



**F.E. Sem. I (Revised in 2007-08) Examination, May/June 2012**  
**BASIC CIVIL ENGG. AND ENGG. MECHANICS**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

- Instructions :** 1) Attempt **any five** questions with at least **one** question from **each Module**.  
2) **Make suitable assumptions, if necessary.**

**MODULE – I**



1. a) Explain the scope of the following in civil Engineering.
  - i) Water Resources and Irrigation Engg. 10
  - ii) Transportation Engineering. 10
- b) Write short notes on :
  - i) Curing of concrete 6
  - ii) Types of steel sections. 4
- c) Explain properties of hardened concrete. 4
2. a) Explain various components of a super-structure of a building. 5
- b) Give general classification of roads. Briefly mention about components and their functions. 10
- c) Draw a typical sketch of an arch bridge and label its components. 5

**MODULE – II**

3. a) Two uniform solid cylinders weighing 5 kN each and radius of 400 mm are placed as shown. Assuming smooth surfaces, find out reactions at all points of contacts at A, B, C and D. 10

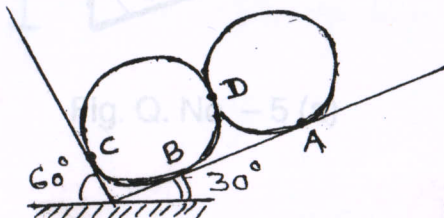


Fig. Q. No.– 3 (a)



- b) Replace the given force system into a single force and a moment acting at A. 10

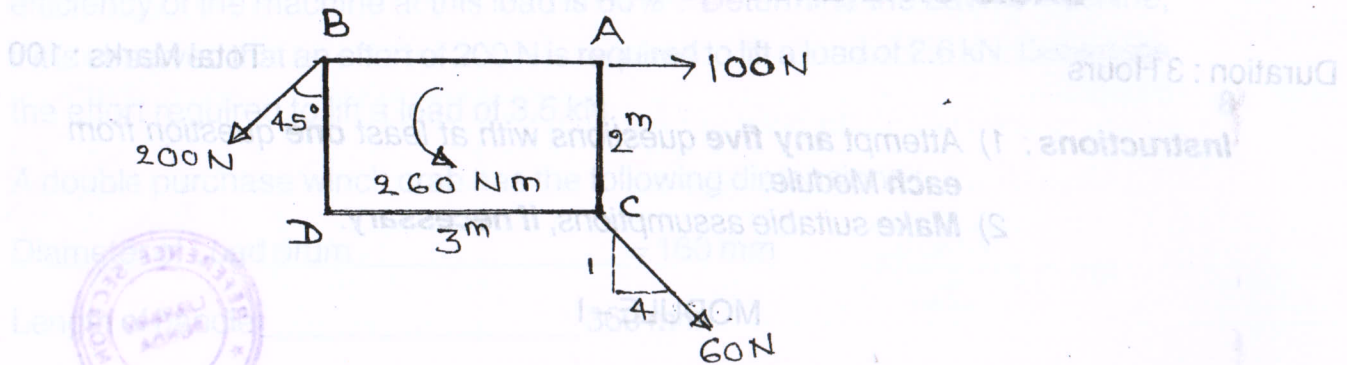


Fig. Q. No. - 3(b)

4. a) Determine the support reactions for the beam shown. 10

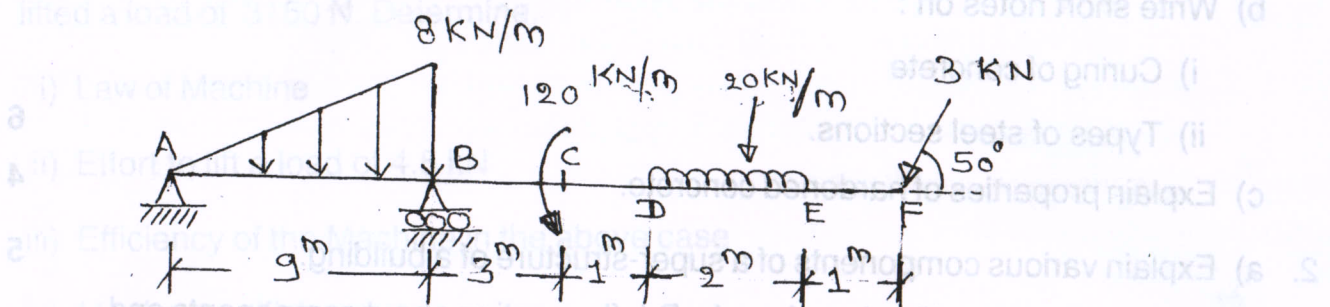


Fig. Q. No. - 4(a)

- b) Find the magnitude of force (P) if the maximum permissible forces in member AC is 3.5 kN and in member BC is 4 kN. 4

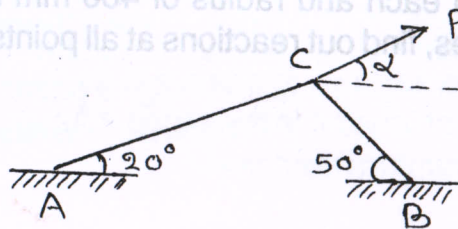


Fig. Q. No. - 4(b)





- c) Five co-planar forces are acting on a triangular plate as shown. Determine the resultant. Locate its position from A.

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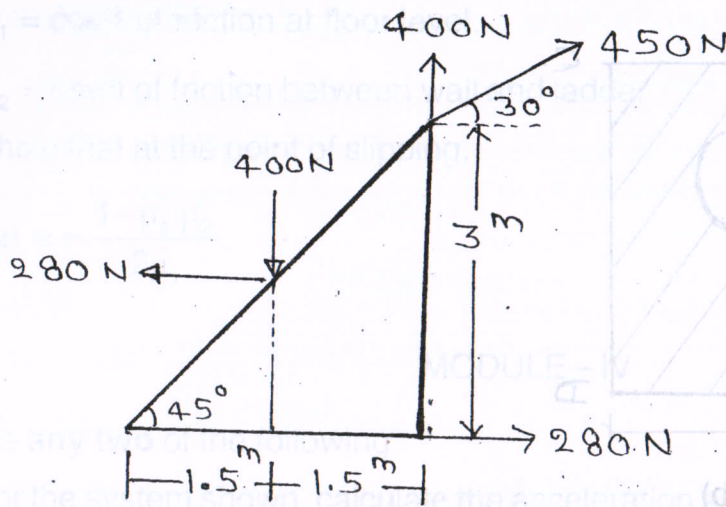


Fig. Q. No. – 4 (c)

MODULE – III

5. a) Determine the position of centroid of the shaded area shown with reference to axes shown. All the dimensions are in mm.

10

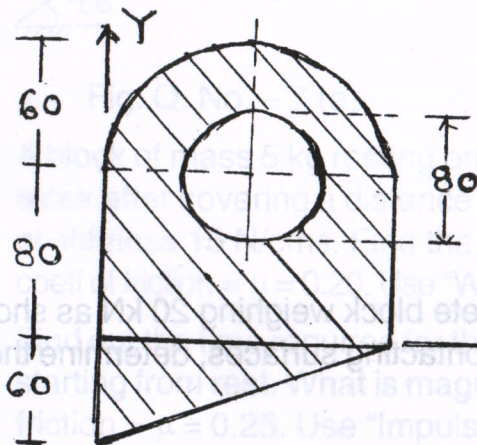


Fig. Q. No. – 5 (a)

- b) Find the moment of inertia about both the centroidal axes for the shaded area shown. Also calculate Polar Moment of Inertia about point A. All the dimensions in mms.

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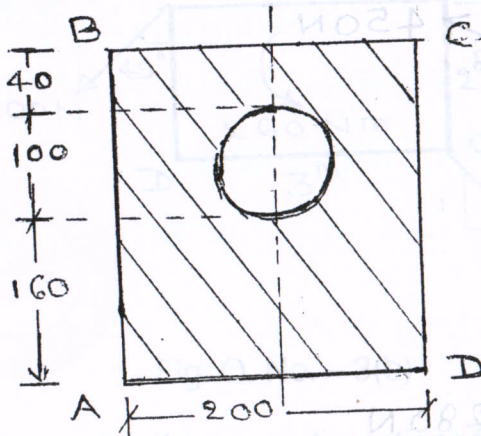


Fig. Q. No. - 5 (b)

6. Solve **any two** of the following :

- a) For the system shown, find the least and greatest value of the load ( $W$ ) for the equilibrium of the system. The coefficient of friction for the plane BC is 0.28 and that for plane AC is 0.20.

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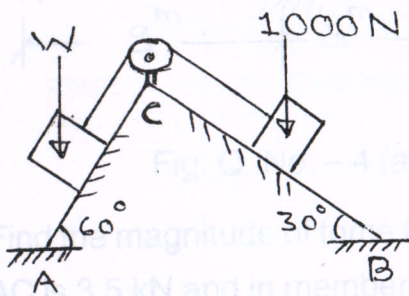


Fig. Q. No. - 6 (a)

- b) A  $15^\circ$  wedge is used to tighten the concrete block weighing 20 kN as shown. Assuming angle of friction as  $14^\circ$  for all contacting surfaces, determine the magnitude of force ( $P$ ).

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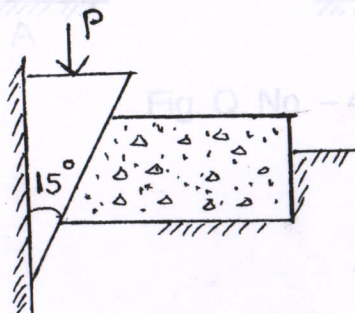


Fig. Q.No. - 6 (b)





- c) A uniform ladder of length “L” and weighing “W” is resting against a vertical wall at an angle of “ $\alpha$ ” with the horizontal. If

$\mu_1$  = coeff of friction at floor level.

$\mu_2$  = coeff of friction between wall and ladder

Show that at the point of slipping,

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{1 - \mu_1 \mu_2}{2\mu_1}$$



10

#### MODULE – IV

7. Solve **any two** of the following :

- a) For the system shown, calculate the acceleration and tension in the rope. What is the distance covered by the system in 5 seconds, starting from rest ? Assume coeff of friction =  $\mu = 0.20$ . Use D'Alembert's principle.

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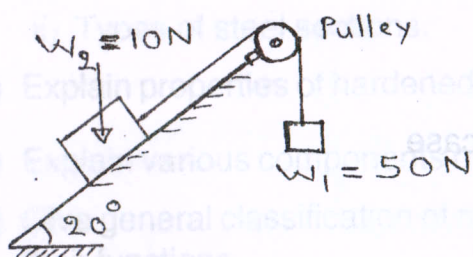


Fig. Q. No. – 7 (a)

- b) A block of mass 5 kg resting on a 30° inclined plane is released from rest. The block after covering a distance of 50 cms along the inclined plane hits a spring of stiffness 15 N/cms. Find the maximum compression of the spring. Assume coeff of friction =  $\mu = 0.20$ . Use “WORK ENERGY” principle to solve the problem.

10

- c) Find out the time required for the system shown to attain a velocity of 20m/sec, starting from rest. What is magnitude of tension in the string ? Assume coeff of friction =  $\mu = 0.25$ . Use “Impulse Momentum” principle.

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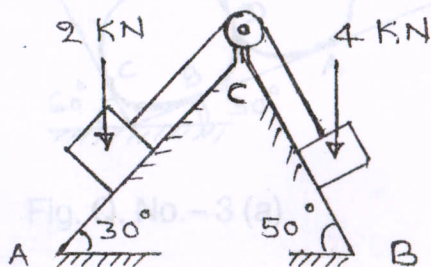


Fig. Q. No. – 7 (c)



8. a) What load can be lifted by an effort of 120 N, if the velocity ratio is 18 and efficiency of the machine at this load is 60%? Determine the Law of Machine, if it is observed that an effort of 200 N is required to lift a load of 2.6 kN. Determine the effort required to lift a load of 3.5 kN.

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- b) A double purchase winch crab has the following dimensions:

Diameter of Load drum \_\_\_\_\_ = 160 mm

Length of handle \_\_\_\_\_ 360 mm

No. of teeth on pinions \_\_\_\_\_ 20 and 30

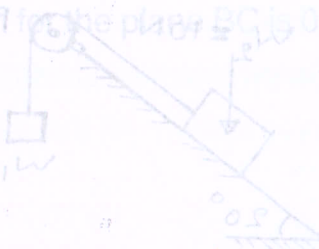
No. of teeth on spur wheels \_\_\_\_\_ 75 and 90.

It was found that an effort of 90 N lifted a load of 1800 N AND an effort of 135 N lifted a load of 3150 N. Determine.

- Law of Machine
- Effort to lift a load of 4.5 kN
- Efficiency of the Machine in the above case
- Maximum efficiency.

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Fig. Q. No. - 7 (a)



b) A block of mass 5 kg resting on a 30° inclined plane is released from rest. The block after covering a distance of 50 cm along the inclined plane hits a spring of stiffness 15 N/cm. Find the maximum compression of the spring. Assume coefficient of friction  $\mu = 0.20$ . Use "WORK ENERGY" principle to solve the problem.

c) Find out the time required for the system shown to attain a velocity of 20 m/sec, starting from rest. What is magnitude of tension in the string? Assume coefficient of friction  $\mu = 0.25$ . Use "Impulse Momentum" principle.

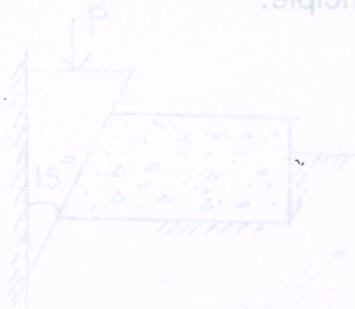


Fig. Q. No. - 6 (b)

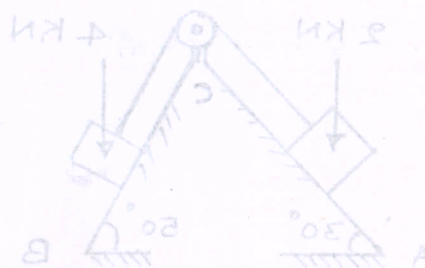


Fig. Q. No. - 7 (c)