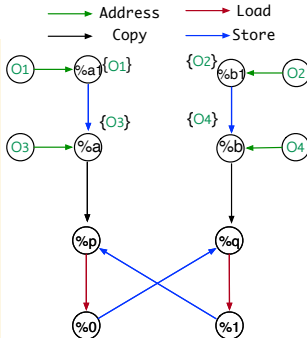


<https://github.com/svf-tools/SVF/wiki/Analyze-a-Simple-C-Program#5-pag>

# Construct a Constraint Graph from LLVM IR

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8          // O2
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1          // O3
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8          // O4
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 1: Anderson's Pointer Analysis

**Input :**  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

```
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;
2 foreach  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  do // Address rule
3    $\text{pts}(p) = o$ ;
4   pushIntoWorklist(p);
5 while WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  do
6    $p := \text{popFromWorklist}()$ ;
7   foreach  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  do
8     foreach  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  do // Store rule
9       if  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  then
10         $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge
11        pushIntoWorklist(q);
12     foreach  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  do // Load rule
13       if  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  then
14         $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge
15        pushIntoWorklist(o);
16  foreach  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  do // Copy rule
17     $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;
18    if  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed then
19      pushIntoWorklist(x);
20  foreach  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  do // Gep rule
21    foreach  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  do
22       $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;
23    if  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed then
24      pushIntoWorklist(x);
```

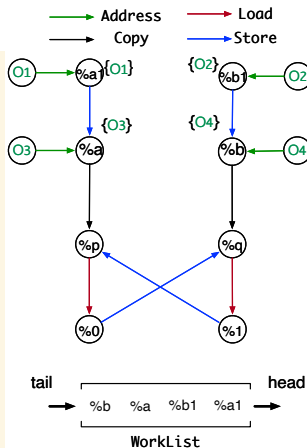
<https://github.com/svf-tools/SVF/wiki/Analyze-a-Simple-C-Program#5-pag>



# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 2: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $\text{pts}(p) := o$ ;

4     pushIntoWorkList(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := \text{popFromWorkList}()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                 pushIntoWorkList(q);

12         **foreach**  $r \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} p \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                 pushIntoWorkList(o);

16         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17              $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;

18             **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

19                 pushIntoWorkList(x);

20         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21             **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22                  $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;

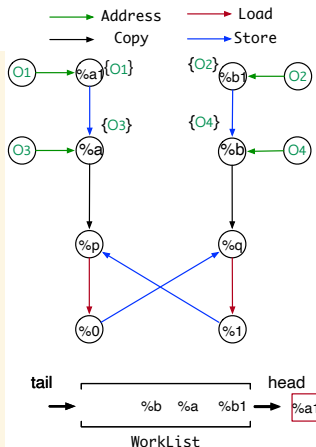
23                 **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

24                     pushIntoWorkList(x);

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 3: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

**Input :**  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1  $WorkList :=$  an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $pts(p) = o$ ;

4      $pushIntoWorklist(p)$ ;

5 **while**  $WorkList \neq \emptyset$

6      $p := popFromWorklist()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                  $pushIntoWorklist(q)$ ;

12         **foreach**  $r \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} p \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                  $pushIntoWorklist(o)$ ;

16         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17              $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p)$ ;

18             **if**  $pts(x)$  changed **then**

19                  $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

20         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21             **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

22                  $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\}$ ;

23             **if**  $pts(x)$  changed **then**

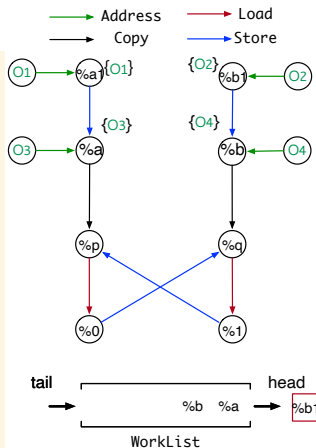
24                  $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```

define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}
    
```



## Algorithm 4: 1 Andersen's Pointer Analysis

**Input :**  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1  $WorkList :=$  an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $pts(p) := o$ ;

4      $pushIntoWorklist(p)$ ;

5 **while**  $WorkList \neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := popFromWorklist()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                  $pushIntoWorklist(q)$ ;

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                  $pushIntoWorklist(o)$ ;

16         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17              $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p)$ ;

18             **if**  $pts(x)$  changed **then**

19                  $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

20         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21             **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

22                  $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\}$ ;

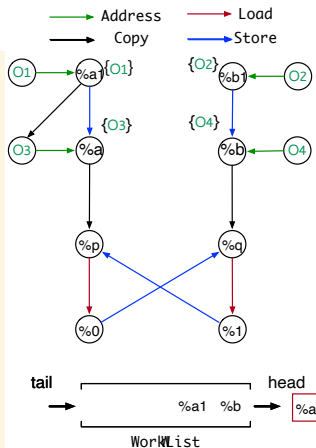
23                 **if**  $pts(x)$  changed **then**

24                      $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 5: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3     pts(p) = o;

4     pushIntoWorklist(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6     p := popFromWorklist();

7     **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                 pushIntoWorklist(q);

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                 pushIntoWorklist(o);

16         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17             pts(x) := pts(x)  $\cup$  pts(p);

18             **if** pts(x) changed **then**

19                 pushIntoWorklist(x);

20         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21             **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22                 pts(x) := pts(x)  $\cup$  {o.fld};

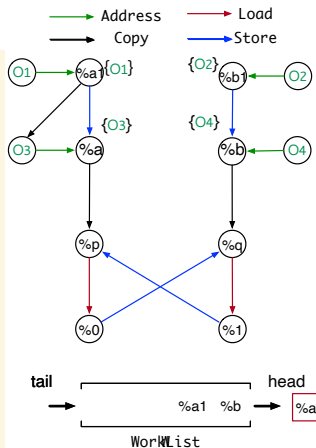
23             **if** pts(x) changed **then**

24                 pushIntoWorklist(x);

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 6: 1 Andersen's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3     pts(p) = o;

4     pushIntoWorklist(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6     p := popFromWorklist();

7     **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                 pushIntoWorklist(q);

12         **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                 pushIntoWorklist(o);

16         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17             pts(x) := pts(x)  $\cup$  pts(p);

18             **if** pts(x) changed **then**

19                 pushIntoWorklist(x);

20         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21             **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22                 pts(x) := pts(x)  $\cup$  {o.fld};

23             **if** pts(x) changed **then**

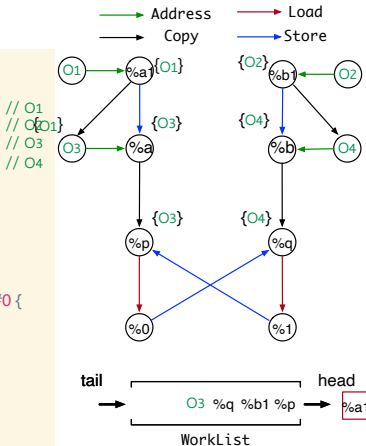
24                 pushIntoWorklist(x);

25

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
  %a = alloca ptr, align 8
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
  %b = alloca ptr, align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
  ret i32 0
}
```

```
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
  %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
  ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 7: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

**Input :**  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1  $WorkList :=$  an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3    $pts(p) := o$ ;

4    $pushIntoWorkList(p)$ ;

5 **while**  $WorkList \neq \emptyset$  **do**

6    $p := popFromWorkList()$ ;

7   **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

8     **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9       **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10           $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11           $pushIntoWorkList(q)$ ;

12     **foreach**  $r \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} p \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13       **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14           $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15           $pushIntoWorkList(o)$ ;

16     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17        $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p)$ ;

18       **if**  $pts(x)$  changed **then**

19           $pushIntoWorkList(x)$ ;

20     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21       **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

22           $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\}$ ;

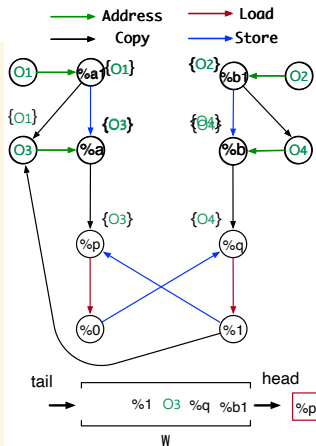
23       **if**  $pts(x)$  changed **then**

24           $pushIntoWorkList(x)$ ;

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 8: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $\text{pts}(p) := o$ ;

4     pushIntoWorkList(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := \text{popFromWorkList}()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                 pushIntoWorkList(q);

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                 pushIntoWorkList(o);

16         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17              $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;

18             **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

19                 pushIntoWorkList(x);

20         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21             **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22                  $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;

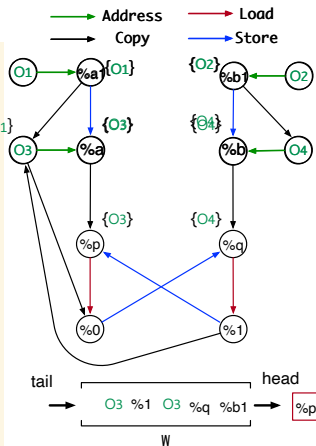
23                 **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

24                     pushIntoWorkList(x);

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 9: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $\text{pts}(p) := o$ ;

4     pushIntoWorklist(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := \text{popFromWorklist}()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do** // Store rule

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                 pushIntoWorklist(q);

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                 pushIntoWorklist(o);

16     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17          $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;

18         **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

19             pushIntoWorklist(x);

20     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21         **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22              $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;

23             **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

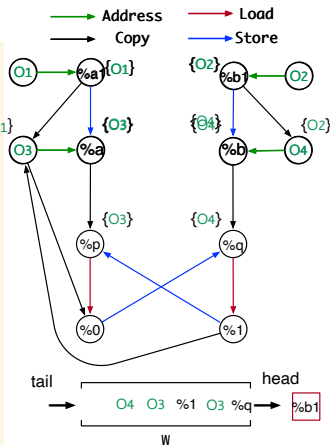
24                 pushIntoWorklist(x);



# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
  %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
  %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
  ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
  %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
  ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 10: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3    $\text{pts}(p) := o$ ;

4   pushIntoWorkList(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6    $p := \text{popFromWorkList}()$ ;

7   **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8     **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9       **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10           $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11          pushIntoWorkList(q);

12     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13       **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14           $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15          pushIntoWorkList(o);

16     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17        $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;

18       **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

19          pushIntoWorkList(x);

20     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21       **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22           $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;

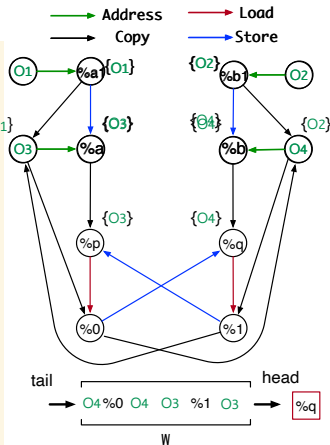
23       **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

24          pushIntoWorkList(x);

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 11: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $\text{pts}(p) = o$ ;

4     pushIntoWorkList(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := \text{popFromWorkList}()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do** // Store rule

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do**

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then** // Add copy edge

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ;

11                 pushIntoWorkList(q);

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then** // Add copy edge

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ;

15                 pushIntoWorkList(o);

16     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17          $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;

18         **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

19             pushIntoWorkList(x);

20     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21         **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22              $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;

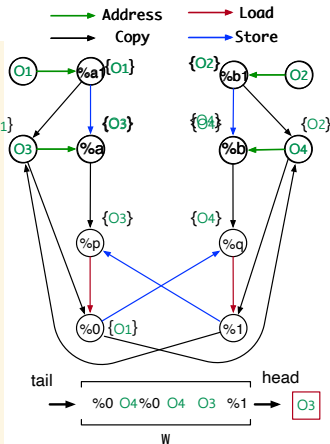
23             **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

24                 pushIntoWorkList(x);

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 12: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3     pts(p) = o;

4     pushIntoWorklist(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6     p := popFromWorklist();

7     **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                 pushIntoWorklist(q);

12         **foreach**  $r \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} p \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                 pushIntoWorklist(o);

16         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17             pts(x) := pts(x)  $\cup$  pts(p);

18             **if** pts(x) changed **then**

19                 pushIntoWorklist(x);

20         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21             **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22                 pts(x) := pts(x)  $\cup$  {o.fld};

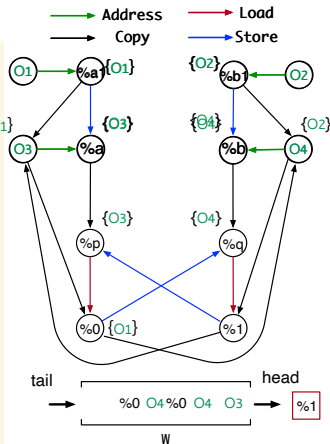
23             **if** pts(x) changed **then**

24                 pushIntoWorklist(x);

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
  %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
  %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
  ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
  %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
  ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 13: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3    $\text{pts}(p) = o$ ;

4   pushIntoWorkList(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6    $p := \text{popFromWorkList}()$ ;

7   **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8     **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9       **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10           $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11          pushIntoWorkList(q);

12     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13       **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14           $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15          pushIntoWorkList(o);

16     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17        $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;

18       **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

19          pushIntoWorkList(x);

20     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21       **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22           $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;

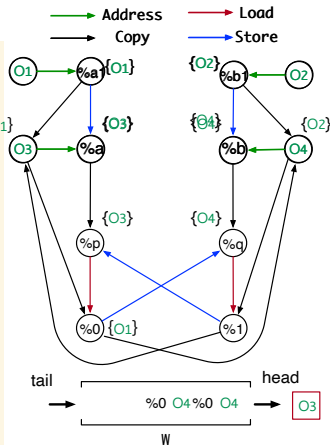
23       **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

24          pushIntoWorkList(x);

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 14: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $\text{pts}(p) = o$ ;

4     pushIntoWorkList(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := \text{popFromWorkList}()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                 pushIntoWorkList(q);

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                 pushIntoWorkList(o);

16         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17              $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;

18             **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

19                 pushIntoWorkList(x);

20         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21             **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22                  $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;

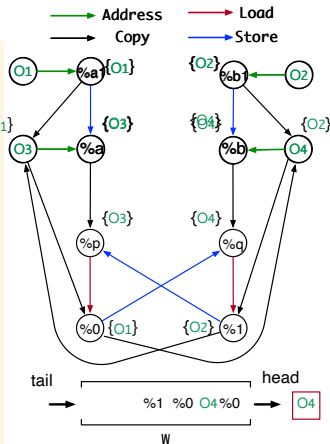
23                 **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

24                     pushIntoWorkList(x);

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
  %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
  %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
  ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
  %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
  ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 15: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3    $\text{pts}(p) = o$ ;

4   pushIntoWorklist(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6    $p := \text{popFromWorklist}()$ ;

7   **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8     **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9       **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10           $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11          pushIntoWorklist(q);

12     **foreach**  $r \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} p \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13       **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14           $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15          pushIntoWorklist(o);

16     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17        $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;

18       **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

19          pushIntoWorklist(x);

20     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21       **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22           $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;

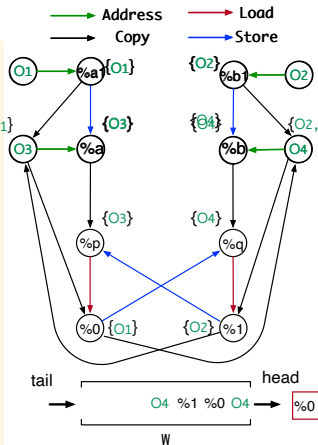
23       **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

24          pushIntoWorklist(x);

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
  %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
  %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
  ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
  %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
  ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 16: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3    $\text{pts}(p) = o$ ;

4   pushIntoWorkList(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6    $p := \text{popFromWorkList}()$ ;

7   **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8     **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9       **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10           $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11          pushIntoWorkList(q);

12     **foreach**  $r \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} p \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13       **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14           $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15          pushIntoWorkList(o);

16     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17        $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;

18       **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

19          pushIntoWorkList(x);

20     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21       **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22           $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;

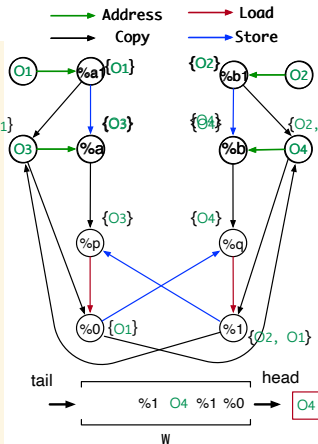
23          **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

24           pushIntoWorkList(x);

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 17: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $\text{pts}(p) = o$ ;

4     pushIntoWorkList(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := \text{popFromWorkList}()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                 pushIntoWorkList(q);

12         **foreach**  $r \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} p \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                 pushIntoWorkList(o);

16         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17              $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;

18             **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

19                 pushIntoWorkList(x);

20         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21             **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22                  $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;

23                 **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

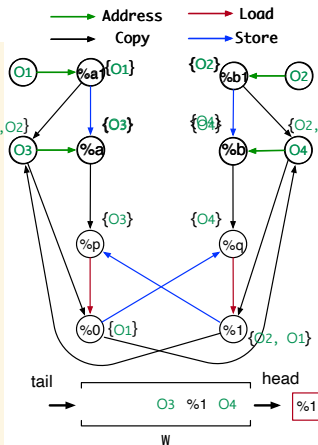
24                     pushIntoWorkList(x);



# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 18: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $\text{pts}(p) = o$ ;

4     pushIntoWorkList(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := \text{popFromWorkList}()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                 pushIntoWorkList(q);

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                 pushIntoWorkList(o);

16         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17              $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;

18             **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

19                 pushIntoWorkList(x);

20         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21             **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22                  $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;

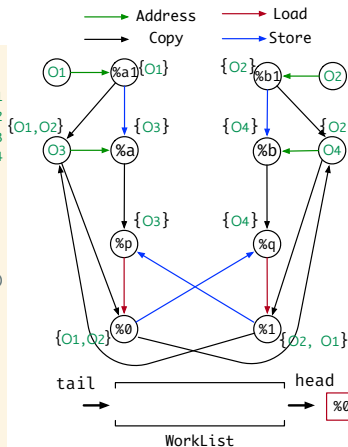
23                 **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

24                     pushIntoWorkList(x);

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
%a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
%b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O2
%a = alloca i8*, align 8           // O3
%b = alloca i8*, align 8           // O4
store i8* %a1, i8** %a, align 8
store i8* %b1, i8** %b, align 8
call void @swap(i8** %a, i8** %b)
ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(i8** %p, i8** %q)
#0 {
entry:
%0 = load i8** %p, align 8
%1 = load i8** %q, align 8
store i8* %1, i8** %p, align 8
store i8* %0, i8** %q, align 8
ret void
}
```



## Algorithm 19: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

**Input :**  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1  $WorkList :=$  an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{Address} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $pts(p) := o$ ;

4      $pushIntoWorklist(p)$ ;

5 **while**  $WorkList \neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := popFromWorklist()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do** // Store rule

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{Store} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{Copy} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                  $pushIntoWorklist(q)$ ;

12     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13         **if**  $o \xrightarrow{Copy} r \notin E$  **then**

14              $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15              $pushIntoWorklist(o)$ ;

16     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17          $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p)$ ;

18         **if**  $pts(x)$  changed **then**

19              $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

20     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{Gep} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21         **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

22              $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\}$ ;

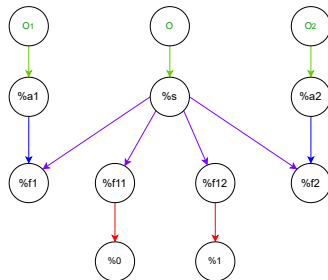
23             **if**  $pts(x)$  changed **then**

24                  $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

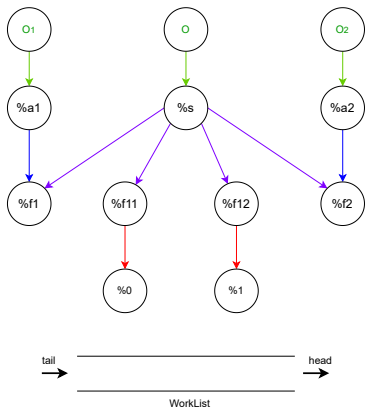
# Field-Sensitive Andersen's Pointer Analysis

```
1 struct S{
2     int* f1;
3     int* f2;
4 };
5 int main(){
6     struct S s;
7     int a1, a2;
8     s.f1 = &a1;
9     s.f2 = &a2;
10    int* p = s.f1;
11    int* q = s.f2;
12 }

1 define i32 @main() #0 {
2 entry:
3     %s = alloca @struct.S, align 8
4     %a1 = alloca i32, align 4
5     %a2 = alloca i32, align 4
6     %f1 = getelementptr inbounds @struct.S, ptr %s, i32 0, i32 0
7     store ptr %a1, ptr %f1, align 8
8     %f2 = getelementptr inbounds @struct.S, ptr %s, i32 0, i32 1
9     store ptr %a2, ptr %f2, align 8
10    %f11 = getelementptr inbounds @struct.S, ptr %s, i32 0, i32 0
11    %0 = load ptr, ptr %f11, align 8
12    %f22 = getelementptr inbounds @struct.S, ptr %s, i32 0, i32 1
13    %1 = load ptr, ptr %f22, align 8
14    ret i32 0
15 }
```



# Field-Sensitive Andersen's Pointer Analysis



## Algorithm 20: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

---

**Input :**  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph  
 $V$ : a set of nodes in graph  
 $E$ : a set of edges in graph

---

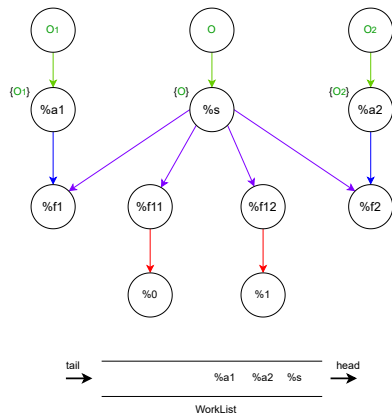
```

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;
2 foreach  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p \in E$  do           // Address rule
3   pts(p) = o;
4   pushIntoWorklist(p);
5 while WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  do
6   p := popFromWorklist();
7   foreach  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  do
8     foreach  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  do           // Store rule
9       if  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  then
10         $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ;           // Add copy edge
11        pushIntoWorklist(q);
12      foreach  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  do           // Load rule
13        if  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  then
14           $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ;           // Add copy edge
15          pushIntoWorklist(o);
16      foreach  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  do           // Copy rule
17        pts(x) := pts(x)  $\cup$  pts(p);
18        if pts(x) changed then
19          pushIntoWorklist(x);
20      foreach  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  do           // Gep rule
21        foreach  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  do
22          pts(x) := pts(x)  $\cup$  {o.fld};
23        if pts(x) changed then
24          pushIntoWorklist(x);

```

---

# Field-Sensitive Andersen's Pointer Analysis



## Algorithm 21: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1  $WorkList :=$  an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p \in E$  **do** // Address rule

3      $pts(p) = o$ ;

4      $pushIntoWorklist(p)$ ;

5 **while**  $WorkList \neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := popFromWorklist()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                  $pushIntoWorklist(q)$ ;

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                  $pushIntoWorklist(o)$ ;

16     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17          $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p)$ ;

18         **if**  $pts(x)$  changed **then**

19              $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

20     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

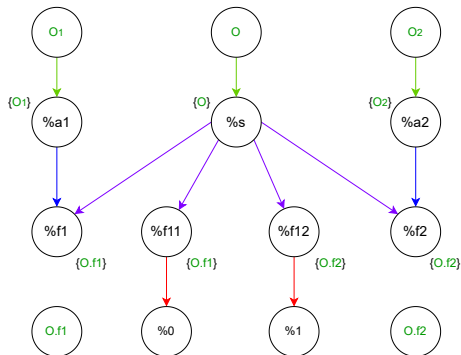
21         **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

22              $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\}$ ;

23         **if**  $pts(x)$  changed **then**

24              $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

# Field-Sensitive Andersen's Pointer Analysis



## Algorithm 22: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

**Input :**  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1  $WorkList :=$  an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $pts(p) = o$ ;

4      $pushIntoWorklist(p)$ ;

5 **while**  $WorkList \neq \emptyset$

6      $p := popFromWorklist()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                  $pushIntoWorklist(q)$ ;

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                  $pushIntoWorklist(o)$ ;

16         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17              $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p)$ ;

18             **if**  $pts(x)$  *changed* **then**

19                  $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

20         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

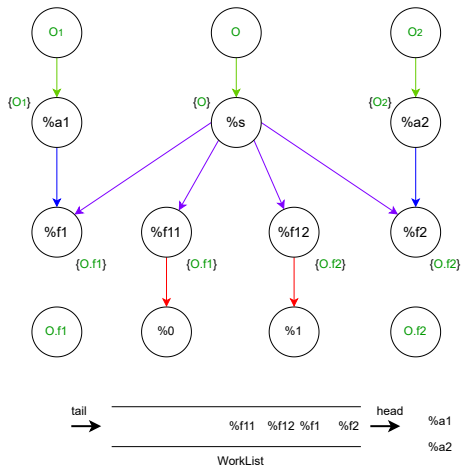
21             **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

22                  $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\}$ ;

23             **if**  $pts(x)$  *changed* **then**

24                  $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

# Field-Sensitive Andersen's Pointer Analysis



## Algorithm 23: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

---

**Input :**  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph  
 $V$ : a set of nodes in graph  
 $E$ : a set of edges in graph

---

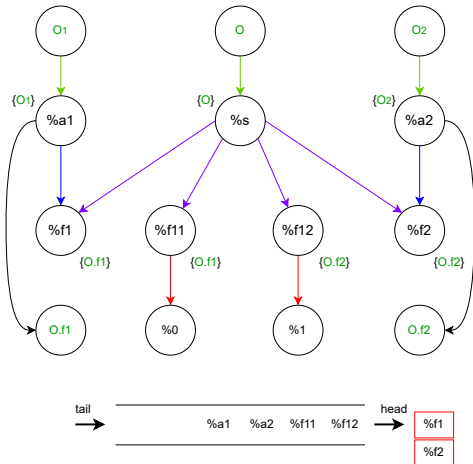
```

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;
2 foreach  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p \in E$  do           // Address rule
3    $\text{pts}(p) = o$ ;
4   pushIntoWorklist(p);
5 while WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  do
6    $p := \text{popFromWorklist}()$ ;
7   foreach  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  do
8     foreach  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  do       // Store rule
9       if  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  then
10         $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ;      // Add copy edge
11        pushIntoWorklist(q);
12      foreach  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  do       // Load rule
13        if  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  then
14           $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ;    // Add copy edge
15          pushIntoWorklist(o);
16      foreach  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  do       // Copy rule
17         $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;
18        if  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed then
19          pushIntoWorklist(x);
20      foreach  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  do       // Gep rule
21        foreach  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  do
22           $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;
23        if  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed then
24          pushIntoWorklist(x);

```

---

# Field-Sensitive Andersen's Pointer Analysis



## Algorithm 24: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $\text{pts}(p) = o$ ;

4     pushIntoWorklist( $p$ );

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$

6      $p := \text{popFromWorklist}()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                 pushIntoWorklist( $q$ );

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                 pushIntoWorklist( $o$ );

16         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17              $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;

18             **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

19                 pushIntoWorklist( $x$ );

20         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21             **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

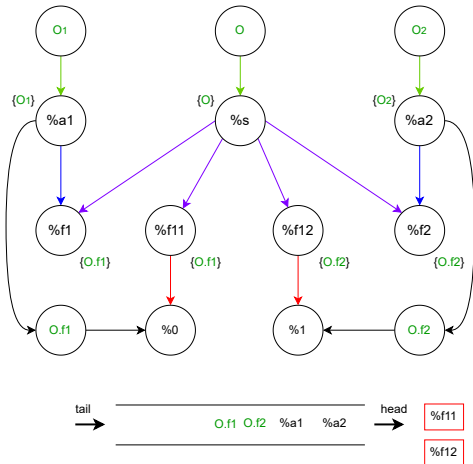
22                  $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;

23             **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

24                 pushIntoWorklist( $x$ );



# Field-Sensitive Andersen's Pointer Analysis



## Algorithm 25: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

**Input :**  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1  $WorkList :=$  an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{Address} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $pts(p) = o$ ;

4      $pushIntoWorklist(p)$ ;

5 **while**  $WorkList \neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := popFromWorklist()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{Store} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{Copy} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                  $pushIntoWorklist(q)$ ;

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{Copy} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                  $pushIntoWorklist(o)$ ;

16     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17          $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p)$ ;

18         **if**  $pts(x)$  *changed* **then**

19              $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

20     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{Gep} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

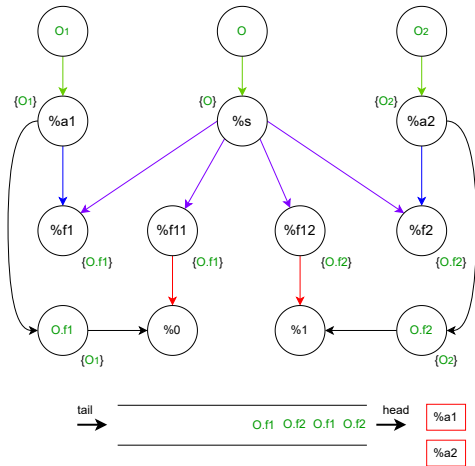
21         **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

22              $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\}$ ;

23             **if**  $pts(x)$  *changed* **then**

24                  $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

# Field-Sensitive Andersen's Pointer Analysis



## Algorithm 26: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1  $WorkList :=$  an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $pts(p) = o$ ;

4      $pushIntoWorklist(p)$ ;

5 **while**  $WorkList \neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := popFromWorklist()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                  $pushIntoWorklist(q)$ ;

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                  $pushIntoWorklist(o)$ ;

16     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17          $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p)$ ;

18         **if**  $pts(x)$  changed **then**

19              $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

20     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

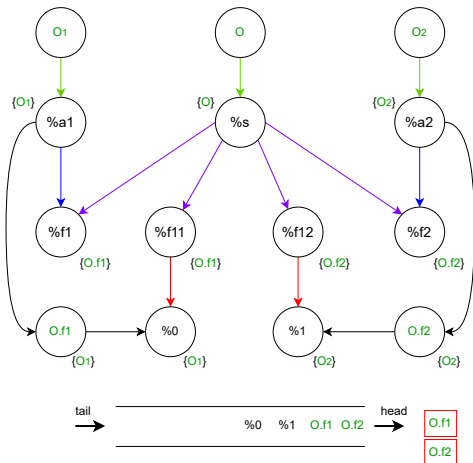
21         **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

22              $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\}$ ;

23             **if**  $pts(x)$  changed **then**

24                  $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

# Field-Sensitive Andersen's Pointer Analysis



## Algorithm 27: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1  $WorkList :=$  an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $pts(p) = o$ ;

4      $pushIntoWorklist(p)$ ;

5 **while**  $WorkList \neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := popFromWorklist()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                  $pushIntoWorklist(q)$ ;

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                  $pushIntoWorklist(o)$ ;

16     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17          $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p)$ ;

18         **if**  $pts(x)$  changed **then**

19              $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

20     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

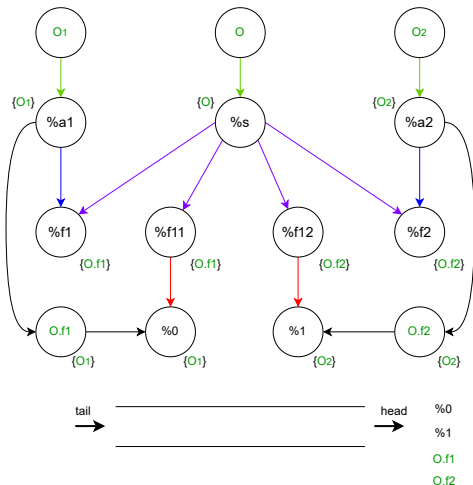
21         **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

22              $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\}$ ;

23         **if**  $pts(x)$  changed **then**

24              $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

# Field-Sensitive Andersen's Pointer Analysis



## Algorithm 28: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

**Input :**  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1  $WorkList :=$  an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{Address} p \in E$  **do** // Address rule

3      $pts(p) = o$ ;

4      $pushIntoWorklist(p)$ ;

5 **while**  $WorkList \neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := popFromWorklist()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{Store} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{Copy} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                  $pushIntoWorklist(q)$ ;

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{Copy} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                  $pushIntoWorklist(o)$ ;

16     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17          $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p)$ ;

18         **if**  $pts(x)$  *changed* **then**

19              $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

20     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{Gep} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21         **foreach**  $o \in pts(p)$  **do**

22              $pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\}$ ;

23         **if**  $pts(x)$  *changed* **then**

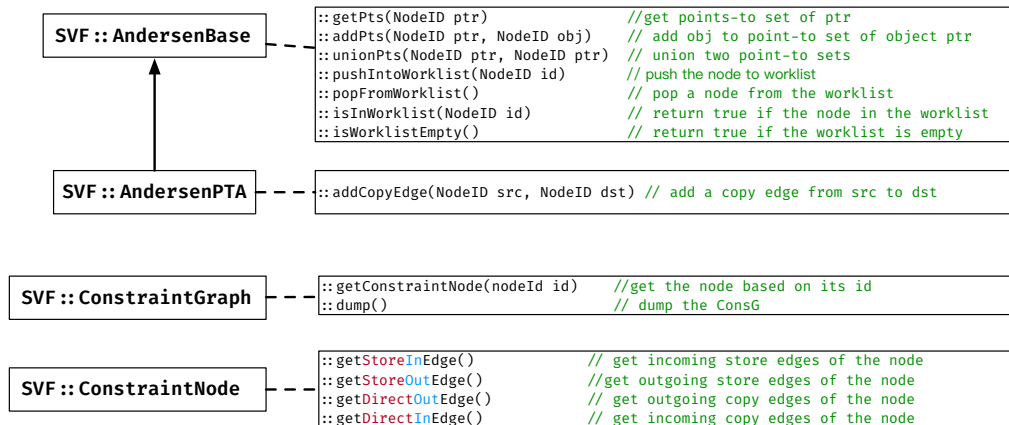
24              $pushIntoWorklist(x)$ ;

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

## Constraint solving Algorithm

- A worklist holds a list of constraint graph nodes for processing
- Pop a node  $p$  from the worklist.
- Handle each incoming `store` edge and each outgoing `load` edge of node  $p$  by adding `copy` edges.
- Handle each outgoing `copy` edge of  $p$  by propagating points-to information.
- The constraint solving stops when no points-to set of a pointer is changed.

# APIs for Implementing Andersen's analysis



<https://github.com/SVF-tools/Teaching-Software-Analysis/wiki/SVF-CPP-API#worklist-operations>

<https://github.com/SVF-tools/Teaching-Software-Analysis/wiki/SVF-CPP-API#points-to-set-operations>

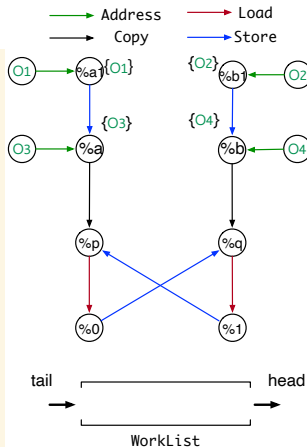
<https://github.com/SVF-tools/Teaching-Software-Analysis/wiki/SVF-CPP-API#constraintgraph-constraintnode-and-constrainededge>

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

## Constraint graph before the while loop worklist solving

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
  %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
  %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
  ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
  %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
  ret void
}
```



### Algorithm 29: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3    $\text{pts}(p) = o$ ;

4   pushIntoWorkList(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6    $p := \text{popFromWorkList}()$ ;

7   **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8     **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9       **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10           $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11          pushIntoWorkList(q);

12     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13       **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14           $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15          pushIntoWorkList(o);

16     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17        $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;

18       **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

19          pushIntoWorkList(x);

20     **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21       **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22           $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;

23       **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

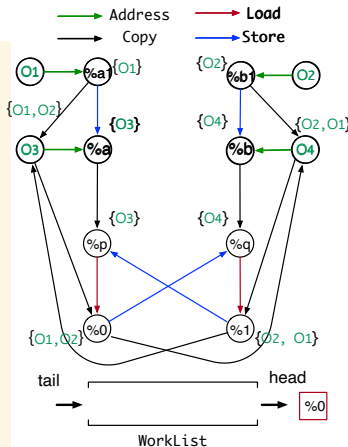
24          pushIntoWorkList(x);

# Andersen's Pointer Analysis

## Constraint graph after the while loop worklist solving

```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
    %a1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O1
    %a = alloca ptr, align 8           // O2
    %b1 = alloca i8, align 1           // O3
    %b = alloca ptr, align 8           // O4
    store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
    store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
    call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
    ret i32 0
}

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
    %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
    %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
    store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
    store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
    ret void
}
```



### Algorithm 30: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis

Input :  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ : Constraint Graph

$V$ : a set of nodes in graph

$E$ : a set of edges in graph

1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;

2 **foreach**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Address}} p$  **do** // Address rule

3      $\text{pts}(p) = o$ ;

4     pushIntoWorkList(p);

5 **while** WorkList  $\neq \emptyset$  **do**

6      $p := \text{popFromWorkList}()$ ;

7     **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

8         **foreach**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E$  **do** // Store rule

9             **if**  $q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o \notin E$  **then**

10                  $E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} o\}$ ; // Add copy edge

11                 pushIntoWorkList(q);

12         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Load}} r \in E$  **do** // Load rule

13             **if**  $o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r \notin E$  **then**

14                  $E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} r\}$ ; // Add copy edge

15                 pushIntoWorkList(o);

16         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Copy}} x \in E$  **do** // Copy rule

17              $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \text{pts}(p)$ ;

18             **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

19                 pushIntoWorkList(x);

20         **foreach**  $p \xrightarrow{\text{Gep}} x \in E$  **do** // Gep rule

21             **foreach**  $o \in \text{pts}(p)$  **do**

22                  $\text{pts}(x) := \text{pts}(x) \cup \{o.\text{fld}\}$ ;

23             **if**  $\text{pts}(x)$  changed **then**

24                 pushIntoWorkList(x);



# What's next?

- (1) Understand data-dependence in today's slides
- (2) Finish the quiz for Assignment-3
- (3) Implement Andersen's Pointer Analysis, i.e., coding task in Assignment 3
  - Refer to 'Assignment-3.pdf' on Canvas to know more about Assignment 3.

# Information Flow Tracking

(Week 3)

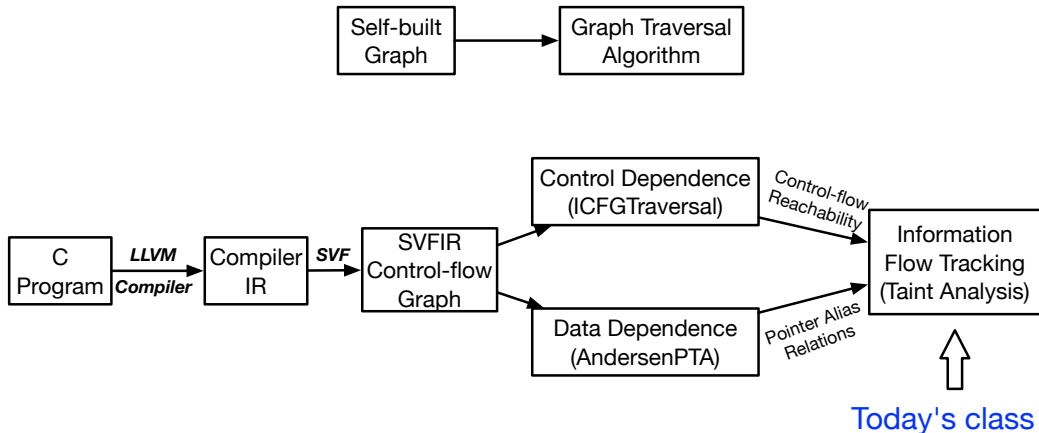
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School of Computer Science and Engineering

University of New South Wales, Australia

# Today's Class

Lab Exercise 1



# What is Taint Analysis?

- Taint analysis aims to reason about the control and data dependence from a source (statement/node) to a sink (statement/node).
- Taint analysis can also be seen as information flow tracking analysis.
  - Static taint analysis: taint tracking at compile time (**this subject**)
  - Dynamic taint analysis: taint tracking during runtime.

# What is Taint Analysis?

- Taint analysis aims to reason about the control and data dependence from a source (statement/node) to a sink (statement/node).
- Taint analysis can also be seen as information flow tracking analysis.
  - Static taint analysis: taint tracking at compile time (**this subject**)
  - Dynamic taint analysis: taint tracking during runtime.

## Why learn Taint Analysis?

- Detect information leakage
  - sensitive data stored in a heap object and manipulated by pointers can be passed around and stored to an unchecked memory (untrusted third-party APIs)
- Detect code vulnerability
  - There is a vulnerability if an unchecked tainted **source** (e.g., return value from an untrusted third party function) flows into one of the following **sinks**, where the tainted variable being used as
    - a parameter passed to a sensitive function or
    - a bound access (array index) or
    - a termination condition (loop condition)
    - ...

# How to Perform Static Taint Analysis?

Let us use what we have learned about control- and data-dependence to develop an information flow checker to validate tainted flows from a source to a sink.

- A **source**  $\mathbf{v}_{\text{src}}@s_{\text{src}}$  is a tuple consisting of a variable  $\mathbf{v}_{\text{src}}$  and a statement  $s_{\text{src}}$  where  $\mathbf{v}_{\text{src}}$  is defined.
- A **sink**  $\mathbf{v}_{\text{snk}}@s_{\text{snk}}$  is also a tuple consisting of a variable  $\mathbf{v}_{\text{snk}}$  and a statement  $s_{\text{snk}}$  where  $\mathbf{v}_{\text{snk}}$  is used.
- In SVF, variables  $\mathbf{v}_{\text{src}}$  and  $\mathbf{v}_{\text{snk}}$  are PAGNodes. Statements  $s_{\text{src}}$  and  $s_{\text{snk}}$  are ICFGNodes.

# How to Perform Static Taint Analysis?

Let us use what we have learned about control- and data-dependence to develop an information flow checker to validate tainted flows from a source to a sink.

- A **source**  $\mathbf{v}_{src}@\mathbf{s}_{src}$  is a tuple consisting of a variable  $\mathbf{v}_{src}$  and a statement  $\mathbf{s}_{src}$  where  $\mathbf{v}_{src}$  is defined.
- A **sink**  $\mathbf{v}_{snk}@\mathbf{s}_{snk}$  is also a tuple consisting of a variable  $\mathbf{v}_{snk}$  and a statement  $\mathbf{s}_{snk}$  where  $\mathbf{v}_{snk}$  is used.
- In SVF, variables  $\mathbf{v}_{src}$  and  $\mathbf{v}_{snk}$  are PAGNodes. Statements  $\mathbf{s}_{src}$  and  $\mathbf{s}_{snk}$  are ICFGNodes.
- Given a **tainted** source  $\mathbf{v}_{src}@\mathbf{s}_{src}$ , we say that a sink  $\mathbf{v}_{snk}@\mathbf{s}_{snk}$  is also **tainted** if both of the following two conditions satisfy:
  - (1)  $\mathbf{s}_{src}$  reaches  $\mathbf{s}_{snk}$  on the ICFG (**reachability**), and
  - (2)  $\mathbf{v}_{src}$  is aliased with  $\mathbf{v}_{snk}$ , i.e.,  $pts(v_{src}) \cap pts(v_{snk}) \neq \emptyset$  (**solveWorklist**)

# Taint Analysis

## Example 1

```
1  int main(){
2      char* secretToken = tgetstr();    // source
3      char* a = secretToken;
4      char* b = a;
5      broadcast(b);                    // sink
6  }
```

What is the tainted flow?



# Taint Analysis

## Example 1

```
1  int main(){
2      char* secretToken = tgetstr();    // source
3      char* a = secretToken;
4      char* b = a;
5      broadcast(b);                    // sink
6  }
```

What is the tainted flow?

- Line 2 reaches Line 5 along the ICFG (control-dependence holds)  
secretToken and b are aliases (data-dependence holds)
- Both control-dependence and data-dependence hold. Therefore,  
secretToken@Line 2 flows to b@Line 5.

# Taint Analysis

## Example 2

```
1  int main(){
2      char* secretToken = tgetstr(...);    // source
3      char* a = secretToken;
4      char* b = a;
5      char* publicToken = "hello";
6      broadcast(publicToken);               // sink
7  }
```

Do we have a tainted flow from source to sink?

# Taint Analysis

## Example 2

```
1  int main(){
2      char* secretToken = tgetstr(...);    // source
3      char* a = secretToken;
4      char* b = a;
5      char* publicToken = "hello";
6      broadcast(publicToken);               // sink
7  }
```

Do we have a tainted flow from source to sink?

- Line 2 reaches Line 6 along the ICFG (control-dependence holds),
- secretToken and publicToken are not aliases (data-dependence does not hold),
- secretToken@Line 2 does not flow to publicToken@Line 6.

# Taint Analysis

## Example 3

```
1  char* foo(char* token){ return token; }
2  int main(){
3      if(condition){
4          char* secretToken = tgetstr(...);    // source
5          char* b = foo(secretToken);
6      }
7      else{
8          char* publicToken = "hello";
9          char* a = foo(publicToken);
10         broadcast(a);                        // sink
11     }
12 }
```

Do we have a tainted flow from source to sink?

# Taint Analysis

## Example 3

```
1  char* foo(char* token){ return token; }
2  int main(){
3      if(condition){
4          char* secretToken = tgetstr(...);    // source
5          char* b = foo(secretToken);
6      }
7      else{
8          char* publicToken = "hello";
9          char* a = foo(publicToken);
10         broadcast(a);                        // sink
11     }
12 }
```

Do we have a tainted flow from source to sink?

- secretToken and a are aliases due to callee foo (data-dependence holds),
- Line 4 does not reach Line 10 on ICFG (control-dependence does not hold),
- secretToken@Line 4 does not flow to a@Line 10.

# Taint Analysis

## Example 4

```
1  int main(){
2      char* secretToken = tgetstr(...);           // source
3      while(loopCondition){
4          if(BranchCondition){
5              char* a = secretToken;
6              broadcast(a);                         // sink
7          }
8          else{
9              char* b = "hello";
10         }
11     }
12 }
```

How many tainted flows from source to sink?

# Taint Analysis

## Example 4

```
1  int main(){
2      char* secretToken = tgetstr(...);           // source
3      while(loopCondition){
4          if(BranchCondition){
5              char* a = secretToken;
6              broadcast(a);                         // sink
7          }
8          else{
9              char* b = "hello";
10         }
11     }
12 }
```

How many tainted flows from source to sink?

- (At least) two paths from Line 2 to Line 6 on ICFG (control-dependence holds),
- secretToken and a are aliases (data-dependence holds),
- secretToken@Line 2 has two tainted paths flowing to a@Line 6.

# Configuring Sources and Sinks for Taint Analysis

**Aim:** enable different taint tracking patterns by defining/configuring sources and sinks.

- Given a source  $\mathbf{v}_{\text{src}}@s_{\text{src}}$  and a sink  $\mathbf{v}_{\text{snk}}@s_{\text{snk}}$ , in this class, we are interested in the case that  $s_{\text{src}}$  and  $s_{\text{snk}}$  are both API calls, i.e., `CallBlockNode` in SVF.



# Configuring Sources and Sinks for Taint Analysis

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- $\mathbf{v}_{\text{src}}$  is a return value from the call statement  $s_{\text{src}}$ .
- $\mathbf{v}_{\text{snk}}$  is a parameter being passed to a call statement  $s_{\text{snk}}$ .

# Configuring Sources and Sinks for Taint Analysis

**Aim:** enable different taint tracking patterns by defining/configuring sources and sinks.

- Given a source  $\mathbf{v}_{src} @ \mathbf{s}_{src}$  and a sink  $\mathbf{v}_{snk} @ \mathbf{s}_{snk}$ , in this class, we are interested in the case that  $\mathbf{s}_{src}$  and  $\mathbf{s}_{snk}$  are both API calls, i.e., `CallBlockNode` in SVF.
- $\mathbf{v}_{src}$  is a return value from the call statement  $\mathbf{s}_{src}$ .
- $\mathbf{v}_{snk}$  is a parameter being passed to a call statement  $\mathbf{s}_{snk}$ .
- We can identify  $\mathbf{s}_{src}$  and  $\mathbf{s}_{snk}$  according to different APIs, so as to configure sources and sinks.
- In our Example 1, variable `secretToken` is  $\mathbf{v}_{src}$  and `b` is  $\mathbf{v}_{snk}$ . The call statement `tgetstr(..)` represents  $\mathbf{s}_{src}$  and `broadcast(..)` are used for  $\mathbf{s}_{snk}$ .