

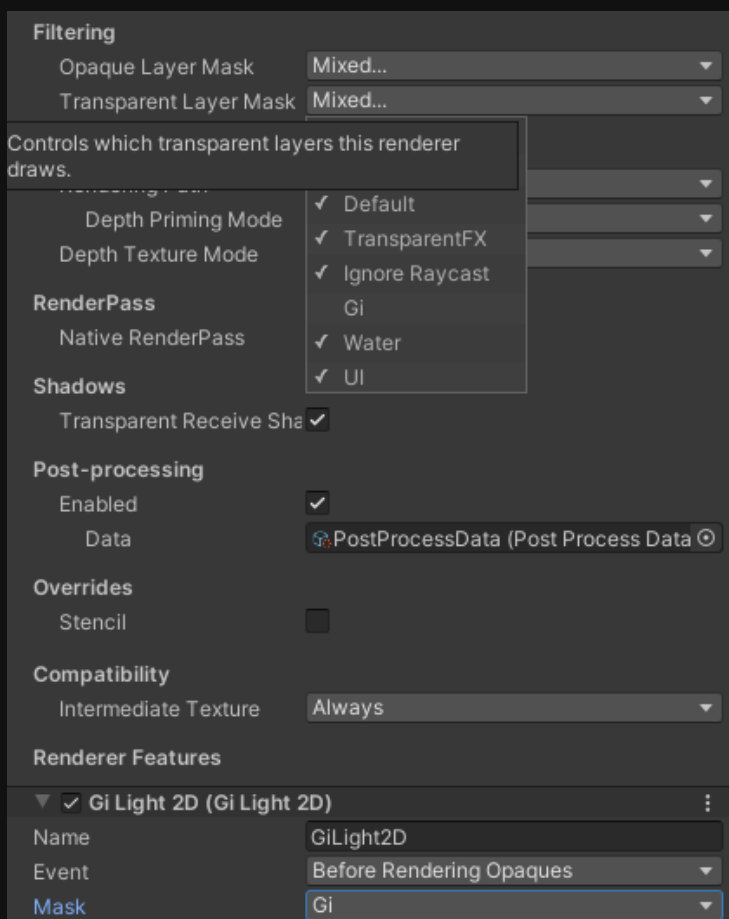
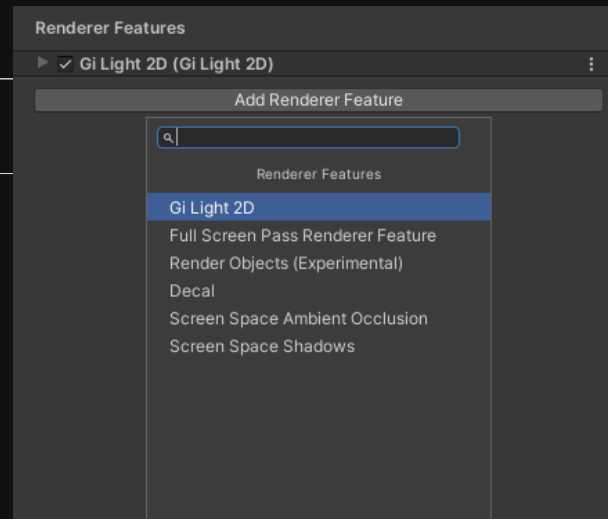
GiLight2D

2D raytracing and artistic tool for Unity URP

This is a short manual consisting of a quick guide and a brief explanation of what the lighting settings are responsible for.

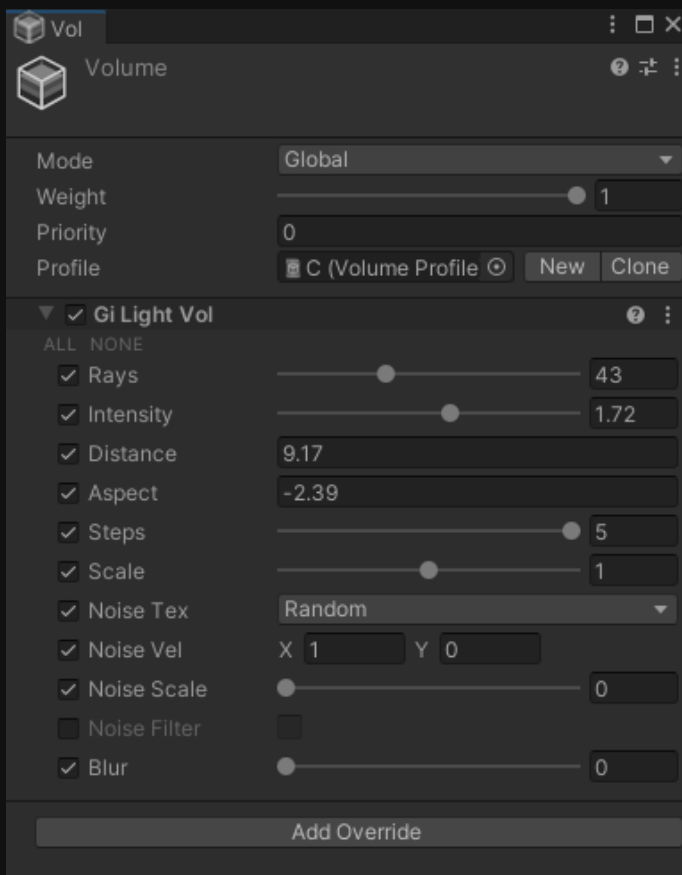
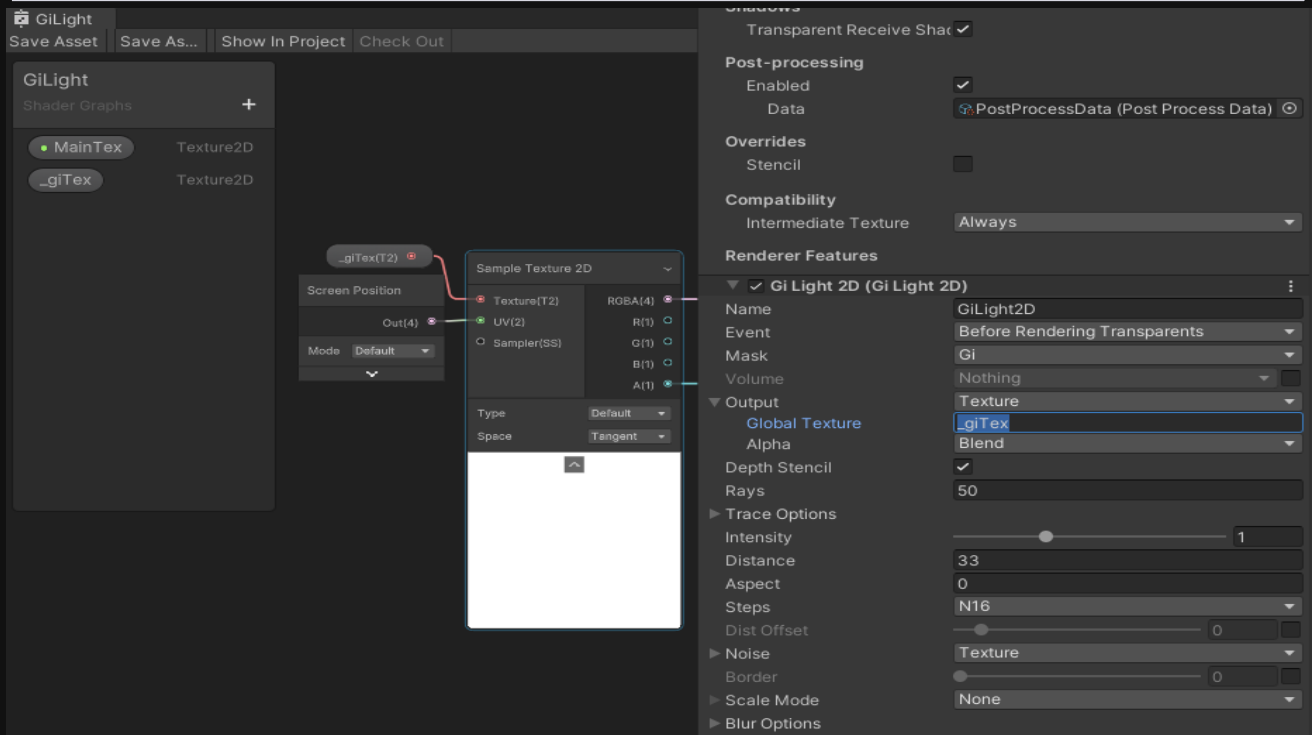
Quick Guide

Add GiLight2D RenderFeature to
UrpRendererAsset



Configure render Mask for
objects you want to use for
Gi Calculation

Define the output and other settings



The settings can be controlled via PostProcess Volume

How it Works?

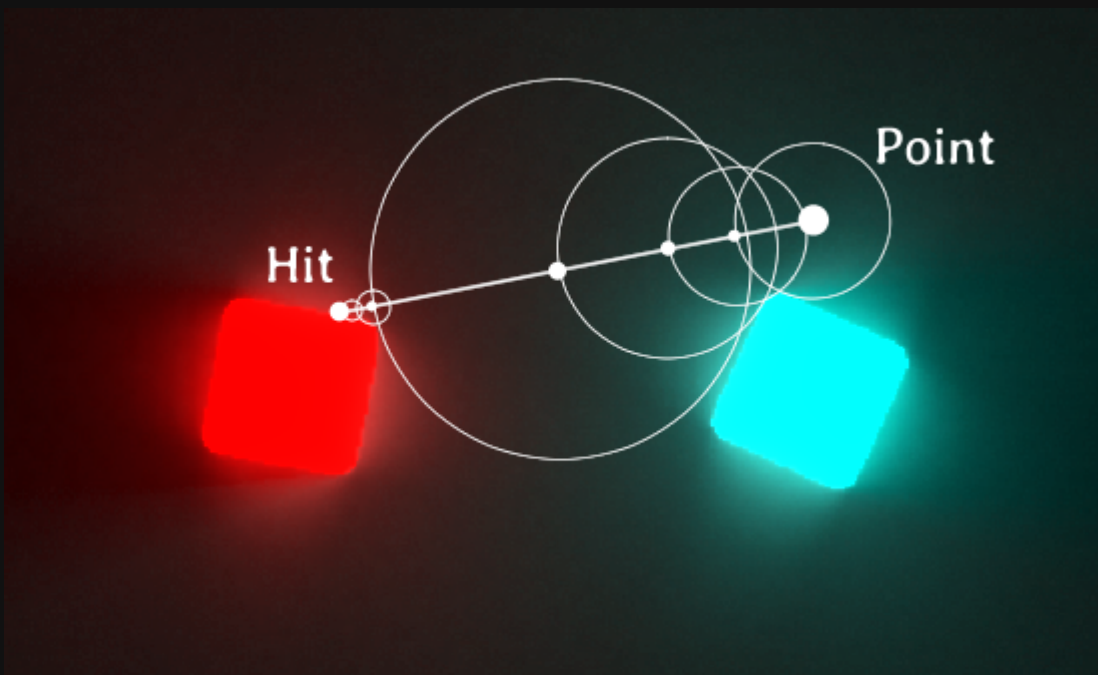
(information to understand the impact of settings)

Render basically works as post processing for filtered by layer mask objects and generates lighting texture as output.

To do this three textures are used for rendering:

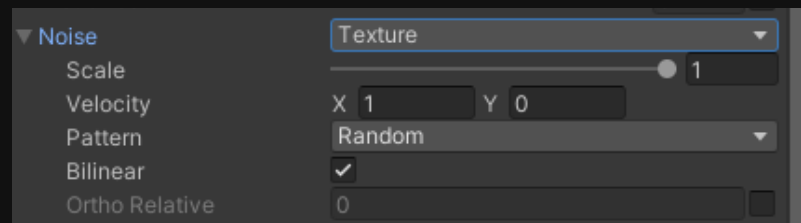
- **Object** - light sources, alpha affects to color impact
- **Noise** - a texture that shifts the initial angle of emitted rays to smooth out linearity, can create distortions
- **Distance** - a texture for optimizing ray searching, work with offset to adjust ray marching and deform lighting

Rays are emitted from each pixel in all directions, and when they hit an object, their color, dependent on distance and brightness, is added to the final pixel color.

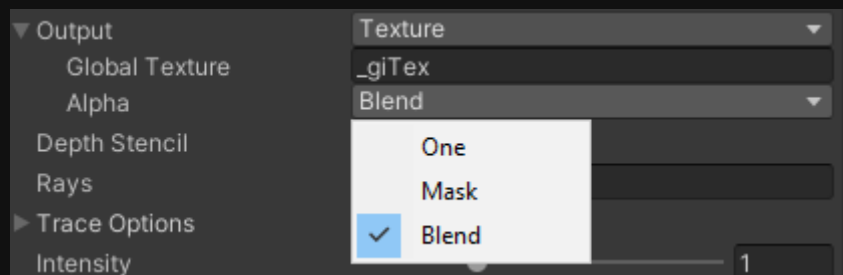


By controlling the maximum number of ray steps noise texture resolution and type, interesting effects can be achieved.

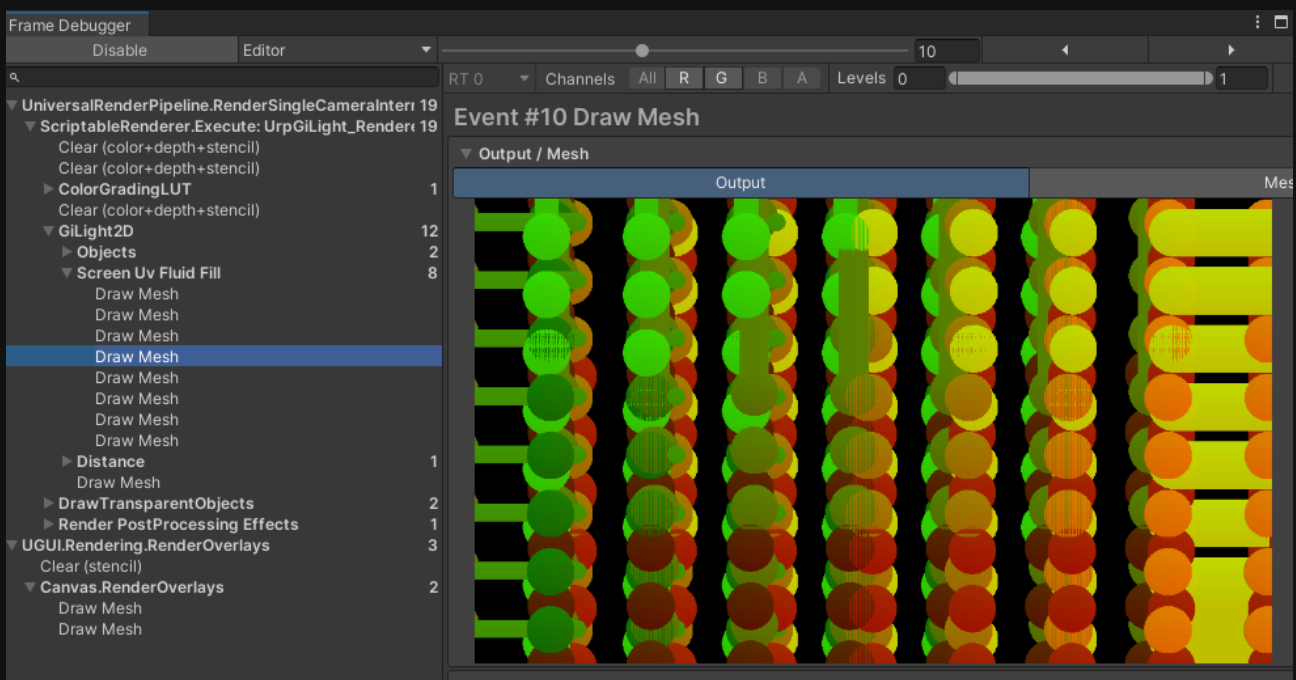
Nose texture can be configured in nose setting. With the low number of rays it can create interesting effects distortion effects and abstractions.



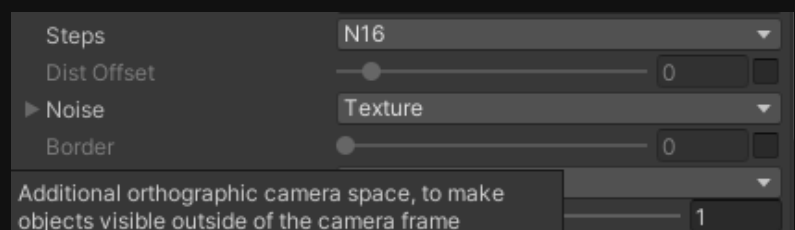
The result can be drawn directly in camera or a texture, with different information in alpha channel



In the Unity [Frame Debugger](#), you can take a closer look at the rendering process.

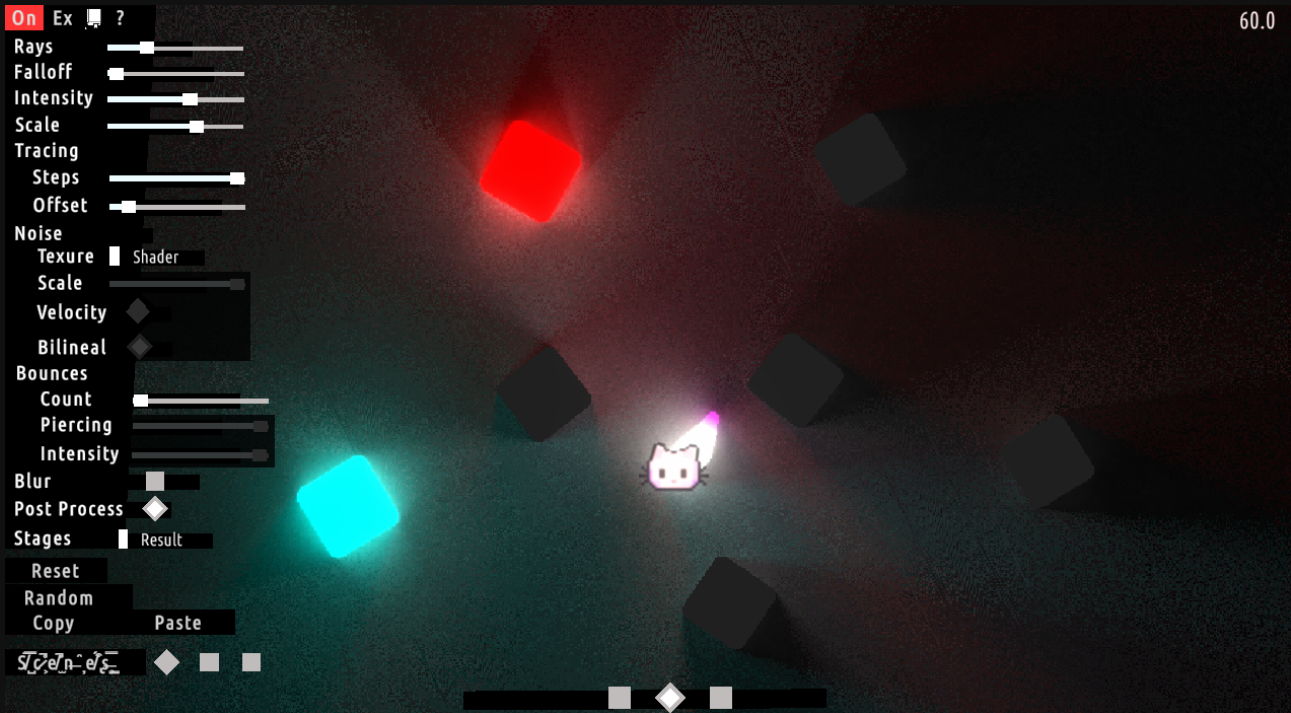


* GiLight2D contains quite a few options, the description of what each of them does can be seen in the tooltips.



Examples

Adjust and play with parameters you can in [WebGl Demo](#).



Configured example contains in Project Samples. It uses Urp Asset with configured GiRenderFeature and outputs the result via shader as texture.

