

# BELAJAR MYSQL

Reyno Hamzah Anugerah

XI RPL / 27

# KENAPA HARUS MENGGUNAKAN DATABASE?

Kebanyakan aplikasi yang dibuat digunakan untuk menyimpan dan melihat data. Data adalah bagian terkecil yang digunakan sebagai penyusun informasi. Karena fungsi yang sangat penting dari data agar dapat digunakan sebagai sumber informasi yang benar. Maka perlu dibuat sebuah rumah data yang baik dan benar. Rumah data inilah yang disebut dengan DATABASE.



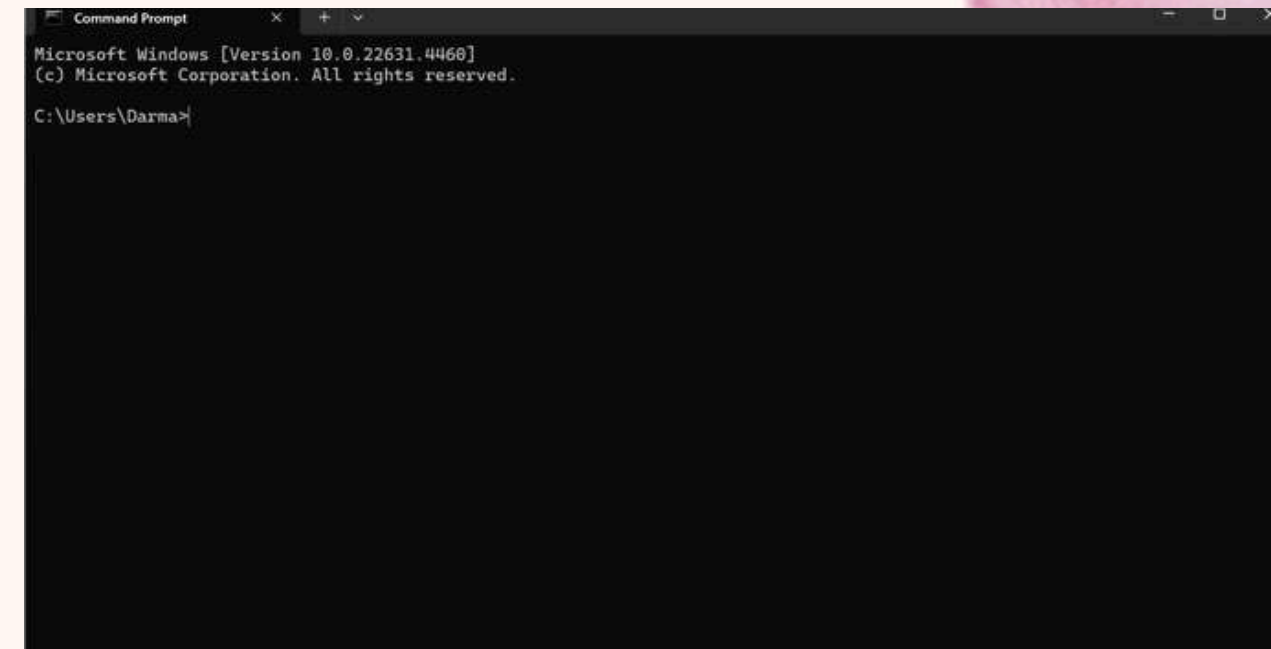
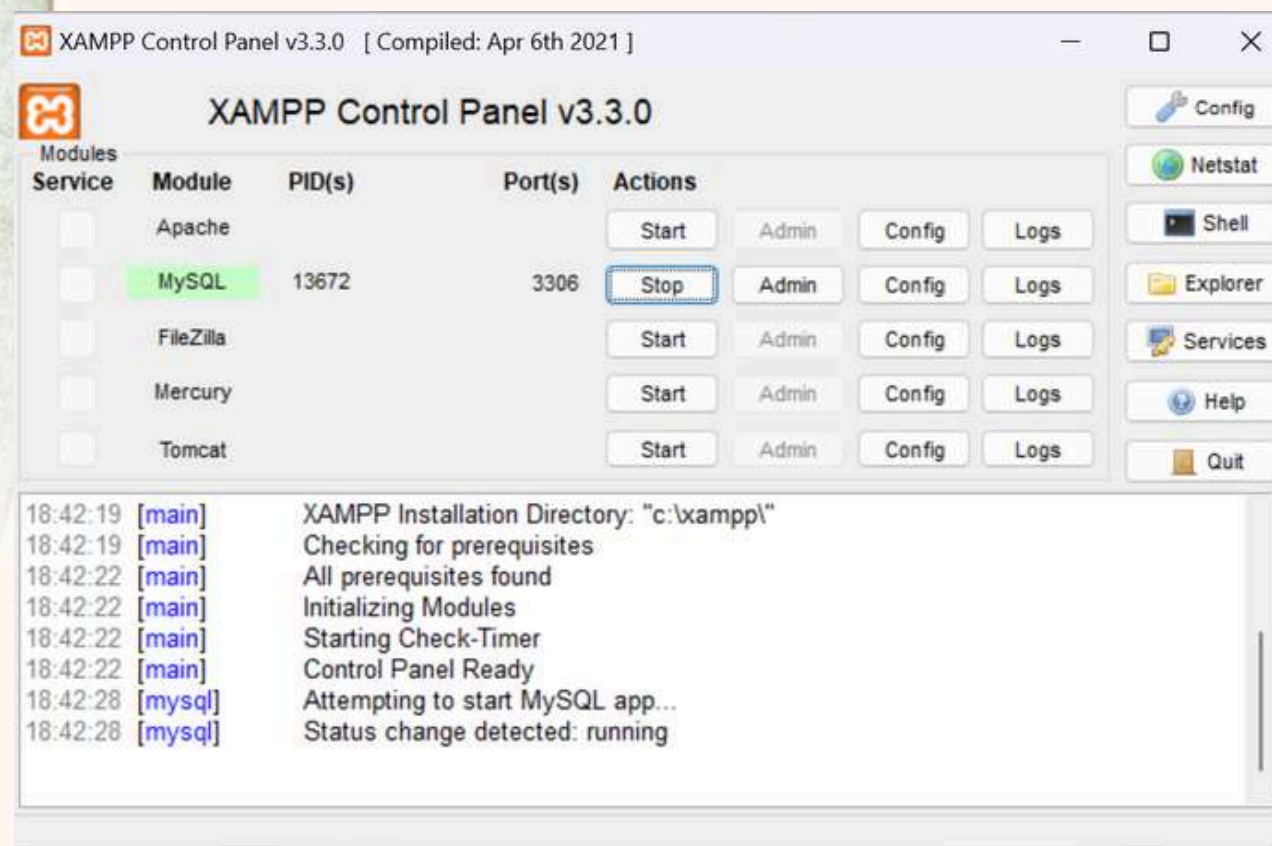


# INSTALL XAMPP

<https://www.apachefriends.org/download.html>

# AKTIFKAN MYSQL

# BUKA COMMAND PROMPT DI WINDOWS



## JALANKAN MYSQL

```
prompt - mysql -u x + v
sql\bin>cd C:\xampp\mysql\bin
sql\bin>mysql -u root -p
ord:
the MariaDB monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
B connection id is 8
ion: 10.4.32-MariaDB mariadb.org binary distribution
c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.
' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
one]]> |
```

## KELUAR MYSQL

```
MariaDB [(none)]> quit|
```

## MEMERIKSA MYSQL JALAN ATAU TIDAK & MEMERIKSA VERSI

```
Command Prompt x + v
C:\xampp\mysql\bin>mysqladmin -u root -p ping
Enter password:
mysqladmin: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can be insecure.
mysql is alive
```

```
C:\xampp\mysql\bin>mysqladmin -u root -p version
Enter password:
mysqladmin Ver 9.1 Distrib 10.4.32-MariaDB, for Win64 on AMD64
Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.

Server version          10.4.32-MariaDB
Protocol version        10
Connection              localhost via TCP/IP
TCP port                3306
Uptime:                 11 min 51 sec

Threads: 6  Questions: 7  Slow queries: 0  Opens: 17  Flush tables: 1  Open tables: 10  Queries per second avg: 0.009
```



## MENAMPILKAN TANGGAL, WAKTU DAN JAM

```
MariaDB [(none)]> select curdate();
+-----+
| curdate() |
+-----+
| 2024-11-30 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.001 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> select curtime();
+-----+
| curtime() |
+-----+
| 19:12:43 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.001 sec)
```

## MENGGUNAKAN KALKULATOR

```
MariaDB [(none)]> select 4 + 3;
+-----+
| 4 + 3 |
+-----+
| 7 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> select 4 - 3;
+-----+
| 4 - 3 |
+-----+
| 1 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> select 4 * 3;
+-----+
| 4 * 3 |
+-----+
| 12 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> select 4 / 3;
+-----+
| 4 / 3 |
+-----+
| 1.3333 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> select 4 % 3;
+-----+
| 4 % 3 |
+-----+
| 1 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.001 sec)
```

# DDL

Data Definition Language  
Pembuatan Database, tabel & index



## MENAMPILKAN DATABASE

```
ariaDB [(none)]> show databases;
+-----+
Database
+-----+
dbrestoran
dbtoko
examplelaravel
firstofficebwa
information_schema
laravel
laravel-resto
laravel_sanctum_db
mysql
noticeboard
performance_schema
phpmyadmin
react-blog-app
react_laravel_youtubecrud
sekolah
server_modul
server_module
shopee
test
tokoku
wordpress
+-----+
1 rows in set (0.093 sec)
```

## MEMBUAT DATABASE

```
ariaDB [(none)]> create database toko;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.004 sec)

ariaDB [(none)]> show databases;
+-----+
Database
+-----+
dbrestoran
dbtoko
examplelaravel
firstofficebwa
information_schema
laravel
laravel-resto
laravel_sanctum_db
mysql
noticeboard
performance_schema
phpmyadmin
react-blog-app
react_laravel_youtubecrud
sekolah
server_modul
server_module
shopee
test
toko
tokoku
wordpress
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.002 sec)
```

## MENGHAPUS DATABASE

```
MariaDB [(none)]> drop database toko;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.033 sec)
```

## MENGAKTIFKAN DATABASE

```
MariaDB [(none)]> use toko;  
Database changed  
MariaDB [toko]> |
```

## MEMBUAT TABEL

```
MariaDB [toko]> create table tblkelompok  
-> (  
-> idkelompok INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
-> kelompok VARCHAR(100)  
-> );  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.026 sec)
```

## MENAMPILKAN TABEL

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> show tables;  
+-----+  
| Tables_in_dbtoko |  
+-----+  
| tblbarang        |  
| tblkelompok     |  
+-----+  
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



## MENAMPILKAN STRUKTUR TABEL

```
MariaDB [toko]> describe tblkelompok;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
idkelompok	int(11)	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
kelompok	varchar(100)	YES		NULL	

```
2 rows in set (0.036 sec)
```

## MENAMBAH KOLOM

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> alter table tblbarang add hargajual float;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## MEMBUAT TABEL BARANG

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE TABLE tblbarang
-> (
-> idbarang INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
-> idkelompok INT,
-> barang VARCHAR(200),
-> stok FLOAT,
-> hargabeli FLOAT
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.12 sec)
```

## MERUBAH TIPE DATA

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> alter table tblbarang modify stok INT;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.11 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## MEMBERI NILAI DEFAULT PADA KOLOM

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ALTER TABLE tblbarang ALTER COLUMN stok SET DEFAULT 0;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## HASILNYA

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> describe tblbarang;  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| Field      | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra          |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| idbarang   | int(11)       | NO   | PRI | NULL    | auto_increment |  
| idkelompok | int(11)       | YES  |     | NULL    |                |  
| barang     | varchar(200)  | YES  |     | NULL    |                |  
| stok       | int(11)       | YES  |     | 0       |                |  
| hargabeli  | float         | YES  |     | NULL    |                |  
| hargajual  | float         | YES  |     | NULL    |                |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



## MENGHAPUS KOLOM (SEBELUMNYA TAMBAHKAN KOLOM UNTUK DIHAPUS DULU)

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ALTER TABLE tblbarang DROP COLUMN stokminimal;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

### HASILNYA

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DESCRIBE tblbarang;  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
idbarang | int(11) | NO | PRI | NULL | auto_increment  
idkelompok | int(11) | YES | | NULL |  
barang | varchar(200) | YES | | NULL |  
stok | int(11) | YES | | 0 |  
harga beli | float | YES | | NULL |  
harga jual | float | YES | | NULL |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

## MENGUBAH NAMA KOLOM

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ALTER TABLE tblbarang CHANGE stok stokbarang INT;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## HASILNYA

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DESCRIBE tblbarang;  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
idbarang | int(11) | NO | PRI | NULL | auto_increment  
idkelompok | int(11) | YES | | NULL |  
nama_barang | varchar(200) | YES | | NULL |  
stokbarang | int(11) | YES | | NULL |  
harga_beli | float | YES | | NULL |  
harga_jual | float | YES | | NULL |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
rows in set (0.01 sec)
```



## MEMBUAT TABEL PELANGGAN

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE TABLE tblpelanggan  
-> (  
-> idpelanggan INT,  
-> nama VARCHAR(200),  
-> alamat VARCHAR(255)  
-> );  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
```

## MENAMBAHKAN PRIMARY KEY

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ALTER TABLE tblpelanggan  
-> MODIFY idpelanggan INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.14 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## HASILNYA

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DESCRIBE tblpelanggan;  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| Field      | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra          |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| idpelanggan | int(11)       | NO   | PRI | NULL    | auto_increment |  
| nama       | varchar(200)  | YES  |     | NULL    |                |  
| alamat     | varchar(255)  | YES  |     | NULL    |                |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
3 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

MENAMPILKAN ENGINE YANG DIGUNAKAN

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SHOW CREATE TABLE tblpelanggan;
```

HASILNYA

```
tblpelanggan | CREATE TABLE `tblpelanggan` (  
  `idpelanggan` int(11) NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT  
  `nama` varchar(200) DEFAULT NULL,  
  `alamat` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,  
  PRIMARY KEY (`idpelanggan`)  
ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1 |
```



## MEMBUAT TABEL ORDER

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE TABLE tblorder
-> (
-> idorder INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
-> idpelanggan INT,
-> tanggalorder DATE,
-> total FLOAT,
-> bayar FLOAT,
-> kembali FLOAT
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
```

## MENAMBAHKAN KOLOM SETELAH KOLOM

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ALTER TABLE tblorder ADD faktur VARCHAR(50) AFTER idpelanggan;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.09 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## HASILNYA

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DESCRIBE tblorder;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
idorder	int(11)	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
idpelanggan	int(11)	YES		NULL	
faktur	varchar(50)	YES		NULL	
tanggalorder	date	YES		NULL	
total	float	YES		NULL	
bayar	float	YES		NULL	
kembali	float	YES		NULL	

```
rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

## MEMBUAT TABEL ORDERDETAIL

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE TABLE tblorderdetail
-> (
-> idorderdetail INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY
-> idorder INT,
-> idbarang INT,
-> jumlah INT,
-> hargajual FLOAT
-> );
y OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
```

## HASILNYA

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DESCRIBE tblorderdetail;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field          | Type   | Null  | Key  | Default | Extra          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| idorderdetail  | int(11)| NO    | PRI  | NULL    | auto_increment|
| idorder        | int(11)| YES   |      | NULL    |                |
| idbarang       | int(11)| YES   |      | NULL    |                |
| jumlah         | int(11)| YES   |      | NULL    |                |
| hargajual      | float  | YES   |      | NULL    |                |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```



## MEMBUAT INDEX PADA TABEL PELANGGAN DAN BARANG

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE INDEX barangindex ON tblbarang (barang);  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE INDEX barangindex ON tblbarang (barang);  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## MENAMPILKAN INDEX

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SHOW INDEX FROM tblbarang;
```

Hasilnya adalah;

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Table      | Non_unique | Key_name      | Seq_in_index | Column_name |
| Index_type | Comment    | Index_comment |              |             |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| tblbarang |          0 | PRIMARY      |             1 | idbarang    |
| BTREE     |           |              |              |             |
| tblbarang |          1 | barangindex   |             1 | barang      |
| BTREE     |           |              |              |             |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



## MENGAHAPUS INDEX

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DROP INDEX pelangganindex ON tblpelanggan;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

# DML

Data Manipulation Language

Insert, Delete, Update, Select, View, Trigger, Procedure, & Function



## INSERT SEMUA KOLOM

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblkelompok VALUES('', 'Gula');  
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.01 sec)
```

## HASILNYA

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblkelompok;  
-----+-----  
idkelompok | kelompok |  
-----+-----  
          1 | Gula     |  
-----+-----  
row in set (0.00 sec)
```

## INSERT SEBAGIAN KOLOM

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblkelompok (kelompok) VALUES('Beras');  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

SEBAGAI LATIHAN INSERT DATA HINGGA SEPERTI DI BAWAH INI

idkelompok	kelompok
1	Gula
2	Beras
3	Tepung
4	Minyak
5	Jajan



## DELETE SEBAGAIN RECORD(BARIS DATA)

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DELETE FROM tblkelompok WHERE idkelompok=5;  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

## HASILNYA

idkelompok	kelompok
1	Gula
2	Beras
3	Tepung
4	Minyak

DELETE SEMUA RECORD(BARIS DATA)

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DELETE FROM tblkelompok;  
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

HASILNYA CEK DENGAN

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblkelompok;  
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```



## UPDATE SEBAGAIN RECORD(BARIS DATA)

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> UPDATE tblkelompok SET kelompok='Snek' WHERE idkelompok=6;  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)  
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0
```

## HASILNYA CEK DENGAN

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblkelompok;  
+-----+-----+  
| idkelompok | kelompok |  
+-----+-----+  
|          6 | Snek     |  
|          7 | Minyak  |  
|          8 | Tepung    |  
+-----+-----+  
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## UPDATE SEMUA RECORD(BARIS DATA)

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> UPDATE tblkelompok SET kelompok='Makanan';  
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)  
Rows matched: 3  Changed: 3  Warnings: 0
```

## HASILNYA CEK DENGAN

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblkelompok;  
+-----+-----+  
| idkelompok | kelompok |  
+-----+-----+  
|          6 | Makanan |  
|          7 | Makanan |  
|          8 | Makanan |  
+-----+-----+  
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



# TABEL MASTER DAN TABEL TRANSAKSI

## MEMBUAT RELASI ANTAR TABEL

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ALTER TABLE tblbarang  
-> ADD CONSTRAINT FK_idkelompok FOREIGN KEY (idkelompok)  
-> REFERENCES tblkelompok (idkelompok) ON UPDATE CASCADE  
-> ON DELETE RESTRICT;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.10 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## MELIHAT HASILNYA DENGAN

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SHOW CREATE TABLE tblbarang
```

```
tblbarang | CREATE TABLE `tblbarang` (  
  `idbarang` int(11) NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,  
  `idkelompok` int(11) DEFAULT NULL,  
  `barang` varchar(200) DEFAULT NULL,  
  `stokbarang` int(11) DEFAULT NULL,  
  `hargabeli` float DEFAULT NULL,  
  `hargajual` float DEFAULT NULL,  
  PRIMARY KEY (`idbarang`),  
  KEY `barangindex` (`barang`),  
  KEY `FK_idkelompok` (`idkelompok`),  
  CONSTRAINT `FK_idkelompok` FOREIGN KEY (`idkelompok`) REFERENCES  
`tblkelompok` (`idkelompok`) ON UPDATE CASCADE,  
  CONSTRAINT `FK_tblbarang_tblkelompok` FOREIGN KEY (`idkelompok`)  
REFERENCES `tblkelompok` (`idkelompok`) ON UPDATE CASCADE  
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1 |
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblkelompok;
```

idkelompok	kelompok
6	Beras
7	Gula
8	Tepung

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

## LATIHAN INSERT DATA

INSERT DATA HINGGA TABEL MENJADI SEPERTI BERIKUT

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblbarang VALUES ('',6,'Beras Rojo Lele',100,10000,12000);  
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.01 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblbarang;
```

idbarang	idkelompok	barang	stokbarang	hargabeli	hargajual
1	6	Beras Rojo Lele	100	10000	12000
2	6	Beras Cianjur	50	11000	14000
3	6	Beras Medium	70	8000	10000
4	6	Beras Mahal	30	23000	30000
5	7	Gula Putih	20	12000	14000
6	7	Gula Merah	10	3000	5000
7	7	Gula Batu	40	2000	3000
8	7	Gula Aren	60	7000	9000
10	8	Tepung Terigu	50	4000	6000
11	8	Tepung Tapioka	15	2000	3500
12	8	Tepung Kanji	25	3500	5000

11 rows in set (0.00 sec)



# PENGUJIAN INSERT DAN UPDATE

## PENGUJIAN INSERT

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblbarang VALUES ('',9,'Tepung Sagu',20,4500,7000);  
ERROR 1452 (23000): Cannot add or update a child row: a foreign key constraint fails  
(`dbtoko`.`tblbarang`, CONSTRAINT `FK_idkelompok` FOREIGN KEY (`idkelompok`) REFERENC  
ES `tblkelompok` (`idkelompok`) ON UPDATE CASCADE)  
MariaDB [dbtoko]>
```

## PENGUJIAN UPDATE

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> UPDATE tblkelompok SET idkelompok=9 WHERE kelompok='Tepung';  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)  
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 0 Warnings: 0
```



## PENGUJIAN DELETE

### PENGUJIAN DELETE

Karena idkelompok 9 sudah digunakan untuk relasi pada tbl barang maka tidak bisa dihapus.

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DELETE FROM tblkelompok WHERE idkelompok=9;  
ERROR 1451 (23000): Cannot delete or update a parent row: a foreign key constraint fails  
(`dbtoko`.`tblbarang`, CONSTRAINT `FK_tblbarang_tblkelompok` FOREIGN KEY (`idkelompok`)  
REFERENCES `tblkelompok` (`idkelompok`) ON UPDATE CASCADE) MariaD  
B [dbtoko]>
```

### TAMBAH DATA DAHULU

Setelah tambah data lalu coba lah hapus menggunakan syntax seperti di atas dan lihat hasilnya.

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblkelompok VALUES (10,'Minyak');  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

# VIEW

VIEW DIGUNAKAN UNTUK MENGGABUNGKAN 2 TABEL MENJADI 1 AGAR LEBIH MUDAH DILIAT.

## PEMBUATAN VIEW

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE VIEW view_barang AS SELECT  
-> tblbarang.idbarang, tblbarang.barang,  
-> tblbarang.stokbarang, tblbarang.hargabeli,  
-> tblbarang.hargajual, tblbarang.idkelompok,  
-> tblkelompok.kelompok FROM tblbarang  
-> INNER JOIN tblkelompok ON tblbarang.idkelompok = tblkelompok.idkelompok;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

## MELIHAT ISI VIEW

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM view_barang;
```

idbarang	barang	stokbarang	hargabeli	hargajual	idkelompok	kelompok
1	Beras Rojo Lele	100	10000	12000	6	Beras
2	Beras Cianjur	50	11000	14000	6	Beras
3	Beras Medium	70	8000	10000	6	Beras
4	Beras Mahal	30	23000	30000	6	Beras
5	Gula Putih	20	12000	14000	7	Gula
6	Gula Merah	10	3000	5000	7	Gula
7	Gula Batu	40	2000	3000	7	Gula
8	Gula Aren	60	7000	9000	7	Gula
10	Tepung Terigu	50	4000	6000	9	Tepung
11	Tepung Tapioka	15	2000	3500	9	Tepung
12	Tepung Kanji	25	3500	5000	9	Tepung

```
11 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## MENAMPILKAN VIEW

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SHOW FULL TABLES IN dbtoko WHERE TABLE_TYPE LIKE 'VIEW';
```

Tables_in_dbtoko	Table_type
view_barang	VIEW

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

## MENGHAPUS VIEW

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DROP VIEW view_barang;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```



## SELECT SEMUA KOLOM

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM view_barang;
```

idbarang	barang	stokbarang	hargabeli	hargajual	idkelompok	kelompok
1	Beras Rojo Lele	100	10000	12000	6	Beras
2	Beras Cianjur	50	11000	14000	6	Beras
3	Beras Medium	70	8000	10000	6	Beras
4	Beras Mahal	30	23000	30000	6	Beras
5	Gula Putih	20	12000	14000	7	Gula
6	Gula Merah	10	3000	5000	7	Gula
7	Gula Batu	40	2000	3000	7	Gula
8	Gula Aren	60	7000	9000	7	Gula
10	Tepung Terigu	50	4000	6000	9	Tepung
11	Tepung Tapioka	15	2000	3500	9	Tepung
12	Tepung Kanji	25	3500	5000	9	Tepung

11 rows in set (0.00 sec)



## SELECT SEBAGIAN KOLOM

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT barang,stokbarang,kelompok FROM view_barang;
```

barang	stokbarang	kelompok
Beras Rojo Lele	100	Beras
Beras Cianjur	50	Beras
Beras Medium	70	Beras
Beras Mahal	30	Beras
Gula Putih	20	Gula
Gula Merah	10	Gula
Gula Batu	40	Gula
Gula Aren	60	Gula
Tepung Terigu	50	Tepung
Tepung Tapioka	15	Tepung
Tepung Kanji	25	Tepung

```
11 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## SELECT ORDER ASC

```
riaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM view_barang ORDER BY hargabeli ASC;
```

idbarang	barang	stokbarang	hargabeli	hargajual	idkelompok	kelompok
11	Tepung Tapioka	15	2000	3500	9	Tepung
7	Gula Batu	40	2000	3000	7	Gula
6	Gula Merah	10	3000	5000	7	Gula
12	Tepung Kanji	25	3500	5000	9	Tepung
10	Tepung Terigu	50	4000	6000	9	Tepung
8	Gula Aren	60	7000	9000	7	Gula
3	Beras Medium	70	8000	10000	6	Beras
1	Beras Rojo Lele	100	10000	12000	6	Beras
2	Beras Cianjur	50	11000	14000	6	Beras
5	Gula Putih	20	12000	14000	7	Gula
4	Beras Mahal	30	23000	30000	6	Beras

rows in set (0.00 sec)

## SELECT ORDER DESC

```
riaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM view_barang ORDER BY hargabeli DESC;
```

idbarang	barang	stokbarang	hargabeli	hargajual	idkelompok	kelompok
4	Beras Mahal	30	23000	30000	6	Beras
5	Gula Putih	20	12000	14000	7	Gula
2	Beras Cianjur	50	11000	14000	6	Beras
1	Beras Rojo Lele	100	10000	12000	6	Beras
3	Beras Medium	70	8000	10000	6	Beras
8	Gula Aren	60	7000	9000	7	Gula
10	Tepung Terigu	50	4000	6000	9	Tepung
12	Tepung Kanji	25	3500	5000	9	Tepung
6	Gula Merah	10	3000	5000	7	Gula
11	Tepung Tapioka	15	2000	3500	9	Tepung
7	Gula Batu	40	2000	3000	7	Gula

rows in set (0.00 sec)



## SELECT GROUP

```
ariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM view_barang GROUP BY barang;
```

idbarang	barang	stokbarang	hargabeli	hargajual	idkelompok	kelompok
2	Beras Cianjur	50	11000	14000	6	Beras
4	Beras Mahal	30	23000	30000	6	Beras
3	Beras Medium	70	8000	10000	6	Beras
1	Beras Rojo Lele	100	10000	12000	6	Beras
8	Gula Aren	60	7000	9000	7	Gula
7	Gula Batu	40	2000	3000	7	Gula
6	Gula Merah	10	3000	5000	7	Gula
5	Gula Putih	20	12000	14000	7	Gula
12	Tepung Kanji	25	3500	5000	9	Tepung
11	Tepung Tapioka	15	2000	3500	9	Tepung
10	Tepung Terigu	50	4000	6000	9	Tepung

1 rows in set (0.00 sec)



# PENGUJIAN WHERE

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblbarang WHERE hargajual > 5000 ORDER BY hargajual;
```

idbarang	idkelompok	barang	stokbarang	hargabeli	hargajual
10	9	Tepung Terigu	50	4000	6000
8	7	Gula Aren	60	7000	9000
3	6	Beras Medium	70	8000	10000
1	6	Beras Rojo Lele	100	10000	12000
2	6	Beras Cianjur	50	11000	14000
5	7	Gula Putih	20	12000	14000
4	6	Beras Mahal	30	23000	30000

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblbarang  
-> WHERE hargajual > 5000  
-> AND hargabeli > 7000  
-> ORDER BY hargabeli;
```

idbarang	idkelompok	barang	stokbarang	hargabeli	hargajual
3	6	Beras Medium	70	8000	10000
1	6	Beras Rojo Lele	100	10000	12000
2	6	Beras Cianjur	50	11000	14000
5	7	Gula Putih	20	12000	14000
4	6	Beras Mahal	30	23000	30000

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblbarang  
-> WHERE hargajual > 5000  
-> OR hargabeli > 7000  
-> ORDER BY hargabeli;
```

idbarang	idkelompok	barang	stokbarang	hargabeli	hargajual
10	9	Tepung Terigu	50	4000	6000
8	7	Gula Aren	60	7000	9000
3	6	Beras Medium	70	8000	10000
1	6	Beras Rojo Lele	100	10000	12000
2	6	Beras Cianjur	50	11000	14000
5	7	Gula Putih	20	12000	14000
4	6	Beras Mahal	30	23000	30000

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

%a AWALAN SEMBARANG YANG PENTING AKHIRANNYA a

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM view_barang WHERE barang LIKE '%a';
```

idbarang	barang	stokbarang	hargabeli	harga jual	idkelompok	kelompok
11	Tepung Tapioka	15	2000	3500	9	Tepung

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

b% AWALAN b AKHIRANNYA SEMBARANG

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM view_barang WHERE barang LIKE 'b%';
```

idbarang	barang	stokbarang	hargabeli	harga jual	idkelompok	kelompok
1	Beras Rojo Lele	100	10000	12000	6	Beras
2	Beras Cianjur	50	11000	14000	6	Beras
3	Beras Medium	70	8000	10000	6	Beras
4	Beras Mahal	30	23000	30000	6	Beras



**%d% AWALAN DAN AKHIRANNYA SEMBARANG YANG  
TENGAHNYA ADA HURUF d**

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM view_barang WHERE barang LIKE '%d%';
```

idbarang	barang	stokbarang	hargabeli	hargajual	idkelompok	kelompok
3	Beras Medium	70	8000	10000	6	Beras

1 row in set (0.00 sec)



## SUBQUERY (SELECT IN SELECT)

TAMBAHKAN DATA PADA  
SEPERTI BERIKUT

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblkelompok;
```

idkelompok	kelompok
6	Beras
7	Gula
9	Tepung
10	Minyak
11	Jajan
12	Roti Basah

```
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## SUBQUERY (IN)

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblkelompok  
-> WHERE idkelompok IN  
-> (SELECT idkelompok FROM view_barang);
```

idkelompok	kelompok
6	Beras
7	Gula
9	Tepung

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

## SUBQUERY (NOT IN)

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblkelompok  
-> WHERE idkelompok NOT IN  
-> (SELECT idkelompok FROM view_barang);
```

idkelompok	kelompok
10	Minyak
11	Jajan
12	Roti Basah

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)



# MEMBUAT RELASI ANTAR TABEL

## PEMBUATAN RELASI

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ALTER TABLE tblorder  
-> ADD CONSTRAINT FK_idpelanggan FOREIGN KEY (idpelanggan)  
-> REFERENCES tblpelanggan (idpelanggan)  
-> ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE RESTRICT;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.12 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## PERIKSA HASIL

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SHOW CREATE TABLE tblorder;
```

Hasil pembuatan relasi

```
tblorder | CREATE TABLE `tblorder` (  
  `idorder` int(11) NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,  
  `idpelanggan` int(11) DEFAULT NULL,  
  `faktur` varchar(50) DEFAULT NULL,  
  `tanggalorder` date DEFAULT NULL,  
  `total` float DEFAULT NULL,  
  `bayar` float DEFAULT NULL,  
  `kembali` float DEFAULT NULL,  
  PRIMARY KEY (`idorder`),  
  KEY `FK_idpelanggan` (`idpelanggan`),  
  CONSTRAINT `FK_idpelanggan` FOREIGN KEY (`idpelanggan`) REFERENCES `tblpelanggan` (`idpelanggan`) ON UPDATE CASCADE  
ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO_INCREMENT=2 DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1
```



# RELASI ANTAR 2 TABEL MASTER KEPADA 1 TABEL TRANSAKSI

## PEMBUATAN RELASI

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ALTER TABLE tblorderdetail  
-> ADD CONSTRAINT FK_idorder FOREIGN KEY (idorder)  
-> REFERENCES tblorder (idorder)  
-> ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE RESTRICT;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.12 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## PEMBUATAN RELASI

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ALTER TABLE tblorderdetail  
-> ADD CONSTRAINT FK_idbarang FOREIGN KEY (idbarang)  
-> REFERENCES tblbarang (idbarang)  
-> ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE RESTRICT;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.12 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## HASILNYA

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SHOW CREATE TABLE tblorderdetail;
```

Hasil pembuatan relasi

```
tblorderdetail | CREATE TABLE `tblorderdetail` (  
  `idorderdetail` int(11) NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,  
  `idorder` int(11) DEFAULT NULL,  
  `idbarang` int(11) DEFAULT NULL,  
  `jumlah` int(11) DEFAULT NULL,  
  `hargajual` float DEFAULT NULL,  
  PRIMARY KEY (`idorderdetail`),  
  KEY `FK_idorder` (`idorder`),  
  KEY `FK_idbarang` (`idbarang`),  
  CONSTRAINT `FK_idbarang` FOREIGN KEY (`idbarang`) REFERENCES `tblbarang` (`idbarang`) ON UPDATE CASCADE,  
  CONSTRAINT `FK_idorder` FOREIGN KEY (`idorder`) REFERENCES `tblorder` (`idorder`) ON UPDATE CASCADE  
ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1 |
```



# DUMMY DATA

## ISI DATA DI TABEL PELANGGAN

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblpelanggan VALUES('','KOSONG','KOSONG')  
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```

# KONSEP TRIGGER

TAMPILKAN SEMUA TABEL

PERIKSA NAMA KOLOM YANG SAMA

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SHOW TABLES;
+-----+
| Tables_in_dbtoko |
+-----+
| tblbarang         |
| tblkelompok      |
| tblorder          |
| tblorderdetail    |
| tblpelanggan      |
| view_barang       |
+-----+
6 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ALTER TABLE tblorderdetail CHANGE harga jual hargapenjualan FLOAT
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DESCRIBE tblorderdetail;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field          | Type   | Null | Key | Default | Extra          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| idorderdetail  | int(11)| NO   | PRI | NULL    | auto_increment |
| idorder        | int(11)| YES  | MUL | NULL    |                |
| idbarang       | int(11)| YES  | MUL | NULL    |                |
| jumlah         | int(11)| YES  |     | NULL    |                |
| hargapenjualan | float  | YES  |     | NULL    |                |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```



## SET DEFAULT PADA TABEL BARANG

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ALTER TABLE tblbarang ALTER COLUMN stokbarang SET DEFAULT 0  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DESCRIBE tblbarang;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
idbarang	int(11)	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
idkelompok	int(11)	YES	MUL	NULL	
barang	varchar(200)	YES		NULL	
stokbarang	int(11)	YES		0	
hargabeli	float	YES		NULL	
hargajual	float	YES		NULL	

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

## SET DEFAULT PADA TABEL ORDER

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ALTER TABLE tblorder ALTER COLUMN total SET DEFAULT 0;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## PEMBUATAN TRIGGER kurang\_stok, tambah\_total, tambah\_stok, kurang\_total

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE TRIGGER kurang_stok  
-> BEFORE INSERT ON tblorderdetail  
-> FOR EACH ROW  
-> UPDATE tblbarang SET stokbarang=stokbarang - NEW.jumlah  
-> WHERE idbarang = NEW.idbarang;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE TRIGGER tambah_total  
-> AFTER INSERT ON tblorderdetail  
-> FOR EACH ROW  
-> UPDATE tblorder SET  
-> total = total + (NEW.hargapenjualan * NEW.jumlah)  
-> WHERE idorder = NEW.idorder;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```



```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE TRIGGER tambah_stok  
-> BEFORE DELETE ON tblorderdetail  
-> FOR EACH ROW  
-> UPDATE tblbarang SET stokbarang=stokbarang + OLD.jumlah  
-> WHERE idbarang = OLD.idbarang;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE TRIGGER kurang_total  
-> AFTER DELETE ON tblorderdetail  
-> FOR EACH ROW  
-> UPDATE tblorder SET  
-> total = total - (OLD.hargapenjualan * OLD.jumlah)  
-> WHERE idorder = OLD.idorder;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

## MENAMPILKAN TRIGGER

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SHOW TRIGGERS;
```

```
| kurang_stok | INSERT | tblorderdetail | UPDATE tblbarang SET  
WHERE idbarang = NEW.idbarang | BEFORE | NULL | NO_AUTO_CREATE  
| cp850_general_ci | latin1_swedish_ci |  
| tambah_total | INSERT | tblorderdetail | UPDATE tblorder SET t  
WHERE idorder = NEW.idorder | AFTER | NULL | NO_AUTO_CREATE  
| cp850_general_ci | latin1_swedish_ci |  
| tambah_stok | DELETE | tblorderdetail | UPDATE tblbarang SET  
WHERE idbarang = OLD.idbarang | BEFORE | NULL | NO_AUTO_CREATE  
| cp850_general_ci | latin1_swedish_ci |  
| kurang_total | DELETE | tblorderdetail | UPDATE tblorder SET t  
WHERE idorder = OLD.idorder | AFTER | NULL | NO_AUTO_CREATE  
| cp850_general_ci | latin1_swedish_ci |
```



## PENGUJIAN TIRGGER

### TAMBAHKAN 2 PELANGGAN PADA TABEL PELANGGAN

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblpelanggan VALUES ('', 'komputerkit', 'sidoarjo');  
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.01 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblpelanggan VALUES ('', 'Isa', 'Lamongan');  
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.01 sec)
```

### PENGUJIAN INSERT PADA TABEL ORDERDETAIL

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblorder  
-> (idpelanggan, faktur, tanggalorder)  
-> VALUES (2, '001', NOW() );  
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.01 sec)
```

## PERIKSA DENGAN PERINTAH BERIKUT

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblorder;
```

idorder	idpelanggan	faktur	tanggalorder	total	bayar	kembali
1	2	001	2018-03-16	0	NULL	NULL

## TABEL SEBELUM PROSES INPUT

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblbarang WHERE idbarang=1;
```

idbarang	idkelompok	barang	stokbarang	hargabeli	hargajual
1	6	Beras Rojo Lele	100	10000	12000

1 row in set (0.00 sec)



## INSERT DATA PADA TABEL ORDERDETAIL

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblorderdetail  
-> (idorder, idbarang, jumlah, hargapenjualan)  
-> VALUES (1, 1, 35, 12000);  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

## HASIL TABEL ORDERDETAIL

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblorderdetail;  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| idorderdetail | idorder | idbarang | jumlah | hargapenjualan |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 35 | 12000 |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

## HASIL TABEL ORDER

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblorderdetail  
-> (idorder, idbarang, jumlah, hargapenjualan)  
-> VALUES (1, 1, 35, 12000);  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

## HASIL PADA TABEL BARANG

```
[dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblbarang WHERE idbarang=1;  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
id | idkelompok | barang | stokbarang | hargabeli | harga  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
1 | 6 | Beras Rojo Lele | 65 | 10000 |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
set (0.00 sec)
```



## PENGUJIAN DELETE PADA TABEL ORDERDETAIL

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DELETE FROM tblorderdetail  
-> WHERE idorderdetail = 1;  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

## HASIL PADA TABEL ORDER

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblorder;  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| idorder | idpelanggan | faktur | tanggalorder | total | bayar | kembali  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
|      1 |          2 | 001    | 2018-03-16    |      0 | NULL  | NULL  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

## HASIL PADA TABEL BARANG

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblbarang WHERE idbarang=1;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| idbarang | idkelompok | barang          | stokbarang | hargabeli | hargajual |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          1 |          6 | Beras Rojo Lele |          100 |       10000 |       12000 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

## HAPUS TRIGGER

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DROP TRIGGER kurang_total
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```



## PERIKSA TRIGGER SETELAH DIHAPUS

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SHOW TRIGGERS;
```

## HASIL

```
| kurang_stok | INSERT | tblorderdetail | UPDATE tblbarang SET  
WHERE idbarang = NEW.idbarang | BEFORE | NULL |  
st | cp850 | cp850_general_ci | latin1_swedis  
| tambah_total | INSERT | tblorderdetail | UPDATE tblorder SET  
total = total + (NEW.hargapenjualan * NEW.jumlah)  
WHERE idorder = NEW.idorder | AFTER | NULL | NO_AUTO_CREATE  
| cp850_general_ci | latin1_swedish_ci |  
| tambah_stok | DELETE | tblorderdetail | UPDATE tblbarang SET  
WHERE idbarang = OLD.idbarang | BEFORE | NULL |  
st | cp850 | cp850_general_ci | latin1_swedis
```

## JOIN (GABUNGAN TABEL)

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE TRIGGER kurang_total  
-> AFTER DELETE ON tblorderdetail  
-> FOR EACH ROW  
-> UPDATE tblorder SET  
-> total = total - (OLD.hargapenjualan * OLD.jumlah)  
-> WHERE idorder = OLD.idorder;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

## LAKUKAN INSERT DATA

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblorderdetail  
-> (idorder, idbarang, jumlah, hargapenjualan)  
-> VALUES (1, 6, 5, 5000);  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblorderdetail  
-> (idorder, idbarang, jumlah, hargapenjualan)  
-> VALUES (1, 12, 5, 5000);  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```



## JOIN (GABUNGAN TABEL)

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE TRIGGER kurang_total  
-> AFTER DELETE ON tblorderdetail  
-> FOR EACH ROW  
-> UPDATE tblorder SET  
-> total = total - (OLD.hargapenjualan * OLD.jumlah)  
-> WHERE idorder = OLD.idorder;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

## LAKUKAN INSERT DATA

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblorderdetail  
-> (idorder, idbarang, jumlah, hargapenjualan)  
-> VALUES (1, 6, 5, 5000);  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblorderdetail  
-> (idorder, idbarang, jumlah, hargapenjualan)  
-> VALUES (1, 12, 5, 5000);  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

## PERIKSA TABEL ORDER DETAIL

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblorderdetail;
```

idorderdetail	idorder	idbarang	jumlah	hargapenjualan
1	1	1	35	12000
2	1	6	5	5000
3	1	12	5	5000

```
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## INSERT DATA PADA TABEL ORDER

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblorder  
-> (idpelanggan, faktur, tanggalorder)  
-> VALUES (1, '002', NOW() );  
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```



## PERIKSA TABEL ORDER

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblorder;
```

idorder	idpelanggan	faktur	tanggalorder	total	bayar	kembali
1	2	001	2018-03-16	470000	NULL	NULL
2	1	002	2018-03-16	0	NULL	NULL

```
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## LAKUKAN INSERT PADA TABEL ORDERDETAIL

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblorderdetail  
-> (idorder, idbarang, jumlah, hargapenjualan)  
-> VALUES (2, 4, 5, 30000 );  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblorderdetail  
-> (idorder, idbarang, jumlah, hargapenjualan)  
-> VALUES (2, 10, 5, 6000 );  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
```

## PERIKSA TABEL ORDER DETAIL

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblorderdetail;
```

idorderdetail	idorder	idbarang	jumlah	hargapenjualan
1	1	1	35	12000
2	1	6	5	5000
3	1	12	5	5000
4	2	4	5	30000
5	2	10	5	6000

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



## INNER JOIN (MENGAMBIL BAGIAN YANG ADA DI TABEL MASTER DAN TABEL TRANSAKSI)

JOIN HARUS DIMULAI DARI TABEL MASTER

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT tblbarang.barang, tblorderdetail.jumlah,  
-> tblorderdetail.hargapenjualan FROM tblbarang  
-> INNER JOIN tblorderdetail  
-> ON tblbarang.idbarang = tblorderdetail.idbarang;
```

HASIL

barang	jumlah	hargapenjualan
Beras Rojo Lele	35	12000
Gula Merah	5	5000
Tepung Kanji	5	5000
Beras Mahal	5	30000
Tepung Terigu	5	6000

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

## INNER JOIN UNTUK MENGETAHUI PELANGGAN YANG MELAKUKAN ORDER

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT tblpelanggan.nama,  
-> tblorder.tanggalorder, tblorder.total  
-> FROM tblpelanggan  
-> INNER JOIN tblorder  
-> ON tblpelanggan.idpelanggan = tblorder.idpelanggan
```

### NAMA PELANGGAN YANG MELAKUKAN ORDER

```
+-----+-----+-----+  
| nama      | tanggalorder | total  |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
| KOSONG    | 2018-03-16   | 180000 |  
| komputerkit | 2018-03-16   | 470000 |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



## INNER JOIN BANYAK TABEL

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT tblorder.tanggalorder, tblpelanggan.nama,  
-> tblbarang.barang,tblorderdetail.jumlah,  
-> tblorderdetail.hargapenjualan, tblorder.total  
-> FROM tblpelanggan  
-> INNER JOIN tblorder  
-> ON tblpelanggan.idpelanggan = tblorder.idpelanggan  
-> INNER JOIN tblorderdetail  
-> ON tblorder.idorder = tblorderdetail.idorder  
-> INNER JOIN tblbarang  
-> ON tblorderdetail.idbarang = tblbarang.idbarang  
-> ORDER BY tblpelanggan.nama;
```

## HASIL INNER JOIN

tanggalorder	nama	barang	jumlah	hargapenjualan	total
2018-03-16	komputerkit	Beras Rojo Lele	35	12000	470000
2018-03-16	komputerkit	Tepung Kanji	5	5000	470000
2018-03-16	komputerkit	Gula Merah	5	5000	470000
2018-03-16	KOSONG	Tepung Terigu	5	6000	180000
2018-03-16	KOSONG	Beras Mahal	5	30000	180000

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

## LEFT JOIN (MENAMPILKAN BANYAK TABEL MASTER)

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT tblbarang.barang,  
-> tblorderdetail.jumlah, tblorderdetail.hargapenjualan  
-> FROM tblbarang  
-> LEFT JOIN tblorderdetail  
-> ON tblbarang.idbarang = tblorderdetail.idbarang  
-> ORDER BY tblorderdetail.jumlah DESC;
```

## HASIL LEFT JOIN

barang	jumlah	hargapenjualan
Beras Rojo Lele	35	12000
Tepung Terigu	5	6000
Beras Mahal	5	30000
Tepung Kanji	5	5000
Gula Merah	5	5000
Beras Cianjur	NULL	NULL
Tepung Tapioka	NULL	NULL
Gula Aren	NULL	NULL
Gula Batu	NULL	NULL
Gula Putih	NULL	NULL
Beras Medium	NULL	NULL



## RIGHT JOIN (MENAMPILKAN TABEL TRANSAKSI)

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT tblbarang.barang,  
-> tblorderdetail.jumlah, tblorderdetail.hargapenjualan  
-> FROM tblbarang  
-> RIGHT JOIN tblorderdetail  
-> ON tblbarang.idbarang = tblorderdetail.idbarang  
-> ORDER BY tblorderdetail.jumlah DESC;
```

## HASIL RIGHT JOIN

barang	jumlah	hargapenjualan
Beras Rojo Lele	35	12000
Gula Merah	5	5000
Tepung Kanji	5	5000
Beras Mahal	5	30000
Tepung Terigu	5	6000

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

## STORE PROCEDURE

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE PROCEDURE namapelanggan()  
-> SELECT * FROM tblpelanggan;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

## PEMANGGILAN PROCEDURE

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CALL namapelanggan();  
+-----+-----+-----+  
| idpelanggan | nama          | alamat    |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
|          1 | KOSONG        | KOSONG    |  
|          2 | komputerkit   | sidoarjo  |  
|          3 | Isa           | Lamongan  |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



## PROCEDURE DENGAN PARAMETER

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE PROCEDURE caribarang (barang VARCHAR(100))  
-> SELECT * FROM tblbarang  
-> WHERE tblbarang.barang LIKE barang;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

## MENAMPILKAN SEMUA PROCEDURE

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SHOW PROCEDURE STATUS;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
Db      | Name          | Type          | Definer  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
ent | character_set_client | collation_connection |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
dbtoko | caribarang      | PROCEDURE     | root@localhost  
      | cp850           | cp850_general_ci |  
dbtoko | namapelanggan  | PROCEDURE     | root@localhost  
      | cp850           | cp850_general_ci |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```



## MENGHAPUS STORE PROCEDURE

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DROP PROCEDURE caribarang;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

## FUNCTION

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT *, hargajual - hargabeli AS selisih FROM tblbarang;
```

idbarang	idkelompok	barang	stokbarang	hargabeli	hargajual	selisih
1	6	Beras Rojo Lele	65	10000	12000	2000
2	6	Beras Cianjur	50	11000	14000	3000
3	6	Beras Medium	70	8000	10000	2000
4	6	Beras Mahal	25	23000	30000	7000
5	7	Gula Putih	20	12000	14000	2000
6	7	Gula Merah	5	3000	5000	2000
7	7	Gula Batu	40	2000	3000	1000
8	7	Gula Aren	55	7000	9000	2000
10	9	Tepung Terigu	45	4000	6000	2000
11	9	Tepung Tapioka	15	2000	3500	1500
12	9	Tepung Kanji	20	3500	5000	1500

```
11 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT hargajual - hargabeli AS laba  
-> FROM tblbarang WHERE idbarang = 1;
```

laba
2000

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```



## PERIKSA TABEL ORDER DETAIL

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblorderdetail;
```

idorderdetail	idorder	idbarang	jumlah	hargapenjualan
1	1	1	35	12000
2	1	6	5	5000
3	1	12	5	5000

```
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## INSERT DATA PADA TABEL ORDER

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblorder  
-> (idpelanggan, faktur, tanggalorder)  
-> VALUES (1, '002', NOW() );  
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```

## CREATE FUNCTION

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> CREATE FUNCTION laba (id INT) RETURNS FLOAT
-> RETURN
-> (
-> SELECT hargajual - hargabeli as laba
-> FROM tblbarang
-> WHERE idbarang = id
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

## MEMANGGIL FUNCTION

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT laba(1);
+-----+
| laba(1) |
+-----+
|      2000 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```



# PENGGUNAAN FUNCTION

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ALTER TABLE tblorderdetail ADD laba FLOAT;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.08 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblorder  
-> (idpelanggan, faktur, tanggalorder)  
-> VALUES (3, '003', NOW() );  
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.01 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblorderdetail  
-> (idorder, idbarang, jumlah, hargapenjualan,  
-> VALUES (3, 8, 5, 9000, (SELECT laba(8)));  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblorder;  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| idorder | idpelanggan | faktur | tanggalorder | total |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
|      1 |          2 | 001    | 2018-03-16    | 470000 |  
|      2 |          1 | 002    | 2018-03-16    | 180000 |  
|      3 |          3 | 003    | 2018-03-17    |      0 |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## MENAMPILKAN SEMUA FUNCTION

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SHOW FUNCTION STATUS;
```

Db	Name	Type	Definer
acter_set_client	collation_connection		
dbtoko	laba	FUNCTION	root@localhost
		cp850_general_ci	

## MENGHAPUS FUNCTION

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> DROP FUNCTION laba;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```



# SELECT AGGREGATE

<b>MIN</b>	Menampilkan nilai TERKECIL pada kolom yang dimaksud
<b>MAX</b>	Menampilkan nilai TERBESAR pada kolom yang dimaksud
<b>SUM</b>	Menampilkan nilai PENJUMLAHAN pada kolom yang dimaksud
<b>AVG</b>	Menampilkan nilai RATA - RATA pada kolom yang dimaksud
<b>COUNT</b>	Menampilkan JUMLAH BARIS pada kolom yang dimaksud
<b>COUNT(*)</b>	Menampilkan JUMLAH BARIS pada TABEL

## SELECT MIN

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT MIN(hargajual) FROM tblbarang;
+-----+
| MIN(hargajual) |
+-----+
|          3000 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

## SELECT MAX

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT MAX(hargajual) FROM tblbarang;  
+-----+  
| MAX(hargajual) |  
+-----+  
|          30000 |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

## SELECT SUM

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT SUM(hargajual) FROM tblbarang;  
+-----+  
| SUM(hargajual) |  
+-----+  
|          111500 |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```



## SELECT AVG

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT AVG(hargajual) FROM tblbarang;  
+-----+  
| AVG(hargajual) |  
+-----+  
| 10136.3636363636 |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

## SELECT COUNT

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT COUNT(hargajual) FROM tblbarang  
+-----+  
| COUNT(hargajual) |  
+-----+  
| 11 |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

## SELECT COUNT (\*)

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM tblbarang;  
+-----+  
| COUNT(*) |  
+-----+  
|      11 |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```



## SELECT DISTINCT

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT DISTINCT kelompok FROM view_barang;
+-----+
| kelompok |
+-----+
| Beras    |
| Gula     |
| Tepung    |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## PERIKSA TBLKELOMPOK

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblkelompok;
+-----+-----+
| idkelompok | kelompok |
+-----+-----+
| 6           | Beras    |
| 7           | Gula     |
| 9           | Tepung    |
| 10          | Minyak  |
| 11          | Jajan    |
| 12          | Roti Basah |
+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## START TRANSACTION

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> START TRANSACTION;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

## BERIKAN PERINTAH INSERT

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblkelompok VALUES ('','Minuman');  
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```

## BERI PERINTAH ROLLBACK

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ROLLBACK;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

## PERIKSA TBLKELOMPOK

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblkelompok;  
+-----+-----+  
| idkelompok | kelompok |  
+-----+-----+  
|          6 | Beras    |  
|          7 | Gula     |  
|          9 | Tepung    |  
|         10 | Minyak  |  
|         11 | Jajan    |  
|         12 | Roti Basah |  
|         14 | Minuman  |  
+-----+-----+  
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## PERIKSA KEMBALI TBLKELOMPOK

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblkelompok;  
+-----+-----+  
| idkelompok | kelompok |  
+-----+-----+  
|          6 | Beras    |  
|          7 | Gula     |  
|          9 | Tepung    |  
|         10 | Minyak  |  
|         11 | Jajan    |  
|         12 | Roti Basah |  
+-----+-----+  
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



## ULANGI INSERT DAN IKUTI PERINTAH

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> START TRANSACTION;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

MariaDB [dbtoko]> INSERT INTO tblkelompok VALUES ('','Minuman');
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.00 sec)

MariaDB [dbtoko]> COMMIT;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

## ROLLBACK DAN PERIKSA

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> ROLLBACK;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblkelompok;
+-----+-----+
| idkelompok | kelompok |
+-----+-----+
|          6 | Beras    |
|          7 | Gula     |
|          9 | Tepung    |
|         10 | Minyak  |
|         11 | Jajan    |
|         12 | Roti Basah |
|         15 | Minuman  |
+-----+-----+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## PERIKSA TBLKELOMPOK

```
MariaDB [dbtoko]> SELECT * FROM tblkelompok;
+-----+-----+
| idkelompok | kelompok |
+-----+-----+
|          6 | Beras    |
|          7 | Gula     |
|          9 | Tepung    |
|         10 | Minyak  |
|         11 | Jajan    |
|         12 | Roti Basah |
|         15 | Minuman  |
+-----+-----+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

The slide features a light cream background. On the left edge, there is a vertical, irregular watercolor shape in a muted sage green color. On the right edge, there are two overlapping watercolor shapes: a larger one in a soft pink/lavender hue and a smaller, more vertical one in a warm orange-brown color, both with soft, blended edges.

# DCL

**DATA CONTROL LANGUAGE**  
Manajemen User Dan Hak Akses



## LOGIN DAN TAMPILKAN SEMUA USER

```
C:\xampp\mysql\bin>mysql -u root -p  
Enter password:
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> SELECT user, host, password FROM mysql.user;  
+-----+-----+-----+  
| user | host      | password |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
| root | localhost |          |  
| root | 127.0.0.1 |          |  
| root | ::1       |          |  
|      | localhost |          |  
| pma  | localhost |          |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## CREATE USER DAN PERIKSA

```
MariaDB [(none)]> CREATE USER 'komputerkit'@'localhost';  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> SELECT user, host, password FROM mysql.user  
+-----+-----+-----+  
| user      | host      | password |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
| root      | localhost |          |  
| root      | 127.0.0.1 |          |  
| root      | ::1       |          |  
|           | localhost |          |  
| pma       | localhost |          |  
| komputerkit | localhost |          |  
+-----+-----+-----+
```

## BERI PASSWORD DAN REFRESH

```
MariaDB [(none)]> SET PASSWORD FOR 'komputerkit'@'localhost' = PASSWORD ('komputerkit');  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

## UJI USER & PASSWORD

```
MariaDB [(none)]> quit;  
Bye
```

```
C:\xampp\mysql\bin>mysql -u komputerkit -p  
Enter password: *****
```



## PERIKSA DATABASE

```
MariaDB [(none)]> SHOW DATABASES;
+-----+
| Database |
+-----+
| information_schema |
| test      |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## MEMBERI HAK AKSES ( QUIT DULU )

```
MariaDB [(none)]> quit;
Bye
```

## MASUK KEMBALI DAN BERI AKSES

```
C:\xampp\mysql\bin>mysql -u root -p
Enter password:
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON dbtoko.* TO 'komputerkit'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'komputerkit';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

## REFRESH LALU LOG OUT

```
MariaDB [(none)]> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> quit;  
Bye
```

## TAMPILKAN DATABASE

```
MariaDB [(none)]> SHOW DATABASES;  
+-----+  
| Database |  
+-----+  
| dbtoko  |  
| information_schema |  
| test    |  
+-----+  
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## MASUK KEMBALI

```
C:\xampp\mysql\bin>mysql -u komputerkit -p  
Enter password: *****
```

## TAMPILKAN USER YANG LOGIN

```
MariaDB [(none)]> SELECT USER(),CURRENT_USER();  
+-----+-----+  
| USER() | CURRENT_USER() |  
+-----+-----+  
| komputerkit@localhost | komputerkit@localhost |  
+-----+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```



## MENAMPILKAN HAK AKSES (QUIT DULU)

```
MariaDB [(none)]> quit;  
Bye
```

```
C:\xampp\mysql\bin>mysql -u root -p  
Enter password:
```

## TAMPILKAN HAK AKSES

```
MariaDB [(none)]> SHOW GRANTS FOR 'komputerkit'@'localhost';  
Grants for komputerkit@localhost  
-----  
GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO 'komputerkit'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY PASSWORD '*4B8A2F9E7  
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON `dbtoko`.* TO 'komputerkit'@'localhost'
```

## MENGHAPUS AKSES (PERIKSA USER)

```
MariaDB [(none)]> SELECT USER(), CURRENT_USER();  
+-----+-----+  
| USER()          | CURRENT_USER() |  
+-----+-----+  
| root@localhost  | root@localhost  |  
+-----+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

## GUNAKAN PERINTAH

```
MariaDB [(none)]> REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON dbtoko.* FROM 'komputerkit'@'localhost';  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

## REFRESH PERUBAHAN AKSES

```
MariaDB [(none)]> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

## PERIKSA HAK AKSES SETELAH DIHAPUS

```
MariaDB [(none)]> SHOW GRANTS FOR 'komputerkit'@'localhost';
```

```
Grants for komputerkit@localhost
```

```
-----  
GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO 'komputerkit'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY PASSWORD '*4B
```



## MEMBERIKAN HAK AKSES PADA DATABASE DENGAN TABEL

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL ON dbtoko.tblkelompok TO 'komputerkit'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'komputerkit';  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

## PERIKSA HASIL

```
MariaDB [(none)]> SHOW GRANTS FOR 'komputerkit'@'localhost';  
+-----+  
| Grants for komputerkit@localhost  
+-----+  
| GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO 'komputerkit'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY PASSWORD '*4B8  
| GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON `dbtoko`.`tblkelompok` TO 'komputerkit'@'localhost'  
| GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON `dbtoko`.`tblbarang` TO 'komputerkit'@'localhost'  
+-----+  
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## MEMBERIKAN HAK AKSES PADA SELECT, INSERT, DELETE, UPDATE, PADA TABEL

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT SELECT,INSERT ON  
-> dbtoko.tblpelanggan TO 'komputerkit'@'localhost';  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

## UBAH PASSWORD USER

```
MariaDB [(none)]> SET PASSWORD FOR 'komputerkit'@'localhost' = PASSWORD('123456');  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```



## HAPUS USER

```
MariaDB [(none)]> DROP USER 'komputerkit'@'localhost';  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

## MERUBAH PASSWORD USER [root]

```
C:\xampp\mysql\bin>mysqladmin -u root password 123456
```

## MERUBAH PASSWORD LAMA USER [root]

```
C:\xampp\mysql\bin>mysqladmin -u root -p123456 password  
New password:  
Confirm new password:
```

TERIMA KASIH

