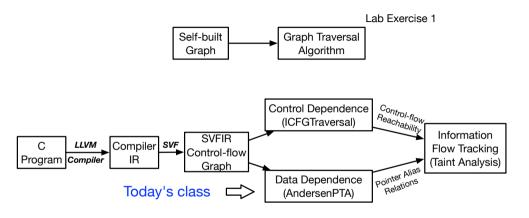
Data-Flow and Pointer Aliasing

(Week 3)

Yulei Sui

School of Computer Science and Engineering University of New South Wales, Australia

Today's class



- Top-level variables, whose addresses are not taken (ValPN in SVF)
 - Including stack virtual registers (symbols starting with "%") and global variables (symbols starting with "@") are explicit, i.e., directly accessed.

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 - For example, def-use for %a1 from Instruction-1 to Instruction-2.
 - Instruction-1: %a1 = alloca i8, align 1;
 - Instruction-2: store i8* %a1, i8** %a, align 8

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- Address-taken variables (abstract objects), accessed indirectly at load or store instructions via top-level variables (ObjPN in SVF)
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 - A stack object created at an LLVM's 'alloca' instruction or a heap object created via (e.g., 'malloc' callsite) or a global object.
 - Def-use for address-taken variables are computed via pointer analysis.
 - For example, there is a def-use for object o from Instruction-1 to Instruction-2 if pointers %a and %b both point to o.
 - Instruction-1: store i8* %a1, i8** %a, align 8
 - Instruction-2: %c = load i8** %b, align 8

Pointer Analysis (Revisit Andersen's Analysis in Lab-Exercise-1)

A typical data-flow analysis

- Points-to Analysis: aims to statically determine the possible runtime values
 of a pointer at compile-time.
 - Compute the points-to set (a set of address-taken variables) of each pointer (top-level variable)
 - For example, p = &a; q = p;
 - The resulting points-to sets of p and q are: $pts(p) = pts(q) = \{a\}$

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 - The resulting points-to sets of p and q are: pts(p) = pts(q) = {a}
- Alias Analysis: determines whether two pointer dereferences refer to the same memory location.
 - If the points-to sets of two pointers p and q have overlapping elements (i.e., pts(p) ∩ pts(q) ≠ ∅) then p and q are aliases. The derereferences of p and q may refer to the same memory location.

Why shall we learn pointer analysis?

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- Compiler optimizations and bug detection
 - Constant propagation
 - *p = 1; x = *q;
 x is a constant value and equals 1, if p and q are must-aliases (always point to the same memory location w.r.t every execution path).
 - *p = 1; *q = r; x = *p;
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 - *p = 1; *q = r; x = *p;
 x is a constant value and equals 1, if p and q do not alias with each other.
 - Taint analysis
 - *p = taintedInput; x = *q;
 x is tainted if p and q are aliases.

Precision Dimensions

Can be generally classified into the following precision dimensions at different levels of abstractions.

Flow-insensitive analysis:

- Ignores program execution order
- A single solution across whole program

Context-insensitive analysis:

 Merges all calling contexts when analysing a program method

Path-insensitive analysis:

 Merges all incoming path information at the join points of the control-flow graph

Flow-sensitive analysis:

- Respects the program execution order
- Separate solution at each program point

Context-sensitive analysis:

 Distinguishes between different calling contexts of a program method

Path-sensitive analysis:

Computes a solution per (abstract) program path.

Precision Dimensions

Levels of Abstractions

Assume x is a tainted value

$$p = x$$

$$p = y$$

flow-sensitivity

at which program point p is tainted?

C

Assume A is a tainted v

context-sensitivity

under which calling context p is tainted?

p = xelse p = y

path-sensitivity

along which program path p is tainted?

Flow-, context-, and path-insensitive analysis

A flow-insensitive, context-insensitive and path-insensitive points-to analysis to determine points-to set of a pointer by analyzing the Constraint Graph or Program Assignment Graph (PAG) of a program.

- Also called inclusion-based points-to analysis, the most popular and widely used pointer analysis.
- Constraint solving, i.e., inclusion-based constraint solving between SVFVars in the form of ConstraintNodes.
- The analysis requires iterative constraint solving by (1) propagating points-to sets among constraint graph nodes, and (2) adding new edges until a fixed point is reached, i.e., no new edges are added. (Lab-Exercise-1)

Andersen, L. O. (1994). Program analysis and specialization for the C programming language (Doctoral dissertation, University of Cophenhagen).

The analysis operating upon a program's constraint graph which is a subgraph of PAG (program assignment graph).

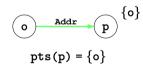
- ConstraintNode represents
 - A pointer (ValVar): (top-level variable) or
 - An object (ObjVar): (address-taken objects, i.e., heap/stack/global/function objs)
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Constraint Edge	LLVM IR	C code	Constraint rules
$p \xleftarrow{\text{Addr}} o$	%p = alloca _o	p = &o	$\mathtt{pts}(\mathtt{p}) = \mathtt{pts}(\mathtt{p}) \cup \{\mathtt{o}\}$
$q \xleftarrow{\text{Copy}} p$	%q = bitcast %p	q = p	$\mathtt{pts}(\mathtt{q}) = \mathtt{pts}(\mathtt{q}) \cup \mathtt{pts}(\mathtt{p})$
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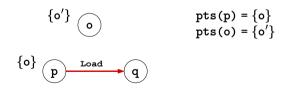


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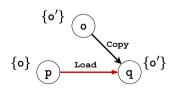
$$\begin{cases}
o \\
p \\
pts(p) = \{o\}
\end{cases}$$

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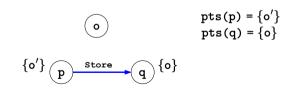


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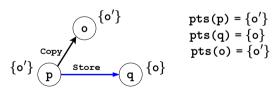


$$pts(p) = \{o\}$$
$$pts(o) = \{o'\}$$
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$$\begin{cases}
o \\
p
\end{cases}
\xrightarrow{\text{Gep,fld}} q$$

$$pts(p) = \{o\}$$

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Compiling a C Program to Its LLVM IR

```
void swap(char ***p, char ***q){
   char* t = *p;
   *p = *q;
   *q = t;
}
int main(){
   char a1;
   char *a;
   char b1;
   char *b;
   a = &a1;
   b = &b1;
   swap(&a,&b);
}
```

swap.c

define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %g) #0 { entry: %0 = load ptr. ptr %p, align 8 %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8 store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8 store ptr %0, ptr %g, align 8 ret void define i32 @main() #0 { entry: %a1 = alloca i8, align 1 %a = alloca ptr. align 8 %b1 = alloca i8, align 1 %b = alloca ptr, align 8 store ptr %al. ptr %a. align 8 store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8 call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b) ret i32 0

swap.ll

*https://github.com/SVF-tools/Software-Security-Analysis/wiki/SVFIR#2-llvm-ir-generation

```
→ Load
                                                          Address
                                                                           → Store
                                                            Copy
define i32 @main() #0 {
                                                         \Im\{01\}
entry:
   %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // 01
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                                      {04}
                                                          {O3}
   %b1 = alloca i8. align 1
                                     // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
  ret i32 0
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr. ptr %p. align 8
  %1 = load ptr, ptr %q, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
  ret void
```

https://github.com/svf-tools/SVF/wiki/Analyze-a-Simple-C-Program#5-pag

```
→ Load
                                                          Address
                                                                          → Store
                                                            Copy
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                                     // 04
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→ Load

Address

```
Store
                                                            Copy
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // 02
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                                      {04}
                                                          {O3}
  %b1 = alloca i8. align 1
                                     // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
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Address
                                                                            ► Load
                                                                            → Store
                                                             Copy
define i32 @main() #0 {
                                                                       {02}
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                                        {04}
                                                           {O3}
                                      // O3
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                                                     (04)
                                     // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  ret i32 0
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
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  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
  store ptr %0, ptr %g, align 8
  ret void
```

```
Algorithm 1: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
  Input: G =< V, E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address p do
                                             // Address rule
      pts(p) = o:
      pushIntoWorklist(p):
s while Worklist + do
      p := popFromWorklist();
      foreach o ∈ nts(n) do
          foreach ostoren e F do
                                               // Store rule
8
              if q <sup>Copy</sup> o ∉ E then
                  E := E \sqcup \{a \xrightarrow{Copy} a\}:
10
                                           // Add copy edge
                 nushIntoWorklist(a):
11
          foreach p<sup>Load</sup>r ∈ F do
                                                // Load rule
12
              if o copy r ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                           // Add copy edge
14
                 pushIntoWorklist(o):
15
      foreach p Copy x ∈ F do
16
                                                // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
             pushIntoWorklist(x);
      foreach p Gep x ∈ E do
                                                 // Gep rule
20
21
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
           pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if nto(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
24
```

https://github.com/svf-tools/SVF/wiki/Analyze-a-Simple-C-Program#5-pag

```
Address
                                                                          Load
                                                           Copy
                                                                          Store
                                                                      {O2},
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
                                      // 01
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                                      {04}
                                                          {O3}
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                      // O3
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                                                   (04)
                                      // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
  ret i32 0
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %a) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %q, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                tail
                                                                                 head
  store ptr %0, ptr %g, align 8
  ret void
                                                              Worklist
```

```
Algorithm 2: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
  Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o → p do
                                              // Address rule
      pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
      pushIntoWorklist(p):
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                             // Add copy edge
10
                  pushIntoWorklist(a):
11
          foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                  // Load rule
12
              if o copy r # E then
13
                  E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\};
                                            // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
      foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
16
                                                 // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
19
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
      foreach p Gep y \in F do
                                                   // Gep rule
20
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
21
22
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```

```
Address
                                                                          Load
                                                           Copy
                                                                          Store
                                                                     {O2}
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
                                      // 01
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                                      {04}
                                                          {O3}
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                      // O3
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                      // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
  ret i32 0
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %a) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %q, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                tail
                                                                                head
  store ptr %0, ptr %g, align 8
  ret void
                                                              WorkList
```

```
Algorithm 3: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
  Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address n do
                                              // Address rule
      pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
      pushIntoWorklist(p):
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                             // Add copy edge
10
                  pushIntoWorklist(a):
11
          foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                  // Load rule
12
              if o copy r # E then
13
                  E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\};
                                             // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
      foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
16
                                                  // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
19
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
      foreach p Gep y \in F do
                                                   // Gep rule
20
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
22
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```

```
Address
                                                                          Load
                                                           Copy
                                                                          Store
                                                                     {O2}
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
                                      // 01
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                                      {04}
                                                         {O3}
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                      // O3
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                      // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
  ret i32 0
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %a) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %q, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                tail
                                                                                head
  store ptr %0, ptr %g, align 8
  ret void
                                                              WorkList
```

```
Algorithm 4: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
  Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address n do
                                              // Address rule
      pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
      pushIntoWorklist(p):
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                 // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                             // Add copy edge
10
                  pushIntoWorklist(a):
11
          foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                  // Load rule
12
              if o copy r # E then
13
                  E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\};
                                             // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
      foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
16
                                                  // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
19
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
      foreach p Gep y \in F do
                                                   // Gep rule
20
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
22
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```

```
Address
                                                                          Load
                                                           Copy
                                                                          Store
                                                                     {O2}
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                         {O3}
                                                                      {04}
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                     // 03
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                      // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
  ret i32 0
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %a) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %q, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                tail
                                                                                head
  store ptr %0, ptr %g, align 8
  ret void
                                                              World ist
```

```
Algorithm 5: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
  Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address n do
                                              // Address rule
      pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
      pushIntoWorklist(p):
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach g \xrightarrow{\text{store}} p \in E do
                                                 // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
9
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                             // Add copy edge
10
                  pushIntoWorklist(q);
11
          foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                  // Load rule
12
              if o copy r # E then
13
                  E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\};
                                             // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
      foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
16
                                                  // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
19
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
      foreach p Gep y \in F do
                                                   // Gep rule
20
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
22
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```

```
Address
                                                                           Load
                                                           Copy
                                                                          Store
                                                                     {O2}
                                                       %a}{O1}
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                      // 01
                                                                      {04}
                                                         {O3}
  %a = alloca ptr, align 8
                                      // O3
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                                                   (04
                                     // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
  ret i32 0
                                                       %p)
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %g) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr. ptr %p, align 8
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %q, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                tail
                                                                                head
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
                                                                    %a1
                                                                                     %a
  ret void
                                                              WorkWist
```

```
Algorithm 6: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
   Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
           V: a set of nodes in graph
           E: a set of edges in graph
 1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
 2 foreach o Address p do
                                                // Address rule
      pts(p) := pts(p) \sqcup \{o\}:
      pushIntoWorklist(p);
 s while WorkList \neq do
       p := popFromWorklist():
       foreach o e pts(p) do
           foreach q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                  // Store rule
               if q \xrightarrow{Copy} o \notin E then
                    E := E \sqcup \{a \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                              // Add copy edge
10
                   pushIntoWorklist(g):
           foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
12
                                                    // Load rule
               if o Copy r & E then
                   E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\};
                                              // Add copy edge
14
15
                   pushIntoWorklist(o):
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in E do
                                                   // Copy rule
16
           pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p):
18
           if pts(x) changed then
            | pushIntoWorklist(x);
19
       foreach p Gep y \in F do
                                                     // Gep rule
20
21
           foreach o e pts(p) do
22
            | pts(x) := pts(x) ∪ {o.fld};
           if pts(x) changed then
23
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
```

```
Address
                                                                          Load
                                                           Copy
                                                                          → Store
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
                                      // 01
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                         {O3}
                                                                      {04}
                                      // O(201)
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                      // O3
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                      // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
                                                          {O3}
                                                                      {04}
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
  ret i32 0
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %a) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr, ptr %p, align 8
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %q, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                tail
                                                                                head
  store ptr %0, ptr %g, align 8
                                                              O3 %a %b1 %p
  ret void
                                                              Worklist
```

```
Algorithm 7: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
 Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
         V: a set of nodes in graph
         E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address n do
                                             // Address rule
     pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
     pushIntoWorklist(p):
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
         foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                // Store rule
             if a copy o ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                            // Add copy edge
                 pushIntoWorklist(a):
         foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                 // Load rule
             if o copy r # E then
                  E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                            // Add copy edge
                 pushIntoWorklist(o);
      foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
                                                 // Copy rule
         pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
          if pts(x) changed then
             pushIntoWorklist(x);
      foreach p Gep y ∈ F do
                                                  // Gep rule
         foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
             pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
         if pts(x) changed then
             pushIntoWorklist(x);
```

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

22

23

24

```
Address
                                                                              Load
                                                            Copy
                                                                           Store
define i32 @main() #0 {
                                                                       {O2}
                                              (01
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                             {01}
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                          {O3}
                                                                       (04)
                                     // O3
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // 04
                                              (03
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
                                                           {O3}
                                                                       {04}
  ret i32 0
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
                                                       (%0)
  %0 = load ptr. ptr %p. align 8
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %g, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                tail
                                                                                head
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
                                                              %1 O3 %g %h
  ret void
                                                                   W
```

```
Algorithm 8: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
  Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address n do
                                              // Address rule
      pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
      pushIntoWorklist(p):
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach g \xrightarrow{\text{store}} p \in E do
                                                // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
9
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                             // Add copy edge
10
                  pushIntoWorklist(q);
11
          foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                  // Load rule
12
              if o copy r # E then
13
                  E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\};
                                             // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
      foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
16
                                                  // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
19
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
      foreach p Gep y \in F do
                                                   // Gep rule
20
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
22
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```

```
Address
                                                                              Load
                                                            Copy
                                                                           Store
define i32 @main() #0 {
                                                                      {O2}
                                              (01
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // O2,
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                                       (04)
                                     // 03{01}
                                                          {O3}
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                                                    (04
                                     // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
                                                           {O3}
                                                                       {04}
  ret i32 0
                                                        %p
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
                                                       (%n)
  %0 = load ptr. ptr %p. align 8
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %g, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                tail
                                                                                head
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
                                                           O3 %1 O3 %a %b1
  ret void
                                                                   W
```

```
Algorithm 9: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
  Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address p do
                                             // Address rule
      pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
      pushIntoWorklist(p):
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                            // Add copy edge
10
                  pushIntoWorklist(a):
11
          foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                 // Load rule
12
              if o copy r & E then
13
                  E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                            // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
      foreach p Copy x ∈ F do
16
                                                 // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
19
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
      foreach p Gep y \in F do
                                                  // Gep rule
20
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
22
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```

```
Address
                                                                             Load
                                                            Copy
                                                                           Store
define i32 @main() #0 {
                                                                      {O2}
                                             (01
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // O2,
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                                       (04)
                                    // 03{01}
                                                          {O3}
                                                                                     {O2}
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
                                                          {O3}
                                                                       {04}
  ret i32 0
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
                                                       (%n)
  %0 = load ptr. ptr %p. align 8
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %g, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                tail
                                                                                head
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
                                                            O4 O3 %1 O3 %a
  ret void
                                                                  W
```

```
Algorithm 10: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
 Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
         V: a set of nodes in graph
         E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address n do
                                             // Address rule
     pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
     pushIntoWorklist(p):
5 while WorkList ≠ do
     p := popFromWorklist():
      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
         foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                // Store rule
             if a copy o ∉ E then
                 E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                            // Add copy edge
                 pushIntoWorklist(a):
         foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                 // Load rule
             if o copy r # E then
                  E := E \sqcup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                            // Add copy edge
                 pushIntoWorklist(o);
      foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
                                                 // Copy rule
         pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
          if pts(x) changed then
             pushIntoWorklist(x);
      foreach p Gep y ∈ F do
                                                  // Gep rule
         foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
             pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
         if pts(x) changed then
             pushIntoWorklist(x);
```

10

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16

17

18

19

20

22

23

24

```
Address
                                                                              Load
                                                            Copy
                                                                           Store
define i32 @main() #0 {
                                                                      {O2}
                                              (01)
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // O2,
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                                       (04)
                                    // 03{01}
                                                          {O3}
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
                                                          {O3}
                                                                       {04}
  ret i32 0
                                                       %p
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr. ptr %p. align 8
                                                       (%0)
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %g, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                tail
                                                                                head
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
                                                       O4%0 O4 O3 %1 O3
  ret void
                                                                  W
```

```
Algorithm 11: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
  Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address p do
                                             // Address rule
      pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
      pushIntoWorklist(p);
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\};
                                            // Add copy edge
10
                  pushIntoWorklist(q);
11
          foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                 // Load rule
12
              if o copy r & E then
13
                  E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                            // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
      foreach p Copy x ∈ F do
16
                                                 // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
19
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
      foreach p Gep y \in F do
                                                  // Gep rule
20
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
22
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```

```
Address
                                                                              Load
                                                            Copy
                                                                           Store
define i32 @main() #0 {
                                                                      {O2}
                                              (01)
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // O2,
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                                       (04)
                                     // 03{01}
                                                          {O3}
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
                                                           {O3}
                                                                       {04}
  ret i32 0
                                                        %p
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
                                                       (%0) {O1}
  %0 = load ptr. ptr %p. align 8
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %g, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                tail
                                                                                head
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
                                                         %0 O4%0 O4 O3 %1
  ret void
                                                                   W
```

```
Algorithm 12: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
  Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address p do
                                              // Address rule
      pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
      pushIntoWorklist(p):
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                             // Add copy edge
10
                  pushIntoWorklist(a):
11
          foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                  // Load rule
12
              if o copy r # E then
13
                  E := E \sqcup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                             // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
      foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
16
                                                  // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
19
      foreach p Gep y ∈ F do
                                                   // Gep rule
20
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
22
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```

```
Address
                                                                              Load
                                                            Copy
                                                                            Store
define i32 @main() #0 {
                                                                       {O2}
                                              (01)
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // O2,
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                                       (04)
                                     // 03{01}
                                                          {O3}
                                                                                      {O2}
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
                                                           {O3}
                                                                       {04}
  ret i32 0
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
                                                       (%0) {O1}
  %0 = load ptr. ptr %p. align 8
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %g, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                tail
                                                                                 head
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
                                                             %0 O4%0 O4 O3
  ret void
                                                                   W
```

```
Algorithm 13: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
  Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address p do
                                              // Address rule
      pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
      pushIntoWorklist(p):
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                 // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                             // Add copy edge
10
                  pushIntoWorklist(a):
11
          foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                  // Load rule
12
              if o copy r # E then
13
                  E := E \sqcup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                             // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
      foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
16
                                                  // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
19
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
      foreach p Gep y \in F do
                                                   // Gep rule
20
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
22
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```

```
Address
                                                                              Load
                                                            Copy
                                                                            Store
define i32 @main() #0 {
                                                                       {O2}
                                              (01)
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // O2,
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                                       (04)
                                     // 03{01}
                                                           {O3}
                                                                                      {O2}
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
                                                           {O3}
                                                                       {04}
  ret i32 0
                                                        %p
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
                                                       (%0) {O1}
  %0 = load ptr. ptr %p. align 8
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %g, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                 tail
                                                                                 head
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
                                                                 %0 O4%0 O4
  ret void
                                                                   W
```

```
Algorithm 14: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
  Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address p do
                                              // Address rule
      pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
      pushIntoWorklist(p);
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                             // Add copy edge
10
                  pushIntoWorklist(a):
11
          foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                  // Load rule
12
              if o copy r # E then
13
                  E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\};
                                            // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
      foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
16
                                                  // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
19
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
      foreach p Gep y \in F do
                                                   // Gep rule
20
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
22
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```

```
Address
                                                                              Load
                                                            Copy
                                                                            Store
define i32 @main() #0 {
                                                                       {O2}
                                              (01)
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // O2,
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                                       (04)
                                     // 03{01}
                                                          {O3}
                                                                                      {O2}
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                     // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
                                                           {O3}
                                                                       {04}
  ret i32 0
                                                        %p
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
                                                       (%0) {O1}
                                                                      {02} (%
  %0 = load ptr. ptr %p. align 8
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %g, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                tail
                                                                                 head
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
                                                                %1 %0 O4%0
  ret void
                                                                   W
```

```
Algorithm 15: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
  Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address p do
                                              // Address rule
      pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
      pushIntoWorklist(p):
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                             // Add copy edge
10
                  pushIntoWorklist(a):
11
          foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                  // Load rule
12
              if o copy r # E then
13
                  E := E \sqcup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                            // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
      foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
                                                  // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
19
      foreach p Gep y ∈ F do
                                                   // Gep rule
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
22
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```

16

```
Address
                                                                                Load
                                                              Copy
                                                                              Store
define i32 @main() #0 {
                                                                         {O2}
                                               (01)
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                      // O2,
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                                         (04)
                                      // 03{01}
                                                            {O3}
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                                                      (04
                                      // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
                                                                                               10
                                                            {O3}
                                                                         {04}
                                                                                               11
  ret i32 0
                                                         %p
                                                                                               12
                                                                                               13
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
                                                                                               14
                                                                                               15
entry:
                                                         (%0){O1}
                                                                        {02} (%
  %0 = load ptr. ptr %p. align 8
                                                                                               16
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %g, align 8
                                                                                               17
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                                                               18
                                                  tail
                                                                                   head
                                                                                               19
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
                                                                   O4 %1 %0 O4
  ret void
                                                                     W
                                                                                               22
                                                                                               23
                                                                                               24
```

```
Algorithm 16: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
             Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
                     V: a set of nodes in graph
                     E: a set of edges in graph
            1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
            2 foreach o Address p do
                                                          // Address rule
                 pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
                 pushIntoWorklist(p):
\{O2,O1\}_{5} while WorkList \neq do
                  p := popFromWorklist():
                  foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
                     foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                            // Store rule
                         if a copy o ∉ E then
                             E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                                        // Add copy edge
                             pushIntoWorklist(a):
                     foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                             // Load rule
                         if o copy r # E then
                              E := E \sqcup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                                        // Add copy edge
                             pushIntoWorklist(o);
                  foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
                                                             // Copy rule
                     pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
                      if pts(x) changed then
                         pushIntoWorklist(x);
                  foreach n Gep v ∈ F do
                                                              // Gep rule
                     foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
                         pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
                     if pts(x) changed then
                         pushIntoWorklist(x);
```

```
Address
                                                                                Load
                                                              Copy
                                                                              Store
define i32 @main() #0 {
                                                                         {O2}
                                               (01)
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                      // O2,
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                                         (04)
                                      // 03{01}
                                                            {O3}
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                                                       (04
                                      // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
                                                                                               10
                                                             {O3}
                                                                         {04}
                                                                                               11
  ret i32 0
                                                          %p
                                                                                               12
                                                                                               13
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
                                                                                               14
                                                                                               15
entry:
                                                         (%0){O1}
                                                                              (%1
  %0 = load ptr. ptr %p. align 8
                                                                                      01}
                                                                                               16
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %g, align 8
                                                                                               17
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                                                               18
                                                  tail
                                                                                   head
                                                                                               19
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
  ret void
                                                                                               20
                                                                     W
                                                                                               22
                                                                                               23
                                                                                               24
```

```
Algorithm 17: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
             Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
                     V: a set of nodes in graph
                     E: a set of edges in graph
            1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
            2 foreach o Address p do
                                                          // Address rule
                 pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
                 pushIntoWorklist(p):
\{O2,O1\}_{5} while WorkList \neq do
                  p := popFromWorklist():
                  foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
                     foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                            // Store rule
                         if a copy o ∉ E then
                             E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                                        // Add copy edge
                             pushIntoWorklist(a):
                     foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                             // Load rule
                         if o copy r # E then
                              E := E \sqcup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                                        // Add copy edge
                             pushIntoWorklist(o);
                  foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
                                                             // Copy rule
                     pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
                      if pts(x) changed then
                         pushIntoWorklist(x);
                  foreach n Gep v ∈ F do
                                                              // Gep rule
                     foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
                         pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
                     if pts(x) changed then
                         pushIntoWorklist(x);
```

```
Address
                                                                                Load
                                                              Copy
                                                                              Store
define i32 @main() #0 {
                                                                         {O2}
                                               (01)
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                                         (04)
                                                            {O3}
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                                                      100
                                      // 04
                                               (O3
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
                                                                                               10
                                                            {O3}
                                                                         {04}
                                                                                               11
  ret i32 0
                                                         %p
                                                                                               12
                                                                                               13
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
                                                                                               14
                                                                                               15
entry:
                                                         (%0){O1}
                                                                             (%1
  %0 = load ptr. ptr %p. align 8
                                                                                      01}
                                                                                               16
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %g, align 8
                                                                                               17
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                                                               18
                                                  tail
                                                                                   head
                                                                                               19
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
                                                                    O3 %1 O4
  ret void
                                                                                               20
                                                                     W
                                                                                               22
                                                                                               23
                                                                                               24
```

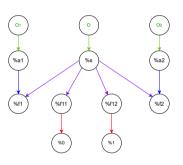
```
Algorithm 18: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
             Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
                     V: a set of nodes in graph
                     E: a set of edges in graph
            1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
            2 foreach o Address p do
                                                          // Address rule
                 pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
                 pushIntoWorklist(p):
\{O2,O1\}_{5} while WorkList \neq do
                  p := popFromWorklist():
                  foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
                     foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                            // Store rule
                         if a copy o ∉ E then
                             E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                                        // Add copy edge
                             pushIntoWorklist(a):
                     foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                             // Load rule
                         if o copy r # E then
                              E := E \sqcup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                                        // Add copy edge
                             pushIntoWorklist(o);
                  foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
                                                             // Copy rule
                     pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
                      if pts(x) changed then
                         pushIntoWorklist(x);
                  foreach n Gep v ∈ F do
                                                              // Gep rule
                     foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
                         pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
                     if pts(x) changed then
                         pushIntoWorklist(x);
```

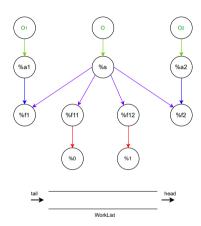
```
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
%a1 = alloca i8. alian 1
                               // O1
                              // O2 {O1,O2}
%b1 = alloca i8, alian 1
%a = alloca i8*, alian 8
                               // 04
%b = alloca i8*, alian 8
store i8* %a1, i8** %a, alian 8
store i8* %b1, i8** %b, alian 8
call void @swap(i8** %a, i8** %b)
ret i32 0
define void @swap(i8** %p. i8** %a)
#0 {
entry:
\%0 = load i8** \%p, alian 8
%1 = load i8** %q, align 8
store i8* %1, i8** %p, alian 8
store i8* %0, i8** %a, alian 8
ret void
```

```
Load
        Address
         Copy
                  — Store
                 {O2}
                  {04}
        {03}
        {03}
                  {04}
      %р
      %0
{01.62}
tail
                          head
                              %0
            WorkList
```

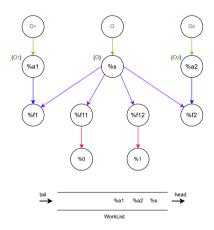
```
Algorithm 19: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
              Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
                      V: a set of nodes in graph
                      E: a set of edges in graph
            1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
            2 foreach o Address p do
                                                          // Address rule
                  pts(p) := pts(p) U {o}:
                  pushIntoWorklist(p):
{O2,O1}<sub>5</sub> while WorkList ≠ do
                  p := popFromWorklist():
                  foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
                      foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                             // Store rule
                          if a copy o ∉ E then
                              E := E \sqcup \{a \xrightarrow{Copy} a\}:
                                                         // Add copy edge
           10
                              pushIntoWorklist(a):
           11
                      foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                              // Load rule
           12
                          if o copy r # E then
           13
                              E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\};
                                                         // Add copy edge
           14
                              pushIntoWorklist(o);
           15
                  foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
           16
                                                              // Copy rule
                      pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
           17
                      if pts(x) changed then
           18
           19
                          pushIntoWorklist(x):
                  foreach p Gep y \in F do
                                                               // Gep rule
                      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
           22
                          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
           23
                      if pts(x) changed then
                          pushIntoWorklist(x);
           24
```

```
struct Sf
     int* f1;
     int* f2:
5 int main(){
      struct S s:
     int a1, a2;
     s.f1 = &a1:
     s.f2 = &a2:
     int*p = s.f1;
11
      int* q = s.f2:
12 }
   define i32 @main() #0 {
   entry:
     %s = alloca %struct.S. align 8
     %a1 = alloca i32, align 4
     %a2 = alloca i32, align 4
     %f1 = getelementptr inbounds %struct.S, ptr %s, i32 0, i32 0
     store ptr %a1, ptr %f1, align 8
     %f2 = getelementptr inbounds %struct.S, ptr %s, i32 0, i32 1
     store ptr %a2, ptr %f2, align 8
     %f11 = getelementptr inbounds %struct.S, ptr %s, i32 0, i32 0
11
     %0 = load ptr, ptr %f11, align 8
     %f22 = getelementptr inbounds %struct.S. ptr %s, i32 0, i32 1
13
     %1 = load ptr. ptr %f22, align 8
14
     ret i32 0
15 }
```

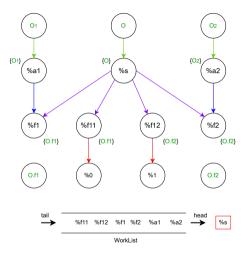




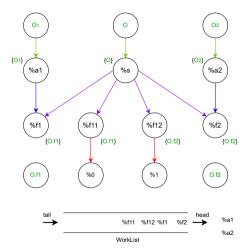
```
Algorithm 20: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
   Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address p do
                                                   // Address rule
      pts(p) = o:
      pushIntoWorklist(p);
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
       foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                     // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\};
                                                  // Add copy edge
10
                  pushIntoWorklist(q);
11
           foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                       // Load rule
12
               if o copy r ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                                  // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in E do
16
                                                       // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
       foreach p Gep x ∈ F do
                                                        // Gep rule
20
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
21
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```



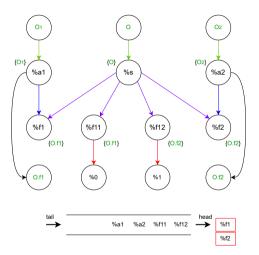
```
Algorithm 21: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
   Input: G =< V E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address p do
                                                   // Address rule
       pts(p) = o:
      pushIntoWorklist(p);
5 while WorkList ≠ do
       p := popFromWorklist();
       foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
я
                                                     // Store rule
              if a <sup>Copy</sup> o ∉ E then
9
                  E := E \cup \{a \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                                 // Add copy edge
10
11
                  pushIntoWorklist(a):
          foreach phoadr ∈ F do
                                                       // Load rule
12
              if o Copy r ∉ E then
13
                  E := E \sqcup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                                 // Add copy edge
14
15
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
       foreach p Gopy x ∈ F do
                                                      // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p):
17
           if pts(x) changed then
18
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
19
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Gep} x \in E do
                                                       // Gep rule
20
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
21
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
22
           if pts(x) changed then
23
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
```



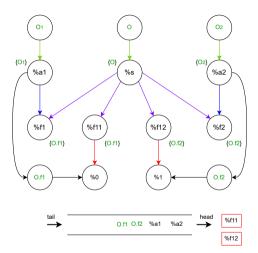
```
Algorithm 22: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
   Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address n do
                                                   // Address rule
       pts(p) = o:
      pushIntoWorklist(p):
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
       foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                      // Store rule
              if a Copy o ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\};
10
                                                  // Add copy edge
                  pushIntoWorklist(a):
11
          foreach p^{Load}r \in E do
12
                                                       // Load rule
              if o copy r ∉ E then
13
                  E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
14
                                                  // Add copy edge
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in F do
                                                       // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
          if pts(x) changed then
18
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
19
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Gep} x \in E do
20
                                                        // Gep rule
          foreach o e pts(p) do
21
22
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
           if pts(x) changed then
23
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```



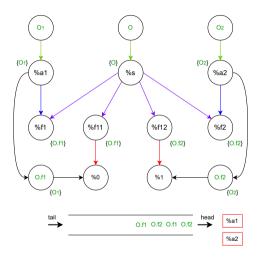
```
Algorithm 23: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
   Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address p do
                                                   // Address rule
      pts(p) = o:
      pushIntoWorklist(p);
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
       foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                     // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\};
                                                  // Add copy edge
10
                  pushIntoWorklist(q);
11
           foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                       // Load rule
12
               if o copy r ∉ E then
13
                  E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                                  // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in E do
16
                                                       // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
19
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
       foreach p Gep x ∈ F do
                                                        // Gep rule
20
          foreach o e pts(p) do
21
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```



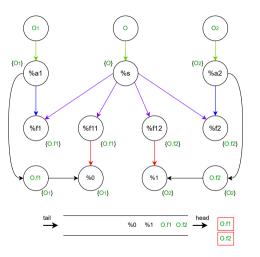
```
Algorithm 24: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
   Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address p do
                                                    // Addrose rulo
      pts(p) = 0
      pushIntoWorklist(p);
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist();
       foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                      // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
9
                   E := E \cup \{a \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                                   // Add copy edge
10
11
                   pushIntoWorklist(q);
          foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
12
                                                        // Load rule
              if o copy r ∉ E then
13
                   E := E \sqcup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                                   // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in E do
                                                       // Copy rule
16
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
           if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
19
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Gep} x \in E do
20
                                                         // Gep rule
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
21
            pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
22
          if pts(x) changed then
23
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```



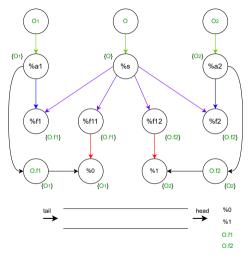
```
Algorithm 25: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
   Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address p do
                                                    // Addrose rulo
      pts(p) = 0
      pushIntoWorklist(p);
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist();
       foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach q \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                      // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
9
                   E := E \cup \{a \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
10
                                                  // Add copy edge
                   pushIntoWorklist(g):
11
           foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
12
                                                        // Load rule
              if o copy r ∉ E then
13
                   E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\};
                                                  // Add copy edge
14
                   pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in E do
                                                       // Copy rule
16
17
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
           if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
19
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Gep} x \in E do
20
                                                         // Gep rule
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
21
            pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
22
          if pts(x) changed then
23
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```



```
Algorithm 26: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
   Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
           V: a set of nodes in graph
           E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address n do
                                                     // Address rule
       pts(p) = o:
      pushIntoWorklist(p):
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
       foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
           foreach \underset{p}{\operatorname{g}} \in E do
                                                       // Store rule
               if q <sup>Copy</sup> o ∉ E then
                   E := E \cup \{a \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
10
                                                   // Add copy edge
                  pushIntoWorklist(a):
11
           foreach p^{Load}r \in E do
12
                                                         // Load rule
               if o <sup>Copy</sup> r ∉ E then
13
                   E := E \sqcup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}
14
                                                   // Add copy edge
                   pushIntoWorklist(o);
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in E do
                                                        // Copy rule
16
           pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
           if pts(x) changed then
18
               pushIntoWorklist(x);
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Gep} x \in E do
                                                         // Gep rule
           foreach o e pts(p) do
21
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
22
           if pts(x) changed then
23
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
```



```
Algorithm 27: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
   Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
           V: a set of nodes in graph
           E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address n do
                                                     // Address rule
       pts(p) = o:
      pushIntoWorklist(p):
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
       foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
           foreach \underset{p}{\operatorname{g}} \in E do
                                                       // Store rule
               if q <sup>Copy</sup> o ∉ E then
                   E := E \cup \{a \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
10
                                                   // Add copy edge
                  pushIntoWorklist(a):
11
           foreach p^{Load}r \in E do
12
                                                         // Load rule
               if o <sup>Copy</sup> r ∉ E then
13
                   E := E \sqcup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}
14
                                                   // Add copy edge
                   pushIntoWorklist(o);
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in E do
                                                        // Copy rule
           pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
           if pts(x) changed then
18
               pushIntoWorklist(x);
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Gep} x \in E do
                                                         // Gep rule
           foreach o e pts(p) do
21
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
22
           if pts(x) changed then
23
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
```



```
Algorithm 28: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
   Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
          V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
2 foreach o Address p do
                                                   // Address rule
      pts(p) = o:
      pushIntoWorklist(p);
5 while WorkList ≠ do
      p := popFromWorklist():
       foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                     // Store rule
              if a copy o ∉ E then
                  E := E \cup \{q \xrightarrow{Copy} o\};
                                                  // Add copy edge
10
                  pushIntoWorklist(q);
11
           foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                      // Load rule
12
               if o copy r ∉ E then
13
                  E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                                  // Add copy edge
14
                  pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in E do
16
                                                      // Copy rule
          pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
17
          if pts(x) changed then
18
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
       foreach p Gep x ∈ F do
                                                        // Gep rule
20
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
21
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
23
          if pts(x) changed then
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
24
```

Constraint solving Algorithm for Andersen's Analysis

- A worklist holds a list of constraint graph nodes for processing
- Pop a node p from the worklist.
- Handle each incoming store edge and each outgoing load edge of node p by adding copy edges.
- Handle each outgoing copy edge of p by propagating points-to information.
- The constraint solving stops when no points-to set of a pointer is changed.

APIs for Implementing Andersen's analysis

```
::getPts(NodeID ptr)
                                                                      //get points-to set of ptr
   SVF:: AndersenBase
                                  ::addPts(NodeID ptr, NodeID obi)
                                                                      // add obj to point-to set of object ptr
                                  ::unionPts(NodeTD ntr. NodeTD ntr)
                                                                      // union two point-to sets
                                  :: pushIntoWorklist(NodeID id)
                                                                     // push the node to worklist
                                  ::popFromWorklist()
                                                                      // pop a node from the worklist
                                  ::isInWorklist(NodeID id)
                                                                      // return true if the node in the worklist
                                  ::isWorklistEmptv()
                                                                      // return true if the worklist is empty
    SVF:: AndersenPTA
                                  ::addCopyEdge(NodeID src. NodeID dst) // add a copy edge from src to dst
                                  ::getConstraintNode(nodeId id)
                                                                    //get the node based on its id
SVF::ConstraintGraph
                                   :: dump()
                                                                    // dump the ConsG
                                                                 // get incoming store edges of the node
                                  ::getStoreInEdge()
                                                                 //get outgoing store edges of the node
                                   ::getStoreOutEdge()
SVF::ConstraintNode
                                   ::getDirectOutEdge()
                                                                 // get outgoing copy edges of the node
                                  ::getDirectInEdge()
                                                                 // get incoming copy edges of the node
```

```
https://github.com/SVF-tools/Software-Security-Analysis/wiki/SVF-CPP-API#worklist-operations
https://github.com/SVF-tools/Software-Security-Analysis/wiki/SVF-CPP-API#oints-to-set-operations
https://github.com/SVF-tools/Software-Security-Analysis/wiki/SVF-CPP-API#oints-to-set-operations
https://github.com/SVF-tools/Software-Security-Analysis/wiki/SVF-CPP-API#constraintgraph-constraintnode-and-constraintedge
```

Constraint graph before the while loop worklist solving

```
Address
                                                                             I oad
                                                                           → Store
                                                            Copy
                                                                      {O2}
define i32 @main() #0 {
entry:
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                                      {04}
                                                          {O3}
                                      // O2
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                      // 03
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                                                   (04)
                                      // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
  ret i32 0
                                                        %p
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
entry:
  %0 = load ptr. ptr %p, align 8
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %q, align 8
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                tail
                                                                                 head
  store ptr %0, ptr %q, align 8
  ret void
                                                              Worklist
```

```
Algorithm 29: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
  Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
           V: a set of nodes in graph
          E: a set of edges in graph
1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes;
2 foreach o Address p do
                                                // Address rule
       pts(p) = o:
      pushIntoWorklist(p):
s while Worklist + do
       p := popFromWorklist():
       foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
          foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
8
                                                   // Store rule
              if q <sup>Copy</sup> o ∉ E then
9
                   E := E \cup \{a \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                              // Add copy edge
10
                   pushIntoWorklist(g):
11
          foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
12
                                                    // Load rule
              if o <sup>Copy</sup> r ∉ E then
                   E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                               // Add copy edge
14
                   pushIntoWorklist(o);
15
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in E do
                                                    // Copy rule
17
           pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p):
           if pts(x) changed then
19
              pushIntoWorklist(x):
       foreach p \xrightarrow{Gep} x \in F do
                                                     // Gep rule
20
          foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
21
              pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
22
           if pts(x) changed then
23
24
              pushIntoWorklist(x);
```

Constraint graph after the while loop worklist solving

```
Copy
                                                                              Store
define i32 @main() #0 {
                                               (01
                                                                                       (02
entry:
                                      // 01
  %a1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                              [01,02]
                                      11 02
  %a = alloca ptr. align 8
                                                                         {04}
                                                            {O3}
                                      // 03
  %b1 = alloca i8, align 1
                                                                                       (O4
                                               (03
                                      // 04
  %b = alloca ptr. align 8
  store ptr %a1, ptr %a, align 8
  store ptr %b1, ptr %b, align 8
                                                                                                9
  call void @swap(ptr %a, ptr %b)
                                                                         {04}
                                                                                               10
                                                             \{O3\}
                                                                                               11
  ret i32 0
                                                          %p
                                                                                               12
define void @swap(ptr %p, ptr %q) #0 {
                                                                                               14
                                                                                                15
entry:
                                                                              %1
  \%0 = load ptr. ptr \%p. align 8
                                                 [01.02]
                                                                                      01}
                                                                                               16
  %1 = load ptr. ptr %g, align 8
                                                                                               17
  store ptr %1, ptr %p, align 8
                                                                                   head
                                                  tail
                                                                                               19
  store ptr %0, ptr %a, alian 8
  ret void
                                                                                               20
                                                                 Worklist
                                                                                               22
                                                                                               23
                                                                                               24
```

```
Algorithm 30: 1 Anderson's Pointer Analysis
              Input: G =< V.E >: Constraint Graph
                       V: a set of nodes in graph
                      E: a set of edges in graph
            1 WorkList := an empty vector of nodes:
            2 foreach o Address p do
                                                            // Address rule
                   pts(p) = o:
                  pushIntoWorklist(p):
\{O2,O1\}_{5} while WorkList \neq do
                   p := popFromWorklist():
                   foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
                      foreach a \xrightarrow{\text{Store}} p \in E do
                                                               // Store rule
                           if q <sup>Copy</sup> o ∉ E then
                               E := E \cup \{a \xrightarrow{Copy} o\}:
                                                           // Add copy edge
                               pushIntoWorklist(g):
                      foreach p \xrightarrow{Load} r \in E do
                                                                // Load rule
                           if o <sup>Copy</sup> r ∉ E then
                               E := E \cup \{o \xrightarrow{Copy} r\}:
                                                           // Add copy edge
                               pushIntoWorklist(o):
                   foreach p \xrightarrow{Copy} x \in E do
                                                                // Copy rule
                       pts(x) := pts(x) \cup pts(p);
                       if pts(x) changed then
                           pushIntoWorklist(x):
                   foreach p \xrightarrow{Gep} x \in F do
                                                                 // Gep rule
                      foreach o ∈ pts(p) do
                           pts(x) := pts(x) \cup \{o.fld\};
                       if pts(x) changed then
                           pushIntoWorklist(x);
```

Address

Load

What's next?

- (1) Understand data-dependence in today's slides
- (2) Finish the quiz for Assignment-3
- (3) Implement Andersen's Pointer Analysis, i.e., coding task in Assignment 3
 - Refer to 'Assignment-3.pdf' on Canvas to know more about Assignment 3.

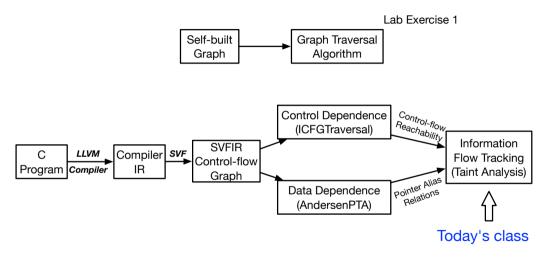
Information Flow Tracking

(Week 3)

Yulei Sui

School of Computer Science and Engineering University of New South Wales, Australia

Today's Class



What is Taint Analysis?

- Taint analysis aims to reason about the control and data dependence from a source (statement/node) to a sink (statement/node).
- Taint analysis can also be seen as information flow tracking analysis.
 - Static taint analysis: taint tracking at compile time (this subject)
 - Dynamic taint analysis: taint tracking during runtime.

What is Taint Analysis?

- Taint analysis aims to reason about the control and data dependence from a source (statement/node) to a sink (statement/node).
- Taint analysis can also be seen as information flow tracking analysis.
 - Static taint analysis: taint tracking at compile time (this subject)
 - Dynamic taint analysis: taint tracking during runtime.

Why learn Taint Analysis?

- Detect information leakage
 - sensitive data stored in a heap object and manipulated by pointers can be passed around and stored to an unchecked memory (untrusted third-party APIs)
- Detect code vulnerability
 - There is a vulnerability if an unchecked tainted source (e.g., return value from an untrusted third party function) flows into one of the following sinks, where the tainted variable being used as
 - a parameter passed to a sensitive function or
 - a bound access (array index) or
 - a termination condition (loop condition)
 - . . .

How to Perform Static Taint Analysis?

Let us use what we have learned about control- and data-dependence to develop an information flow checker to validate tainted flows from a source to a sink.

- A source v_{src}@s_{src} is a tuple consisting of a variable v_{src} and a statement s_{src} where v_{src} is defined.
- A sink v_{snk}@s_{snk} is also a tuple consisting of a variable v_{snk} and a statement s_{snk} where v_{snk} is used.
- In SVF, variables v_{src} and v_{snk} are PAGNodes. Statements s_{src} and s_{snk} are ICFGNodes.

How to Perform Static Taint Analysis?

Let us use what we have learned about control- and data-dependence to develop an information flow checker to validate tainted flows from a source to a sink.

- A source v_{src}@s_{src} is a tuple consisting of a variable v_{src} and a statement s_{src} where v_{src} is defined.
- A sink v_{snk}@s_{snk} is also a tuple consisting of a variable v_{snk} and a statement s_{snk} where v_{snk} is used.
- In SVF, variables v_{src} and v_{snk} are PAGNodes. Statements s_{src} and s_{snk} are ICFGNodes.
- Given a tainted source v_{src}@s_{src}, we say that a sink v_{snk}@s_{snk} is also tainted
 if both of the following two conditions satisfy:
 - (1) $\mathbf{s}_{\mathsf{src}}$ reaches $\mathbf{s}_{\mathsf{snk}}$ on the ICFG (reachability), and
 - (2) $\mathbf{v}_{\mathsf{src}}$ is aliased with $\mathbf{v}_{\mathsf{snk}}$, i.e., $pts(v_{\mathsf{src}}) \cap pts(v_{\mathsf{snk}}) \neq \emptyset$ (solveWorklist)

Example 1

```
int main(){
char* secretToken = tgetstr();  // source
char* a = secretToken;
char* b = a;
broadcast(b);  // sink
}
```

What is the tainted flow?

Example 1

```
int main(){
char* secretToken = tgetstr();  // source
char* a = secretToken;
char* b = a;
broadcast(b);  // sink
}
```

What is the tainted flow?

- Line 2 reaches Line 5 along the ICFG (control-dependence holds)
 secretToken and b are aliases (data-dependence holds)
- Both control-dependence and data-dependence hold. Therefore, secretToken@Line 2 flows to b@Line 5.

Example 2

```
int main(){
char* secretToken = tgetstr(...); // source
char* a = secretToken;
char* b = a;
char* publicToken = "hello";
broadcast(publicToken); // sink
}
```

Example 2

```
int main(){
char* secretToken = tgetstr(...);  // source
char* a = secretToken;
char* b = a;
char* publicToken = "hello";
broadcast(publicToken);  // sink
}
```

- Line 2 reaches Line 6 along the ICFG (control-dependence holds),
- secretToken and publicToken are not aliases (data-dependence does not hold),
- secretToken@Line 2 does not flow to publicToken@Line 6.

Example 3

```
char* foo(char* token){ return token: }
    int main(){
        if(condition){
3
            char* secretToken = tgetstr(...); // source
            char* b = foo(secretToken);
        else{
            char* publicToken = "hello";
            char* a = foo(publicToken);
            broadcast(a):
                                                // sink
11
12
```

Example 3

- secretToken and a are aliases due to callee foo (data-dependence holds),
- Line 4 does not reach Line 10 on ICFG (control-dependence does not hold),
- secretToken@Line 4 does not flow to a@Line 10.

Example 4

```
int main(){
        char* secretToken = tgetstr(...);
                                                            // source
        while(loopCondition){
            if(BranchCondition){
                char* a = secretToken;
                broadcast(a):
                                                          // sink
            else{
                char* b = "hello":
10
11
12
```

How many tainted flows from source to sink?

Example 4

```
int main(){
        char* secretToken = tgetstr(...);
                                                             // source
        while(loopCondition){
            if (BranchCondition) {
                char* a = secretToken;
                broadcast(a):
                                                           // sink
            else{
                char* b = "hello":
10
11
12
```

How many tainted flows from source to sink?

- (At least) two paths from Line 2 to Line 6 on ICFG (control-dependence holds),
- secretToken and a are aliases (data-dependence holds),
- secretToken@Line 2 has two tainted paths flowing to a@Line 6.

Configuring Sources and Sinks for Taint Analysis

Aim: enable different taint tracking patterns by defining/configuring sources and sinks.

Given a source v_{src}@s_{src} and a sink v_{snk}@s_{snk}, in this class, we are interested in the case that s_{src} and s_{snk} are both API calls, i.e., CallBlockNode in SVF.

Configuring Sources and Sinks for Taint Analysis

Aim: enable different taint tracking patterns by defining/configuring sources and sinks.

- Given a source v_{src}@s_{src} and a sink v_{snk}@s_{snk}, in this class, we are interested in the case that s_{src} and s_{snk} are both API calls, i.e., CallBlockNode in SVF.
- v_{src} is a return value from the call statement s_{src}.
- \mathbf{v}_{snk} is a parameter being passed to a call statement \mathbf{s}_{snk} .

Configuring Sources and Sinks for Taint Analysis

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- v_{src} is a return value from the call statement s_{src}.
- \mathbf{v}_{snk} is a parameter being passed to a call statement \mathbf{s}_{snk} .
- We can identify s_{src} and s_{snk} according to different APIs, so as to configure sources and sinks.
- In our Example 1, variable secretToken is V_{src} and b is V_{snk}. The call statement tgetstr(..) represents S_{src} and broadcast(..) are used for S_{snk}.