

LAST  
class

Embedded  
system

↳ MC  
↳ Modem  
↳ Arduino

↳ RPi  
↳ Nvidia Jetson  
nano / TX2

# Human Computer Interaction

Internet-of-Things (IoT)

---

COCOS20

# Smart Objects

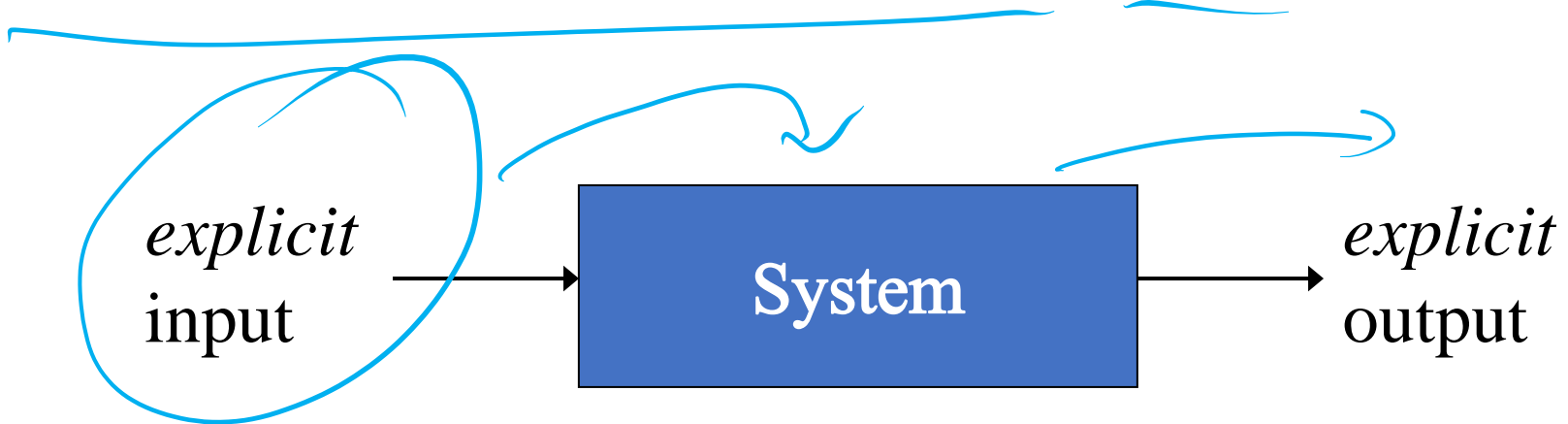
things



Smart Refrigerator

- Objects that are able to sense the environment, interpret the environment, self-configure, interact with other objects and exchange information with people.

# Traditional Computing System: HCI



*"**Human-computer interaction** is a discipline concerned with the design, evaluation and implementation of interactive computing systems for human use and with the study of major phenomena surrounding them."* -- Association for Computing Machinery. *(ACM)*



(Bad) Examples of User Interfaces



(Bad) Examples of User Interfaces



E.LA. Visualization



ERROR LOADING LIBRARY

File :  
C:\TMP\V10L17.FIF  
Not Exists

File Object :  
V10L17.FIF  
Removed From Library

(Bad) Examples of User Interfaces

Apple  
Desktop



## Resume aborted transfer?

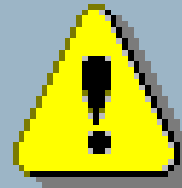
A file with this name already exists.  
Do you want to resume an aborted transfer?  
(Click No to overwrite your existing file  
and start a new transfer.)

Yes

No

Cancel

## Microsoft Access



**Wrong button!**

This button doesn't work

**Solution**

Try another.

OK

(Bad) Examples of User Interfaces (UI)

- \_\_\_\_\_



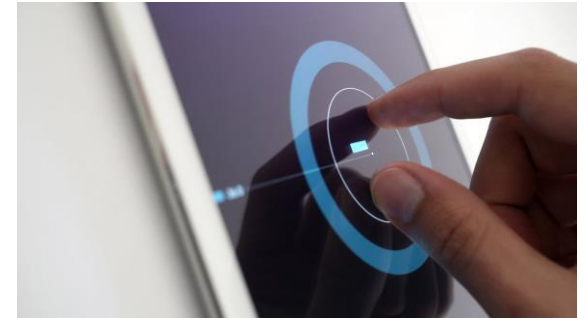
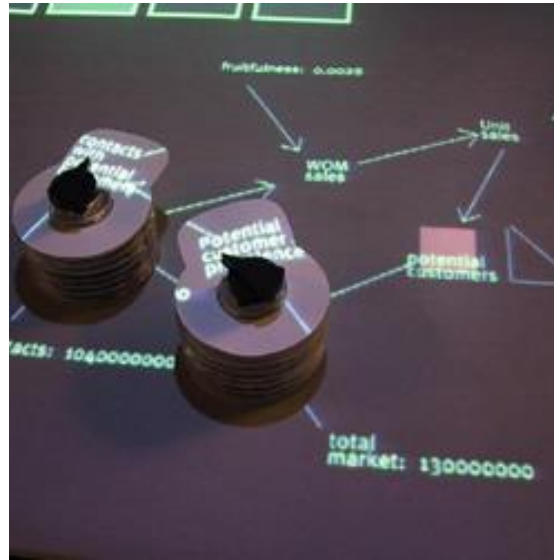


# Interfaces

- Keyboard/mouse/screen/speakers / GUI
- Pen input
- Touch
- Speech/audio/sound ✓ VUI
- Gesture, eye movement
- Tangible interfaces
- Virtual/augmented reality (VR, AR)
- Wearable computing
- **Multi-modal** interactive interfaces: more than just one input/output channel

## Interface Discussion

- **Ease-of-Use?** ✓
- **Flexibility?** ✓
- **Accuracy?** ✓
- **Safety?** ✓
- **Privacy?** ?



Mobile  
touch ✓

# Touch as Input ✓

---



# Gesture/Motion as Input

DJI  
dron

Gesture  
Controlling

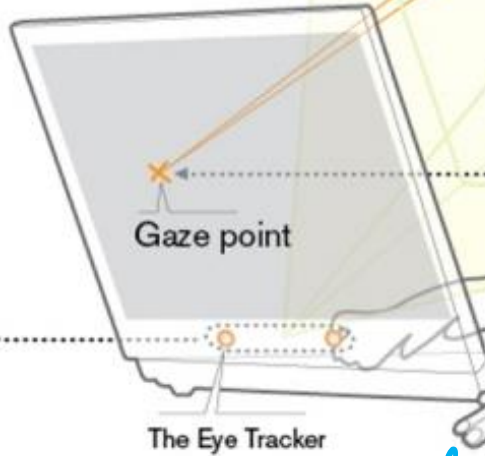
**1** An eye tracker consists of cameras, projectors and algorithms.

**2** The projectors create a pattern of near-infrared light on the eyes.

**3** The cameras take high-frame-rate images of the user's eyes and the patterns.

**4** The image processing algorithms find specific details in the user's eyes and reflections patterns.

**5** Based on these details, mathematical algorithms calculate the eyes' position and gaze point, for instance on a computer monitor.



Auto Scrolling of document

Eye Movement as Input

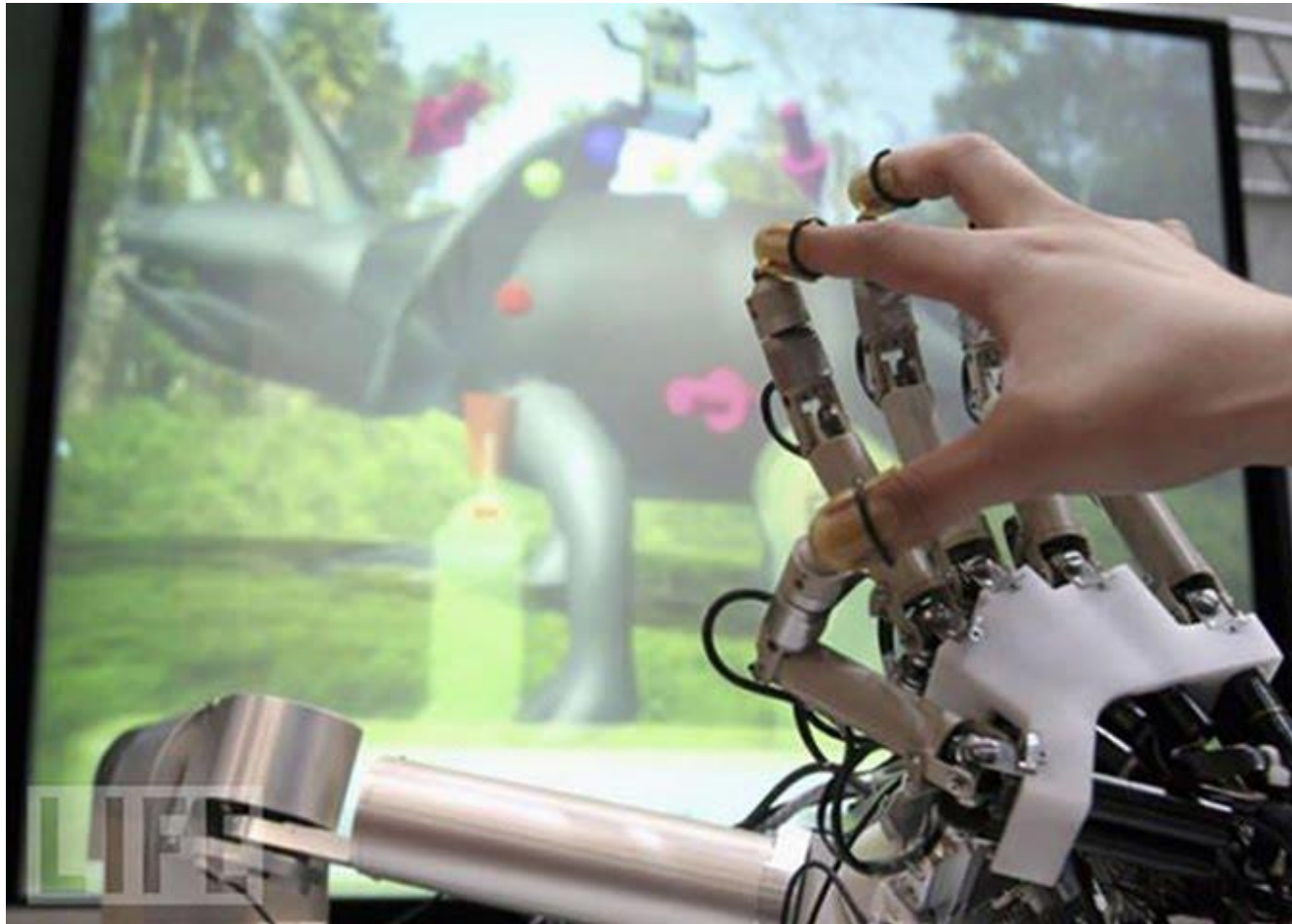
Proctored based exam

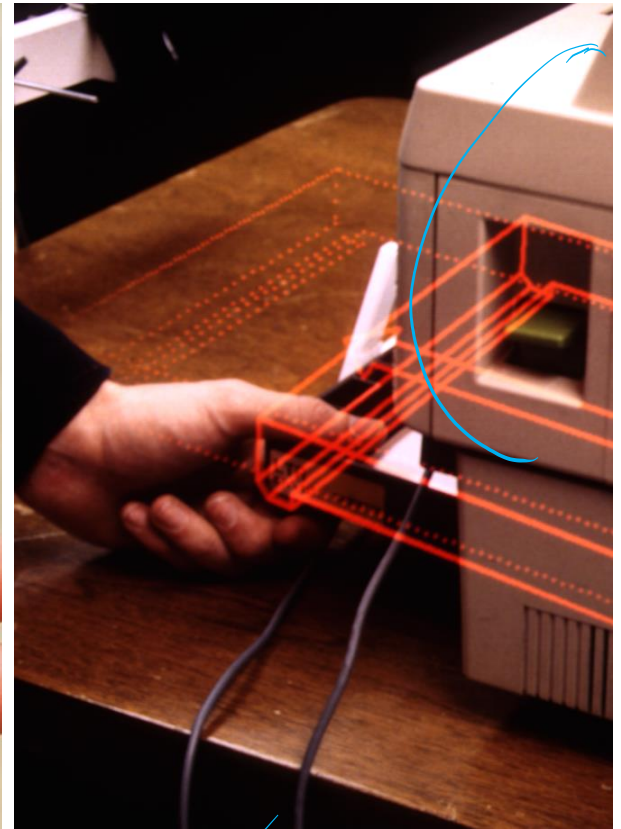
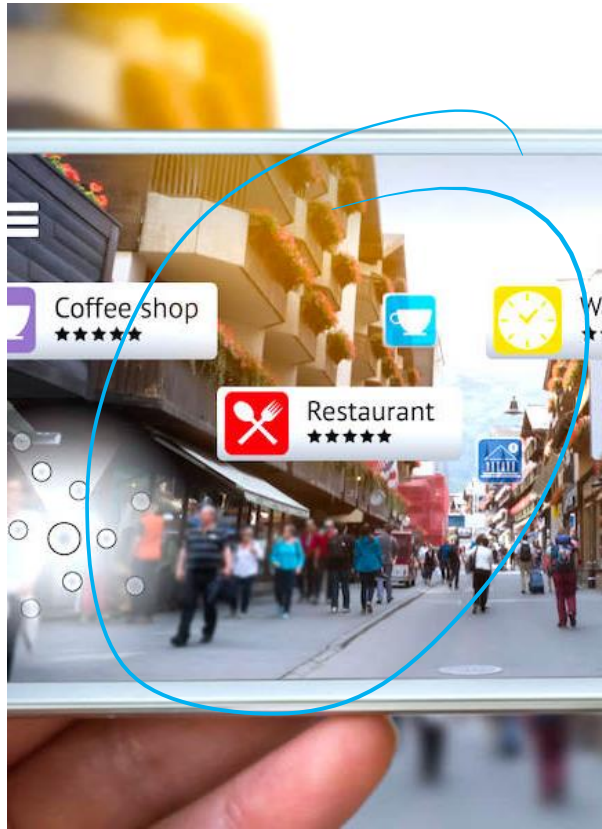
Checking online exam

Retina  
↳ scan



# Haptic Interfaces





Metaverse  
↓  
Virtual

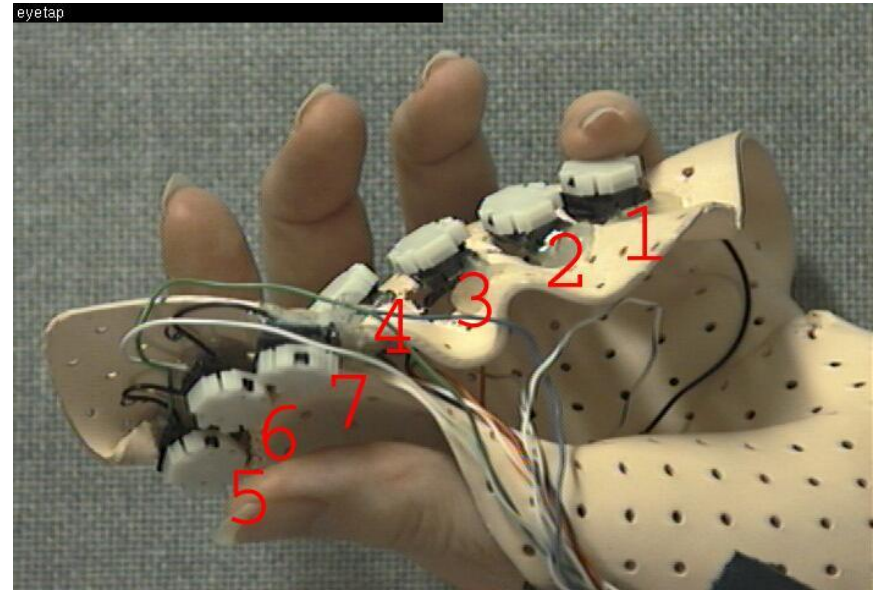
# Augmented Reality (AR)

Deep

Handcraft

Presence

(VR)  
Completely virtual



# Wearable Computing

Computation devices accompany you, rather than you seeking them out





"Hey Siri, what's the best  
sushi place in town?" ✓

Google Assistant

Siri

Alexa

Speech Input

- Human beings have a great and natural mastery of speech
  - makes it difficult to appreciate the complexities
  - but it's an easy medium for communication

# Windows Speech Recognition

- Supplied with every Windows machine
  - From '98 on
  - Almost no one used it
- What was the problem?
  - Need to “train” users to use early virtual assistants (VAs)
  - Microphone expense determines quality
  - No app buy-in.



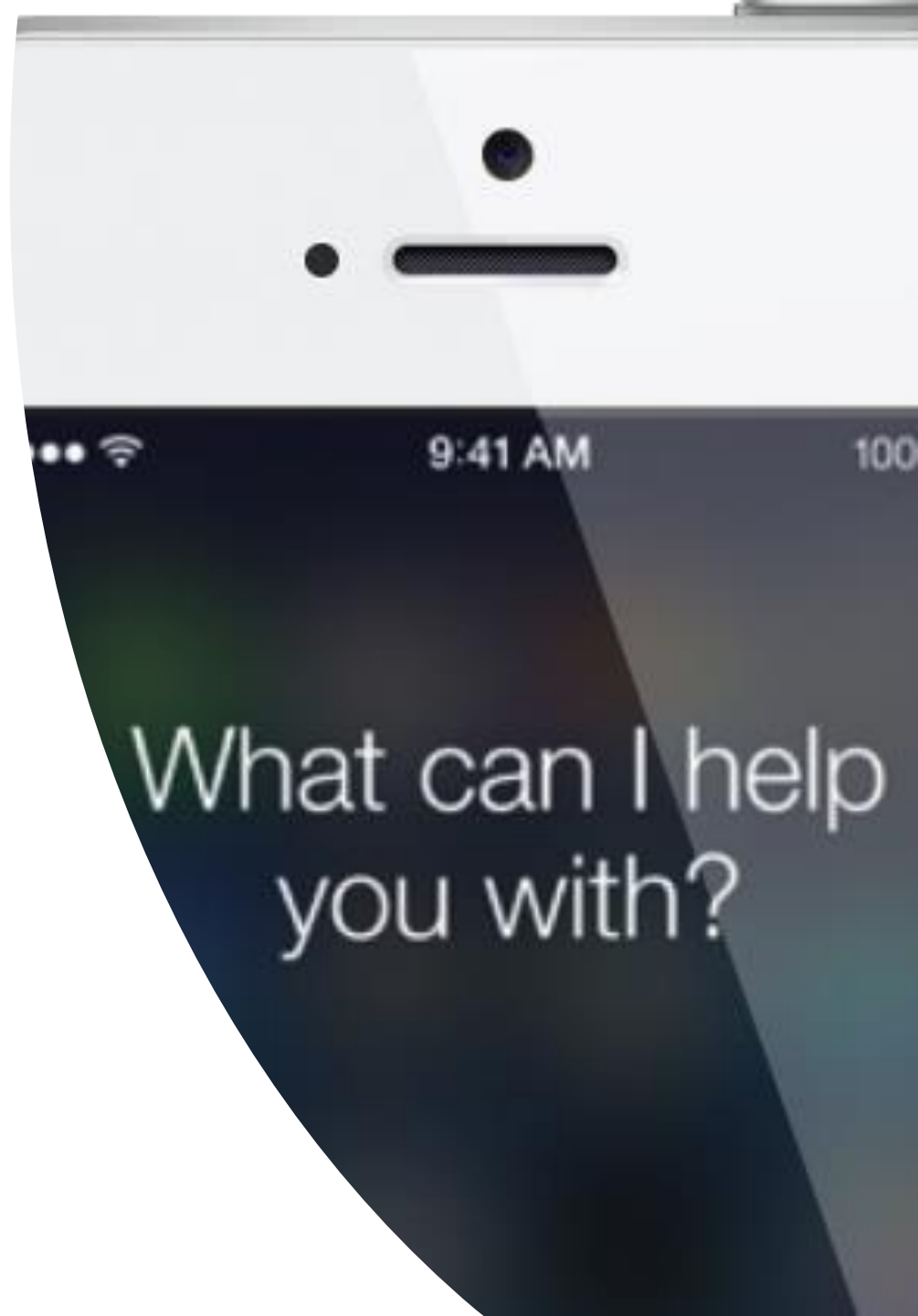


# And Then There Was Siri

---

## A Technical Success

- Consistent microphone gives predictable quality
- Inclusion on every iPhone made it mainstream



# And Then There Was Siri

- Misunderstandings ✓
- Limited skills ✓
- What Apple wants isn't always what users want ✓
- No 3<sup>rd</sup> parties; limited innovation and evolution }



# Current Incarnations

- What these look like now

- Specialized hardware ✓
- Domestic setting ✓
- Initially aimed at home automation
- Mostly used for home entertainment ✓
- All open to 3<sup>rd</sup> parties



# Voice “Explodes” into Mainstream



IBM Watson™



# Seven Design Principles

⇒ HQ

## 1. Equitable use

- same means for all users, do not segregate/stigmatize users, make design appealing

## 2. Flexibility in use

- provide choice of methods & adapt to user's pace

## 3. Simplicity and intuitiveness of use

- support user's expectations
- accommodate different languages and literacy skills
- provide prompting and feedback



# Seven Design Principles

## 4. Perceptible information

- redundancy of information: use different forms/modes
- emphasize essential information

## 5. Tolerance for error

- minimize impact caused by mistakes
- remove potentially dangerous situations
- hazards should be shielded by warnings

# Seven Design Principles

## **6. Low physical effort**

- comfort; minimize fatigue and effort
- repetitive or sustained actions should be avoided

## **7. Size and space for approach and use**

- placement of system should be reachable by all users
- consider line of sight for standing and sitting user
- allow for variation in hand size
- provide room for assistive devices

# Disabilities

---

- Federal law to ensure access to IT, including computers and web sites.

- ✓ • Vision (low vision, blind, color blind)
- ✓ • Hearing (deaf, limited hearing)
- ✓ • Mobility
- ✓ • Learning (dyslexia, attention deficit)

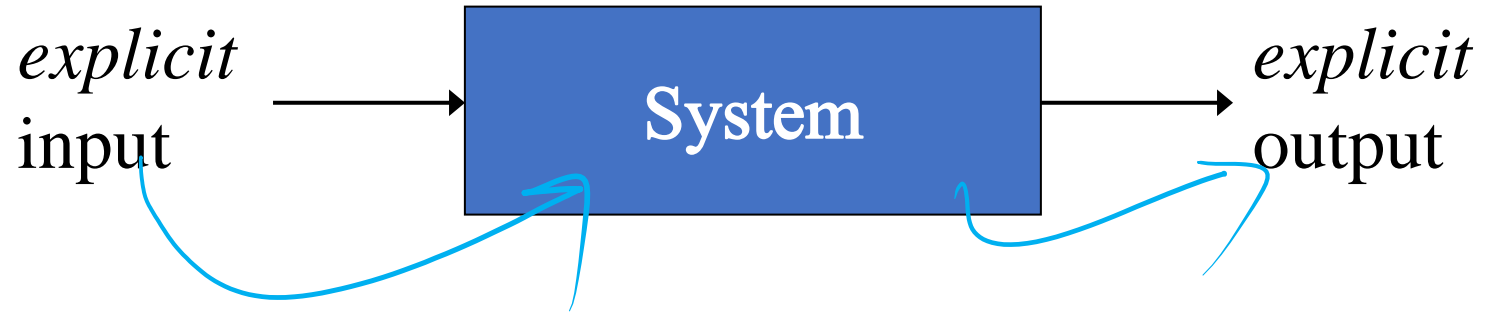
Interface

# Disabilities

---

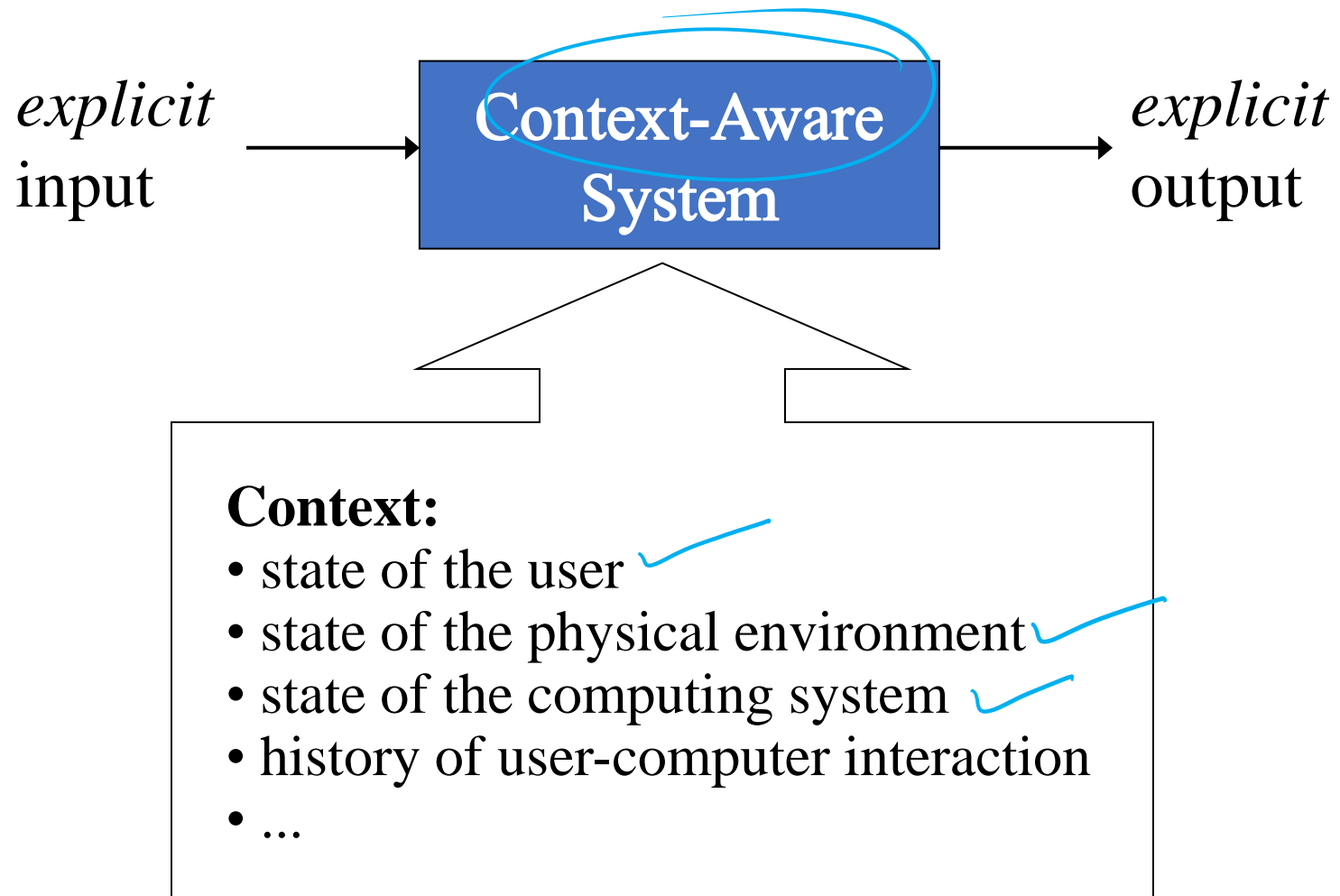
- Keyboard and mouse alternatives ✓
- Color coding ✓
- Font size ✓
- Contrast ✓
- Text descriptors for web images ✓
- Magnification ✓
- Text-to-speech; speech recognition ✓
- Head-mounted optical mice ✓
- Eye gaze control ✓

# System Structure





# Context as Implicit Input



# What is Context?



# Examples of Context

---

- Identity (user, others, objects) ✓
- Location ✓
- Date/Time ✓
- Environment —
- Emotional state —
- Focus of attention —
- Orientation —
- User preferences —
- Calendar (events) —
- Browsing history —
- Behavioral patterns —
- Relationships (phonebook, call history)
- ... the elements of the user's environment that the computer knows about...

# Relevance of Context Information

---

- Trying to arrange lunch meeting ✓
- Going to a job interview ✓
- Going home after work and making evening plans ✓
- Shopping ✓
- Tourist ✓
- ...

# Definitions of Context

- “Context is **any information that can be used to characterize the situation of an entity**. An entity is a person, place, or object that is considered **relevant** to the interaction between a user and an application, including the user and applications themselves” [Dey et al. 2001]

# Classification



## External (physical)

- Context that can be measured by hardware sensors
- Examples: location, light, sound, movement, touch, temperature, air pressure, etc.

## Internal (logical)

- Mostly specified by the user or captured monitoring the user's interaction
- Examples: the user's goal, tasks, work context, business processes, the user's emotional state, etc.

# Context?



Reading / Learning  
←  
call / skype  
←  
Office work  
←



Context?



office meeting

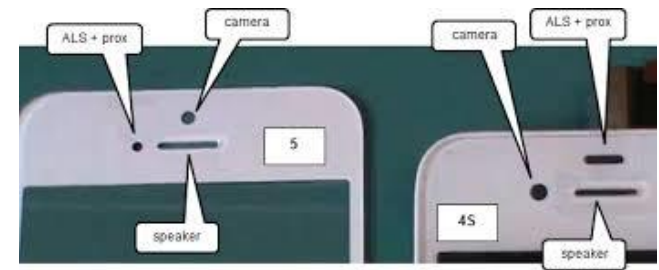
# Simple Everyday Examples

- Smartphone adjusts the screen to the orientation of the device
- Apple Watch turns on display if arm lifted/rotated
- Orientation is determined by using both a gyroscope and an accelerometer



# Simple Everyday Examples

- Phone display adjusts the brightness of the display based on the surrounding area
- Uses a light sensor ➔



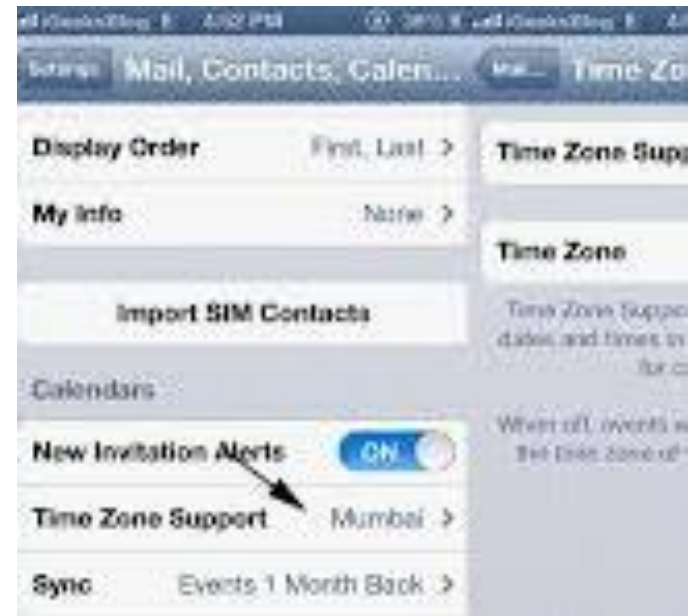
# Simple Everyday Examples

- Device displays user's location, shows route to a desired destination, find nearby stores, geotag images on social media, etc.
- Uses location sensor



# Simple Everyday Examples

- The time is displayed on the phone
- Time zone change
- Daylight savings time



# Simple Everyday Examples

- Device disables touch screen when the user speaks on the phone
- Uses a proximity sensor (infrared signal travel time)



# Challenges

- Lack of self-awareness
  - Knowing when to do or not to do something is hard
- Complexity
  - More rules do not necessarily yield more intelligence
  - But will become harder to maintain and understand
- Human-in-the-loop vs. automation
  - Loss of control vs. risk of human error
- Development ✓
  - Sensing, aggregation, rules, etc., are complex issues
- Privacy ✓
- User preferences ✓
- Information overload ✓



Contact me:

[gauravsingal789@gmail.com](mailto:gauravsingal789@gmail.com)

[Gaurav.singal@nsut.ac.in](mailto:Gaurav.singal@nsut.ac.in)

[www.gauravsingal.in](http://www.gauravsingal.in)

LinkedIn:

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/gauravsingal789/>

Twitter: [https://twitter.com/gaurav\\_singal](https://twitter.com/gaurav_singal)