

- DEV6B - MapReduce & Graphs and Cypher

Quick & Dirty Recap

Wat gaan we bespreken

- MapReduce => Lambda's!
- Neo4J => Cirkels... en pijlen!

JSON; heel veel JSON



Wat heb je nodig?

Mentale flexibiliteit

+3 uur aan tijd... yeap...

Je kunt:

C# lezen en schrijven

Je begrijpt wat classes zijn en kunnen

Slides & code

<https://github.com/RicardoStam/Development6B>

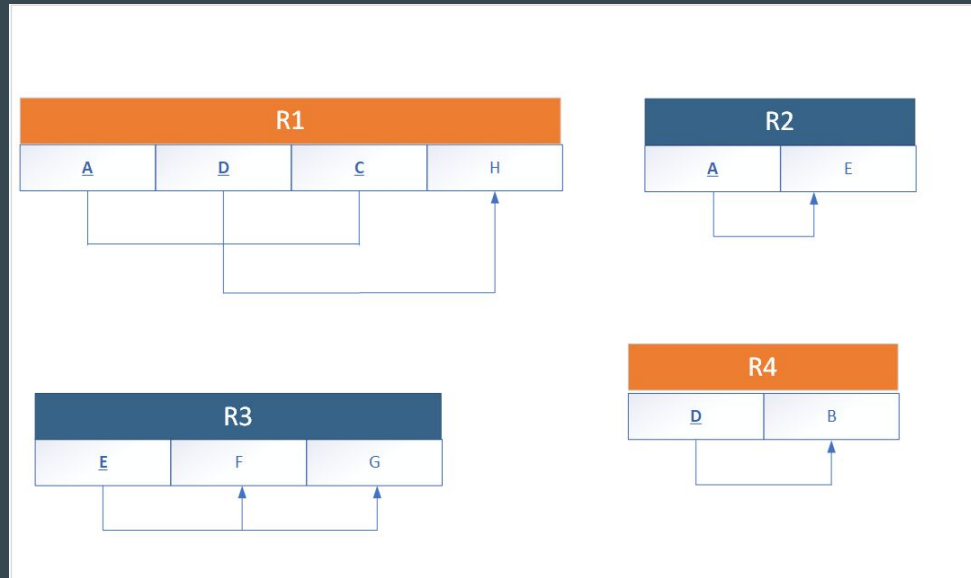


Introductie



Introductie

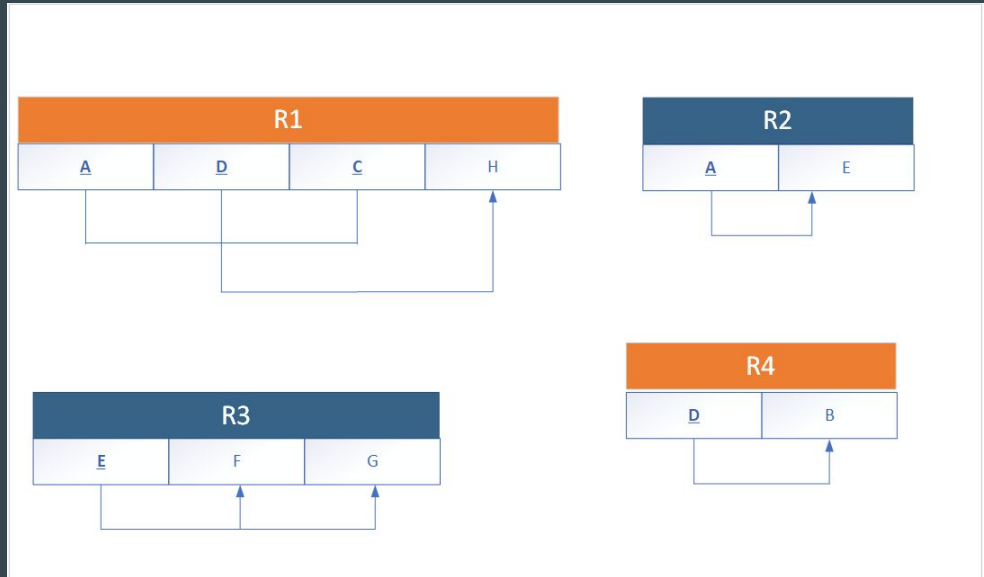
Relationele databases



Introductie

Relationele databases => SQL

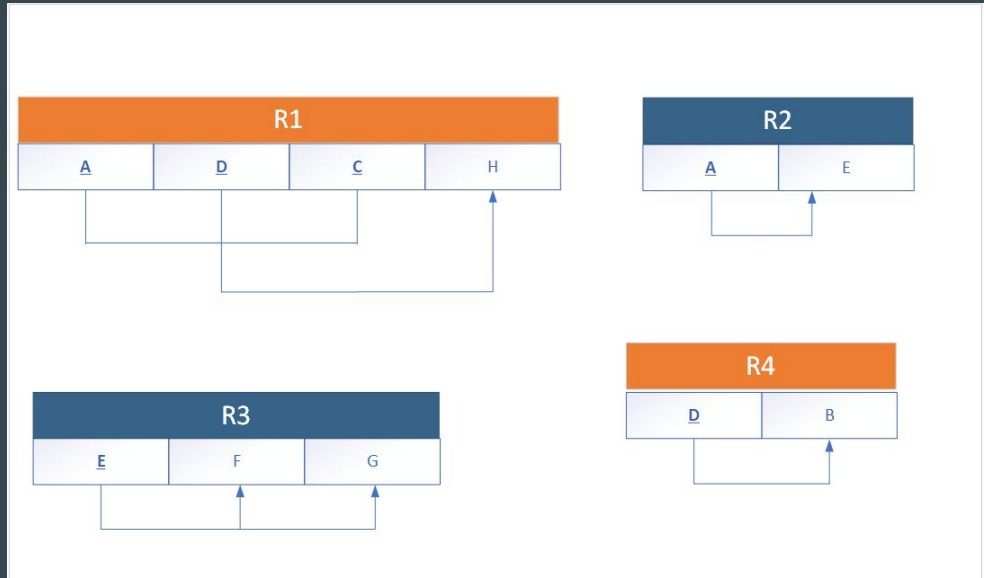
```
SELECT *  
FROM R1  
WHERE C > 5;
```



Introductie

Relationele databases => SQL

```
SELECT R1.D, R2.E  
FROM R1, R2  
WHERE R1.A == R2.A;
```



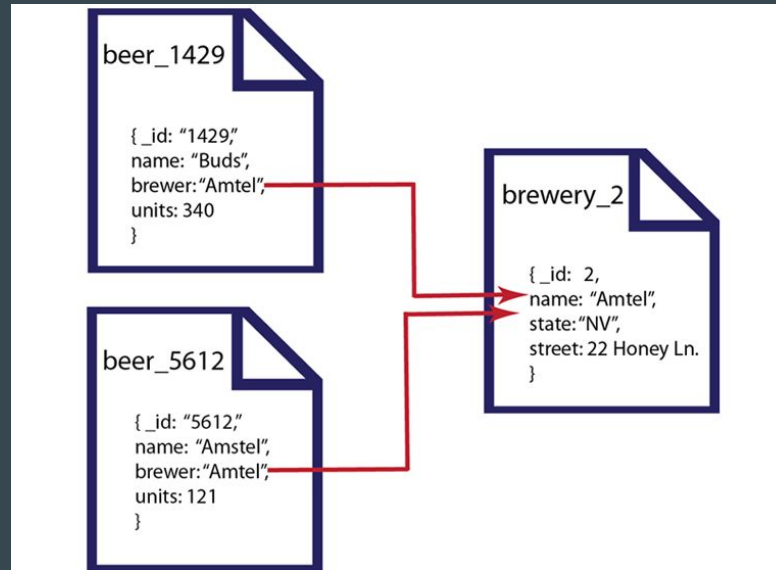


MapReduce



MapReduce

Document datastore



Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



Document datastore

JavaScript Object Notation a.k.a JSON

```
Var x =  
{  
  "Thing": "data",  
  "Number": 123  
  "NewThing": {  
    "InnerThing": "thing"  
  }  
}
```

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



Belangrijk:

```
Var x = new {<data>,<possiblyMoreData>}
```

⇒ Anonymous class

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



Higher order functions!

Map (Manipulate) (Transformation) $\lambda A \Rightarrow B$

Reduce (Operation) $\lambda (B, A) \Rightarrow B$

Join (Condition) $\lambda (A, B) \Rightarrow \text{Bool}$

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



Map & Reduce zijn een methode om queries uit te voeren op verzamelingen

Select == Map

Where == Reduce

Join == Reduce (+ Reduce)

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



Map & Reduce zijn een methode om queries uit te voeren op verzamelingen

Select == Map

Where == Reduce

Join == Reduce (+ Reduce)

Join == Where waarbij een tweede tabel wordt betrokken en samengevoegd.

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



```
IEnumerable<T2> Map<T1, T2>  
    (IEnumerable<T1> collection,  
     Func<T1, T2> transformation)
```

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

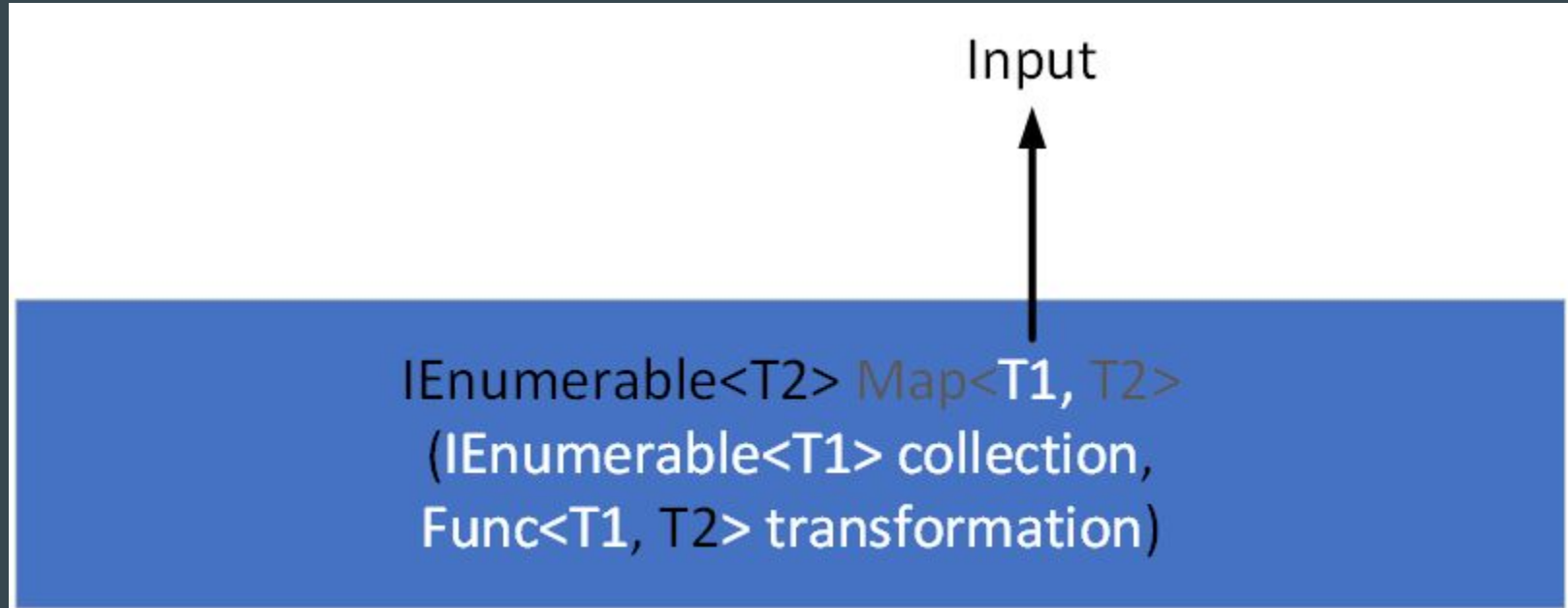
MapReduce



```
IEnumerable<T2> Map<T1, T2>  
    (IEnumerable<T1> collection,  
     Func<T1, T2> transformation)
```

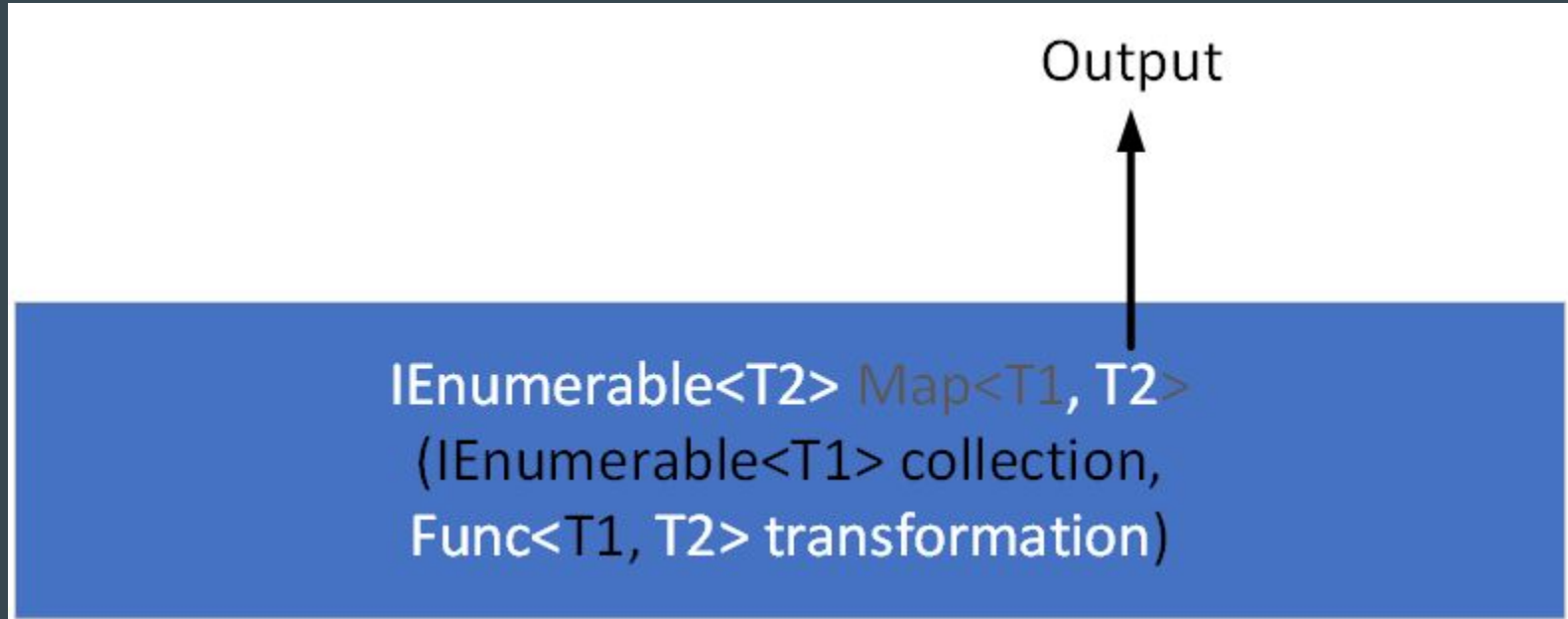
Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



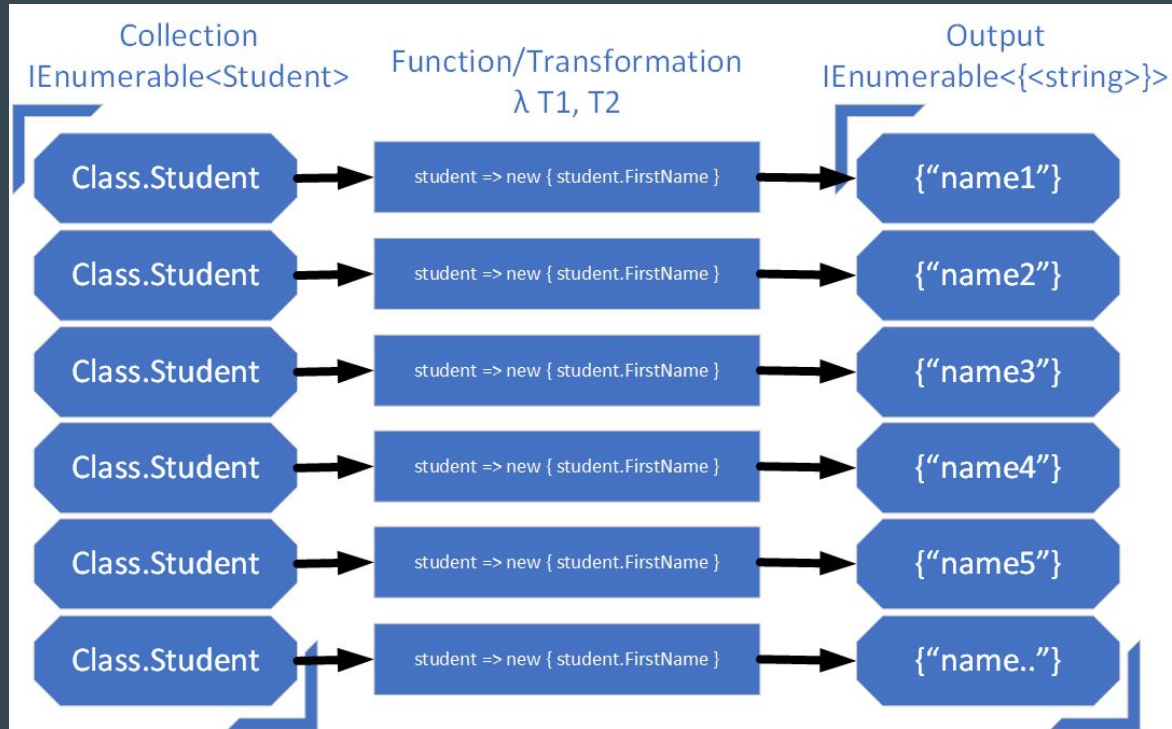
Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



```
public static IEnumerable<T2> Map<T1, T2>(this IEnumerable<T1> collection, Func<T1, T2> transformation)
{
    // Create an array (result) with the size of the input collection
    T2[] result = new T2[collection.Count()];
    for (int i = 0; i < collection.Count(); i++)
    {
        // Add the result to the same index after the transformation is done to
        // an element of the input collection.
        result[i] = transformation(collection.ElementAt(i));
    }
    return result;
}
```

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

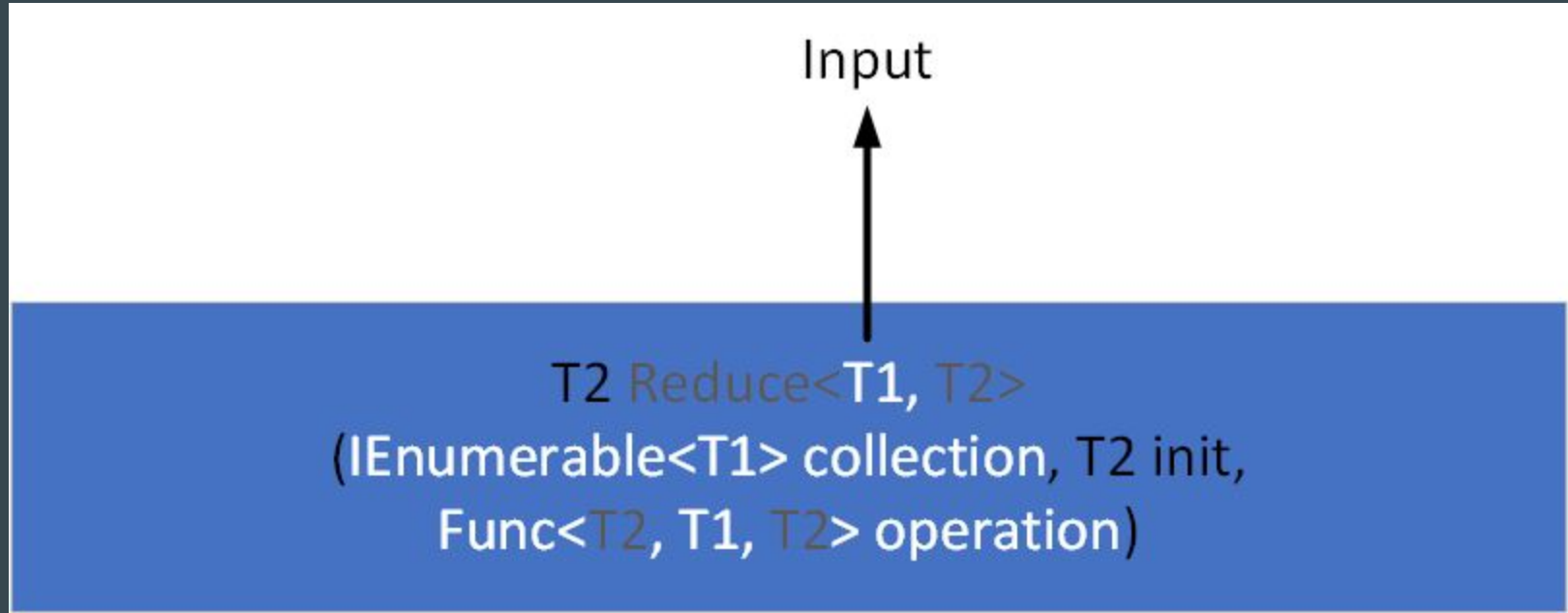
MapReduce



`T2 Reduce<T1, T2>`
(IEnumerable<T1> collection, T2 init,
Func<T2, T1, T2> operation)

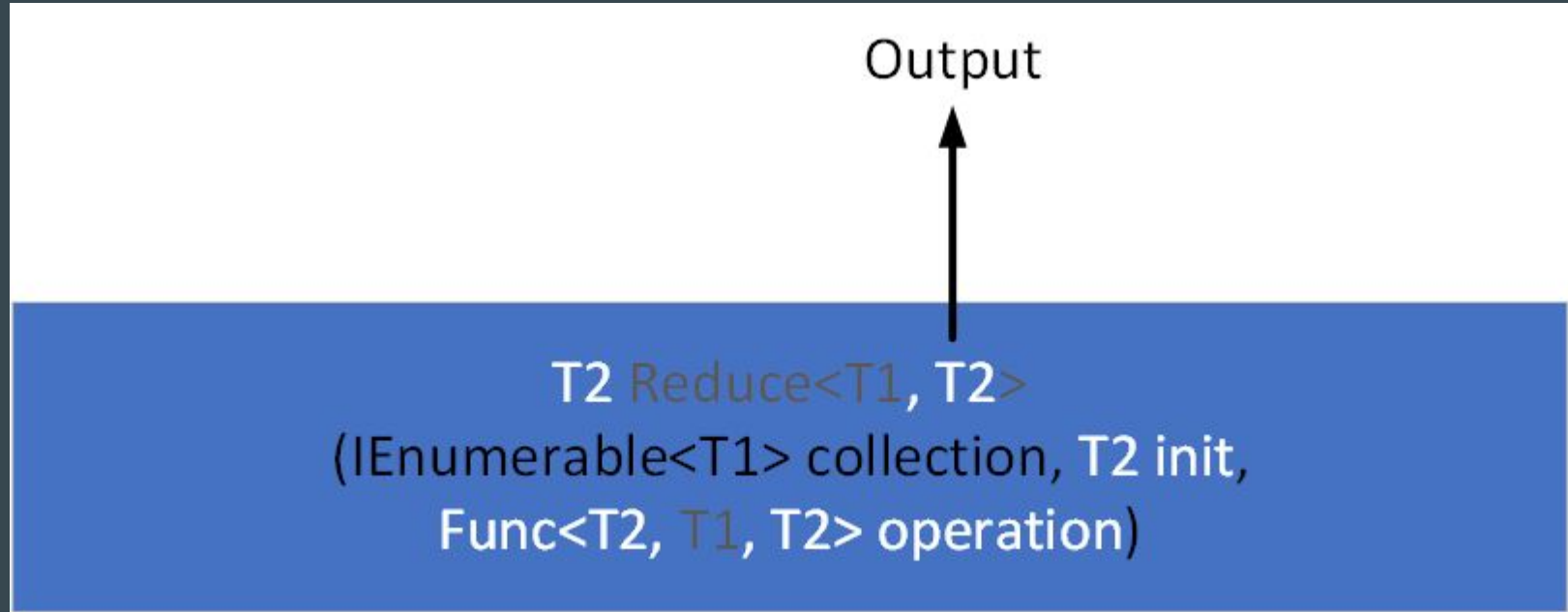
Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



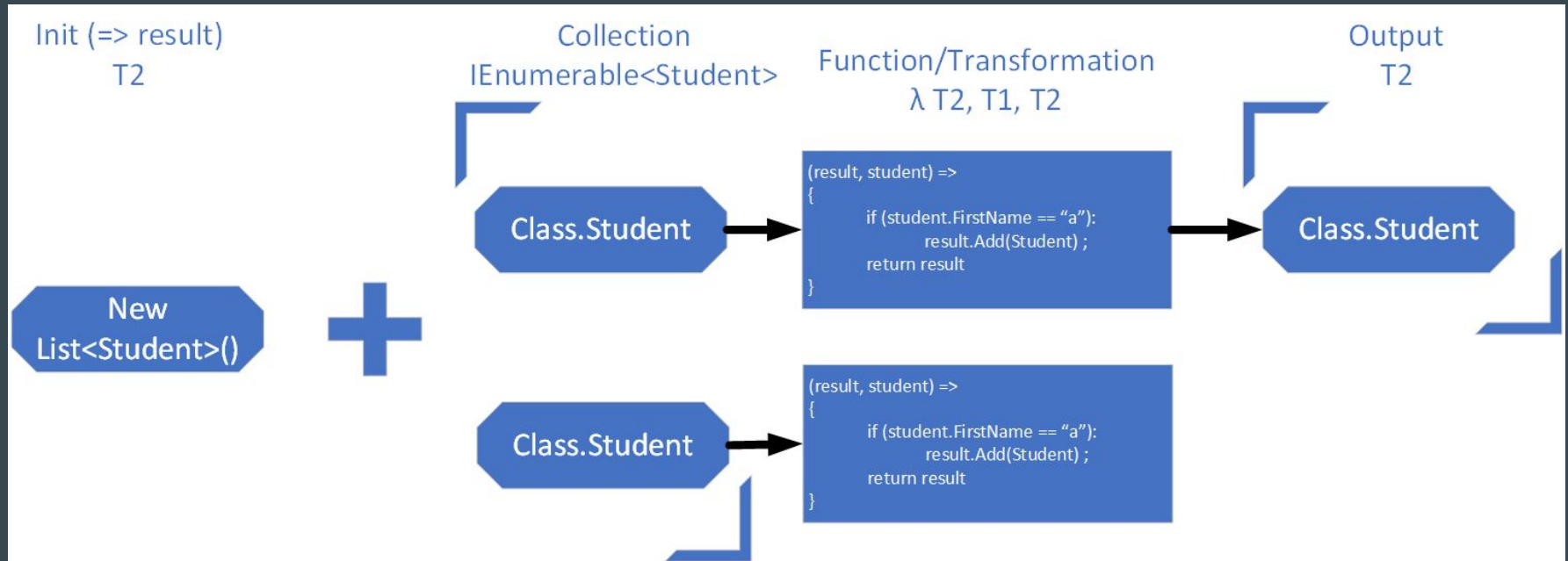
Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



```
public static T2 Reduce<T1, T2>(this IEnumerable<T1> collection, T2 init, Func<T2, T1, T2> operation)
{
    // Create a result variable; based on init.
    T2 result = init;
    for (int i = 0; i < collection.Count(); i++)
    {
        // The result equals the outcome of the operation.
        // The result is parsed in as the first parameter.
        result = operation(result, collection.ElementAt(i));
    }
    return result;
}
```

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



```
IEnumerable<Tuple<T1, T2>> Join<T1, T2>  
(IEnumerable<T1> table1, IEnumerable<T2> table2,  
    Func<T1, T2, bool> condition)
```

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



Input



```
IEnumerable<Tuple<T1, T2>> Join<T1, T2>  
(IEnumerable<T1> table1, IEnumerable<T2> table2,  
 Func<T1, T2, bool> condition)
```

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



Output

```
IEnumerable<Tuple<T1, T2>> Join<T1, T2>  
(IEnumerable<T1> table1, IEnumerable<T2> table2,  
    Func<T1, T2, bool> condition)
```

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



```
public static IEnumerable<Tuple<T1, T2>> Join<T1, T2>(this IEnumerable<T1> table1, IEnumerable<T2> table2,
                                                    Func<T1, T2, bool> condition)
{
    return Reduce
    (
        table1,
        new List<Tuple<T1, T2>>(),
        (queryResult, table1Element) => [...]);
}
```

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

```

public static IEnumerable<Tuple<T1, T2>> Join<T1, T2>(this IEnumerable<T1> table1, IEnumerable<T2> table2,
                                                    Func<T1, T2, bool> condition)
{
    return Reduce
    (
        table1,
        new List<Tuple<T1, T2>>(),
        (queryResult, table1Element) =>
        {
            List<Tuple<T1, T2>> combination =
                Reduce
                (
                    table2,
                    new List<Tuple<T1, T2>>(),
                    (combi, table2Element) => ...,
                );
            queryResult.AddRange(combination);
            return queryResult;
        });
}

```

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



Reduce == For loop

Join == Reduce and Reduce

Join == Reduce * Reduce (1 and 1, 1 and 0)

Join == For loop * For loop

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

```

public static IEnumerable<Tuple<T1, T2>> Join<T1, T2>(this IEnumerable<T1> table1, IEnumerable<T2> table2,
                                                    Func<T1, T2, bool> condition)
{
    return Reduce
    (
        table1,
        new List<Tuple<T1, T2>>(),
        (queryResult, table1Element) =>
        {
            List<Tuple<T1, T2>> combination =
                Reduce
                (
                    table2,
                    new List<Tuple<T1, T2>>(),
                    (combi, table2Element) =>
                    {
                        Tuple<T1, T2> row = new Tuple<T1, T2>(table1Element, table2Element);
                        if (condition(table1Element, table2Element))
                        {
                            combi.Add(row);
                        }

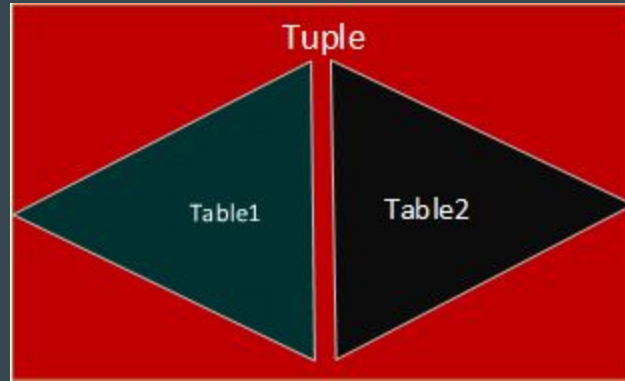
                        return combi;
                    }
                );
            queryResult.AddRange(combination);
            return queryResult;
        });
}

```


MapReduce



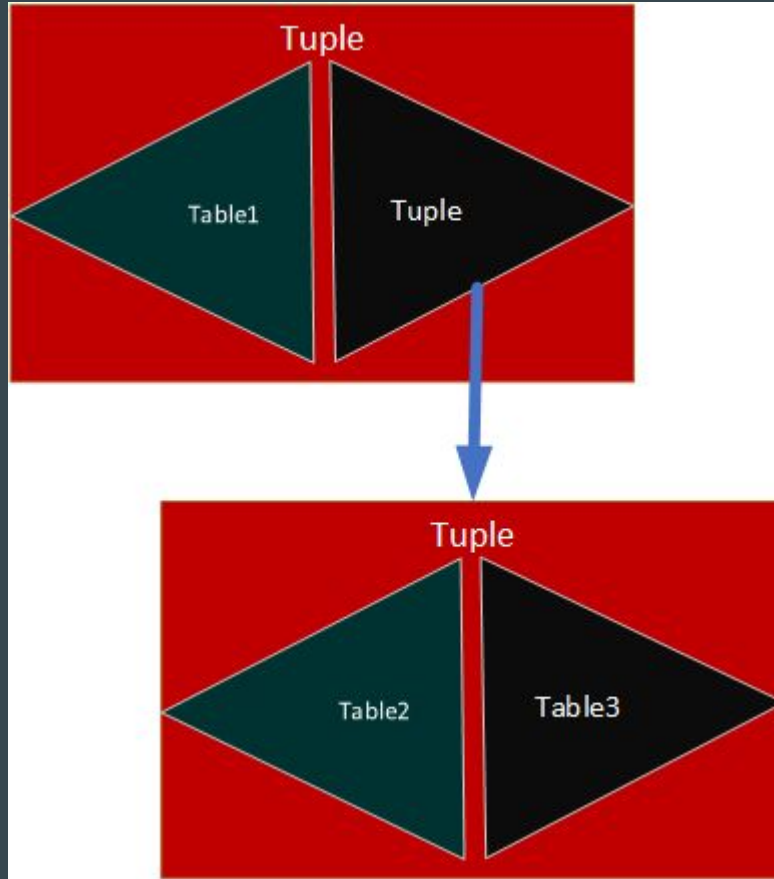
Single join (2 tabellen)



Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce

Double join (3 tabellen)



Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

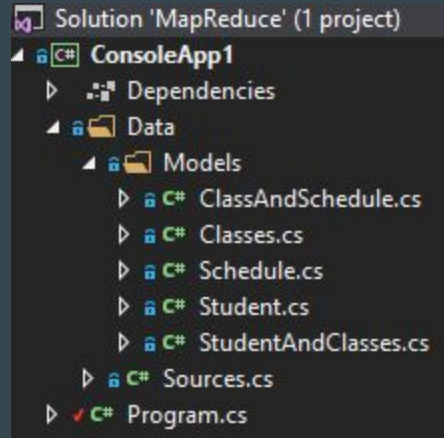
MapReduce



Visual Studio 2017

Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce



```
1 reference | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
public class Student
{
    1 reference | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
    public int ID { get; set; }
    1 reference | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
    public string Name{ get; set; }
    1 reference | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
    public string Surname{ get; set; }

    0 references | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
    public Student(int id, string name, string surname)
    {
        ID = id;
        Name = name;
        Surname= surname;
    }
}
```

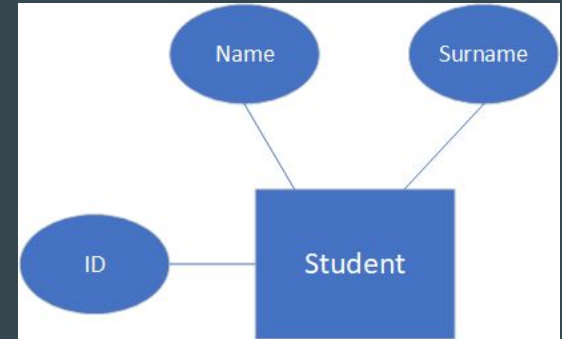
Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

MapReduce

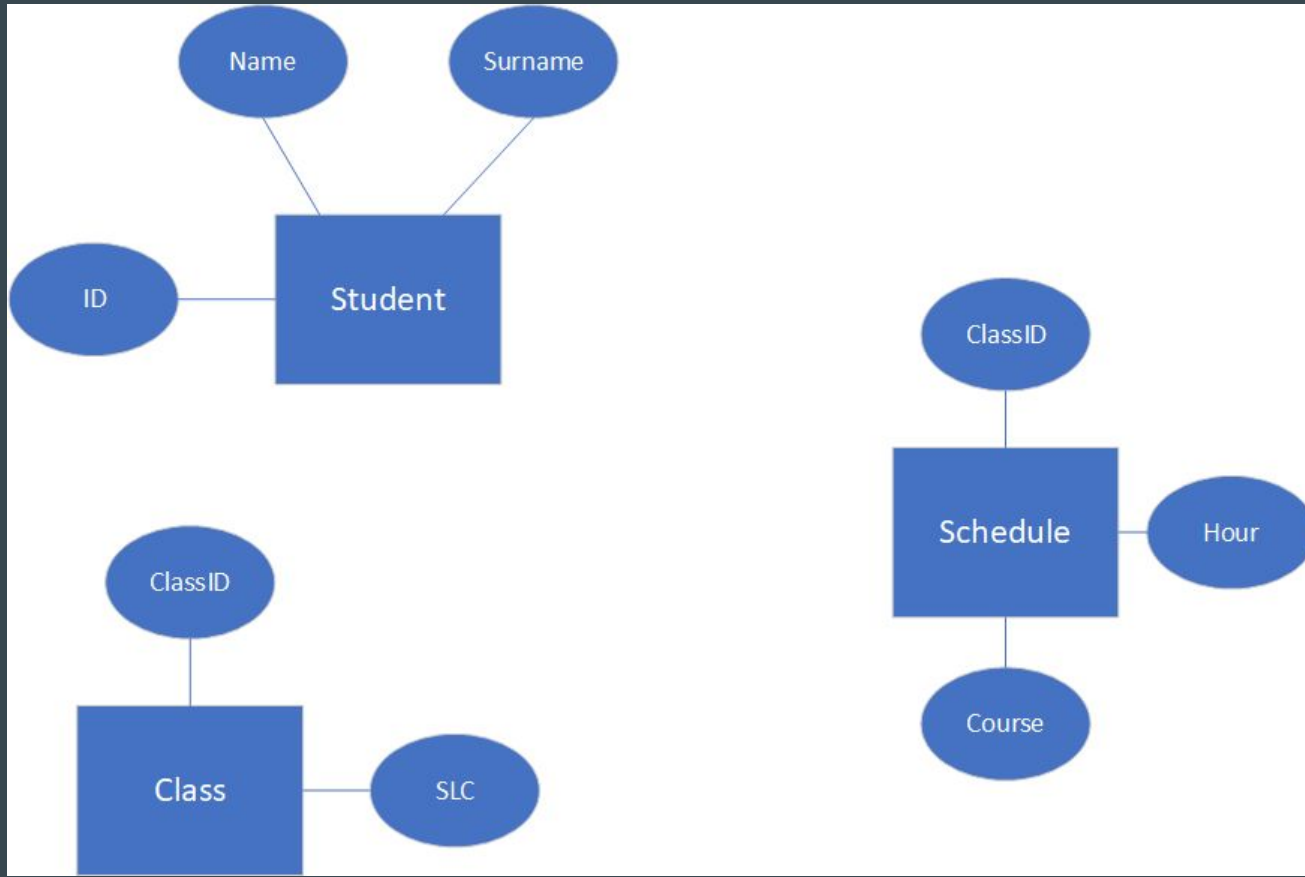


```
1 reference | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
public class Student
{
    1 reference | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
    public int ID { get; set; }
    1 reference | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
    public string Name{ get; set; }
    1 reference | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
    public string Surname{ get; set; }

    0 references | 0 changes | 0 authors, 0 changes
    public Student(int id, string name, string surname)
    {
        ID = id;
        Name = name;
        Surname= surname;
    }
}
```

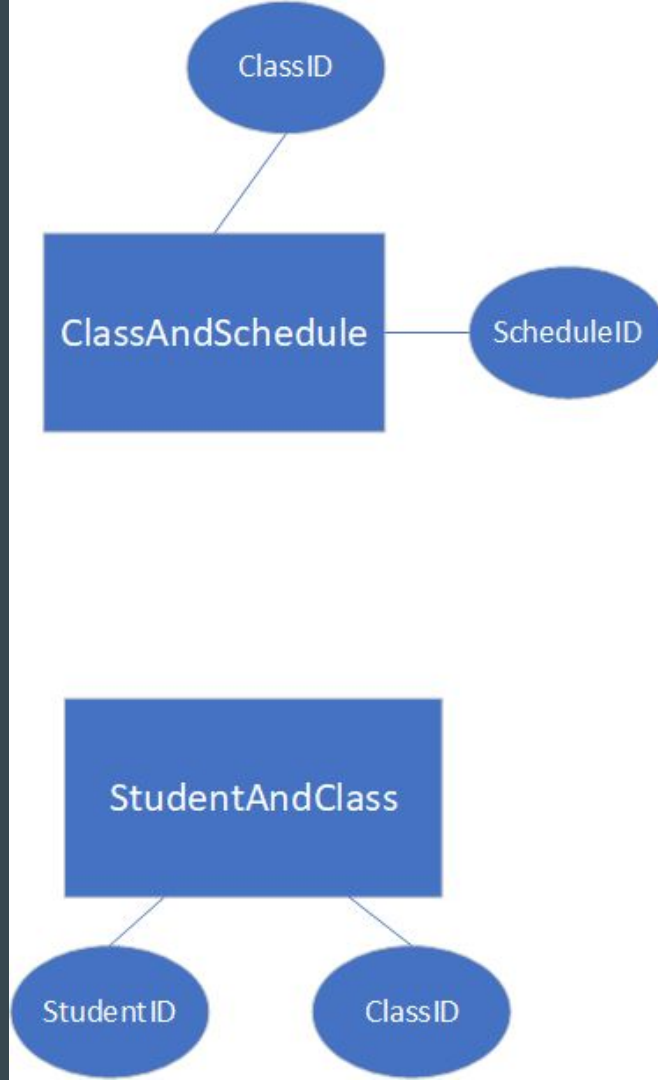


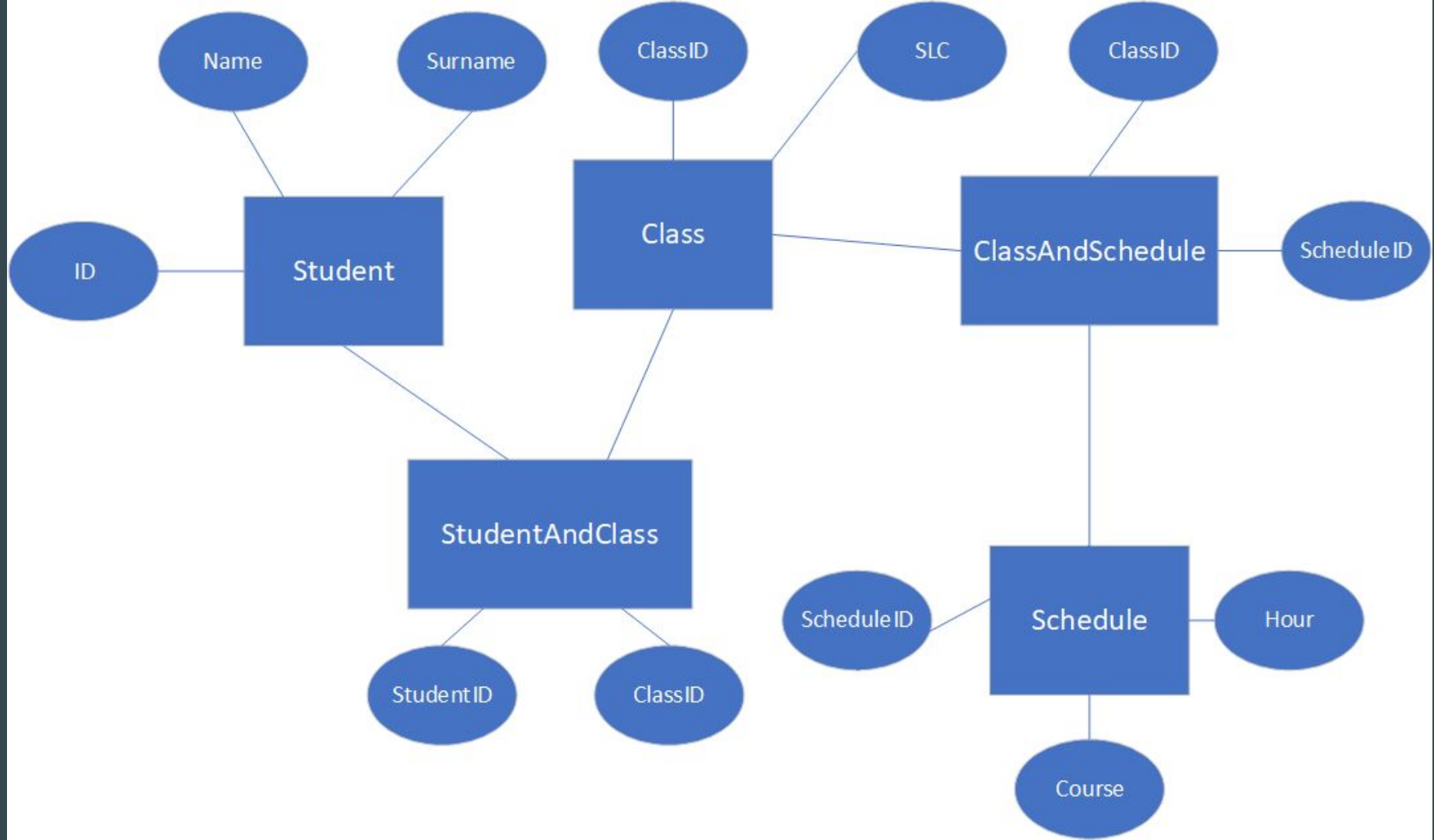
Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

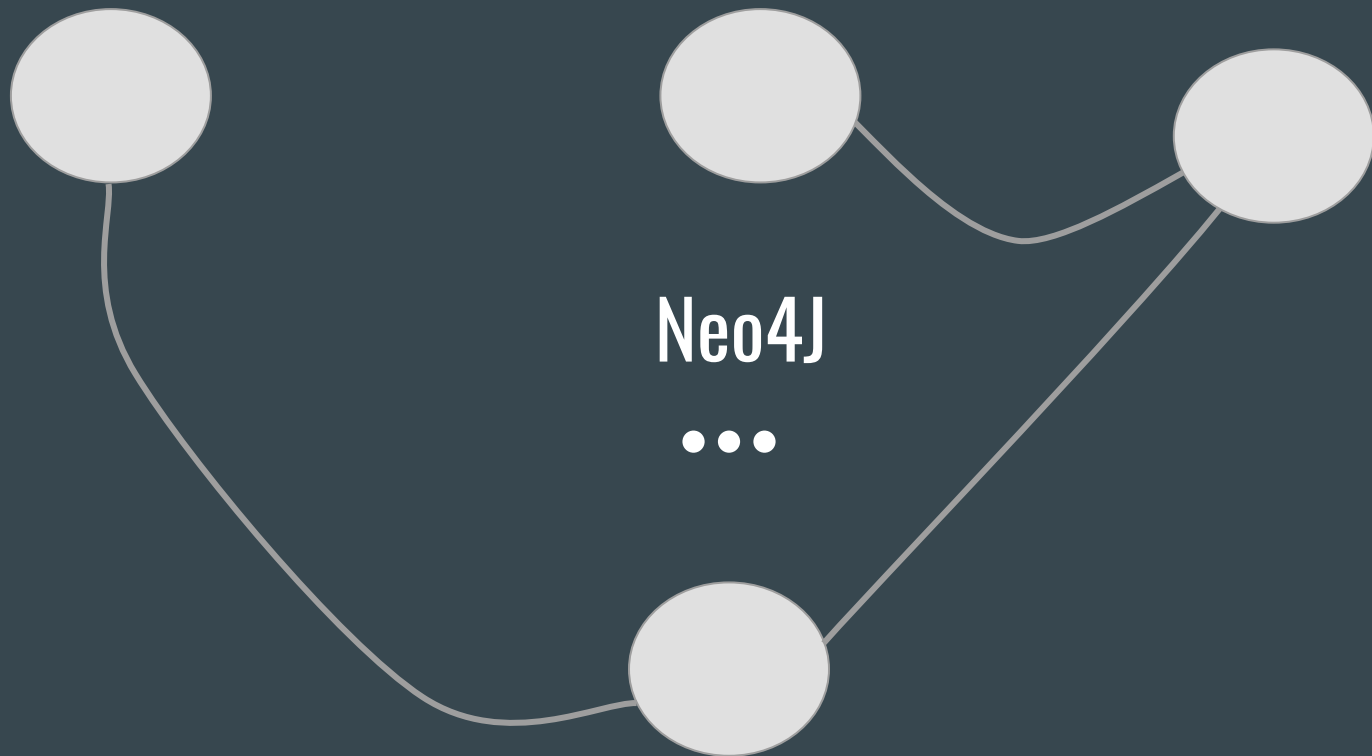


Het idee - map - reduce - join - code - opdrachten

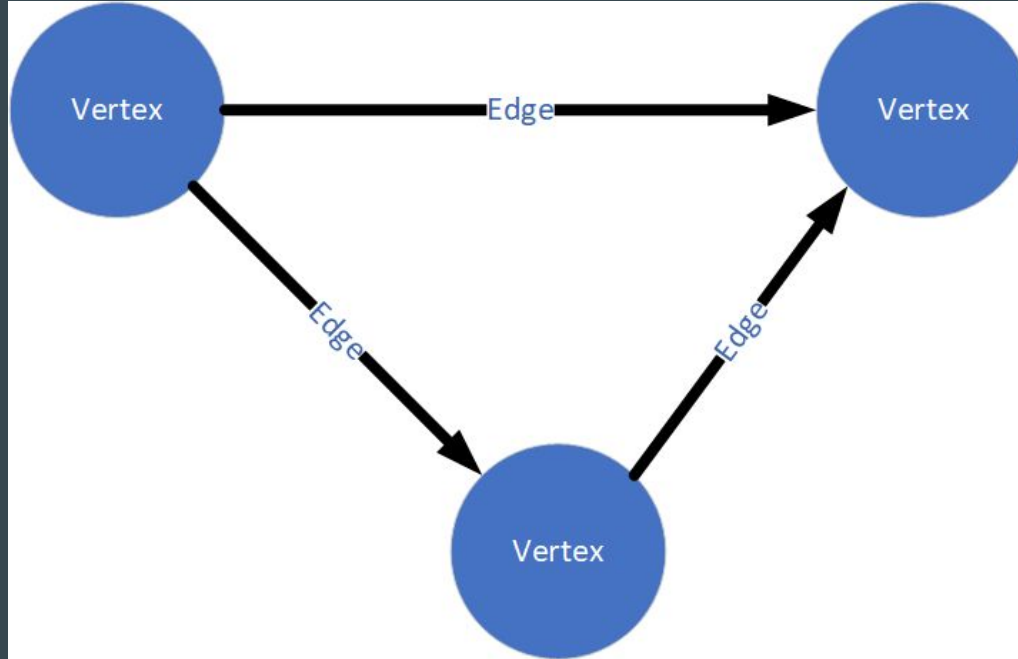
MapReduce





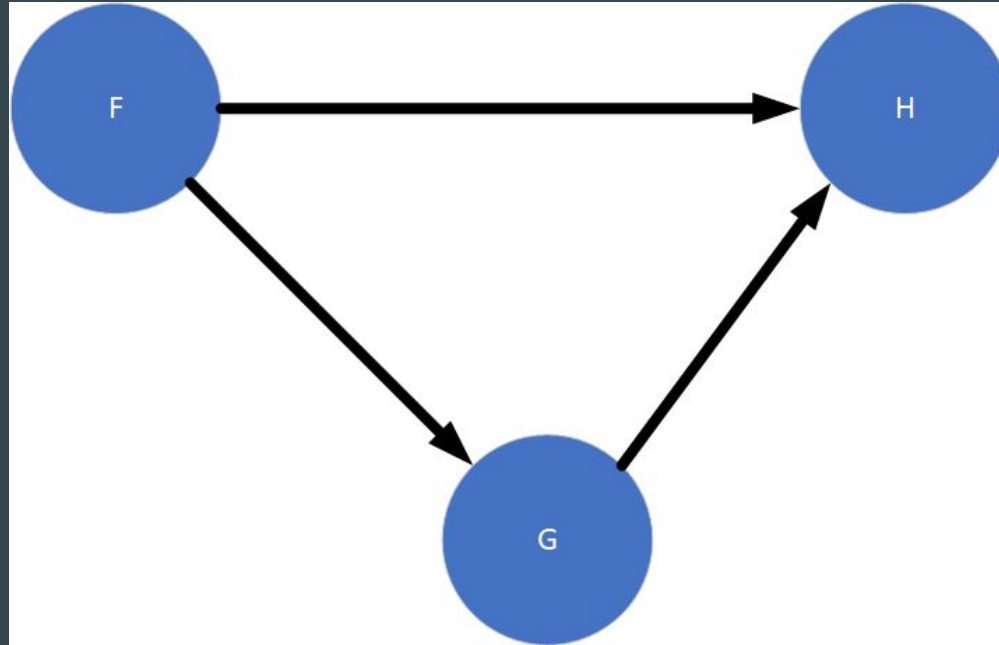


Neo4J



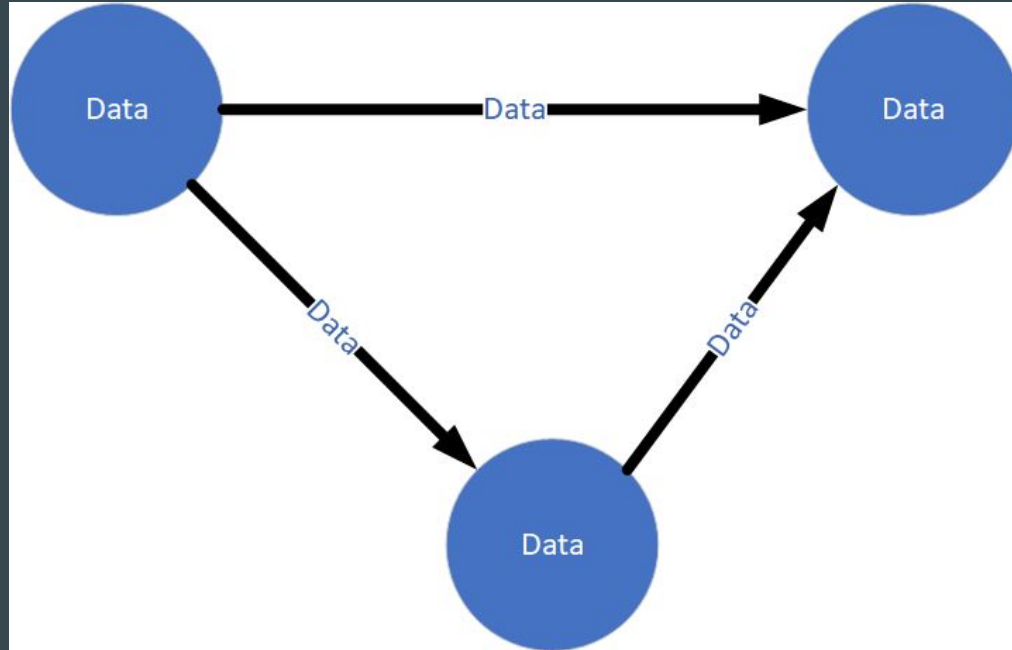
Graphs - Nodes - Relations - Cypher - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J



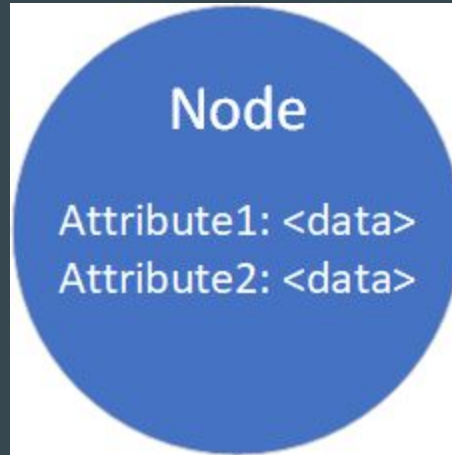
Graphs - Nodes - Relations - Cypher - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J

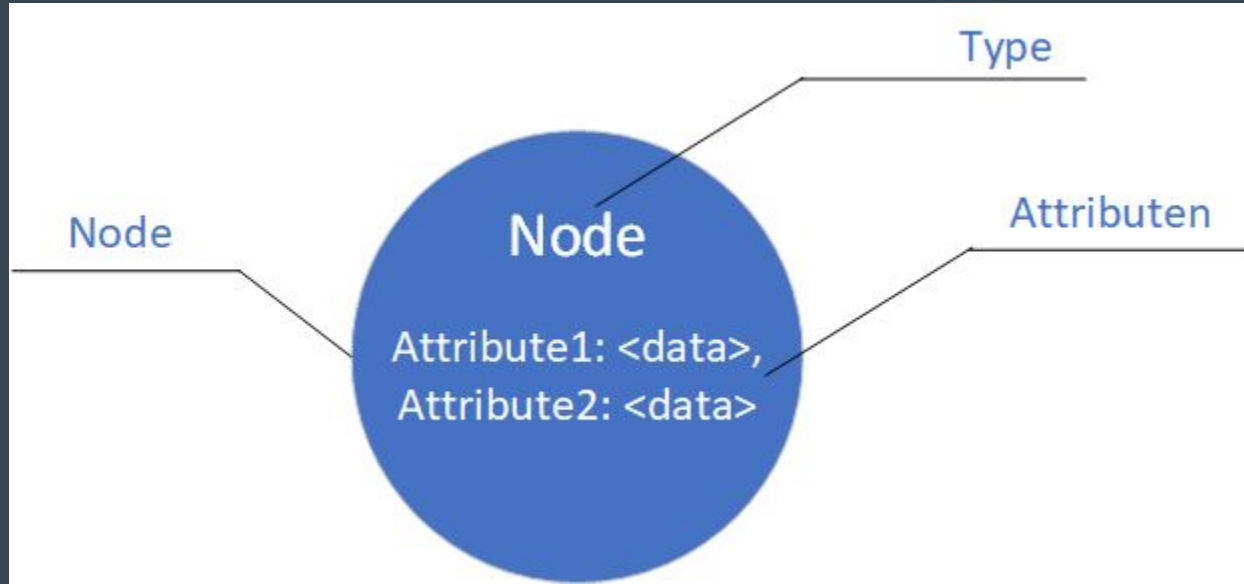


Graphs - Nodes - Relations - Cypher - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J



Graphs - Nodes - Relations - Cypher - Code - Opdracht



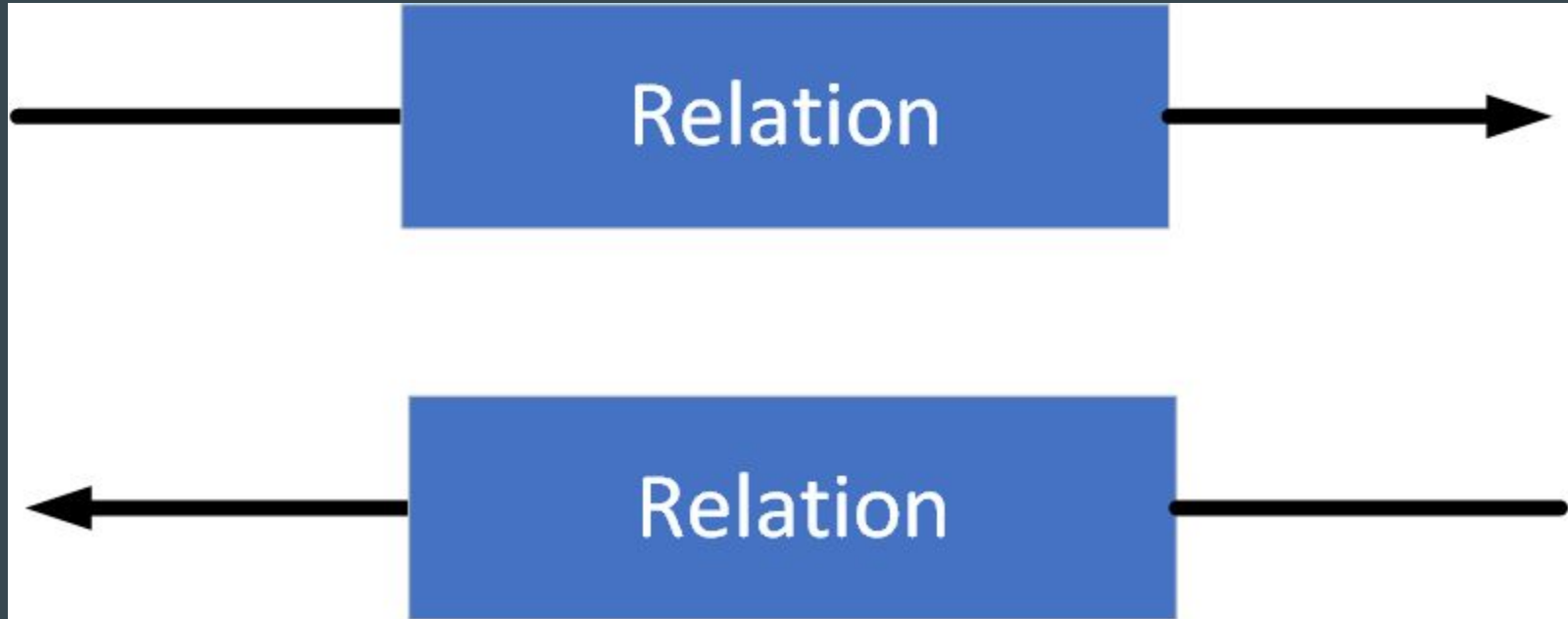
Neo4J



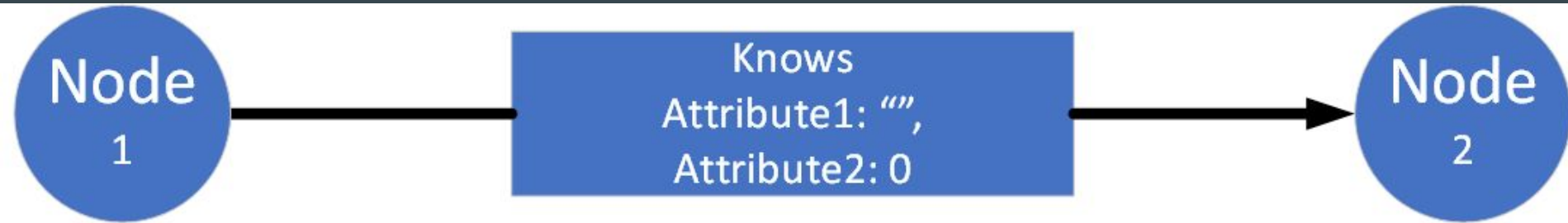
Relation

Graphs - Nodes - Relations - Cypher - Code - Opdracht

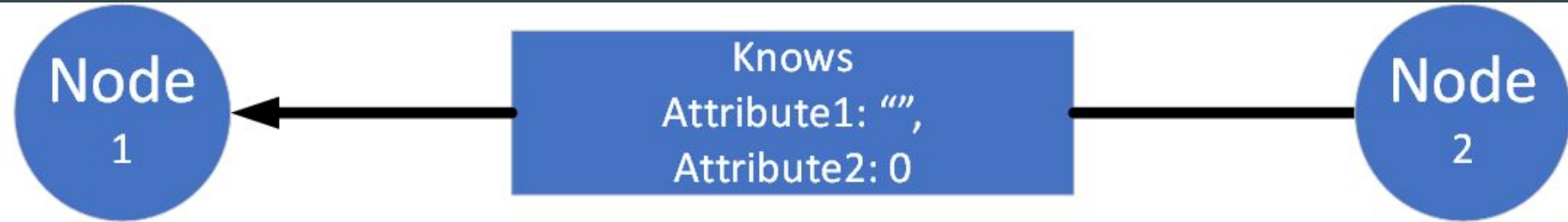
Neo4J



Graphs - Nodes - Relations - Cypher - Code - Opdracht



Neo4J

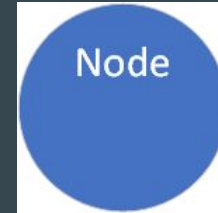
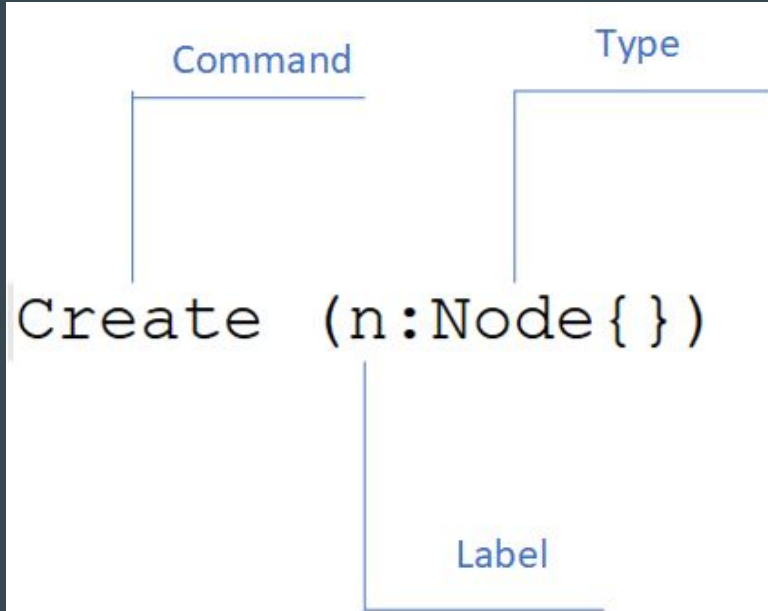


Graphs - Nodes - Relations - Cypher - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J



Het maken van een node:

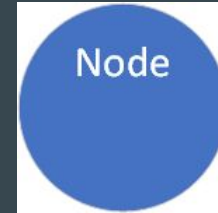


Graphs - Nodes - Relations - **Cypher** - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J

Het maken van een node:

```
Create (n:Node{ })
```



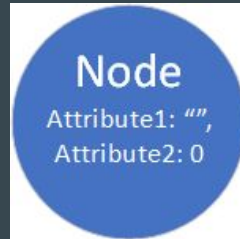
Graphs - Nodes - Relations - **Cypher** - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J



Het maken van een node met data:

```
Create (n:Node{attribute1:"", attribute2: 2})
```



Graphs - Nodes - Relations - **Cypher** - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J



Het maken van een node met data:

```
Create (
    n:Node
    {
        attribute1:"",
        attribute2: 2
    }
)
```



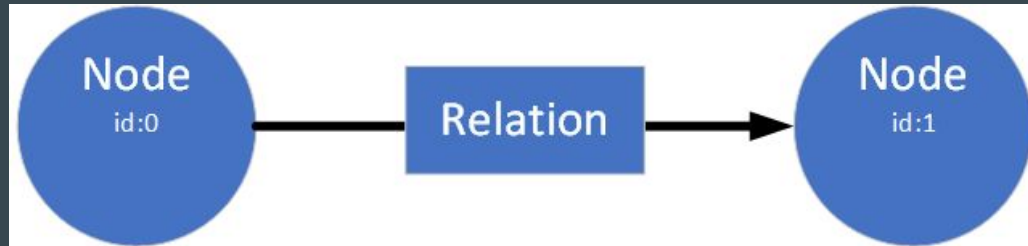
Graphs - Nodes - Relations - **Cypher** - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J



Het maken van nodes en een relatie:

```
Create (n:Node{id:0})-[r:Relation{}]->(m:Node{id:1})
```



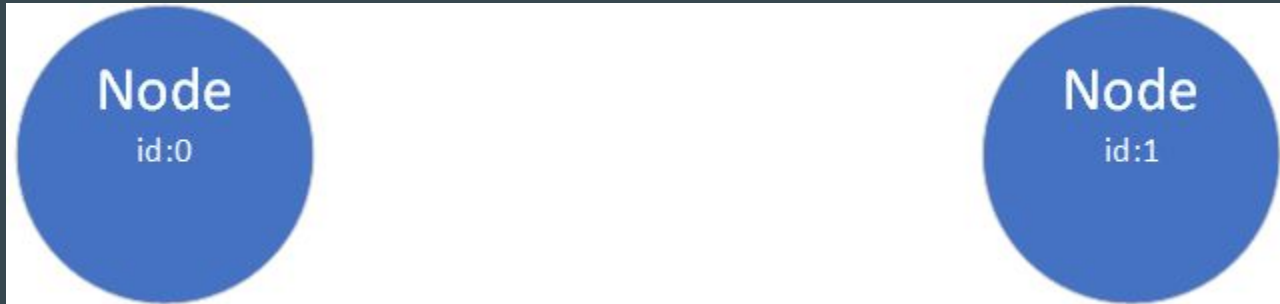
Graphs - Nodes - Relations - **Cypher** - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J



Het maken van nodes en een relatie:

```
Create (n:Node{id:0})  
Create (n:Node{id:1})  
....
```



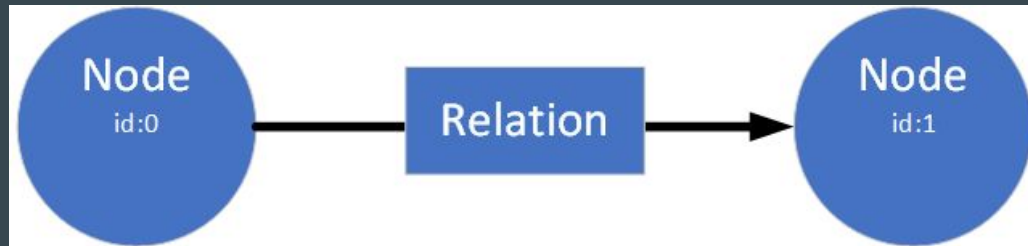
Graphs - Nodes - Relations - **Cypher** - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J



Het maken van nodes en een relatie:

```
Match (n:Node{id:0})  
Match (m:Node{id:1})  
Create (n)-[:Relation{}]->(m)
```



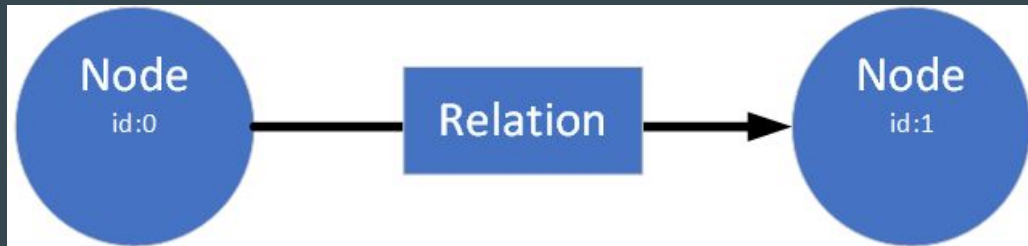
Graphs - Nodes - Relations - **Cypher** - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J



Het vinden van nodes met een relatie:

```
Match (n:Node{id:0})-[:Relation]->(m)
```



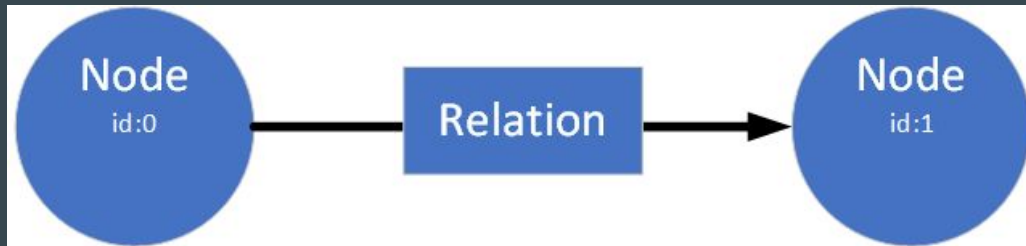
Graphs - Nodes - Relations - **Cypher** - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J



Het vinden van nodes met een relatie en returnen van een Node:

```
Match (n:Node{id:0})-[:Relation]->(m)  
Return m
```



Graphs - Nodes - Relations - **Cypher** - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J



Het vinden van nodes met een relatie en returnen van een Node:

```
Match (n:Node{id:0})-[:Relation]->(m)  
Return m
```



Graphs - Nodes - Relations - **Cypher** - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J



Het vinden van nodes en returnen van individuele waardes.

```
Match (n:Node{id:0})-[:Relation]->(m)  
Return m.id
```



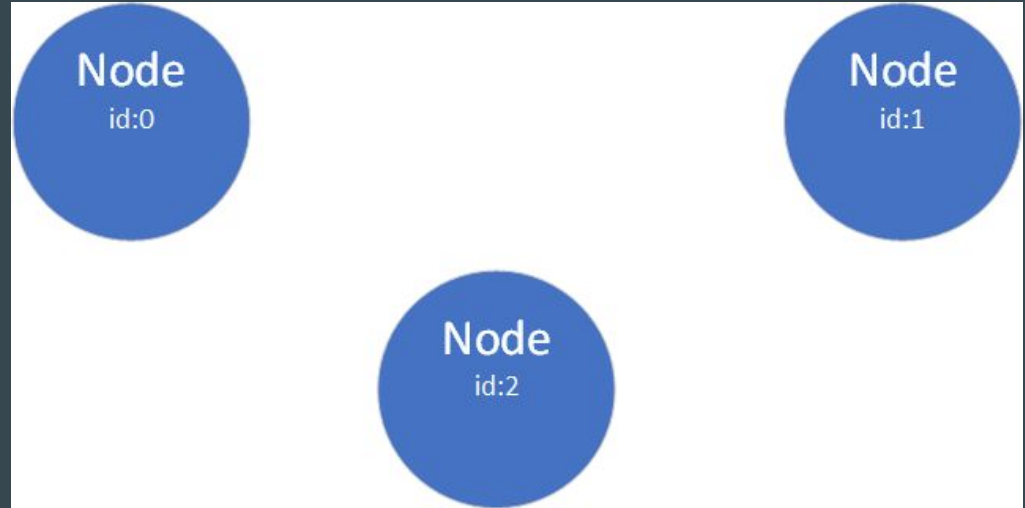
Graphs - Nodes - Relations - **Cypher** - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J



Het vinden van nodes en toepassen van where:

```
Match (n:Node)
Where n.id < 3
Return n
```



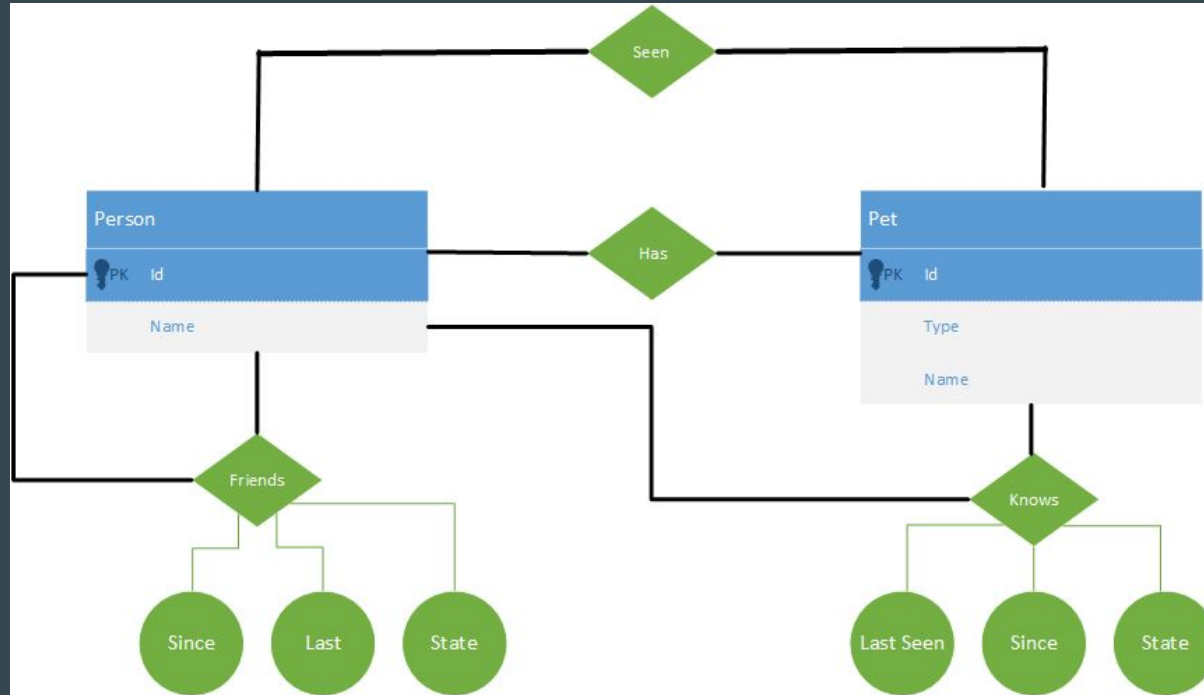
Graphs - Nodes - Relations - **Cypher** - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J

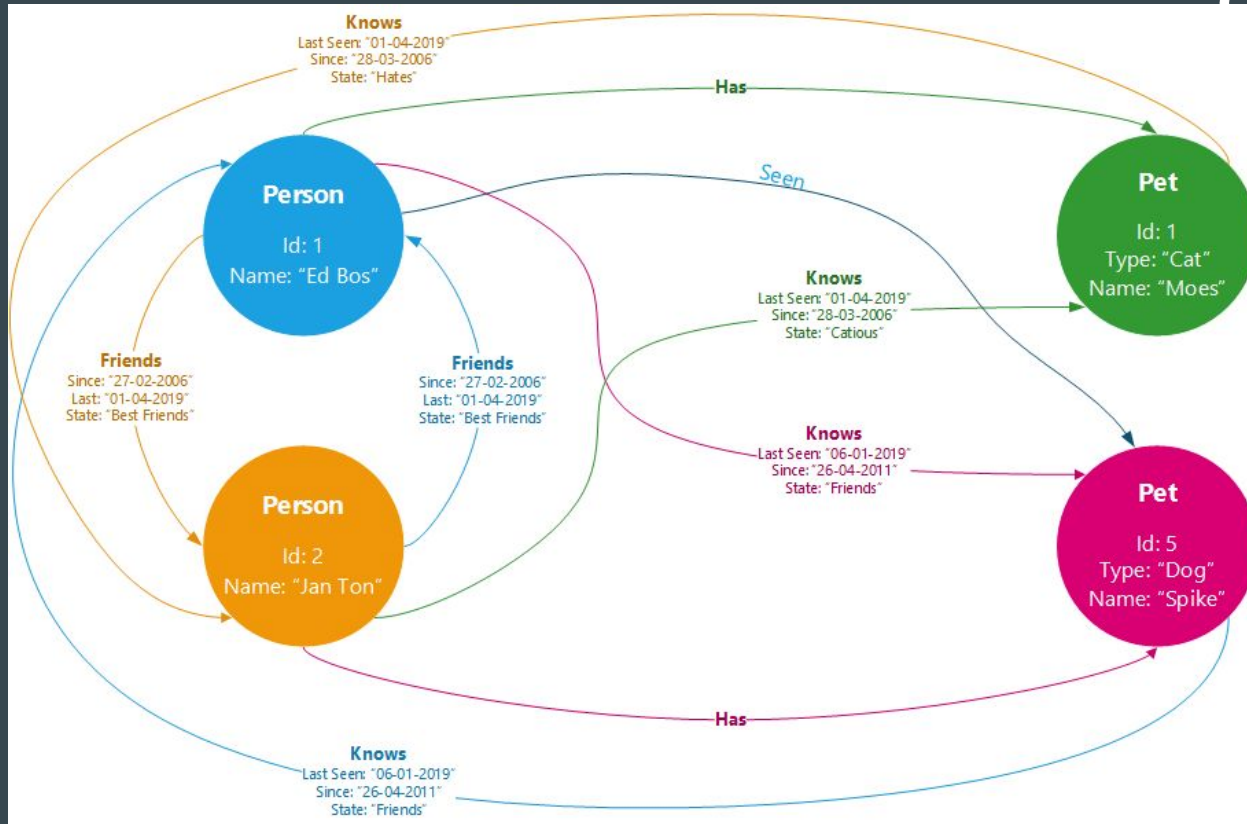


Graphs - Nodes - Relations - Cypher - Code - Opdracht

Neo4J



Graphs - Nodes - Relations - Cypher - Code - Opdracht



Neo4J

Neo4j Sandbox



Graphs - Nodes - Relations - Cypher - Code - Opdracht



...
Vragen?