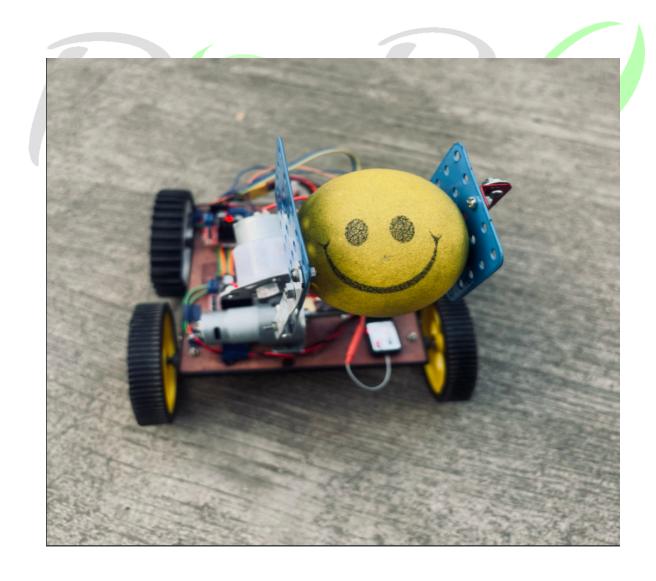
# **Axis VNIT 2K25 Manual Robotics**

To make a bot capable of driving on various terrains and bridges, clearing different obstacles, and grabbing stuff with its claw while being manually operated by a team member.



### 1. Team Intro

1.1. Team Zomato (RAC RBU)

1.2. Date: 28/3/2025

### 1.3. Team Members:

- Dhariya Wegad
- Sanchay Dubey
- Revanshu Pusadkar
- Saksham Goyal

### 1.4. Advisor/Supervisor:

Dhariya Wegad

### 2. Executive Summary / Abstract

The Manual Robotics project was developed to participate in the **Manual Robotics Competition at Axis VNIT**. The primary objective was to build a bot capable of navigating obstacles and reaching the finish line while performing tasks such as grabbing objects. The project provided valuable experience in hardware and software integration, motor control, and mechanical design. The bot was successfully tested, refined, and optimized to perform efficiently in the competition environment.

### 3. Table of Contents

#### Introduction

- 4.1 Background
- 4.2 Problem Statement
- 4.3 Objectives & Scope
- 4.4 Significance

#### **Components & Materials**

- List of Components
- Sourcing Details

#### **Design & Methodology**

- Mechanical/Structural Design
- Electronics & Circuitry
- Integration Approach

#### **Cost Analysis**

- Budget Summary
- Cost vs. Benefit Analysis

#### **Testing & Evaluation**

- Test Setup
- Test Procedures
- Results & Analysis

### Safety, Compliance, & Environmental Considerations

- Safety Guidelines
- Regulatory Compliance
- Environmental Impact

#### **Conclusion & Future Work**

- Summary of Findings
- Implications
- Future Enhancements
- Closing Remarks

#### References

### 4. Introduction

### 4.1 Background

Manual Robotics competitions require a bot to navigate terrains, overcome obstacles, and interact with objects. This project was initiated to **build a robust, manually controlled bot** to compete at Axis VNIT. The competition required precise maneuverability, strong structural integrity, and an effective object-handling mechanism.

#### 4.2 Problem Statement

The challenge was to design a **sturdy, maneuverable, and efficient robotic vehicle** that could navigate challenging terrains, pick up objects, and successfully complete the competition course.

### 4.3 Objectives & Scope

### **Primary Objectives:**

- Develop a remote-controlled bot capable of moving in all directions.
- Integrate a functional claw mechanism for grabbing objects.
- Ensure durability and reliability to withstand collisions and falls.

#### Scope:

- Includes mechanical structure, motor control, and wireless remote operation.
- Excludes Al-based automation or advanced sensor-based navigation.

### 4.4 Significance

This project enhanced the team's **practical skills in robotics**, **electronics**, **and programming**. It provided hands-on experience with components like **Arduino Nano**, **motor drivers**, **and controllers** while fostering teamwork and problem-solving abilities.

### 5. Components & Materials

Sr. No.	Component Name	Quantity	Use Case
1	Johnson Motor	6	4 for wheels, 2 for claw
2	Battery (12V)	1	Power supply
3	Arduino Nano	1	Control hardware & integrate code
4	Wheels	4	Bot movement
5	L298N Motor Drivers	3	Provide current & control movement
6	Flysky Controller	1	Wireless control of the bot
7	Claw (Mechanix parts)	As needed	Object gripping
8	Chassis	1	Mount components

### **Sourcing Details**

Most components were sourced from The club room, and some of them were ordered from the **local electronics stores and online marketplaces**.

### 6. Design & Methodology

### **Mechanical/Structural Design**

- The bot's chassis was built using sturdy materials to ensure durability.
- Wheels were mounted using Johnson motors for effective mobility.
- The claw mechanism was designed using **Mechanix parts**, with two motors enabling movement **up/down and in/out** for gripping objects.

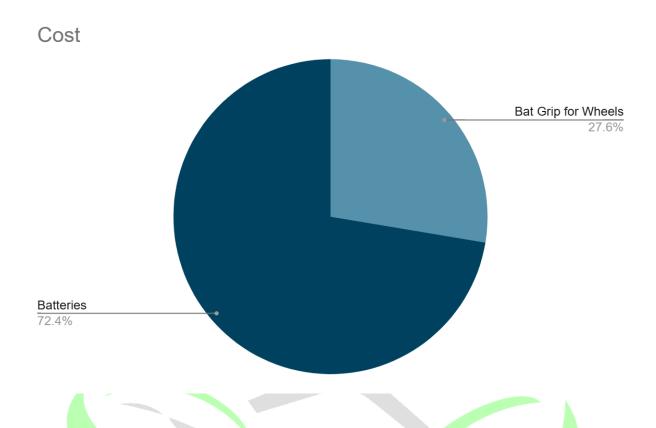
### **Electronics & Circuitry**

- Two functional motor drivers were used to control the four wheel motors.
- Non-functional motor drivers were utilized for interfacing additional motors.
- The control system was built around **Arduino Nano**, programmed using **Arduino IDE**.
- Wireless control was achieved using the Flysky controller.

### **Integration Approach**

- Right and left wheels were paired for synchronized movement.
- The claw was designed to move vertically and horizontally for object grabbing.
- Manual control ensured precision movements during competition.

### 7. Cost Analysis



### Cost vs. Benefit Analysis

- We have got the other requiring parts from the club.
- The bot was built within budget constraints, and its performance exceeded expectations regarding durability and maneuverability. Future improvements can focus on higher-quality motors and batteries to enhance climbing ability.

### 8. Testing & Evaluation

### **Test Setup**

The bot was tested on various terrains and obstacle courses **similar to the competition setup**.

#### **Test Procedures**

- 1. Movement Test: Forward, backward, left, and right movement.
- 2. Claw Functionality Test: Grabbing and lifting different objects.
- 3. Durability Test: Collision and fall resistance.

### **Results & Analysis**

- Initially, one wheel had incorrect control pins, causing confusion in navigation.
  This was fixed.
- The claw successfully gripped objects tightly after adjustments.

The **bot's durability was exceptional**, remaining intact despite falls and collisions.

## 9. Safety, Compliance, & Environmental Consideration

### **Safety Guidelines**

- Care was taken while soldering and assembling electronics.
- Operators were trained to handle the bot safely during testing.

### **Regulatory Compliance**

The project adheres to standard **electronic and mechanical safety protocols**.

### **Environmental Impact**

- Components are reusable for future projects.
- Consideration for energy-efficient components in future iterations.

### 10. Conclusion & Future Work

### **Summary of Findings**

- The bot was successfully built and tested for manual control, movement, and object handling.
- The durability exceeded expectations, making it competition-ready.

### **Implications**

- This project enhanced the team's engineering and problem-solving skills.
- The design principles learned can be applied to future robotics projects.

#### **Future Enhancements**

- Improved motors and power supply for better ramp climbing.
- Potential Al integration for semi-autonomous movement.

### **Closing Remarks**

This project was a **great learning experience**, refining our **robotics**, **programming**, **and teamwork** skills. We are excited about further improvements in future competitions.

### 11. References

• GitHub Repository: Cozmo Clench 2K25