Lecture 29: Expected Value and Variance

Chapter 2.4

Random Variable

Say you have a random variable X:

x	2	3	4	10	11
$\Pr(X = x)$	$\frac{15}{100}$	$\frac{25}{100}$	$\frac{10}{100}$	$\frac{30}{100}$	$\frac{20}{100}$

E.g. We observe $X = 3$ with prob .25

Is the value we expect to observe:

$$\frac{2 + 3 + 4 + 10 + 11}{5} = 6 ?$$

Intuitively Thinking: Expected Value

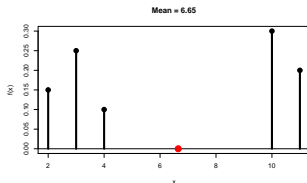No, each of the x's have different probability of occurring.

For each x, we assign different weights $\Pr(X = x)$ and not $\frac{1}{5}$:

$$2 \times \frac{15}{100} + 3 \times \frac{25}{100} + 4 \times \frac{10}{100} + 10 \times \frac{30}{100} + 11 \times \frac{20}{100} = 6.65$$
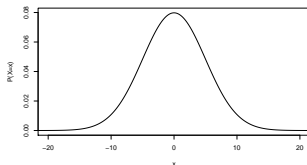
Expected Value

Expected Value

You can also think of the mean as the center of mass or balance point. It is 6.65 (marked with red point):

Mean = 6.65

Intuitively Thinking: Measures of Spread

Consider the following distribution with $\mu = 0$. Let's build a measure of expected "spread".

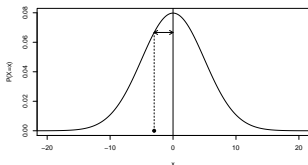Let's define "spread" as the absolute deviation from μ: $|x - \mu|$. i.e. $+$'ve & $-$'ve deviations are treated the same.
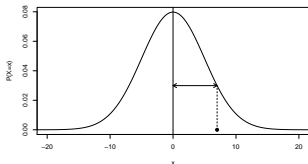
Intuitively Thinking: Measures of Spread

When $x = -3.0$, the abs. deviation from μ is $|-3.0 - \mu| = 3.0$.
Note $P(X = x) = 0.066$.

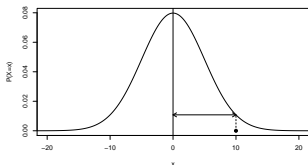## Intuitively Thinking: Measures of Spread

When $x = 7.0$, the abs. deviation from μ is $|7.0 - \mu| = 7.0$.
Note $P(X = x) = 0.030$.

Intuitively Thinking: Measures of Spread

When $x = 10.0$, the abs. deviation from μ is $|10.0 - \mu| = 10.0$.
Note $P(X = x) = 0.011$.

Intuitively Thinking: Measures of Spread

x	Abs Deviation $|x - \mu|$	Weight $P(X = x)$
-3.0	$|-3.0 - 0| = 3.0$	0.066
7.0	$|7.0 - 0| = 7.0$	0.030
10.0	$|10.0 - 0| = 10.0$	0.011

So say we do this for all x and take a weighted average of the $|x - \mu|$ where the weights are $P(X = x)$.

Voilà: Our notion of expected spread.

Variance

Estimators

Sample Mean as an Estimator