Instituto Politécnico de Tomar Escola Superior de Tecnologia de Tomar

ENGENHARIA INFORMÁTICA PROJECTO DE REDES 2012/2013

Lab 2: Configuração de ACLs

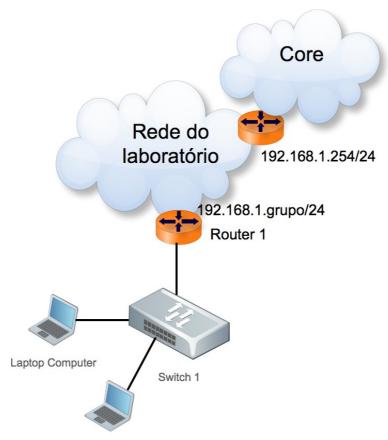
Objectivos:

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	Montagem da componente física de uma rede.
	Configuração de equipamento activo.
	Definição e configuração de ACLs.
	Debugging e trobleshooting.

GRUPO 6

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Topologia da rede:



Laptop Computer

Tabela das VLANs:

VLAN ID	Nome	Portas	Modo	Default Gateway dos membros dessa VLAN	
99	Gestão	Fa 0/24	tagged	10.99.grupo.254	
		Mgmt	NA	2 2 2 3 2 7	
10	Funcionários	Fa 0/24	tagged	10.10.grupo.254	
		Fa 0/0-12	untagged		
20	Alunos	Fa 0/24	tagged	10.20.grupo.254	
		Fa 0/13-16	untagged		
30	guest	Fa 0/17-20	untagged	NA	

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Passo 2: Apague as configurações dos routeres.

ROUTER:

```
Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Router(config)#erase startup-config
Router(config)#reload
```

SWITCH:

```
Switch>enable
Switch#erase startup-config
Switch#reload
```

Tarefa 2: Configurações Básicas

Configure o Router de acordo com as orientações seguintes:

- 1. Atribua um nome a cada router de acordo com a topologia descrita (hostname)
- 2. Desabilite o DNS lookup.
- 3. Configure uma password para aceder ao modo Exec Privileged Mode.

(Password=class)

- 4. Configure a message-of-the-day banner.
- 5. Configure uma password para ligações do tipo console.

(Password=class)

6. Configure uma password para ligações do tipo VTY.

(Password=class)

ROUTER:

```
Router*enable
Router#configure terminal
Router#hostname Router1
Router1(config)#no ip domain lookup
Router1(config)#enable secret cisco
Router1(config)#line console 0
Router1(config-line)#password class
Router1(config-line)#login
Router1(config-line)#exit
Router1(config)#line vty 0 4
Router1(config-line)#password class
Router1(config-line)#password class
Router1(config-line)#password class
Router1(config-line)#login
Router1(config-line)#login
Router1(config-line)#exit
Router1(config-line)#exit
Router1(config)#banner motd "Bem Vindo ao Router1"
Router1(config)#exit
```

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```
Router1#copy running startup-config
```

SWITCH:

```
Switch>enable
Switch#configure terminal
Switch(config)#hostname Switch1
Switch1(config)#enable secret class
Switch1(config)#line console 0
Switch1(config-line)#password class
Switch1(config-line)#login
Switch1(config-line)#exit
Switch1(config-line)#password class
Switch1(config-line)#password class
Switch1(config-line)#password class
Switch1(config-line)#login
Switch1(config-line)#exit
Switch1(config-line)#exit
Switch1(config-line)#exit
```

Tarefa 3: Configure as interfaces dos Routers.

Passo 1: Configure as interfaces do router com base na informação da tabela

ROUTER:

```
Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/1
Router1(config-if)#ip address 192.168.6.1 255.255.255.0
Router1(config)#no shutdown
Router1(config)#exit
Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0.10
Router1(config-subif)#encapsulation dot6Q 10
Router1(config-subif)#ip address 10.10.6.254
255.255.255.0
Router1(config-if)#no shutdown
Router1(config-if)#exit
Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0.20
Router1(config-subif)#encapsulation dot6Q 20
Router1(config-subif)#ip address 10.20.6.254
255.255.255.0
Router1(config-if)#no shutdown
Router1(config-if)#exit
Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0.30
Router1(config-subif)#encapsulation dot6Q 30
Router1(config-subif)#ip address 10.30.6.254
255.255.255.0
```

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```
Router1(config-if)#no shutdown
Router1(config-if)#exit
Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0.99
Router1(config-subif)#encapsulation dot6Q 99
Router1(config-subif)#ip address 10.99.6.254
255.255.255.0
Router1(config-if)#no shutdown
Router1(config-if)#exit
```

Passo 2: Verifique os endereços atribuídos às interfaces.

Use o comando **show ip interface brief** para verificar as configurações que efectuou no passo anterior.

Guarde as configurações activas na NVRAM.

Guarde as configurações activas na NVRAIVI.						
Router#show ip interface brief						
Router1#show ip interface Interface	brief IP-Address	OK?	Method	Status	Prot	;
ocol GigabitEthernet0/0	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively do	n down	1
GigabitEthernet0/1	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively do	n down	1
FastEthernet0/0/0	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively do	n down	1
FastEthernet0/0/0.10	10.10.6.254	YES	manual	administratively do	n down	1
FastEthernet0/0/0.20	10.20.6.254	YES	manual	administratively do	n down	1
FastEthernet0/0/0.30	10.30.6.254	YES	manual	administratively do	n down	1
FastEthernet0/0/0.99	10.99.6.254	YES	manual	administratively do	n down	1
FastEthernet0/0/1	192.168.6.1	YES	manual	down	down	1
Router1#copy running startup-config						

Passo 3: Configure o servidor DHCP para as redes Funcionário, Aluno e Guest.

ROUTER:

```
Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Router1(config)#ip dhcp pool vlan99
Router1(dhcp-config) #network 10.10.6.0 255.255.255.0
Router1(dhcp-config)#default-router 10.10.6.254
Router1(dhcp-config)#lease 0 8
Router1(dhcp-config)#exit
Router1(config)#ip dhcp pool vlan20
Router1(dhcp-config)#network 10.20.6.0 255.255.255.0
Router1(dhcp-config)#default-router 10.20.6.254
Router1(dhcp-config)#lease 0 8
Router1(dhcp-config)#exit
Router1(config)#ip dhcp pool vlan30
Router1(dhcp-config)#network 10.30.6.0 255.255.255.0
Router1(dhcp-config)#lease 0 8
Router1(dhcp-config)#exit
```

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SWITCH:

```
Switch>configure terminal
Switch1(config)#interface range FastEthernet0/0-12
Switch1(config-if)#switchport mode access
Switch1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 10
Switch1(config)#interface range FastEthernet0/13-16
Switch1(config-if)#switchport mode access
Switch1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 20
Switch1(config)#interface range FastEthernet0/17-20
Switch1(config-if)#switchport mode access
Switch1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 30
Switch1(config)#inferface FastEthernet 0/24
Switch1(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
Switch1(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan
10,20,99
Switch1(config-if)#end
Switch1(config)#interface vlan 99
Switch1(config-if)#ip address 10.99.6.253 255.255.25.0
Switch1(config-if)#no shutdown
```

Passo 4: Verifique a conectividade entre os dispositivos de cada uma das VLANs e o respectivo default gateway.

```
Para as diferentes VLANs verificamos que existia conectividade para:

VLAN 10: 10.10.6.254

VLAN 20: 10.20.6.254
```

Tarefa 4: Configure o OSPF no router

Passo 1: Use o comando router ospf para configurar o OSPF em R1.

Nota: A interface exterior pertence à área 0, as interfaces de dentro pertencem à área do Grupo (nº do grupo).

```
Router1#configure terminal
Router1(config)#router ospf 1
Router1(config-router)#network 10.10.6.0 0.0.0.255
areal
Router1(config-router)#network 10.20.6.0 0.0.0.255
areal
Router1(config-router)#network 10.30.6.0 0.0.0.255
areal
Router1(config-router)#network 10.99.6.0 0.0.0.255
areal
Router1(config-router)#network 10.99.6.0 0.0.0.255
areal
Router1(config-router)#network 192.168.6.0 0.0.0.255
area0
```

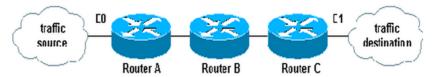
Tarefa 5: Configure ACLs de acordo com os requisitos seguintes.

```
No sistema Cisco IOS existem três tipos de ACLs:
ACLs Standard - é a lista mais básica consequentemente
com menos funcionalidades. Filtrando apenas através do
```

endereço IP de origem, pois devem ser colocados o mais próximo possível do destino do tráfego.

ACLs Extended - permite filtrar o tráfego através do endereço IP de origem e destino, bem como através de portas e protocolos. Este tipo de ACLs deve ser aplicado o mais próximo possível da origem.

ACLs Named - possui as mesmas características que a ACL extended mas para além disso permite atribuir um nome mais intuitivo para a ACL facilitando a vida do administrador da rede.



O tráfego é considerado *inbound* quando vem da rede e entra para o router através de uma das suas interfaces, e é considerado *outbound* quando o tráfego sai do router para a rede.

Tarefa 1: Montar a rede.

Passo 1: Ligue os cabos aos equipamentos activos de acordo com a figura anterior.

 Não existe conectividade entre os dispositivos das redes Funcionários, Alunos e Guest os dispositivos da rede de gestão.

Router1(config)#access-list	110 permit ip
10.10.6.0 0.0.0.255 10.10.6.0	0.0.0.255
Router1(config)#access-list	110 permit ip
10.10.6.0 0.0.0.255 10.20.6.0	0.0.0.255
Router1(config)#access-list	110 permit ip
10.10.6.0 0.0.0.255 10.30.6.0	0.0.0.255
Router1(config)#access-list	110 permit ip
10.20.6.0 0.0.0.255 10.10.6.0	0.0.0.255
Router1(config)#access-list	110 permit ip
10.30.6.0 0.0.0.255 10.10.6.0	0.0.0.255

Prosseguiu-se as mesmas configurações para as **VLAN 20** e para a **VLAN 30**, de modo a permitir todo o tráfego entre as VLANS. Para permitir todas as ligações TCP com a origem apartir de uma rede qualquer, para as redes:

10.10.6.0 10.20.6.0 10.30.6.0

Utilizando a regra **established** para o tráfego relacionado com a ligação já estabelecido, isto

para que não se crie uma nova ACL para que o tráfego volte a passar pelo router correctamente. Router1(config)#access-list 110 permit tcp any 10.10.6.0 0.0.0.255 Router1(config)#access-list 120 permit tcp any 10.20.6.0 0.0.0.255 Router1(config)#access-list 130 permit tcp any 10.30.6.0 0.0.0.255 **Ping 10.99.6.1

 Os dispositivos da rede de gestão têm conectividade com os dispositivos de todas as redes.

Router1(config)#access-list 110 permit icmp 10.10.6.0 0.0.0.255 any echo-reply Router1(config)#access-list permit icmp 10.20.6.0 0.0.0.255 any echo-reply Router1(config)#access-list 130 permit icmp 10.30.6.0 0.0.0.255 any echo-reply Router1(config) #access-list 100 permit udp any eq bootpc Router1(config)#access-list 100 permit udp any eq bootps

• Apenas os dispositivos da rede de gestão podem gerir o router e o switch (snmp, ssh e webview).

De acordo com o pedido, apenas foi necessário permitir ligações tcp e udp de dispositivos da rede 10.99.6.0 com destino ao router e ao switch.

Router1(config) #access-list 101 permit udp 10.99.6.0 0.0.0.255 host 10.99.6.254 eq 161 Router1(config) #access-list 101 permit tcp 10.99.6.0 0.0.0.255 host 10.99.1.254 eq 22 Router1(config) #access-list 101 permit tcp 10.99.6.0 0.0.0.255 host 10.99.6.254 eq 23

Para permitir as ligações para os protocolos foi necessário identificar as suas portas $snmp(\frac{161}{})$, $ssh(\frac{22}{})$ e telnet($\frac{23}{}$).

Prosseguimos as regras definidas abaixo apresentadas em cada uma das interfaces, de modo a que seja permitido/negado todo tráfego na entrada para o router no modo inbound.

Router1(config)#acces-list 100 deny ip any any

Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/0.10
Router1(config-subif)#ip access-group 110 in
Router1(config-subif)#ip access-group 100 in

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```
Router1(config-subif)#exit
Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/0.20
Router1(config-subif)#ip access-group 120 in
Router1(config-subif)#ip access-group 100 in
Router1(config-subif)#exit
Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/0.30
Router1(config-subif)#ip access-group 130 in
Router1(config-subif)#ip access-group 100 in
Router1(config-subif)#exit
Na VLAN99, foi permitido todo o tráfego de entrada
e associado a porta FastEthernet0/0.99.
Router1(config)#acces-list 100 deny ip any any
Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/0.99
Router1(config-subif)#ip access-group 199 in
Router1(config-subif)#ip access-group 101 in
Router1(config-subif)#exit
```

• Só é permitido tráfego multicast vindo do exterior se pertencer aos grupos 224.239.0.1-10

```
Router1(config)#access-list 105 permit ip
224.239.0.2 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 105 permit ip
224.239.0.3 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 105 permit ip
224.239.0.4 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 105 permit ip
224.239.0.5 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 105 permit ip
224.239.0.6 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 105 permit ip
224.239.0.7 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 105 permit ip
224.232.0.8 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 105 permit ip
224.232.0.9 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 105 permit ip
224.232.0.10 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 106 permit ip
224.239.0.2 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 106 permit ip
224.239.0.3 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 106 permit ip
224.239.0.4 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 106 permit ip
224.239.0.5 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 106 permit ip
224.239.0.6 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 106 permit ip
224.239.0.7 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 106 permit ip
```

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```
224.232.0.8 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 106 permit ip
224.232.0.9 0.0.255.255 any
Router1(config)#access-list 106 permit ip
224.232.0.10 0.0.255.255 any

Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/1
Router1(config-if)#ip access-group 105 in
Router1(config-if)#ip access-group 106 out
Router1(config-if)#exit
```

• Apenas é suportado o protocolo de encaminhamento OSPF.

Router1(config)#access-list 105 permit ospf any
any

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Anexos

Router:

```
Building configuration...
Current configuration: 2066 bytes
! Last configuration change at 20:38:17 UTC Mon Apr 8 2013
version 15.0
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
hostname Router1
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
enable secret cisco
no aaa new-model
memory-size iomem 10
no ipv6 cef
ip source-route
ip cef
ip dhcp pool vlan99
 network 10.99.6.0 255.255.255.0
 default-router 10.99.6.254
 lease 08
ip dhcp pool vlan10
 network 10.10.6.0 255.255.255.0
 default-router 10.10.6.254
```

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```
lease 08
ip dhcp pool vlan20
 network 10.20.6.0 255.255.255.0
 default-router 10.20.6.254
 lease 08
ip dhcp pool vlan30
 network 10.30.6.0 255.255.255.0
 default-router 10.30.6.254
 lease 08
no ip domain lookup
multilink bundle-name authenticated
license udi pid CISCO1921/K9 sn FCZ1453C28X
interface FastEthernet0/0
no ip address
duplex auto
speed auto
interface FastEthernet0/0.10
encapsulation dot1Q 10
ip address 10.10.6.254 255.255.255.0
interface FastEthernet0/0.20
encapsulation dot1Q 20
ip address 10.20.6.254 255.255.255.0
```

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```
interface FastEthernet0/0.30
encapsulation dot1Q 30
ip address 10.30.6.254 255.255.255.0
interface FastEthernet0/0.99
encapsulation dot1Q 99
ip address 10.99.6.254 255.255.255.0
interface FastEthernet0/1
ip address 192.168.1.6 255.255.255.0
shutdown
duplex auto
speed auto
router ospf 1
log-adjacency-changes
network 10.10.6.0 0.0.0.255 area 1
network 10.20.6.0 0.0.0.255 area 1
network 10.30.6.0 0.0.0.255 area 1
network 10.99.6.0 0.0.0.255 area 1
network 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 192.168.6.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
ip forward-protocol nd
no ip http server
no ip http secure-server
control-plane
banner motd ^CRouter1^C
line con 0
line aux 0
```

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```
line vty 0 4
password cisco
login
!
scheduler allocate 20000 1000
end
```

Switch:

```
Building configuration...
Current configuration: 2421 bytes
version 12.2
no service pad
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
hostname switch1
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
enable secret cisco
no aaa new-model
system mtu routing 1500
ip subnet-zero
!
```

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```
spanning-tree mode pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
vlan internal allocation policy ascending
interface FastEthernet0/1
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/2
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/3
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/4
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/5
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/6
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/7
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/8
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/9
```

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```
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/10
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/11
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/12
switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/13
switchport access vlan 20
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/14
switchport access vlan 20
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/15
switchport access vlan 20
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/16
switchport access vlan 20
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/17
switchport access vlan 30
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/18
switchport access vlan 30
switchport mode access
```

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```
interface FastEthernet0/19
switchport access vlan 30
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/20
switchport access vlan 30
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/21
interface FastEthernet0/22
interface FastEthernet0/23
interface FastEthernet0/24
switchport access vlan 99
switchport trunk allowed vlan 10,20,99
switchport mode trunk
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
interface Vlan1
no ip address
no ip route-cache
ip http server
ip http secure-server
control-plane
line con 0
line vty 5 15
end
```

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