## Cluster distribution

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# Distribution of nuclei populations or clusters across different pathologies

```
libs <- c("Seurat", "tidyverse", "gridExtra", "sccomp", "ggplot2", "ggpubr")
suppressMessages(
  suppressWarnings(sapply(libs, require, character.only = TRUE))
)
##
      Seurat tidyverse gridExtra
                                                          ggpubr
                                     sccomp
                                              ggplot2
##
        TRUE
                  TRUE
                             TRUE
                                       TRUE
                                                 TRUE
                                                            TRUE
```

#### Upload Seurat object

The Seurat object consists of the 64,438 nuclei already clustered and annotated for clinicopathological features of the subjects. This object is divided in 15 clusters.

#### Calculate the proportions of clusters per patholoy

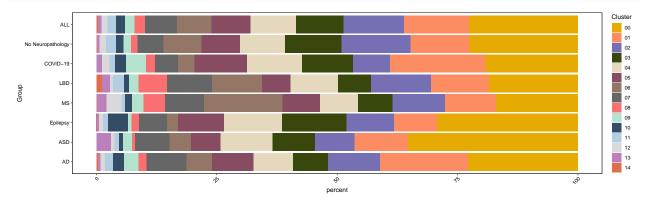
```
metadata <- Seurat@meta.data
# percentage of cluster in each pathology ("Group")
data <- metadata[,c("Subject","Group","integrated_snn_res.0.25")]</pre>
colnames(data)<- c("Subject", "Group", "Cluster")</pre>
data <- data %>% group_by(Group, Cluster) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(Nb = n()) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(C = sum(Nb))%>%
  dplyr::mutate(percent = Nb/C*100)
data$percent2 <- format(round(data$percent,2), nsmall=2)</pre>
#percentage of cluster in the whole dataset
metadata$whole <- "ALL"</pre>
data2 <- metadata[,c("whole","integrated_snn_res.0.25")]</pre>
colnames(data2)<- c("whole", "Cluster")</pre>
data2 <- data2 %>% group_by(whole, Cluster) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(Nb = n()) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(C = sum(Nb))%>%
  dplyr::mutate(percent = Nb/C*100)
```

```
data2$percent2 <- format(round(data2$percent,2), nsmall=2)
colnames(data2)[1] <- "Group"

data <- rbind(data,data2)</pre>
```

#### Stacked Bar plot per "Group"

```
color_clusters <-c("#E6AB02", "#FC8D62", "#7570B3", "#38470B", "#E5D8BD", "#874C62",</pre>
                   "#937666", "#666666" ,"#FA7070" ,"#B3E2CD", "#344D67","#B3CDE3",
                   "#D9D9D9" ,"#BC80BD", "#DE6E4B" ,"#430D27")
#replace cluster 1 by cluster 01, etc...
data <- data %>% mutate(Cluster = str_replace(Cluster, "^0$","00")) %>%
  mutate(Cluster = str_replace(Cluster, "^1$","01")) %>%
  mutate(Cluster = str_replace(Cluster, "^2$","02")) %>%
  mutate(Cluster = str_replace(Cluster, "^3$","03")) %>%
  mutate(Cluster = str_replace(Cluster, "^4$","04")) %>%
  mutate(Cluster = str_replace(Cluster, "^5$", "05")) %>%
  mutate(Cluster = str_replace(Cluster, "^6$","06")) %>%
  mutate(Cluster = str_replace(Cluster, "^7$","07")) %>%
  mutate(Cluster = str_replace(Cluster, "^8$","08")) %>%
  mutate(Cluster = str_replace(Cluster, "^9$","09"))
ggplot(data, aes(x = Group,
                 y = percent, fill = Cluster))+
  scale_x_discrete(limits=c("AD","ASD","Epilepsy","MS","LBD", "COVID-19",
                            "No Neuropathology", "ALL"))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity",)+
  scale_fill_manual(values=color_clusters)+
  theme_linedraw()+
  coord_flip()+
  theme(panel.grid=element_blank(), axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1))
```



## Calculate the proportions of clusters per subject

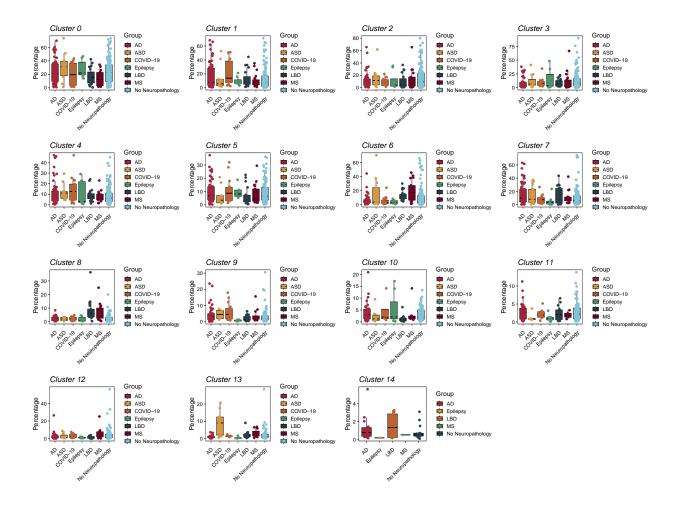
```
metadata <- Seurat@meta.data
data <- metadata[,c("Subject","Group","Study","integrated_snn_res.0.25")]</pre>
```

```
colnames(data)<- c("Subject", "Group", "Study", "Cluster")

data <- data %>% group_by(Subject, Group, Study, Cluster) %>%
   dplyr::summarise(Nb = n()) %>%
   mutate(C = sum(Nb))%>%
   mutate(percent = Nb/C*100)
```

## Stacked Bar plot per "Subject" (grouped by "Group")

```
# loop for each cluster
cluster_list <- c("0","1","2","3","4","5","6","7","8","9","10","11","12","13","14")</pre>
group_colors <- c("#A4243B","#D8973C","#BD632F","#4C956C","#273E47","#720026","#81C3D7")
p<-list()
for (i in 1:length(cluster_list)) {
data_cluster <- data[data$Cluster==cluster_list[i],]</pre>
p[[i]] <- ggplot(data_cluster, aes(y=percent, x=as.factor(Group),fill=Group , color = Group)) +</pre>
  geom_boxplot(color="black",outlier.shape =NA)+
  geom_point(aes(colour=Group), size=2,
             position = position jitterdodge(jitter.width = NULL,
                                              jitter.height = 0,dodge.width = 0.75,
                                              seed=NA)) +
  scale_fill_manual("Group", values=group_colors)+
  scale_color_manual("Group", values=group_colors)+
  theme_bw(base_size=15) +
  ylab('Percentage') +
  labs(title = paste0("Cluster ",cluster_list[i]))+
  xlab('') +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, vjust = 0.9,
                                    hjust = 1, colour = "black"),
        axis.text.y = element_text(colour = "black"),
        panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
        plot.title = element_text(hjust=0, face = "italic"))
}
do.call(grid.arrange, p)
```



### Calculate the significance of differential distribution with sccomp

The significance is calculated for each pathology ("Group") in comparison to the control population ("Healthy" or "No Neuropathology")

```
colnames(Seurat@meta.data)[16]<- "ReplicateID"</pre>
Seurat@meta.data <- Seurat@meta.data %>%
  mutated(Group = str_replace(Group, "No Neuropathology", "Healthy"))
Seurat@meta.data <- Seurat@meta.data %>%
  mutate(Group = str_replace(Group, "COVID-19", "COVID19"))
#####
#with contrasts
res = Seurat|>
  sccomp glm(
    formula_composition = ~ 0+Group,
    contrasts = c("GroupAD - GroupHealthy", "GroupASD - GroupHealthy",
                   "GroupCOVID19 - GroupHealthy", "GroupEpilepsy - GroupHealthy",
                   "GroupLBD - GroupHealthy", "GroupMS - GroupHealthy"),
    .sample = ReplicateID,
    .cell_group = integrated_snn_res.0.25 ,
    bimodal_mean_variability_association = TRUE,
```

```
cores = 5
)
```

#### Plot sccomp output

```
## Rows: 90 Columns: 18
## -- Column specification -
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (2): parameter, factor
## dbl (6): integrated_snn_res.0.25, c_lower, c_effect, c_upper, c_pH0, c_FDR
## lgl (10): c_n_eff, c_R_k_hat, v_lower, v_effect, v_upper, v_pHO, v_FDR, v_n_...
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
res$sig<- ifelse(res$c_FDR<0.05, "yes", "no")</pre>
ggplot(res, aes(x = integrated_snn_res.0.25, y = res$c_effect, color=sig)) +
 geom_point(stat = "identity", shape = 15) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("grey","#A21F16"))+
  geom_hline(yintercept = c(-0.2, 0.2), linetype = "dashed", color = "grey") +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = c_lower, ymax = c_upper), width = 0.4) +
  facet_wrap(~parameter,scales="free")+
 ylab("Credible interval of the slope")+
 xlab("Cluster")+
  coord_flip()+
  theme_pubr()+
  border()
```

