

## LAB 2

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### Sample Program 1: Removal of single and multiline comments

#### Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    FILE *fa, *fb;
    int ca, cb;
    fa = fopen("exinput.c", "r");
    if (fa == NULL)
    {
        printf("Cannot open file \n");
        exit(0);
    }
    fb = fopen("exoutput.c", "w");
    ca = getc(fa);
    while (ca != EOF)
    {
        if(ca==' ')
        {
            putc(ca,fb);
            while(ca==' ')
                ca = getc(fa);
        }
        if (ca=='/')
        {
            cb = getc(fa);
            if (cb == '/')
            {
                while(ca != '\n')
                    ca = getc(fa);
            }
            else if (cb == '*')
            {
                do
                {
                    while(ca != '*')
                        ca = getc(fa);
                    ca = getc(fa);
                } while (ca != '/');
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        else
        {
            putc(ca,fb);
            putc(cb,fb);
        }
    }
    else
        putc(ca,fb);
    ca = getc(fa);
}
fclose(fa);
fclose(fb);
return 0;
}

```

## Output:

```

Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ gcc -o ex ex.c
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ ./ex
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ cat exoutput.c

#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
    FILE *fopen(), *fp;
    int c ;
    fp = fopen( "prog.c", "r" );    c = getc( fp ) ;
    while ( c != EOF )
    {
        putchar( c );
        c = getc ( fp );
    }
    fclose( fp );
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ cat exinput.c
// This is a single line comment
/* *****This is a
*****Multiline Comment
**** */
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
    FILE *fopen(), *fp;
    int c ;
    fp = fopen( "prog.c", "r" ); //Comment
    c = getc( fp ) ;
    while ( c != EOF )
    {
        putchar( c );
        c = getc ( fp );
    } /*multiline
comment */
    fclose( fp );
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ █

```

**1) That takes a file as input and replaces blank spaces and tabs by single space and writes the output to a file.**

**Code:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    char c1,c2;
    FILE *f1,*f2;
    f1= fopen("l2q1input.c","r");
    f2= fopen("outputl2q1.c","w");
    if(f1 == NULL || f2 ==NULL)
    {
        printf("Either the input or the output file does not exist \n");
        return 1;
    }
    c1=fgetc(f1);
    while(c1 != EOF)
    {
        if(c1 == '/')
        {
            c2 = getc(f1);
            if(c2 == '/')
            {
                putc(c1,f2);
                putc(c2,f2);
                c1 = getc(f1);
                while(c1 !='\n')
                {
                    putc(c1,f2);
                    c1 = getc(f1);
                }
            }
            else if(c2 == '*')
            {
                putc(c1,f2);
                putc(c2,f2);
                c1 = getc(f1);
                do
                {
                    while(c1 != '*')
                    {
                        putc(c1,f2);
                        c1 = getc(f1);
                    }
                    putc(c1,f2);
                    c1 = getc(f1);
                } while(c1 != '/');
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
}
if(c1 == "")
{
    putc(c1,f2);
    c1 = getc(f1);
    while(c1 != "")
    {
        putc(c1,f2);
        c1 = getc(f1);
    }
    putc(c1,f2);
    c1 = getc(f1);
}
if(c1 == ' ' || c1 == '\t')
{
    putc(' ',f2);
    while(c1 == ' ' || c1 == '\t')
    {
        c1 = getc(f1);
    }
}
putc(c1,f2);
c1 = getc(f1);
}
fclose(f1);
fclose(f2);
return 0;
}
```

**Output:**

```

Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ gcc -o l2q1 l2q1.c
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ ./l2q1
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ cat l2q1input.c
// This is a    single line comment
/* *****This is a
*****Multiline      Comment
**** */

#include        <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    printf("Hello    World");
    return    0;
}
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ cat outputl2q1.c
// This is a    single line comment
/* *****This is a
*****Multiline      Comment
**** */

#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    printf("Hello    World");
    return 0;
}
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ █

```

2) To discard preprocessor directives from the given input 'C' file.

**Code:**

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

```

```

int main()
{
    char c1,c2;
    FILE *f1,*f2;
    f1= fopen("l2q1input.c","r");
    f2= fopen("outputl2q1.c","w");
    if(f1 == NULL || f2 ==NULL)
    {
        printf("Either the input or the output file does not exist \n");
        return 1;
    }
    c1=fgetc(f1);
    while(c1 != EOF)
    {
        if(c1 == '/')
        {

```

```

c2 = getc(f1);
if(c2 == '/')
{
    putc(c1,f2);
    putc(c2,f2);
    c1 = getc(f1);
    while(c1 != '\n')
    {
        putc(c1,f2);
        c1 = getc(f1);
    }
}
else if(c2 == '*')
{
    putc(c1,f2);
    putc(c2,f2);
    c1 = getc(f1);
    do
    {
        while(c1 != '*')
        {
            putc(c1,f2);
            c1 = getc(f1);
        }
        putc(c1,f2);
        c1 = getc(f1);
    } while(c1 != '/');
}
}
if(c1 == "")
{
    putc(c1,f2);
    c1 = getc(f1);
    while(c1 != "")
    {
        putc(c1,f2);
        c1 = getc(f1);
    }
    putc(c1,f2);
    c1 = getc(f1);
}
if(c1 == '#')
{
    while(c1 != '\n')
        c1 = getc(f1);
}
putc(c1,f2);
c1 = getc(f1);
}

fclose(f1);
fclose(f2);
return 0;

```

```
}
```

## Output:

```
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ gcc -o l2q2 l2q2.c
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ ./l2q2
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ cat l2q1input.c
// This is a    single line comment
/* *****This is a
*****Multiline      Comment
**** */

#include        <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    printf("Hello    World");
    return    0;
}
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ cat outputl2q1.c
// This is a    single line comment
/* *****This is a
*****Multiline      Comment
**** */

int main()
{
    printf("Hello    World");
    return    0;
}
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$
```

3) That takes C program as input, recognizes all the keywords and prints them in upper case.

## Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>

int main(){
    char keys[10][20] = {"if","else","while","int","char","float","do","printf","scanf","for"};
    char buffer[100];
    FILE *f1;
    int c1,bufferCounter = 0;
    f1 = fopen("l2q1input.c","r");
    if(f1 == NULL){
```

```

    printf("Cannot open file\n");
    exit(0);
}
c1 = getc(f1);
while(c1 != EOF){
    if(isalpha(c1)){
        buffer[bufferCounter++] = c1;
    }
    else{
        buffer[bufferCounter] = '\0';
        bufferCounter = 0;
        for(int i = 0 ; i < 10 ; i++){
            if(strcmp(keys[i],buffer) == 0){
                int j = 0;
                while(buffer[j]){
                    putchar(toupper(buffer[j]));
                    j++;
                }
                printf("\n");
                break;
            }
        }
    }
    c1 = getc(f1);
}
fclose(f1);
return 0;
}

```

### Output:

```

Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ gcc -o l2q3 l2q3.c
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ ./l2q3
INT
CHAR
IF
ELSE
PRINTF
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ cat l2q1input.c
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    char c='a';
    if(c=='a')
        c++;
    else
        c='z';
    printf("%c",c);
    return 0;
}
Student@dblab-hp-21:~/Desktop/190905412/Lab_2$ █

```