

Recommendation System

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Introduction

This project aims to develop a movie recommender system that uses user ratings to suggest movies that align with individual preferences. Recommender systems are crucial in the digital age, enhancing user experiences across platforms like Netflix, Amazon, and Spotify. By understanding user preferences, these systems not only increase engagement but also drive satisfaction, creating a seamless and enjoyable experience for users navigating vast movie libraries.

Dataset Overview

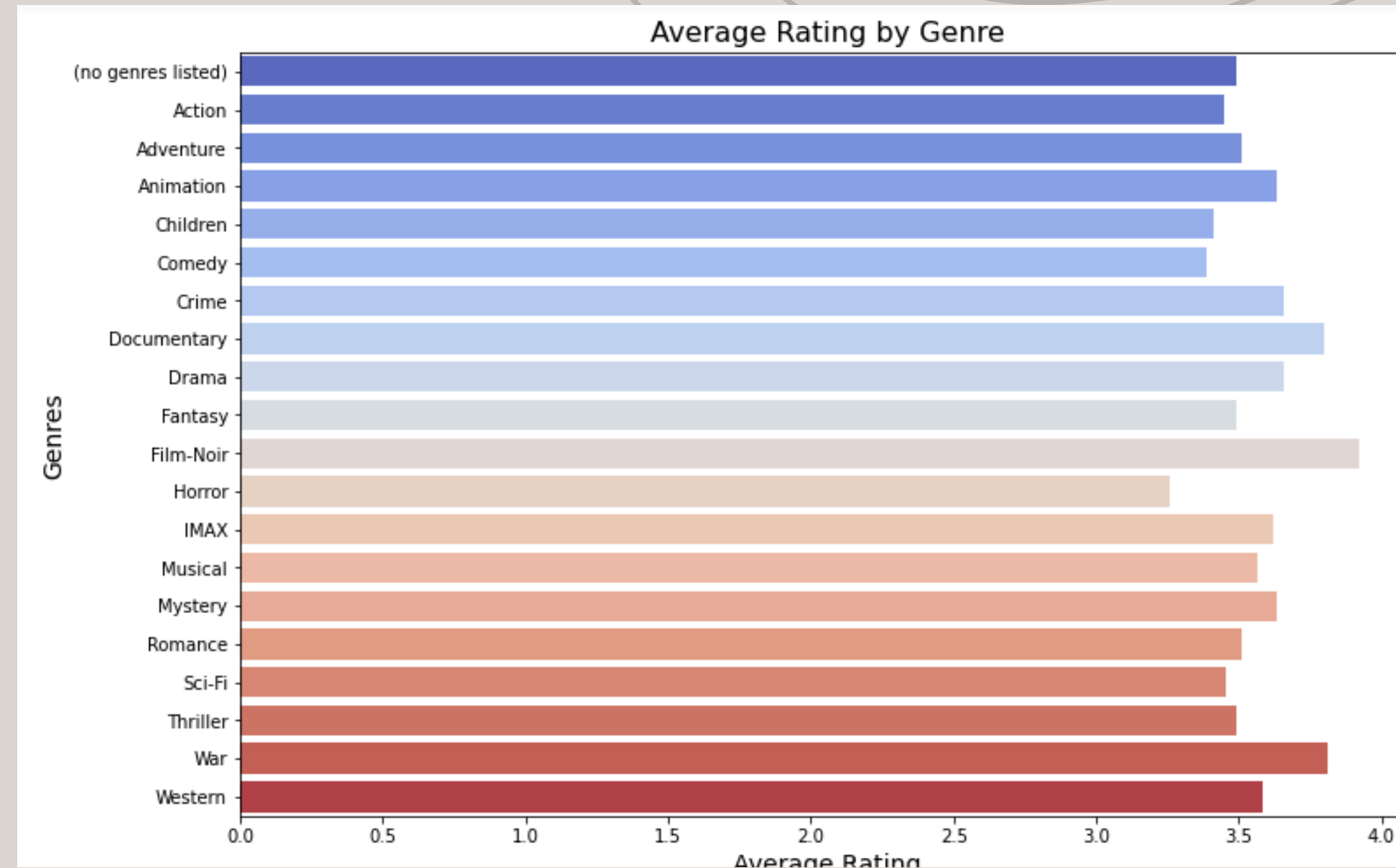
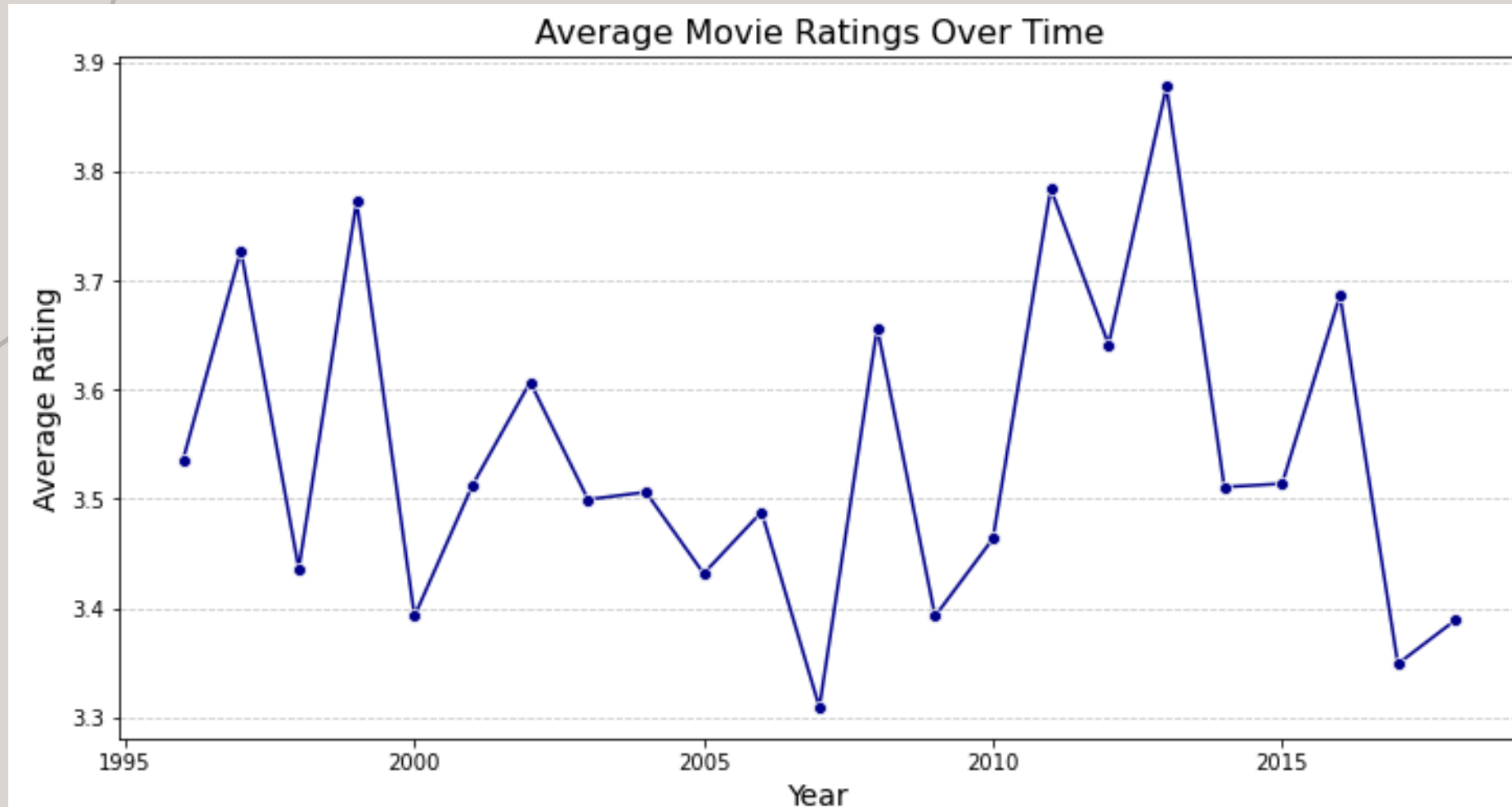
The project utilized a dataset containing movie titles, genres, and user ratings to build and train a recommender system. The data was preprocessed to ensure quality and usability, handling missing entries, standardizing genres, and removing duplicate records. This structured dataset was crucial for deriving patterns, training the model, and delivering accurate movie recommendations.

Understanding the dataset was crucial for aligning the project's goals with real-world applications.

Business and Data Understanding

This project uses various datasets to gather data on users, movies, and their ratings. Understanding this data is crucial for designing a system that aligns with real-world applications. The goal is to enhance user retention by providing relevant and engaging movie suggestions. However, the dataset faces challenges like missing ratings or sparse interactions from less active users. Addressing these issues during data preprocessing ensures the model delivers consistent and meaningful recommendations.

Visualizations



Modelling

The project uses collaborative filtering, a machine-learning technique that recommends items based on user behavior.

Two primary methods are user-based and item-based.

User-based filtering identifies similarities between users, while item-based filtering focuses on relationships between movies. The model creates a user-item matrix, predicting ratings for unwatched movies. This generates personalized recommendations, ensuring relevance and accuracy for diverse user preferences. The model uses a user-item matrix to represent users and movies, ensuring relevance and accuracy.

Evaluation

The recommender system's effectiveness was assessed using metrics like RMSE, precision, and recall. An RMSE score of 2.94 suggests room for improvement, while a high precision score indicates the system's relevance and completeness. Precision scores indicate the recommended movies are well-suited to user preferences, while recall indicates the number of relevant options. Qualitative evaluations, such as analyzing recommendations for specific users, validated the system's practical utility.

Recommendations

The evaluation suggests several improvements to the movie recommender system. These include addressing data sparsity by incorporating user interactions, implementing hybrid approaches that balance personalization with diversity, and regularly updating the model with real-time data. These improvements not only improve the system's performance but also enhance the user experience on platforms utilizing the technology. Incorporating movie genres, cast, or release years could provide more nuanced recommendations.

Next Steps

Future projects should expand the dataset to include more user interaction data, explore advanced techniques like matrix factorization or deep learning models, incorporate contextual information like time of day or user location, and deploy the system on a live platform for real-time feedback. These steps will ensure the system evolves into a robust and scalable solution for personalized movie recommendations, ensuring the system remains relevant and relevant in the current context.



**Thank
You!!**