Distributed Multiplayer Checkers Platform

Distributed Systems & Middleware Technologies

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Project Overview

- Real-time distributed multiplayer Checkers game
- Java game servers, Erlang/OTP coordinator, JavaFX GUI
- Fault-tolerant, live registry, and session management
- Demonstrates: synchronization and coordination
- Code: https://github.com/Rezacs/DistributedSystems

Agenda

Motivation and Goals

System Architecture

Technology Stack

Key Features

Demonstration

Results & Live Demo

Deployment

Discussion and Future Work

References

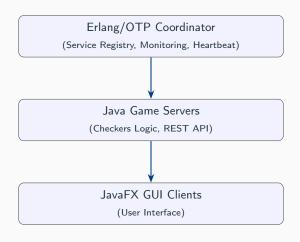
Motivation and Goals

Motivation and Goals

- Explore and demonstrate core principles of distributed systems:
 - Synchronization, coordination, distributed fault tolerance
 - Live service registry, session management, recovery
- Provide a hands-on platform for multiplayer gaming across servers
- Leverage modern technologies: Erlang/OTP (concurrency, monitoring), Java (game logic), JavaFX (GUI)
- Prepare a reproducible, scalable, and robust academic demo

System Architecture

High-Level Architecture (Vertical)



Component Overview

- Erlang Coordinator:
 - Cowboy-based HTTP server
 - Service registry (server registration/deregistration)
 - Heartbeat monitoring and failure detection
- Java Game Servers:
 - Game session logic, REST API endpoints
 - Register/heartbeat with coordinator
 - Moves, game state, player/session management
- JavaFX GUI Clients:
 - Discover servers, create/join games, play in real time
 - View board, turns, player names, winner

Technology Stack

Technology Stack

- Languages & Frameworks:
 - Erlang/OTP, Cowboy (HTTP server)
 - Java (Spark framework), Unirest (HTTP client), Gson (JSON)
 - JavaFX (GUI)
- Protocols:
 - RESTful APIs for all communication (server registration, move, game state, etc.)
- Deployment:
 - Distributed across two university-assigned containers
 - VPN-secured access for demonstration

Key Features

Key Features

- Distributed Game Servers: Multiple Java servers, each with independent sessions
- Service Registry: All servers register and heartbeat with central Erlang coordinator
- Fault Tolerance: Dead servers removed from registry automatically
- Dynamic Recovery: New/restarted servers rejoin at any time, no downtime
- Session Management: Games tracked by session ID, player rejoin with same name and ID
- Live GUI: Players discover, join, and play games across distributed servers

Demonstration

Demonstration Scenario

- 1. Start Erlang coordinator on Container 1 (10.2.1.54)
- 2. Launch Java game servers on both containers (10.2.1.54:8081, 10.2.1.55:8082)
- 3. Start JavaFX GUI client (on local PC)
- 4. Discover available servers, create and join games
- 5. Demonstrate real-time play and automatic failure detection (kill a server, see it removed)
- 6. Show session recovery and continued play on remaining servers

Results & Live Demo

Live Registry and Server Monitoring

- Both Java servers registered and monitored by Erlang coordinator
- Registry updates live as servers start/stop

Distributed Game Play

- Players join games on different servers
- Moves synchronized, turns enforced, winner detected
- GUI updates in real time

Server Failure and Recovery

- When a server crashes, it disappears from registry automatically
- Clients are notified and can reconnect to remaining servers
- Demonstrates robust fault tolerance and dynamic recovery

Deployment

Deployment on University Containers

- Container 1: 10.2.1.54 (root/root)
- Container 2: 10.2.1.55 (root/root)
- Accessed via UNIPI VPN and SSH
- Coordinator runs on Container 1; servers on both containers
- Client GUI connects over VPN to play from anywhere
- All commands, scripts, and build steps documented in the project repo and documentation

Discussion and Future Work

Discussion and Future Work

- Current Limitations:
 - Game sessions are in-memory only (no persistent backup)
 - Player authentication is name-based (not secure)
 - No web or mobile client yet (only JavaFX)
- Possible Improvements:
 - Persistent session storage and automated failover
 - Secure authentication and HTTPS support
 - Web-based and mobile GUIs for wider accessibility
 - Enhanced monitoring, analytics, and scaling (cloud deployment)

References

References

- Erlang/OTP documentation: https://www.erlang.org/doc/
- Java: https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/
- SparkJava: http://sparkjava.com/documentation
- Unirest: https://kong.github.io/unirest-java/
- JavaFX: https://openjfx.io/
- Project Code: https://github.com/Rezacs/DistributedSystems
- Tanenbaum & van Steen, Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms
- Course Material: Prof. Alessio Bechini, University of Pisa