Maxwell-Boltzmann Distribution

p(v) → p(|v|)

$$p(\vec{r}) d^{3}\vec{r} = \frac{V}{2i} \exp\left(\frac{-\beta \vec{p}^{2}}{2m}\right) d^{3}\vec{p}$$

$$\vec{z}_{i} = V \int d^{3}\vec{p} \exp\left(\frac{-\beta \vec{p}^{2}}{2m}\right) = V \left(\frac{2\pi m}{\beta}\right)^{3/2}$$

$$p(\vec{r}) = \left(\frac{2\pi K_{B}T}{2m}\right)^{-3/2} \exp\left(\frac{-\beta \vec{r}^{2}}{2K_{B}T}\right)$$

then,

$$\langle V_{x} \rangle = \langle V_{y} \rangle = \langle V_{z} \rangle = 0.$$

$$p(\vec{r}) d^{3} \vec{r} = p(\vec{r}) 4\pi r^{2} dr = p_{0}(r) dr$$

$$p_{0} = 4\pi \left(\frac{2\pi K_{B}T}{m} \right)^{-3/2} r^{2} \exp \left(\frac{-mr^{2}}{2K_{B}T} \right)$$

