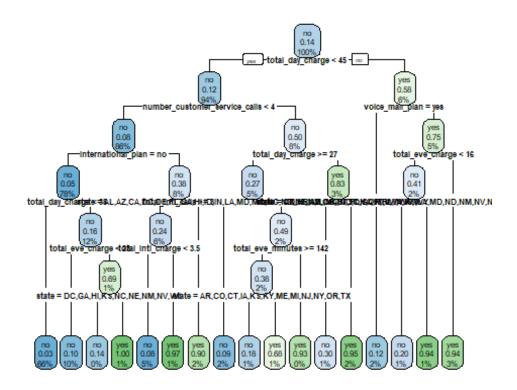
Business Analytics Final Project: Group-3- Prediction

Rohith Chandra Koyyala, Manaswini Purumandla, Tejasvini Mavuleti , Riba Khan 2022-05-11

Building the Final Model to predict the churn using Test data and Decision Tree Algorithm

```
set.seed(123)
#After testing for accuracy using validation and training data ,we can use th
e total dataset for building the actual model to predict the churn
Model_ABC_Wireless<- rpart(churn ~ .,data=churndata_Imputed,method = 'class')</pre>
# Show the variable importance
Model ABC Wireless$variable.importance
##
                total_day_charge
                                                            state
                       139.920014
                                                       84.068374
## number_customer_service_calls
                                                total_eve_charge
##
                        82.550272
                                                        53.891680
##
              international_plan
                                               total_intl_charge
##
                        53.720359
                                                       51.467303
##
              total intl minutes
                                                total_intl_calls
##
                        49.739629
                                                       42.239384
##
               total day minutes
                                           number vmail messages
                                                       40.725792
##
                        41.654025
                                               total_eve_minutes
##
                 voice_mail_plan
##
                        38.993936
                                                       32.954992
##
               total night calls
                                              total_night_charge
##
                         5.823237
                                                        5.186486
##
             total night minutes
                                                  account length
##
                         4.244571
                                                        3.018568
##
                                                 total_day_calls
                        area_code
##
                         2.889524
                                                        2.591913
# Show the split for variable
head(Model_ABC_Wireless$splits)
##
                                  count ncat
                                              improve
                                                         index adj
## total_day_charge
                                                        44.975
                                   3333
                                           -1 86.35605
## number_customer_service_calls
                                   3333
                                           -1 77.21135
                                                         3.500
                                                                  0
                                                                  0
## international plan
                                   3333
                                            2 55.77483
                                                         1.000
## total day minutes
                                   3333
                                           -1 24.95119 223.250
                                                                  0
```



```
#Predict the probability
Prob_decision_tree <- predict(Model_ABC_Wireless, newdata = churndata_Imputed
, type = "prob")

#AUC Value
roc(churndata_Imputed$churn,Prob_decision_tree[,2])
## Setting levels: control = no, case = yes

## Setting direction: controls < cases

##
## Call:
## roc.default(response = churndata_Imputed$churn, predictor = Prob_decision_tree[, 2])
##
## Data: Prob_decision_tree[, 2] in 2850 controls (churndata_Imputed$churn no</pre>
```

```
) < 483 cases (churndata_Imputed$churn yes).
## Area under the curve: 0.8931
```

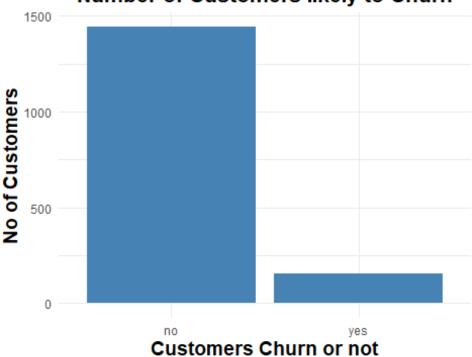
Prediction of the Test data

```
set.seed(123)
load("C:/Users/kramr/Downloads/Customers_To_Predict.RData")
count(Customers_To_Predict)
## # A tibble: 1 × 1
##
         n
     <int>
##
## 1 1600
#summary(Customers To Predict)
# Check for NA Values
#colMeans(is.na(Customers_To_Predict))
Churn_Prob <- predict(Model_ABC_Wireless, Customers_To_Predict, type = "prob")</pre>
head(Churn_Prob)
##
             no
                        yes
## 1 0.96969697 0.03030303
## 2 0.96969697 0.03030303
## 3 0.96969697 0.03030303
## 4 0.92485549 0.07514451
## 5 0.96969697 0.03030303
## 6 0.04819277 0.95180723
predict_churn <- predict(Model_ABC_Wireless,Customers_To_Predict,type = "clas")</pre>
s")
head(predict_churn)
##
         2
             3
                 4
                     5
                          6
## no
           yes
## Levels: no yes
predict_churn<- as.data.frame(predict_churn)</pre>
summary(predict_churn)
    predict churn
##
## no:1445
## yes: 155
```

Plot for summary of the Test data

```
ggplot(predict_churn) +
  aes(x = predict_churn) +
  geom_bar(fill = "steelblue") +
  labs(x = "Customers Churn or not",
  y = "No of Customers", title = "Number of Customers likely to Churn") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 16L,
  face = "bold", hjust = 0.5), axis.title.y = element_text(size = 14L,
  face = "bold"))
```

Number of Customers likely to Churn



predict_churn

no:1444 yes: 156