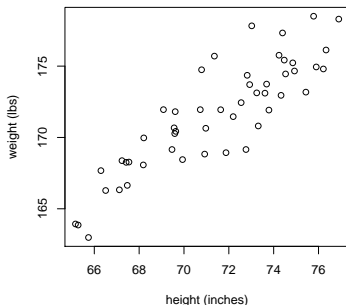


Lecture 24: Linear Regression Part I

Chapter 7.1-7.2

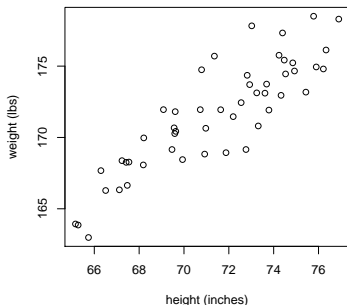
Questions for Today

Say we have the height/weight of 50 individuals and we display the scatterplot/bivariate plot of the seemingly **linear** relationship:



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Questions:

- ▶ What is the “best” fitting line through these points?
- ▶ What do we mean by “best”?

Regression

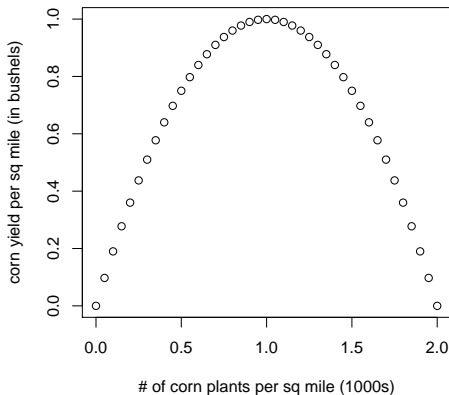
There are many types of **regression**, all in order to estimate the relationship between variables.

Example of Non-Linear Relationship

At first as you plant more corn plants, you have higher yield, but past a certain point plants fight for limited resources and they die.

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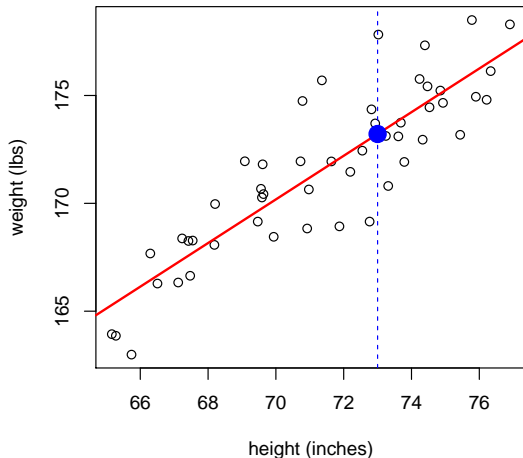


Modeling x and y Linearly

Procedure

Fitted Value

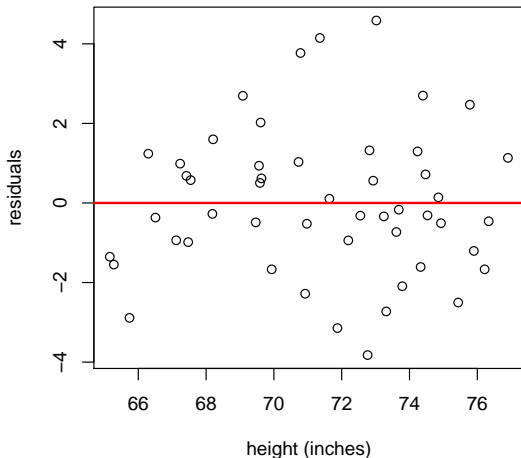
Here $\hat{y} = 100 + 0.99x$. Thus for $x = 73$, $\hat{y} = 173.22$:



Residuals

Residual Plot

Residual plots: take previous plot and flatten the red line by subtracting \hat{y} from y .

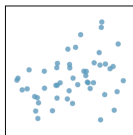


Correlation Coefficient

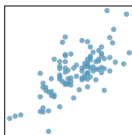
The correlation coefficient R is a value between $[-1, 1]$ that measures the strength of the linear relationship between x and y .

Correlation Coefficient

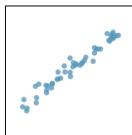
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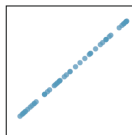
$R = 0.33$



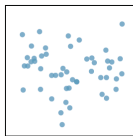
$R = 0.69$



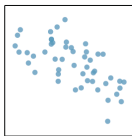
$R = 0.98$



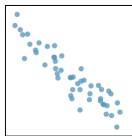
$R = 1.00$



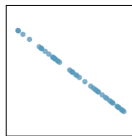
$R = -0.08$



$R = -0.64$



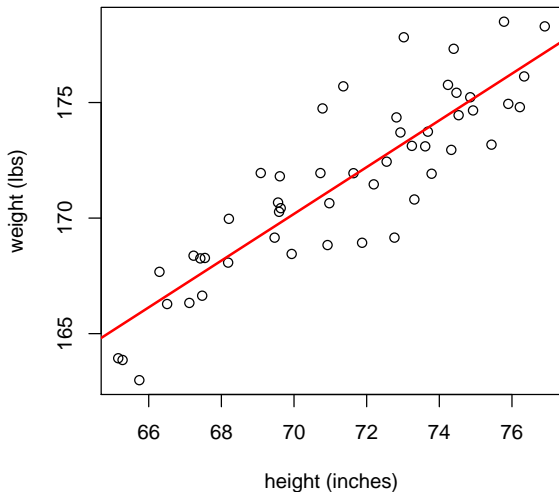
$R = -0.92$



$R = -1.00$

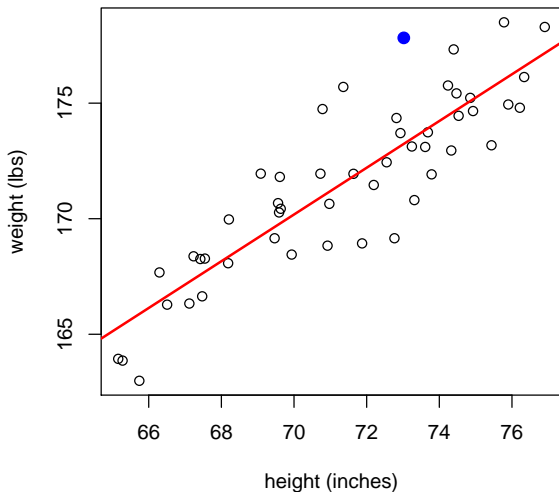
Best Fitting Line

What does “best fitting line” mean?



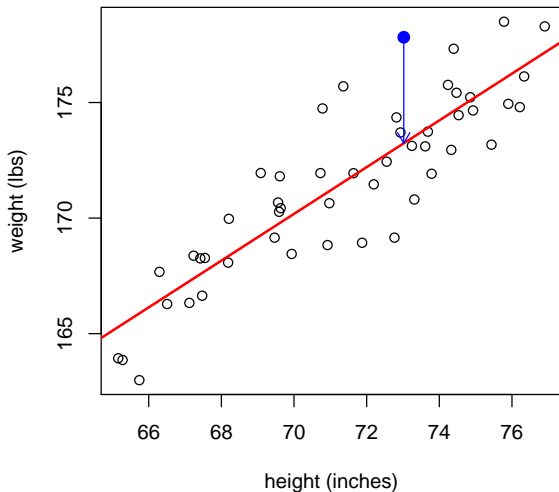
Best Fitting Line

Consider ANY point x_i for $i = 1, \dots, 50$ (in blue).



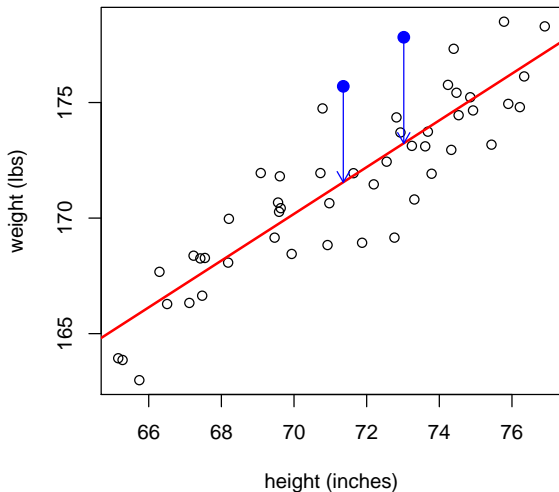
Best Fitting Line

Now consider this point's deviation from the regression line



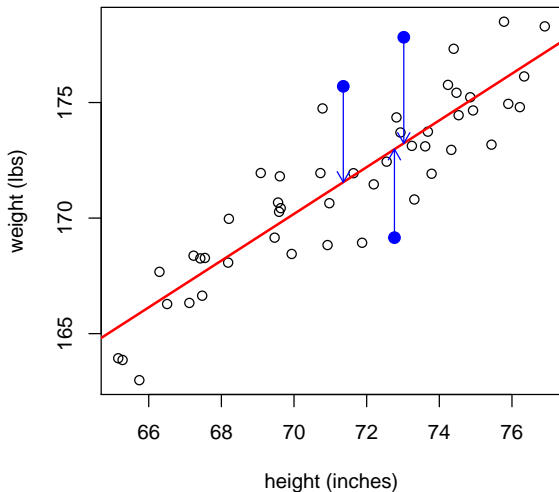
Best Fitting Line

Do this for another point x_i ...



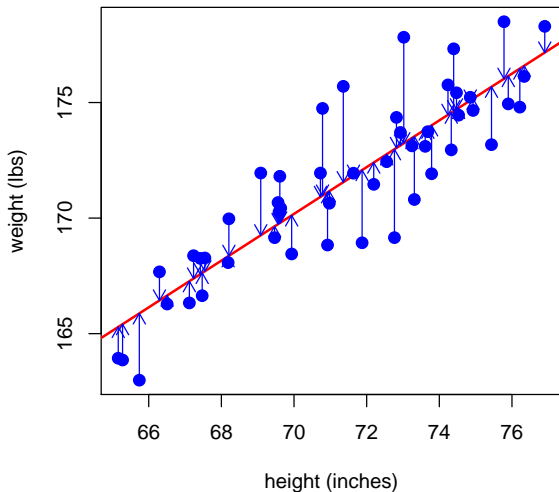
Best Fitting Line

Do this for another point x_i ...



Best Fitting Line

The regression line minimizes the sum of the **squared** arrow lengths.

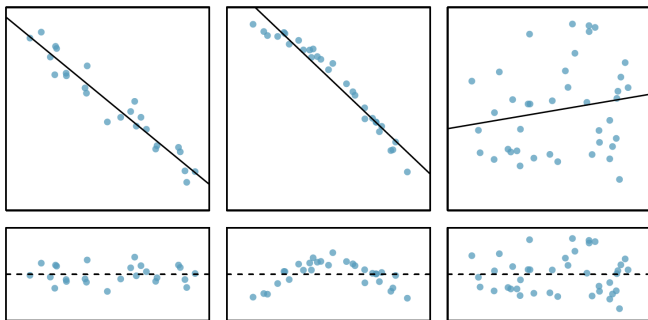


Least Squares

Conditions for Simple Linear Regression

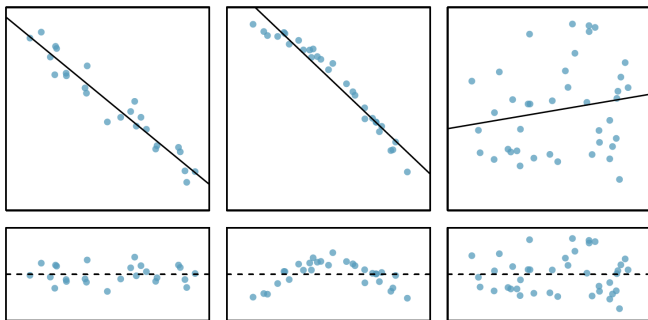
Behavior of Residuals: 3 Examples

Sample data + regression on top, residual plots on bottom.



Behavior of Residuals: 3 Examples

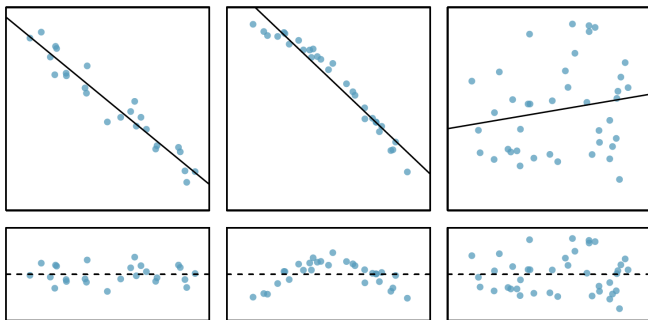
Sample data + regression on top, residual plots on bottom.



- Plots 1 and 3 are roughly linear.

Behavior of Residuals: 3 Examples

Sample data + regression on top, residual plots on bottom.



- ▶ Plots 1 and 3 are roughly linear.
- ▶ Plots 1 and 3 have roughly constant variability, but the 3rd plot has higher variability

Finding the Least Squares Line

Finding the Point Estimate of the Intercept b_0

Measuring the Strength of a Fit

If $R = -1$ or $R = 1$ we have a perfect linear fit between x and y , if $R = 0$ then there is no fit.

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R^2 of a linear model describes the proportion of the total variation in y that is explained by the least squares line.

Next Time

- ▶ How to interpret regression line parameter estimates
- ▶ Categorical Variable for x : male vs female, new vs used, etc.
- ▶ Inference for linear regression