

Assignment 2

Showing 10 of 10 Questions

Question 1

0/1 Points

What is the output of print(k) in the following?

```
k = [print(i) for i in my_string if i not in "aeiou"]
```

```
print(k)
```

- ☐ A. all characters of my_string that aren't vowels
- ☐ B. a list of Nones
- ☐ C. list of Trues
- ☐ D. list of Falses

Question 2

1/1 Points

What is the output of the following code?

```
def a():  
    try:  
        f(x, 4)  
    finally:  
        print('after f')  
    print('after f?')
```

a()

- ☐ A. after f?
- ☐ B. Error
- ☐ C. after f

Question 3

1/1 Points

Which of these is a private data field?

def Demo:

```
def __init__(self):  
    __a = 1  
    self.__b = 1  
    self.__c__ = 1  
    __d__ = 1
```

- ☐ A. __a
- ☐ B. __b
- ☐ C. __c__
- ☐ D. __d__

Question 4

1/1 Points

A class in which one or more methods are only implemented to raise an exception is called an abstract class. True or False?

- ☐ A. True

☐ B. False

Question 5

1/1 Points

What is the output of the following piece of code when executed in the Python shell?

```
>>> class A:
    pass

>>> class B(A):
    pass

>>> obj=B()

>>> isinstance(obj,A)
```

- ☐ A. Wrong syntax for isinstance() method
- ☐ B. True
- ☐ C. False
- ☐ D. Invalid method for classes

Question 6

1/1 Points

The assignment of more than one function to a particular operator is _____

- ☐ A. Operator over-assignment
- ☐ B. Operator overriding
- ☐ C. Operator overloading
- ☐ D. Operator instance

Question 7

1/1 Points

Which piece of code creates an empty class?

- ☐ A. class A: return
- ☐ B. class A: pass
- ☐ C. class A:
- ☐ D. It is not possible to create an empty class.

Question 8

1/1 Points

What is output of print(math.pow(3, 2))?

- ☐ A. 6
- ☐ B. 9
- ☐ C. error, third argument required
- ☐ D. error, too many arguments

Question 9

0/1 Points

What is the output of the code shown below?

```
e="butter"

def f(a):
    print(a)+e

f("bitter")
```

- ☐ A. error
- ☐ B. butter error
- ☐ C. bitter error

☐ D. bitterbutter

Question 10

1/1 Points

What is the output of the following code?

```
>>> a=(1,2,(4,5))
```

```
>>> b=(1,2,(3,4))
```

```
>>> a<b
```

- ☐ A. Error, < operator is not valid for tuples
- ☐ B. True
- ☐ C. False
- ☐ D. Error, < operator is valid for tuples but not if there are sub-tuples