



Data Structure and Algorithm

Laboratory Activity No. 4

Arrays

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August 09, 2025

I. Objectives

Introduction

Array, in general, refers to an orderly arrangement of data elements. Array is a type of data structure that stores data elements in adjacent locations. Array is considered as linear data structure that stores elements of same data types. Hence, it is also called as a linear homogenous data structure.

This laboratory activity aims to implement the principles and techniques in:

- Writing algorithms using Array data structure
- Solve programming problems using dynamic memory allocation, arrays and pointers

II. Methods

Jenna’s Grocery

Jenna’s Grocery List		
Apple	PHP 10	x7
Banana	PHP 10	x8
Broccoli	PHP 60	x12
Lettuce	PHP 50	x10

Jenna wants to buy the following fruits and vegetables for her daily consumption. However, she needs to distinguish between fruit and vegetable, as well as calculate the sum of prices that she has to pay in total.

Problem 1: Create a class for the fruit and the vegetable classes. Each class must have a constructor, deconstructor, copy constructor and copy assignment operator. They must also have all relevant attributes (such as name, price and quantity) and functions (such as calculate sum) as presented in the problem description above.

Problem 2: Create an array GroceryList in the driver code that will contain all items in Jenna’s Grocery List. You must then access each saved instance and display all details about the items.

Problem 3: Create a function TotalSum that will calculate the sum of all objects listed in Jenna’s Grocery List.

Problem 4: Delete the Lettuce from Jenna’s GroceryList list and de-allocate the memory assigned.

III. Results

```
Apple created.
Banana created.
Broccoli created.
Lettuce created.
Deleted Banana
Deleted Apple

===== Jenna's Grocery List =====
Deleted Broccoli
Apple      PHP10 x 7 = PHP70
Banana     PHP10 x 8 = PHP80
Broccoli   PHP60 x 12 = PHP720
Lettuce    PHP50 x 10 = PHP500

Total Sum = PHP 1370

Deleting Lettuce...

===== Updated Grocery List =====
Lettuce destroyed.
Apple      PHP10 x 7 = PHP70
Banana     PHP10 x 8 = PHP80
Broccoli   PHP60 x 12 = PHP720

Updated Total Sum = PHP870
```

Figure 1.0 Program Output

The program creates a class that has name, price, and quantity attributes. It also used destructor method allowing the user to delete the lettuce from the list. Furthermore, the program managed the list of grocery item and also demonstrates the constructors, destructors, inheritance, copying, and assignment, providing a structured way of modeling real-world object such as fruits and vegetable. Lastly, it calculates the sum before and after deleting the lettuce.

IV. Conclusion

In conclusion, the lesson helped me to understand the use of constructor, destructor, inheritance, copying, and assignment function in python program. This will serve as a fundamental in Data Structure and Algorithms. The program highlights the importance of automation in real world (fruits and vegetables) in structured and organized way.

References

[1] Co Arthur O.. "University of Caloocan City Computer Engineering Department Honor Code," UCC-CpE Departmental Policies, 2020.