# Lab1-CNNs

July 2, 2025

# 1 Deep Learning Applications: Laboratory #1

In this first laboratory we will work relatively simple architectures to get a feel for working with Deep Models. This notebook is designed to work with PyTorch, but as I said in the introductory lecture: please feel free to use and experiment with whatever tools you like.

Important Notes: 1. Be sure to document all of your decisions, as well as your intermediate and final results. Make sure your conclusions and analyses are clearly presented. Don't make us dig into your code or walls of printed results to try to draw conclusions from your code. 2. If you use code from someone else (e.g. Github, Stack Overflow, ChatGPT, etc) you must be transparent about it. Document your sources and explain how you adapted any partial solutions to creat your solution.

# 1.1 Exercise 1: Warming Up

In this series of exercises I want you to try to duplicate (on a small scale) the results of the ResNet paper:

Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition, Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, Jian Sun, CVPR 2016.

We will do this in steps using a Multilayer Perceptron on MNIST.

Recall that the main message of the ResNet paper is that **deeper** networks do not **guarantee** more reduction in training loss (or in validation accuracy). Below you will incrementally build a sequence of experiments to verify this for an MLP. A few guidelines:

- I have provided some **starter** code at the beginning. **NONE** of this code should survive in your solutions. Not only is it **very** badly written, it is also written in my functional style that also obfuscates what it's doing (in part to **discourage** your reuse!). It's just to get you started.
- These exercises ask you to compare **multiple** training runs, so it is **really** important that you factor this into your **pipeline**. Using Tensorboard is a **very** good idea or, even better Weights and Biases.
- You may work and submit your solutions in **groups of at most two**. Share your ideas with everyone, but the solutions you submit *must be your own*.

First some boilerplate to get you started, then on to the actual exercises!

### 1.1.1 Preface: Some code to get you started

What follows is some **very simple** code for training an MLP on MNIST. The point of this code is to get you up and running (and to verify that your Python environment has all needed dependencies).

**Note**: As you read through my code and execute it, this would be a good time to think about abstracting **your** model definition, and training and evaluation pipelines in order to make it easier to compare performance of different models.

```
[1]: # Start with some standard imports.
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from functools import reduce
import torch
from torchvision.datasets import MNIST
from torchvision.datasets import CIFAR10
from torch.utils.data import Subset
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.nn.functional as F
import torchvision.transforms as transforms
#Utilizzo di Wandb
import wandb
wandb.login()
wandb: Using wandb-core as the SDK backend. Please refer to
```

```
wandb: Using wandb-core as the SDK backend. Please refer to
https://wandb.me/wandb-core for more information.
wandb: Currently logged in as: riccardo-fantechi
(riccardo-fantechi-universit-degli-studi-di-firenze) to
https://api.wandb.ai. Use `wandb login --relogin` to force
relogin
```

#### [1]: True

**Data preparation** Here is some basic dataset loading, validation splitting code to get you started working with MNIST.

```
ds_val = Subset(ds_train, I[:val_size])
ds_train = Subset(ds_train, I[val_size:])
```

```
[4]: #Loader for CIFAR10
     transformCIFAR = transforms.Compose([
         transforms.ToTensor(),
         transforms.Normalize((0.4914, 0.4822, 0.4465), (0.2023, 0.1994, 0.2010))
     ])
     trainset =CIFAR10(
         root="./dataCIFAR10", train = True, download = True, transform =__
      ⇔transformCIFAR
     testset =CIFAR10(
         root="./dataCIFAR10", train = False, download = True, transform = __
      \hookrightarrowtransformCIFAR
     )
     val_size = 10000
     I = np.random.permutation(len(trainset))
     validationset = Subset(trainset, I[:val_size])
     trainset = Subset(trainset, I[val_size:])
```

**Boilerplate training and evaluation code** This is some **very** rough training, evaluation, and plotting code. Again, just to get you started. I will be *very* disappointed if any of this code makes it into your final submission.

```
[5]: from tqdm import tqdm

def train_one_epoch(model, optimizer, loss_function, dataloader, device):
    model.train()

loop = tqdm(dataloader, desc='training epoch {epoch}', leave=True)
    total_loss = 0.0
    total_correct = 0.0
    total_sample = 0

for (inputs, labels) in loop:
    inputs, labels = inputs.to(device), labels.to(device)
    optimizer.zero_grad()
    logits = model(inputs)
    loss = loss_function(logits, labels)
    loss.backward()
    optimizer.step()
```

```
total_loss += loss.item()
        total_correct += (torch.argmax(logits, dim=1) == labels).sum().item()
        total_sample += labels.size(0)
        loop.set_postfix({'loss': total_loss / (loop.n + 1)})
   return {
        'train_loss': total_loss / len(dataloader),
        'train_accuracy': total_correct / total_sample,
   }
def evaluate_model(model, dataloader, device, num_classes):
   model.eval()
   total_correct = 0
   total_samples = 0
   tp = torch.zeros(num_classes, device=device)
   fp = torch.zeros(num_classes, device=device)
   loop = tqdm(dataloader, desc='Evaluating model', leave=True)
   for x, y in loop:
       x, y = x.to(device), y.to(device)
       logits = model(x)
       preds = torch.argmax(logits, dim=1)
       total_correct += (preds == y).sum().item()
       total_samples += y.size(0)
       for c in range(num_classes):
            tp[c] += ((preds == c) & (y == c)).sum()
            fp[c] += ((preds == c) & (y != c)).sum()
   accuracy = total_correct / total_samples
   precision_per_class = tp / (tp + fp+ 1e-8)
   macro_precision = precision_per_class.mean().item()
   return {
        'accuracy': accuracy,
        'precision': macro_precision,
   }
def train_model(model, dataloader, valloader, optimizer, loss_function, epochs, u
 →num_classes,device = 'cpu', scheduler=None, testloader=None):
```

```
current_run = wandb.init(project='DeepLearningApp', config={
      'epochs': epochs,
  })
  model.to(device)
  for epoch in range(epochs):
      train_params = train_one_epoch(model=model, optimizer=optimizer,__
→loss_function=loss_function, device=device, dataloader=dataloader)
      if scheduler is not None:
          scheduler.step()
      val_params = evaluate_model(model = model, dataloader=valloader,__

device=device, num_classes=num_classes)
      print(f"[Epoch {epoch + 1}/{epochs}] Train Acc:__

→{train_params['train_accuracy']:.4f} | Validation Acc:
□
Garams['accuracy']:.4f} | Validation Precision:□
current_run.log({
          'epoch': epoch + 1,
          'train loss': train_params['train_loss'],
          'train acc': train_params['train_accuracy'],
          "val accuracy": val params['accuracy'],
          "val_precision": val_params['precision'],
          "lr": scheduler.get_last_lr()[0] if scheduler else optimizer.
→param_groups[0]['lr']
      })
  if testloader is not None:
      test_params = evaluate_model(
          model=model,
          dataloader=testloader,
          device = device,
          num_classes=num_classes
      )
      current_run.log({
          'test_accuracy': test_params['accuracy'],
          'test_precision': test_params['precision']
      })
  current_run.finish()
```

```
[11]: from tqdm import tqdm from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report

# Function to train a model for a single epoch over the data loader.

def train_epoch(model, dl, opt, epoch='Unknown', device='cpu'):
```

```
model.train()
    losses = []
    for (xs, ys) in tqdm(dl, desc=f'Training epoch {epoch}', leave=True):
        xs = xs.to(device)
        ys = ys.to(device)
        opt.zero_grad()
        logits = model(xs)
        loss = F.cross_entropy(logits, ys)
        loss.backward()
        opt.step()
        losses.append(loss.item())
    return np.mean(losses)
# Function to evaluate model over all samples in the data loader.
def evaluate_model(model, dl, device='cpu'):
    model.eval()
    predictions = []
    gts = []
    for (xs, ys) in tqdm(dl, desc='Evaluating', leave=False):
        xs = xs.to(device)
        preds = torch.argmax(model(xs), dim=1)
        gts.append(ys)
        predictions.append(preds.detach().cpu().numpy())
    # Return accuracy score and classification report.
    return (accuracy_score(np.hstack(gts), np.hstack(predictions)),
            classification_report(np.hstack(gts), np.hstack(predictions),__
 ⇔zero division=0, digits=3))
# Simple function to plot the loss curve and validation accuracy.
def plot_validation_curves(losses_and_accs):
    losses = [x for (x, _) in losses_and_accs]
    accs = [x for (_, x) in losses_and_accs]
    plt.figure(figsize=(16, 8))
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
    plt.plot(losses)
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.title('Average Training Loss per Epoch')
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
    plt.plot(accs)
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.ylabel('Validation Accuracy')
    plt.title(f'Best Accuracy = {np.max(accs)} @ epoch {np.argmax(accs)}')
```

A basic, parameterized MLP This is a very basic implementation of a Multilayer Perceptron. Don't waste too much time trying to figure out how it works – the important detail is that it allows

you to pass in a list of input, hidden layer, and output widths. Your implementation should also support this for the exercises to come.

```
[14]: class MLP(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self, layer_sizes):
              super().__init__()
              self.layers = nn.ModuleList([nn.Linear(nin, nout) for (nin, nout) in_

¬zip(layer_sizes[:-1], layer_sizes[1:])])
          def forward(self, x):
              return reduce(lambda f, g: lambda x: g(F.relu(f(x))), self.layers, u
       →lambda x: x.flatten(1))(x)
[16]: myfoooo = MLP([input_size] + [width]*depth + [10])
      myfoooo
[16]: MLP(
        (layers): ModuleList(
          (0): Linear(in_features=784, out_features=16, bias=True)
          (1): Linear(in_features=16, out_features=16, bias=True)
          (2): Linear(in_features=16, out_features=10, bias=True)
        )
      )
```

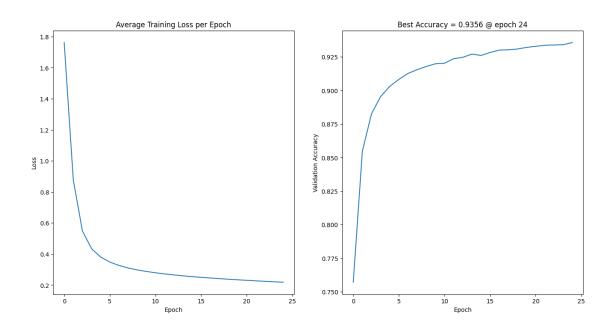
**A** *very* **minimal training pipeline.** Here is some basic training and evaluation code to get you started.

**Important**: I cannot stress enough that this is a **terrible** example of how to implement a training pipeline. You can do better!

```
[6]: # Training hyperparameters.
     device = 'cuda' if torch.cuda.is available else 'cpu'
     print("Device selezionato: ",device)
     epochs = 25
     lr = 0.0001
     batch_size = 128
     # Architecture hyperparameters.
     input_size = 28*28
     width = 16
     depth = 2
     # Dataloaders.
     dl_train = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(ds_train, batch_size, shuffle=True,_
      →num_workers=4)
              = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(ds val, batch size, num workers=4)
     dl_test = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(ds_test, batch_size, shuffle=True,_
      onum workers=4)
```

```
# Instantiate model and optimizer.
model_mlp = MLP([input_size] + [width]*depth + [10]).to(device)
opt = torch.optim.Adam(params=model_mlp.parameters(), lr=lr)
# Training loop.
losses_and_accs = []
for epoch in range(epochs):
    loss = train epoch(model mlp, dl train, opt, epoch, device=device)
    (val_acc, _) = evaluate_model(model_mlp, dl_val, device=device)
    losses and accs.append((loss, val acc))
# And finally plot the curves.
plot_validation_curves(losses_and_accs)
print(f'Accuracy report on TEST:\n {evaluate model(model_mlp, dl_test,_
  →device=device)[1]}')
Device selezionato: cuda
Training epoch 0: 100%
                            | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 515.54it/s]
Training epoch 1: 100%
                            | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 593.36it/s]
Training epoch 2: 100%
                            | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 563.85it/s]
Training epoch 3: 100%
                            | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 588.50it/s]
Training epoch 4: 100%
                            | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 526.21it/s]
Training epoch 5: 100%
                            | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 580.89it/s]
Training epoch 6: 100%
                            | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 601.04it/s]
Training epoch 7: 100%
                            | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 654.91it/s]
                            | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 628.58it/s]
Training epoch 8: 100%
Training epoch 9: 100%
                            | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 529.62it/s]
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 575.04it/s]
Training epoch 10: 100%
Training epoch 11: 100%
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 514.38it/s]
Training epoch 12: 100%
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 540.13it/s]
Training epoch 13: 100%
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 633.56it/s]
Training epoch 14: 100%
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 543.99it/s]
Training epoch 15: 100%
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 580.53it/s]
Training epoch 16: 100%
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 479.90it/s]
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 511.90it/s]
Training epoch 17: 100%
Training epoch 18: 100%
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 434.29it/s]
Training epoch 19: 100%
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 575.96it/s]
Training epoch 20: 100%
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 575.51it/s]
Training epoch 21: 100%
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 529.95it/s]
Training epoch 22: 100%|
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 556.05it/s]
Training epoch 23: 100%
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 479.91it/s]
                             | 430/430 [00:00<00:00, 651.84it/s]
Training epoch 24: 100%
Accuracy report on TEST:
               precision
                            recall f1-score
                                               support
           0
                  0.942
                            0.986
                                      0.964
                                                  980
```

	1	0.972	0.981	0.976	1135
	2	0.920	0.926	0.923	1032
	3	0.919	0.905	0.912	1010
	4	0.942	0.934	0.938	982
	5	0.927	0.886	0.906	892
	6	0.944	0.942	0.943	958
	7	0.943	0.934	0.938	1028
	8	0.893	0.906	0.899	974
	9	0.926	0.926	0.926	1009
accur	acy			0.933	10000
macro	avg	0.933	0.932	0.932	10000
weighted	avg	0.933	0.933	0.933	10000



#### 1.1.2 Exercise 1.1: A baseline MLP

Implement a *simple* Multilayer Perceptron to classify the 10 digits of MNIST (e.g. two *narrow* layers). Use my code above as inspiration, but implement your own training pipeline – you will need it later. Train this model to convergence, monitoring (at least) the loss and accuracy on the training and validation sets for every epoch. Below I include a basic implementation to get you started – remember that you should write your *own* pipeline!

**Note**: This would be a good time to think about *abstracting* your model definition, and training and evaluation pipelines in order to make it easier to compare performance of different models.

**Important**: Given the *many* runs you will need to do, and the need to *compare* performance between them, this would **also** be a great point to study how **Tensorboard** or **Weights and Biases** can be used for performance monitoring.

```
[]: # Your code here.
      import torch.nn as nn
      class imp_MLP(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self, out_feature, block_dim=[]): #Working on MNIST we need 10_
       \rightarrow features in output
              super().__init__()
              self.layers = []
              for i in range(len(block_dim) - 1):
                  self.layers.append(nn.Linear(block_dim[i], block_dim[i+1]))
                  self.layers.append(nn.ReLU())
              self.layers.append(nn.Linear(block_dim[-1], out_feature))
              self.layers.append(nn.ReLU())
              self.blocks = nn.Sequential(
                  nn.Flatten(), #1 deafault
                  *self.layers,
              )
          def forward(self, x):
              x = self.blocks(x)
              return x
[36]: | fol = imp_MLP(out_feature=10, block_dim=[input_size, 2048, 1024, 512, 1024, ___
       →512])
      fol
[36]: imp_MLP(
        (blocks): Sequential(
          (0): Flatten(start_dim=1, end_dim=-1)
          (1): Linear(in_features=784, out_features=2048, bias=True)
          (2): ReLU()
          (3): Linear(in_features=2048, out_features=1024, bias=True)
          (4): ReLU()
          (5): Linear(in_features=1024, out_features=512, bias=True)
          (6): ReLU()
          (7): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=1024, bias=True)
          (8): ReLU()
          (9): Linear(in_features=1024, out_features=512, bias=True)
          (10): ReLU()
          (11): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=10, bias=True)
          (12): ReLU()
        )
      )
```

```
[49]: # Training hyperparameters.
      device = 'cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available else 'cpu'
      print("Device selezionato: ",device)
      epochs = 25
      lr = 0.0005
      batch_size = 128
      # Architecture hyperparameters.
      input size = 32*32*3
      # Dataloaders.
      # dl_train = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(ds_train, batch_size, shuffle=True, ___
       →num_workers=4)
      # dl_val = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(ds_val, batch_size, num_workers=4)
      # dl_test = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(ds_test, batch_size, shuffle=True, ____
       ⇔num_workers=4)
      #Lets try with CIFAR10
      dl_train = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(trainset, batch_size, shuffle = True, __
       →num_workers= 8)
      dl_val = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(validationset, batch_size, num_workers= 8)
      dl_test = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(testset, batch_size, shuffle = True,_
       onum workers= 8)
      # Instantiate model and optimizer.
      model = imp_MLP(out_feature=10, block_dim=[input_size, 2048, 1024, 512, 1024, __
       \hookrightarrow512]).to(device)
      opt = torch.optim.Adam(params=model.parameters(), lr=lr)
      lossFunction = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
      train_model(
          model = model,
          dataloader= dl train,
          valloader=dl_val,
          testloader=dl_test,
          optimizer=opt,
          loss_function=lossFunction,
          epochs=epochs,
          device=device,
          num_classes=10
      )
     Device selezionato: cuda
```

```
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```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 247.52it/s,
loss=2.11]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 286.69it/s]
[Epoch 1/25] Train Acc: 0.3176 | Validation Acc: 0.3547 | Validation Precision:
0.2733
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 235.45it/s,
loss=1.9
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 281.35it/s]
[Epoch 2/25] Train Acc: 0.3883 | Validation Acc: 0.3894 | Validation Precision:
0.3509
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 248.89it/s,
loss=1.89]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 277.81it/s]
[Epoch 3/25] Train Acc: 0.4236 | Validation Acc: 0.4184 | Validation Precision:
0.3499
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 244.74it/s,
loss=1.87
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 252.32it/s]
[Epoch 4/25] Train Acc: 0.4566 | Validation Acc: 0.4351 | Validation Precision:
0.3575
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 243.44it/s,
loss=1.65
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 285.90it/s]
[Epoch 5/25] Train Acc: 0.4828 | Validation Acc: 0.4325 | Validation Precision:
0.3547
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 248.73it/s,
loss=1.63
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 262.38it/s]
[Epoch 6/25] Train Acc: 0.5044 | Validation Acc: 0.4303 | Validation Precision:
0.3593
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 241.38it/s,
loss=1.47
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 246.82it/s]
[Epoch 7/25] Train Acc: 0.5300 | Validation Acc: 0.4333 | Validation Precision:
0.3516
```

```
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 246.54it/s,
loss=1.4
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 273.46it/s]
[Epoch 8/25] Train Acc: 0.5538 | Validation Acc: 0.4440 | Validation Precision:
0.3591
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 244.01it/s,
loss=1.35]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 254.73it/s]
[Epoch 9/25] Train Acc: 0.5730 | Validation Acc: 0.4548 | Validation Precision:
0.3829
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 243.28it/s,
loss=1.4
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 279.28it/s]
[Epoch 10/25] Train Acc: 0.5907 | Validation Acc: 0.4583 | Validation Precision:
0.3880
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 253.82it/s,
loss=1.32]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 261.99it/s]
[Epoch 11/25] Train Acc: 0.6072 | Validation Acc: 0.4492 | Validation Precision:
0.3817
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 248.01it/s,
loss=1.29
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 286.78it/s]
[Epoch 12/25] Train Acc: 0.6214 | Validation Acc: 0.4421 | Validation Precision:
0.3688
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 246.23it/s,
loss=1.25]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 274.47it/s]
[Epoch 13/25] Train Acc: 0.6383 | Validation Acc: 0.4458 | Validation Precision:
0.3848
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 242.62it/s,
loss=1.21
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 292.90it/s]
[Epoch 14/25] Train Acc: 0.6498 | Validation Acc: 0.4493 | Validation Precision:
0.3903
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 230.96it/s,
loss=1.13]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 255.25it/s]
[Epoch 15/25] Train Acc: 0.6634 | Validation Acc: 0.4430 | Validation Precision:
0.3736
```

```
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 243.53it/s,
loss=1.06]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 283.31it/s]
[Epoch 16/25] Train Acc: 0.6709 | Validation Acc: 0.4453 | Validation Precision:
0.3832
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 249.71it/s,
loss=1.13]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 255.71it/s]
[Epoch 17/25] Train Acc: 0.6753 | Validation Acc: 0.4481 | Validation Precision:
0.3799
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 254.63it/s,
loss=1.09]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 295.35it/s]
[Epoch 18/25] Train Acc: 0.6808 | Validation Acc: 0.4463 | Validation Precision:
0.3837
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 244.34it/s,
loss=1
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 259.50it/s]
[Epoch 19/25] Train Acc: 0.6884 | Validation Acc: 0.4316 | Validation Precision:
0.3728
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 237.28it/s,
loss=1.01]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 271.21it/s]
[Epoch 20/25] Train Acc: 0.6938 | Validation Acc: 0.4511 | Validation Precision:
0.3820
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 245.86it/s,
loss=0.968]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 292.23it/s]
[Epoch 21/25] Train Acc: 0.6980 | Validation Acc: 0.4390 | Validation Precision:
0.3839
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 241.72it/s,
loss=0.9491
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 279.99it/s]
[Epoch 22/25] Train Acc: 0.7035 | Validation Acc: 0.4520 | Validation Precision:
0.3913
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 247.88it/s,
loss=1.01]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 297.18it/s]
[Epoch 23/25] Train Acc: 0.7048 | Validation Acc: 0.4511 | Validation Precision:
0.3941
```

```
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 258.06it/s,
loss=0.965]
                       | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 290.66it/s]
Evaluating model: 100%
[Epoch 24/25] Train Acc: 0.7099 | Validation Acc: 0.4450 | Validation Precision:
0.3989
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:01<00:00, 240.40it/s,
loss=0.9491
Evaluating model: 100%
                         | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 247.02it/s]
[Epoch 25/25] Train Acc: 0.7117 | Validation Acc: 0.4396 | Validation Precision:
0.3816
                           | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 250.85it/s]
Evaluating model: 100%
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

## 1.1.3 Exercise 1.2: Adding Residual Connections

Implement a variant of your parameterized MLP network to support **residual** connections. Your network should be defined as a composition of **residual MLP** blocks that have one or more linear layers and add a skip connection from the block input to the output of the final linear layer.

Compare the performance (in training/validation loss and test accuracy) of your MLP and ResidualMLP for a range of depths. Verify that deeper networks with residual connections are easier to train than a network of the same depth without residual connections.

For extra style points: See if you can explain by analyzing the gradient magnitudes on a single training batch why this is the case.

```
def forward(self, x):
    input = self.shortcut(x)
    x = self.layers(x)
    return F.relu(x+input)
```

```
[50]: # Training hyperparameters.
                        device = 'cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available else 'cpu'
                        print("Device selezionato: ",device)
                        epochs = 25
                        lr = 0.0005
                        batch_size = 128
                        # Architecture hyperparameters.
                        input size = 32*32*3
                        # Dataloaders.
                        \# dl\_train = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(ds\_train, batch\_size, shuffle=True, \sqcup torch.utils.data.DataLoader(ds\_train, batch\_size, shuffle=True, utils.data.DataLoader(ds\_train, batch\_size, shuffle=True, shuffle=Tru
                           ⇔num_workers=4)
                        # dl_val = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(ds_val, batch size, num workers=4)
                        \# dl\_test = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(ds\_test, batch\_size, shuffle=True, \_
                           →num_workers=4)
                        #Lets try with CIFAR10
                        dl_train = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(trainset, batch_size, shuffle = True, __
                           →num_workers= 8)
                        dl_val = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(validationset, batch_size, num_workers= 8)
```

```
dl_test = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(testset, batch_size, shuffle = True,__
 →num_workers= 8)
# Instantiate model and optimizer.
model = buildResidualMLP( out_features=10, block_dim=[input_size, 2048, 1024,__
 →1024, 1024, 1024, 1024, 512, 512, 1024, 512]).to(device)
opt = torch.optim.Adam(params=model.parameters(), lr=lr)
lossFunction = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
# Training loop.
train_model(
    model=model,
    dataloader=dl_train,
    valloader=dl_val,
    testloader=dl_test,
    optimizer=opt,
    loss_function=lossFunction,
    epochs=epochs,
    num_classes=10,
    device=device
Device selezionato: cuda
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 95.67it/s,
loss=1.77
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 245.48it/s]
[Epoch 1/25] Train Acc: 0.3591 | Validation Acc: 0.4104 | Validation Precision:
0.4376
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 98.11it/s,
loss=1.53
                        | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 268.11it/s]
Evaluating model: 100%
[Epoch 2/25] Train Acc: 0.4676 | Validation Acc: 0.4703 | Validation Precision:
0.4756
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 97.03it/s,
loss=1.38]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 239.74it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 3/25] Train Acc: 0.5194 | Validation Acc: 0.5052 | Validation Precision:
0.5008
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 97.51it/s,
loss=1.25]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 230.35it/s]
[Epoch 4/25] Train Acc: 0.5669 | Validation Acc: 0.5077 | Validation Precision:
0.5117
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 98.89it/s,
loss=1.11]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 266.11it/s]
[Epoch 5/25] Train Acc: 0.6085 | Validation Acc: 0.5252 | Validation Precision:
0.5223
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 94.88it/s,
loss=0.988]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 243.19it/s]
[Epoch 6/25] Train Acc: 0.6524 | Validation Acc: 0.5202 | Validation Precision:
0.5285
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 95.71it/s,
loss=0.877
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 254.37it/s]
[Epoch 7/25] Train Acc: 0.6912 | Validation Acc: 0.5271 | Validation Precision:
0.5463
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 98.10it/s,
loss=0.749
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 235.13it/s]
[Epoch 8/25] Train Acc: 0.7399 | Validation Acc: 0.5378 | Validation Precision:
0.5370
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 99.17it/s,
loss=0.629
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 243.19it/s]
[Epoch 9/25] Train Acc: 0.7814 | Validation Acc: 0.5315 | Validation Precision:
0.5303
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 99.20it/s,
loss=0.5291
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 248.73it/s]
[Epoch 10/25] Train Acc: 0.8174 | Validation Acc: 0.5234 | Validation Precision:
0.5332
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 97.39it/s,
loss=0.431]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 245.01it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 11/25] Train Acc: 0.8516 | Validation Acc: 0.5346 | Validation Precision:
0.5409
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 96.53it/s,
loss=0.3491
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 256.33it/s]
[Epoch 12/25] Train Acc: 0.8829 | Validation Acc: 0.5302 | Validation Precision:
0.5392
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 96.53it/s,
loss=0.292]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 270.96it/s]
[Epoch 13/25] Train Acc: 0.8997 | Validation Acc: 0.5294 | Validation Precision:
0.5327
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 96.03it/s,
loss=0.252]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 224.22it/s]
[Epoch 14/25] Train Acc: 0.9165 | Validation Acc: 0.5355 | Validation Precision:
0.5325
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 97.54it/s,
loss=0.219]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 228.89it/s]
[Epoch 15/25] Train Acc: 0.9277 | Validation Acc: 0.5311 | Validation Precision:
0.5325
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 98.25it/s,
loss=0.19]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 251.58it/s]
[Epoch 16/25] Train Acc: 0.9365 | Validation Acc: 0.5244 | Validation Precision:
0.5397
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 97.87it/s,
loss=0.171
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 245.69it/s]
[Epoch 17/25] Train Acc: 0.9431 | Validation Acc: 0.5241 | Validation Precision:
0.5259
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 98.82it/s,
loss=0.153]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 251.15it/s]
[Epoch 18/25] Train Acc: 0.9494 | Validation Acc: 0.5292 | Validation Precision:
0.5433
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 97.49it/s,
loss=0.142]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 240.98it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 19/25] Train Acc: 0.9526 | Validation Acc: 0.5354 | Validation Precision:
0.5334
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 95.74it/s,
loss=0.128]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 252.86it/s]
[Epoch 20/25] Train Acc: 0.9598 | Validation Acc: 0.5250 | Validation Precision:
0.5231
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 98.41it/s,
loss=0.1297
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 267.71it/s]
[Epoch 21/25] Train Acc: 0.9588 | Validation Acc: 0.5297 | Validation Precision:
0.5327
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 95.99it/s,
loss=0.117]
                           | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 245.46it/s]
Evaluating model: 100%
[Epoch 22/25] Train Acc: 0.9635 | Validation Acc: 0.5327 | Validation Precision:
0.5284
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 95.21it/s,
loss=0.108]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 241.94it/s]
[Epoch 23/25] Train Acc: 0.9656 | Validation Acc: 0.5315 | Validation Precision:
0.5319
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 97.06it/s,
loss=0.103]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 239.08it/s]
[Epoch 24/25] Train Acc: 0.9665 | Validation Acc: 0.5320 | Validation Precision:
0.5378
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 94.45it/s,
loss=0.0932]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 249.25it/s]
[Epoch 25/25] Train Acc: 0.9692 | Validation Acc: 0.5307 | Validation Precision:
0.5437
                         | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 243.87it/s]
Evaluating model: 100%
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

## 1.2 Note

To have this kind of result i had to change the learning rate of the training cicle. I also had to make the MLP more dense, residual connections work better when the net is deep. Increasing the number of residual block, increasing the complexity, but also get more value from the skip connections, and decrasing the lr we can achieve this kind of results

## 1.2.1 Exercise 1.3: Rinse and Repeat (but with a CNN)

Repeat the verification you did above, but with **Convolutional** Neural Networks. If you were careful about abstracting your model and training code, this should be a simple exercise. Show that **deeper** CNNs without residual connections do not always work better and **even deeper** ones with residual connections.

**Hint**: You probably should do this exercise using CIFAR-10, since MNIST is *very* easy (at least up to about 99% accuracy).

**Tip**: Feel free to reuse the ResNet building blocks defined in torchvision.models.resnet (e.g. BasicBlock which handles the cascade of 3x3 convolutions, skip connections, and optional downsampling). This is an excellent exercise in code diving.

**Spoiler**: Depending on the optional exercises you plan to do below, you should think *very* carefully about the architectures of your CNNs here (so you can reuse them!).

```
[19]: # Your code here.
      #The task now is to compare a CNN whit a residual CNN. We can copy the net from
       ⇔the ResNet paper.
      #In this conv block we use 2convolution 3x3 with padding 1 we will than use_
       →maxpool to downsize the images
      class ConvBlock(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self, in_features ,out_features):
              super().__init__()
              self.layers = nn.Sequential(
                  nn.Conv2d(in_channels= in_features , out_channels=in_features,_
       →kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1),
                  nn.BatchNorm2d(in_features),
                  nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                  nn.Conv2d(in_channels=in_features, out_channels=out_features,
       →kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1),
                  nn.BatchNorm2d(out_features),
                  nn.Conv2d(in_channels=out_features, out_channels=out_features,__

→kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1),
                  nn.BatchNorm2d(out features),
                  nn.ReLU(inplace=True)
              )
```

```
def forward(self, x):
    x = self.layers(x)
    return x
```

```
[20]: class CNNplain(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self, in_channels, out_feature = 10, block_dim=[]):
              super().__init__()
              self.layers = []
              self.firstlayer = self.layers.append(
                  nn.Sequential(
                      ConvBlock(in_channels, block_dim[0]),
                      nn.AvgPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2)
                  )
              )
              for i in range(1 ,len(block_dim) - 1):
                  self.layers.append(
                      nn.Sequential(
                          ConvBlock(block_dim[i], block_dim[i+1]),
                          nn.AvgPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2)
                      ))
              self.blocks = nn.Sequential(
                  *self.layers,
                  nn.Flatten(),
                  nn.Linear(block_dim[-1] * 2 * 2, 512),
                  nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                  nn.Linear(512, out_feature),
              )
          def forward(self, x):
              x = self.blocks(x)
              return x
```

```
[21]: # Training hyperparameters.
  device = 'cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available else 'cpu'
  print("Device selezionato: ",device)
  epochs = 50
  lr = 0.005
  batch_size = 128

#Lets try with CIFAR10
```

```
dl_train = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(trainset, batch_size, shuffle = True, u
 onum workers= 8)
dl_val = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(validationset, batch_size, num_workers= 8)
dl test = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(testset, batch size, shuffle = True,
  →num_workers= 8)
# Instantiate model and optimizer.
model = CNNplain(in_channels=3, out_feature=10, block_dim=[64,64,128,256,512]).
 →to(device)
opt = torch.optim.Adam(params=model.parameters(), lr=lr)
scheduler = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.StepLR(opt, step_size=10, gamma=0.5)
lossFunction = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
# Training loop.
train_model(
    model = model,
    epochs=epochs,
    dataloader=dl_train,
    valloader=dl_val,
    testloader=dl_test,
    optimizer=opt,
    loss_function=lossFunction,
    scheduler=scheduler,
    device=device,
    num classes=10
)
Device selezionato: cuda
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 67.80it/s,
loss=2.03
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 161.21it/s]
[Epoch 1/50] Train Acc: 0.2447 | Validation Acc: 0.3049 | Validation Precision:
0.3123
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.40it/s,
loss=1.61]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 158.85it/s]
[Epoch 2/50] Train Acc: 0.3947 | Validation Acc: 0.4261 | Validation Precision:
0.4388
```

```
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.04it/s,
loss=1.32]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 164.89it/s]
[Epoch 3/50] Train Acc: 0.5264 | Validation Acc: 0.5436 | Validation Precision:
0.5516
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.05it/s,
loss=1.12]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 157.06it/s]
[Epoch 4/50] Train Acc: 0.6065 | Validation Acc: 0.5920 | Validation Precision:
0.6292
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 66.87it/s,
loss=0.972
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 161.99it/s]
[Epoch 5/50] Train Acc: 0.6521 | Validation Acc: 0.6385 | Validation Precision:
0.6527
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.57it/s,
loss=0.878]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 159.21it/s]
[Epoch 6/50] Train Acc: 0.6907 | Validation Acc: 0.6466 | Validation Precision:
0.6644
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.85it/s,
loss=0.787
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 156.09it/s]
[Epoch 7/50] Train Acc: 0.7229 | Validation Acc: 0.7133 | Validation Precision:
0.7293
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.61it/s,
loss=0.722
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 158.55it/s]
[Epoch 8/50] Train Acc: 0.7519 | Validation Acc: 0.6846 | Validation Precision:
0.7304
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 67.89it/s,
loss=0.665]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 157.51it/s]
[Epoch 9/50] Train Acc: 0.7738 | Validation Acc: 0.7099 | Validation Precision:
0.7512
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.74it/s,
loss=0.611]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 161.78it/s]
[Epoch 10/50] Train Acc: 0.7877 | Validation Acc: 0.7346 | Validation Precision:
0.7540
```

```
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 67.81it/s,
loss=0.487
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 162.45it/s]
[Epoch 11/50] Train Acc: 0.8336 | Validation Acc: 0.8013 | Validation Precision:
0.8047
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.89it/s,
loss=0.4451
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 160.05it/s]
[Epoch 12/50] Train Acc: 0.8463 | Validation Acc: 0.7969 | Validation Precision:
0.7984
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.69it/s,
loss=0.41]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 163.18it/s]
[Epoch 13/50] Train Acc: 0.8568 | Validation Acc: 0.7939 | Validation Precision:
0.8022
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.78it/s,
loss=0.381
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 156.90it/s]
[Epoch 14/50] Train Acc: 0.8695 | Validation Acc: 0.7787 | Validation Precision:
0.7952
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 66.52it/s,
loss=0.349
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 163.61it/s]
[Epoch 15/50] Train Acc: 0.8809 | Validation Acc: 0.8051 | Validation Precision:
0.8120
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.70it/s,
loss=0.321
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 161.26it/s]
[Epoch 16/50] Train Acc: 0.8871 | Validation Acc: 0.7799 | Validation Precision:
0.7982
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.88it/s,
loss=0.291]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 162.30it/s]
[Epoch 17/50] Train Acc: 0.8983 | Validation Acc: 0.8074 | Validation Precision:
0.8140
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.14it/s,
loss=0.268]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 163.15it/s]
[Epoch 18/50] Train Acc: 0.9074 | Validation Acc: 0.8104 | Validation Precision:
0.8091
```

```
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.35it/s,
loss=0.243
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 162.62it/s]
[Epoch 19/50] Train Acc: 0.9153 | Validation Acc: 0.8133 | Validation Precision:
0.8186
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.03it/s,
loss=0.2221
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 159.97it/s]
[Epoch 20/50] Train Acc: 0.9221 | Validation Acc: 0.8203 | Validation Precision:
0.8207
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.08it/s,
loss=0.131]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 162.99it/s]
[Epoch 21/50] Train Acc: 0.9547 | Validation Acc: 0.8260 | Validation Precision:
0.8287
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.08it/s,
loss=0.101]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 160.84it/s]
[Epoch 22/50] Train Acc: 0.9655 | Validation Acc: 0.8272 | Validation Precision:
0.8275
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.98it/s,
loss=0.0949]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 162.68it/s]
[Epoch 23/50] Train Acc: 0.9664 | Validation Acc: 0.8094 | Validation Precision:
0.8236
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.94it/s,
loss=0.08]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 166.78it/s]
[Epoch 24/50] Train Acc: 0.9728 | Validation Acc: 0.8125 | Validation Precision:
0.8217
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.44it/s,
loss=0.0739]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 161.17it/s]
[Epoch 25/50] Train Acc: 0.9743 | Validation Acc: 0.8252 | Validation Precision:
0.8267
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.56it/s,
loss=0.0653]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 156.02it/s]
[Epoch 26/50] Train Acc: 0.9778 | Validation Acc: 0.8208 | Validation Precision:
```

0.8227

```
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.44it/s,
loss=0.0576
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 165.04it/s]
[Epoch 27/50] Train Acc: 0.9795 | Validation Acc: 0.8258 | Validation Precision:
0.8268
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.80it/s,
loss=0.0541
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 154.32it/s]
[Epoch 28/50] Train Acc: 0.9807 | Validation Acc: 0.8195 | Validation Precision:
0.8195
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.23it/s,
loss=0.0519]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 159.01it/s]
[Epoch 29/50] Train Acc: 0.9830 | Validation Acc: 0.8260 | Validation Precision:
0.8318
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.86it/s,
loss=0.0469]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 161.68it/s]
[Epoch 30/50] Train Acc: 0.9835 | Validation Acc: 0.8213 | Validation Precision:
0.8296
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.85it/s,
loss=0.0185]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 158.48it/s]
[Epoch 31/50] Train Acc: 0.9942 | Validation Acc: 0.8374 | Validation Precision:
0.8384
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.07it/s,
loss=0.0098]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 161.15it/s]
[Epoch 32/50] Train Acc: 0.9974 | Validation Acc: 0.8326 | Validation Precision:
0.8340
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.16it/s,
loss=0.00847
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 163.15it/s]
[Epoch 33/50] Train Acc: 0.9979 | Validation Acc: 0.8355 | Validation Precision:
0.8357
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.19it/s,
loss=0.00762
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 160.69it/s]
[Epoch 34/50] Train Acc: 0.9976 | Validation Acc: 0.8328 | Validation Precision:
```

0.8339

```
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 67.59it/s,
loss=0.0146]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 161.64it/s]
[Epoch 35/50] Train Acc: 0.9953 | Validation Acc: 0.8268 | Validation Precision:
0.8313
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.07it/s,
loss=0.016]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 159.67it/s]
[Epoch 36/50] Train Acc: 0.9946 | Validation Acc: 0.8332 | Validation Precision:
0.8335
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.30it/s,
loss=0.0151]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 161.03it/s]
[Epoch 37/50] Train Acc: 0.9952 | Validation Acc: 0.8289 | Validation Precision:
0.8291
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.47it/s,
loss=0.0125]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 155.50it/s]
[Epoch 38/50] Train Acc: 0.9961 | Validation Acc: 0.8314 | Validation Precision:
0.8326
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.46it/s,
loss=0.0128]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 155.55it/s]
[Epoch 39/50] Train Acc: 0.9956 | Validation Acc: 0.8322 | Validation Precision:
0.8329
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.73it/s,
loss=0.0133]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 157.91it/s]
[Epoch 40/50] Train Acc: 0.9956 | Validation Acc: 0.8297 | Validation Precision:
0.8295
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.13it/s,
loss=0.00608]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 160.40it/s]
[Epoch 41/50] Train Acc: 0.9981 | Validation Acc: 0.8344 | Validation Precision:
0.8346
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.62it/s,
loss=0.00268]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 164.18it/s]
[Epoch 42/50] Train Acc: 0.9995 | Validation Acc: 0.8321 | Validation Precision:
0.8322
```

```
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.74it/s,
loss=0.0019]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 162.52it/s]
[Epoch 43/50] Train Acc: 0.9997 | Validation Acc: 0.8367 | Validation Precision:
0.8374
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.67it/s,
loss=0.00156]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 159.20it/s]
[Epoch 44/50] Train Acc: 0.9997 | Validation Acc: 0.8335 | Validation Precision:
0.8337
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.04it/s,
loss=0.00139]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 160.32it/s]
[Epoch 45/50] Train Acc: 0.9998 | Validation Acc: 0.8335 | Validation Precision:
0.8335
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.23it/s,
loss=0.00111
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 156.96it/s]
[Epoch 46/50] Train Acc: 0.9999 | Validation Acc: 0.8326 | Validation Precision:
0.8330
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 69.05it/s,
loss=0.00137]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 167.25it/s]
[Epoch 47/50] Train Acc: 0.9998 | Validation Acc: 0.8356 | Validation Precision:
0.8357
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.42it/s,
loss=0.00437]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 156.18it/s]
[Epoch 48/50] Train Acc: 0.9988 | Validation Acc: 0.8300 | Validation Precision:
0.8297
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 67.99it/s,
loss=0.00515]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 161.92it/s]
[Epoch 49/50] Train Acc: 0.9985 | Validation Acc: 0.8317 | Validation Precision:
0.8313
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 68.79it/s,
loss=0.0039]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 158.52it/s]
[Epoch 50/50] Train Acc: 0.9990 | Validation Acc: 0.8318 | Validation Precision:
```

0.8326

```
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
     <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
     <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
     <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
[16]: class resConvBlock(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self, in_features ,out_features):
              super().__init__()
              self.block = nn.Sequential(
                  nn.Conv2d(in_channels= in_features , out_channels=in_features,_

→kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1),
                  nn.BatchNorm2d(in_features),
                  nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                  nn.Conv2d(in_channels=in_features, out_channels=out_features,__
       ⇔kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1),
                  nn.BatchNorm2d(out_features),
                  nn.Conv2d(in_channels=out_features, out_channels=out_features,__
       →kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1),
                  nn.BatchNorm2d(out_features),
              )
              self.shortcut = nn.Sequential(
                  nn.Conv2d(in_features, out_features, kernel_size=1, stride = 1)

if(in_features != out_features) else nn.Identity(),
              )
          def forward(self, x):
              input = self.shortcut(x)
              x = self.block(x)
              x = F.relu(x + input)
              return x
[17]: class CNNresidual(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self,in_channels ,num_classes = 10, block_dim=[]):
              super().__init__()
              #Lets use the old convblock adding a shortcut layer
              self.layers = []
              self.layers.append(nn.Sequential(
                  resConvBlock(in_channels, block_dim[0]),
```

Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 159.72it/s]

```
nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2)
    ))
    for i in range(1, len(block_dim) - 1):
        if i % 2 == 0:
            self.layers.append(
                nn.Sequential(
                    resConvBlock(block_dim[i], block_dim[i+1]),
                    nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2)
                    )
            )
        else:
            self.layers.append(
                nn.Sequential(
                    resConvBlock(block_dim[i], block_dim[i+1]),
                )
            )
    self.blocks = nn.Sequential(
        *self.layers
    )
    self.MLP = nn.Sequential(
        nn.Flatten(),
        nn.Linear(512 * 2 * 2, 512),
        nn.ReLU(),
        nn.Linear(512, num_classes)
    )
def forward(self, x):
    x = self.blocks(x)
    x = self.MLP(x)
    return x
```

```
[18]: # Training hyperparameters.
  device = 'cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available else 'cpu'
  print("Device selezionato: ",device)
  epochs = 50
  lr = 0.005
  batch_size = 128
# Dataloaders.
```

```
# dl_train = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(ds_train, batch size, shuffle=True, ___
 →num_workers=4)
# dl_val = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(ds_val, batch_size, num_workers=4)
# dl test = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(ds test, batch size, shuffle=True, ...
 →num_workers=4)
#Lets try with CIFAR10
dl_train = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(trainset, batch_size, shuffle = True, u
 →num_workers= 8)
dl_val = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(validationset, batch_size, num_workers= 8)
dl_test = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(testset, batch_size, shuffle = True,__
 →num_workers= 8)
# Instantiate model and optimizer.
model= CNNresidual(in_channels=3, num_classes=10,__
 ⇒block_dim=[64,64,128,128,256,256,512,512]).to(device)
opt = torch.optim.Adam(params=model.parameters(), lr=lr)
scheduler = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.StepLR(opt, step_size=10, gamma=0.5)
lossFunction = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
# Training loop.
train_model(
    model = model,
    epochs=epochs,
    dataloader=dl_train,
    valloader=dl val,
    testloader=dl test,
    optimizer=opt,
    scheduler=scheduler,
    loss function=lossFunction,
    device = device,
    num classes=10
)
Device selezionato: cuda
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.56it/s,
loss=2.27]
Evaluating model: 100%
                        | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 93.91it/s]
[Epoch 1/50] Train Acc: 0.2339 | Validation Acc: 0.3267 | Validation Precision:
0.3741
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.74it/s,
loss=1.52]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.40it/s]
[Epoch 2/50] Train Acc: 0.4321 | Validation Acc: 0.4814 | Validation Precision:
```

```
0.5105
```

```
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.60it/s,
loss=1.27]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 93.69it/s]
[Epoch 3/50] Train Acc: 0.5381 | Validation Acc: 0.5408 | Validation Precision:
0.5704
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.84it/s,
loss=1.091
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.30it/s]
[Epoch 4/50] Train Acc: 0.6121 | Validation Acc: 0.5843 | Validation Precision:
0.6325
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.01it/s,
loss=0.957]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 93.99it/s]
[Epoch 5/50] Train Acc: 0.6609 | Validation Acc: 0.6651 | Validation Precision:
0.6799
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.92it/s,
loss=0.857]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.60it/s]
[Epoch 6/50] Train Acc: 0.6984 | Validation Acc: 0.6880 | Validation Precision:
0.6859
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.72it/s,
loss=0.768
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 96.77it/s]
[Epoch 7/50] Train Acc: 0.7319 | Validation Acc: 0.7284 | Validation Precision:
0.7409
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.13it/s,
loss=0.697
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 94.22it/s]
[Epoch 8/50] Train Acc: 0.7582 | Validation Acc: 0.7128 | Validation Precision:
0.7324
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.81it/s,
loss=0.635]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 94.72it/s]
[Epoch 9/50] Train Acc: 0.7800 | Validation Acc: 0.7333 | Validation Precision:
0.7634
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.71it/s,
loss=0.582]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 96.51it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 10/50] Train Acc: 0.8009 | Validation Acc: 0.7622 | Validation Precision:
0.7661
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.09it/s,
loss=0.4271
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 93.97it/s]
[Epoch 11/50] Train Acc: 0.8541 | Validation Acc: 0.7924 | Validation Precision:
0.8013
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.88it/s,
loss=0.371
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.06it/s]
[Epoch 12/50] Train Acc: 0.8736 | Validation Acc: 0.7963 | Validation Precision:
0.8036
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.77it/s,
loss=0.332
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 96.16it/s]
[Epoch 13/50] Train Acc: 0.8862 | Validation Acc: 0.7908 | Validation Precision:
0.7986
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.16it/s,
loss=0.303]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 92.15it/s]
[Epoch 14/50] Train Acc: 0.8963 | Validation Acc: 0.8059 | Validation Precision:
0.8084
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.49it/s,
loss=0.273
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 94.27it/s]
[Epoch 15/50] Train Acc: 0.9062 | Validation Acc: 0.8055 | Validation Precision:
0.8124
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.56it/s,
loss=0.24
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.25it/s]
[Epoch 16/50] Train Acc: 0.9167 | Validation Acc: 0.8086 | Validation Precision:
0.8132
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.08it/s,
loss=0.212]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 93.92it/s]
[Epoch 17/50] Train Acc: 0.9270 | Validation Acc: 0.8113 | Validation Precision:
0.8101
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.80it/s,
loss=0.188]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.49it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 18/50] Train Acc: 0.9365 | Validation Acc: 0.8103 | Validation Precision:
0.8159
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.52it/s,
loss=0.165]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.16it/s]
[Epoch 19/50] Train Acc: 0.9437 | Validation Acc: 0.8068 | Validation Precision:
0.8076
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.82it/s,
loss=0.158]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 94.87it/s]
[Epoch 20/50] Train Acc: 0.9465 | Validation Acc: 0.8128 | Validation Precision:
0.8123
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.99it/s,
loss=0.0617]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 96.35it/s]
[Epoch 21/50] Train Acc: 0.9805 | Validation Acc: 0.8253 | Validation Precision:
0.8261
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.77it/s,
loss=0.0284]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.22it/s]
[Epoch 22/50] Train Acc: 0.9913 | Validation Acc: 0.8292 | Validation Precision:
0.8293
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.22it/s,
loss=0.0262]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.71it/s]
[Epoch 23/50] Train Acc: 0.9915 | Validation Acc: 0.8247 | Validation Precision:
0.8250
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.01it/s,
loss=0.0383]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 93.73it/s]
[Epoch 24/50] Train Acc: 0.9878 | Validation Acc: 0.8233 | Validation Precision:
0.8251
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.87it/s,
loss=0.0358]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 96.36it/s]
[Epoch 25/50] Train Acc: 0.9881 | Validation Acc: 0.8182 | Validation Precision:
0.8212
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.35it/s,
loss=0.0399]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.00it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 26/50] Train Acc: 0.9863 | Validation Acc: 0.8194 | Validation Precision:
0.8188
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.86it/s,
loss=0.0358]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 93.95it/s]
[Epoch 27/50] Train Acc: 0.9877 | Validation Acc: 0.8200 | Validation Precision:
0.8240
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.77it/s,
loss=0.03391
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.90it/s]
[Epoch 28/50] Train Acc: 0.9884 | Validation Acc: 0.8237 | Validation Precision:
0.8247
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.97it/s,
loss=0.0321]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 94.93it/s]
[Epoch 29/50] Train Acc: 0.9890 | Validation Acc: 0.8222 | Validation Precision:
0.8246
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.81it/s,
loss=0.0293]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 91.80it/s]
[Epoch 30/50] Train Acc: 0.9904 | Validation Acc: 0.8165 | Validation Precision:
0.8169
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.66it/s,
loss=0.0107]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 94.65it/s]
[Epoch 31/50] Train Acc: 0.9970 | Validation Acc: 0.8302 | Validation Precision:
0.8290
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.01it/s,
loss=0.00213]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.95it/s]
[Epoch 32/50] Train Acc: 0.9997 | Validation Acc: 0.8323 | Validation Precision:
0.8316
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.81it/s,
loss=0.000952]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.53it/s]
[Epoch 33/50] Train Acc: 0.9999 | Validation Acc: 0.8327 | Validation Precision:
0.8325
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.75it/s,
loss=0.000615]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 96.48it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 34/50] Train Acc: 0.9999 | Validation Acc: 0.8335 | Validation Precision:
0.8332
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.27it/s,
loss=0.0004091
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 96.67it/s]
[Epoch 35/50] Train Acc: 1.0000 | Validation Acc: 0.8369 | Validation Precision:
0.8361
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.86it/s,
loss=0.000343]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 96.31it/s]
[Epoch 36/50] Train Acc: 1.0000 | Validation Acc: 0.8349 | Validation Precision:
0.8360
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.75it/s,
loss=0.00599]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 97.13it/s]
[Epoch 37/50] Train Acc: 0.9981 | Validation Acc: 0.8174 | Validation Precision:
0.8178
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.10it/s,
loss=0.0263]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.52it/s]
[Epoch 38/50] Train Acc: 0.9912 | Validation Acc: 0.8320 | Validation Precision:
0.8320
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.90it/s,
loss=0.00725]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.99it/s]
[Epoch 39/50] Train Acc: 0.9976 | Validation Acc: 0.8294 | Validation Precision:
0.8294
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.74it/s,
loss=0.00701]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 90.82it/s]
[Epoch 40/50] Train Acc: 0.9978 | Validation Acc: 0.8241 | Validation Precision:
0.8277
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.20it/s,
loss=0.00291]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 81.65it/s]
[Epoch 41/50] Train Acc: 0.9991 | Validation Acc: 0.8321 | Validation Precision:
0.8318
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.90it/s,
loss=0.00122]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 94.80it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 42/50] Train Acc: 0.9998 | Validation Acc: 0.8314 | Validation Precision:
0.8313
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.75it/s,
loss=0.0003941
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 93.93it/s]
[Epoch 43/50] Train Acc: 1.0000 | Validation Acc: 0.8328 | Validation Precision:
0.8324
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.19it/s,
loss=0.000338]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.65it/s]
[Epoch 44/50] Train Acc: 1.0000 | Validation Acc: 0.8346 | Validation Precision:
0.8335
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.96it/s,
loss=0.00025]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.37it/s]
[Epoch 45/50] Train Acc: 1.0000 | Validation Acc: 0.8349 | Validation Precision:
0.8347
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.68it/s,
loss=0.000421]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.94it/s]
[Epoch 46/50] Train Acc: 0.9999 | Validation Acc: 0.8335 | Validation Precision:
0.8328
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.05it/s,
loss=0.00026]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 94.73it/s]
[Epoch 47/50] Train Acc: 1.0000 | Validation Acc: 0.8362 | Validation Precision:
0.8362
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.77it/s,
loss=0.000257]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 96.09it/s]
[Epoch 48/50] Train Acc: 1.0000 | Validation Acc: 0.8347 | Validation Precision:
0.8349
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 33.64it/s,
loss=0.00585]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.92it/s]
[Epoch 49/50] Train Acc: 0.9980 | Validation Acc: 0.8274 | Validation Precision:
0.8295
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:09<00:00, 34.25it/s,
loss=0.00451]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 96.18it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 50/50] Train Acc: 0.9985 | Validation Acc: 0.8287 | Validation Precision:
     0.8280
     Evaluating model: 100%
                                 | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 95.20it/s]
     <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
     <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
     <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
     <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
[22]: #Test con resNet34 originale
      import torchvision.models as models
      # Training hyperparameters.
      device = 'cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available else 'cpu'
      print("Device selezionato: ",device)
      epochs = 50
      lr = 0.005
      batch_size = 128
      #Lets try with CIFAR10
      dl_train = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(trainset, batch_size, shuffle = True, __
       →num_workers= 8)
      dl_val = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(validationset, batch_size, num_workers= 8)
      dl_test = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(testset, batch_size, shuffle = True, u
       →num_workers= 8)
      # Instantiate model and optimizer.
      model= models.resnet34().to(device)
      opt = torch.optim.Adam(params=model.parameters(), lr=lr)
      scheduler = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.StepLR(opt, step_size=10, gamma=0.5)
      lossFunction = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
      # Training loop.
      train_model(
          model = model,
          epochs=epochs,
          dataloader=dl_train,
          valloader=dl_val,
          testloader=dl_test,
          optimizer=opt,
          scheduler=scheduler,
          loss function=lossFunction,
          device = device,
          num_classes=10
```

```
Device selezionato: cuda
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 75.37it/s,
loss=1.89
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 173.92it/s]
[Epoch 1/50] Train Acc: 0.3431 | Validation Acc: 0.4282 | Validation Precision:
0.4773
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 75.90it/s,
loss=1.48]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 173.13it/s]
[Epoch 2/50] Train Acc: 0.4827 | Validation Acc: 0.5050 | Validation Precision:
0.5141
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.65it/s,
loss=1.22]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 181.06it/s]
[Epoch 3/50] Train Acc: 0.5737 | Validation Acc: 0.5837 | Validation Precision:
0.5806
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.52it/s,
loss=1.04
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 176.20it/s]
[Epoch 4/50] Train Acc: 0.6394 | Validation Acc: 0.5829 | Validation Precision:
0.6035
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 74.14it/s,
loss=0.912]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 177.58it/s]
[Epoch 5/50] Train Acc: 0.6904 | Validation Acc: 0.6748 | Validation Precision:
0.6887
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.62it/s,
loss=0.762
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 178.46it/s]
[Epoch 6/50] Train Acc: 0.7392 | Validation Acc: 0.6924 | Validation Precision:
0.6896
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 74.51it/s,
loss=0.673
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 183.35it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 7/50] Train Acc: 0.7655 | Validation Acc: 0.6850 | Validation Precision:
0.6946
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 75.36it/s,
loss=0.5431
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 182.46it/s]
[Epoch 8/50] Train Acc: 0.8103 | Validation Acc: 0.7362 | Validation Precision:
0.7443
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 75.98it/s,
loss=0.4721
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 182.20it/s]
[Epoch 9/50] Train Acc: 0.8386 | Validation Acc: 0.7111 | Validation Precision:
0.7195
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 75.84it/s,
loss=0.372
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 182.19it/s]
[Epoch 10/50] Train Acc: 0.8755 | Validation Acc: 0.7249 | Validation Precision:
0.7349
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.21it/s,
loss=0.171]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 179.99it/s]
[Epoch 11/50] Train Acc: 0.9421 | Validation Acc: 0.7581 | Validation Precision:
0.7593
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.67it/s,
loss=0.0931]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 184.31it/s]
[Epoch 12/50] Train Acc: 0.9700 | Validation Acc: 0.7468 | Validation Precision:
0.7541
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.59it/s,
loss=0.0846]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 181.85it/s]
[Epoch 13/50] Train Acc: 0.9721 | Validation Acc: 0.7514 | Validation Precision:
0.7547
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.75it/s,
loss=0.0827]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 182.35it/s]
[Epoch 14/50] Train Acc: 0.9725 | Validation Acc: 0.7379 | Validation Precision:
0.7502
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.61it/s,
loss=0.0625]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 177.53it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 15/50] Train Acc: 0.9778 | Validation Acc: 0.7510 | Validation Precision:
0.7470
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 77.42it/s,
loss=0.06931
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 179.17it/s]
[Epoch 16/50] Train Acc: 0.9767 | Validation Acc: 0.7473 | Validation Precision:
0.7456
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.24it/s,
loss=0.0613]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 179.78it/s]
[Epoch 17/50] Train Acc: 0.9798 | Validation Acc: 0.7491 | Validation Precision:
0.7469
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 75.46it/s,
loss=0.0504]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 177.74it/s]
[Epoch 18/50] Train Acc: 0.9836 | Validation Acc: 0.7449 | Validation Precision:
0.7484
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.89it/s,
loss=0.045]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 178.52it/s]
[Epoch 19/50] Train Acc: 0.9849 | Validation Acc: 0.7437 | Validation Precision:
0.7458
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.05it/s,
loss=0.0641]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 179.61it/s]
[Epoch 20/50] Train Acc: 0.9782 | Validation Acc: 0.7445 | Validation Precision:
0.7480
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.48it/s,
loss=0.0194]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 180.11it/s]
[Epoch 21/50] Train Acc: 0.9938 | Validation Acc: 0.7635 | Validation Precision:
0.7637
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.59it/s,
loss=0.00607]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 183.53it/s]
[Epoch 22/50] Train Acc: 0.9982 | Validation Acc: 0.7631 | Validation Precision:
0.7634
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.18it/s,
loss=0.00416]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 177.35it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 23/50] Train Acc: 0.9989 | Validation Acc: 0.7676 | Validation Precision:
0.7668
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 77.08it/s,
loss=0.002041
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 181.09it/s]
[Epoch 24/50] Train Acc: 0.9996 | Validation Acc: 0.7621 | Validation Precision:
0.7635
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.37it/s,
loss=0.006221
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 177.35it/s]
[Epoch 25/50] Train Acc: 0.9981 | Validation Acc: 0.7568 | Validation Precision:
0.7564
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 77.52it/s,
loss=0.0194]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 175.99it/s]
[Epoch 26/50] Train Acc: 0.9940 | Validation Acc: 0.7566 | Validation Precision:
0.7570
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 77.71it/s,
loss=0.0128]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 172.42it/s]
[Epoch 27/50] Train Acc: 0.9957 | Validation Acc: 0.7467 | Validation Precision:
0.7537
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:03<00:00, 78.40it/s,
loss=0.0163]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 175.42it/s]
[Epoch 28/50] Train Acc: 0.9948 | Validation Acc: 0.7469 | Validation Precision:
0.7470
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.82it/s,
loss=0.0221]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 178.92it/s]
[Epoch 29/50] Train Acc: 0.9928 | Validation Acc: 0.7491 | Validation Precision:
0.7468
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 77.11it/s,
loss=0.0108]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 181.20it/s]
[Epoch 30/50] Train Acc: 0.9964 | Validation Acc: 0.7539 | Validation Precision:
0.7529
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.80it/s,
loss=0.00443]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 184.69it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 31/50] Train Acc: 0.9987 | Validation Acc: 0.7572 | Validation Precision:
0.7568
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 75.70it/s,
loss=0.00161]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 183.93it/s]
[Epoch 32/50] Train Acc: 0.9995 | Validation Acc: 0.7584 | Validation Precision:
0.7574
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 77.61it/s,
loss=0.001297
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 181.19it/s]
[Epoch 33/50] Train Acc: 0.9997 | Validation Acc: 0.7575 | Validation Precision:
0.7562
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.14it/s,
loss=0.000636]
Evaluating model: 100%|
                           | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 181.07it/s]
[Epoch 34/50] Train Acc: 0.9999 | Validation Acc: 0.7622 | Validation Precision:
0.7613
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.90it/s,
loss=0.000594]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 179.71it/s]
[Epoch 35/50] Train Acc: 0.9999 | Validation Acc: 0.7599 | Validation Precision:
0.7595
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.54it/s,
loss=0.0012]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 179.77it/s]
[Epoch 36/50] Train Acc: 0.9998 | Validation Acc: 0.7610 | Validation Precision:
0.7616
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.62it/s,
loss=0.0018]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 180.49it/s]
[Epoch 37/50] Train Acc: 0.9997 | Validation Acc: 0.7589 | Validation Precision:
0.7584
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.32it/s,
loss=0.00104]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 186.07it/s]
[Epoch 38/50] Train Acc: 0.9997 | Validation Acc: 0.7589 | Validation Precision:
0.7585
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.03it/s,
loss=0.00127]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 174.67it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 39/50] Train Acc: 0.9997 | Validation Acc: 0.7605 | Validation Precision:
0.7592
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.12it/s,
loss=0.0052]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 178.25it/s]
[Epoch 40/50] Train Acc: 0.9983 | Validation Acc: 0.7530 | Validation Precision:
0.7550
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.10it/s,
loss=0.00391]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 182.64it/s]
[Epoch 41/50] Train Acc: 0.9988 | Validation Acc: 0.7613 | Validation Precision:
0.7613
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.16it/s,
loss=0.000893]
Evaluating model: 100%|
                           | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 177.66it/s]
[Epoch 42/50] Train Acc: 0.9998 | Validation Acc: 0.7613 | Validation Precision:
0.7603
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 77.10it/s,
loss=0.000506]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 171.94it/s]
[Epoch 43/50] Train Acc: 0.9999 | Validation Acc: 0.7666 | Validation Precision:
0.7658
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.30it/s,
loss=0.000622]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 183.13it/s]
[Epoch 44/50] Train Acc: 0.9998 | Validation Acc: 0.7647 | Validation Precision:
0.7629
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 75.78it/s,
loss=0.000577]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 179.83it/s]
[Epoch 45/50] Train Acc: 0.9999 | Validation Acc: 0.7633 | Validation Precision:
0.7615
training epoch {epoch}: 100%| | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 75.59it/s,
loss=0.000517]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 180.39it/s]
[Epoch 46/50] Train Acc: 0.9999 | Validation Acc: 0.7649 | Validation Precision:
0.7640
training epoch {epoch}: 100% | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 76.64it/s,
loss=0.000616]
Evaluating model: 100% | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 176.49it/s]
```

```
[Epoch 47/50] Train Acc: 0.9999 | Validation Acc: 0.7642 | Validation Precision:
0.7639
training epoch {epoch}: 100%|
                                  | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 74.52it/s,
loss=0.000177]
                            | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 172.75it/s]
Evaluating model: 100%
[Epoch 48/50] Train Acc: 1.0000 | Validation Acc: 0.7654 | Validation Precision:
0.7647
training epoch {epoch}: 100%|
                                  | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 74.59it/s,
loss=0.000137]
Evaluating model: 100%
                            | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 182.91it/s]
[Epoch 49/50] Train Acc: 1.0000 | Validation Acc: 0.7637 | Validation Precision:
0.7622
training epoch {epoch}: 100%|
                                  | 313/313 [00:04<00:00, 74.67it/s,
loss=0.000298]
Evaluating model: 100%|
                            | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 187.11it/s]
[Epoch 50/50] Train Acc: 0.9999 | Validation Acc: 0.7625 | Validation Precision:
0.7615
Evaluating model: 100%
                            | 79/79 [00:00<00:00, 180.49it/s]
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

## 1.3 Exercise 2: Choose at Least One

Below are **three** exercises that ask you to deepen your understanding of Deep Networks for visual recognition. You must choose **at least one** of the below for your final submission – feel free to do **more**, but at least **ONE** you must submit. Each exercise is designed to require you to dig your hands **deep** into the guts of your models in order to do new and interesting things.

**Note**: These exercises are designed to use your small, custom CNNs and small datasets. This is to keep training times reasonable. If you have a decent GPU, feel free to use pretrained ResNets and larger datasets (e.g. the Imagenette dataset at 160px).

## 1.3.1 Exercise 2.1: Fine-tune a pre-trained model

Train one of your residual CNN models from Exercise 1.3 on CIFAR-10. Then: 1. Use the pretrained model as a **feature extractor** (i.e. to extract the feature activations of the layer input into the classifier) on CIFAR-100. Use a **classical** approach (e.g. Linear SVM, K-Nearest Neighbor, or Bayesian Generative Classifier) from scikit-learn to establish a **stable baseline** performance on

CIFAR-100 using the features extracted using your CNN. 2. Fine-tune your CNN on the CIFAR-100 training set and compare with your stable baseline. Experiment with different strategies: - Unfreeze some of the earlier layers for fine-tuning. - Test different optimizers (Adam, SGD, etc.).

Each of these steps will require you to modify your model definition in some way. For 1, you will need to return the activations of the last fully-connected layer (or the global average pooling layer). For 2, you will need to replace the original, 10-class classifier with a new, randomly-initialized 100-class classifier.

[]: # Your code here.

# 1.3.2 Exercise 2.2: Distill the knowledge from a large model into a smaller one

In this exercise you will see if you can derive a *small* model that performs comparably to a larger one on CIFAR-10. To do this, you will use Knowledge Distillation:

Geoffrey Hinton, Oriol Vinyals, and Jeff Dean. Distilling the Knowledge in a Neural Network, NeurIPS 2015.

To do this: 1. Train one of your best-performing CNNs on CIFAR-10 from Exercise 1.3 above. This will be your **teacher** model. 2. Define a *smaller* variant with about half the number of parameters (change the width and/or depth of the network). Train it on CIFAR-10 and verify that it performs *worse* than your **teacher**. This small network will be your **student** model. 3. Train the **student** using a combination of **hard labels** from the CIFAR-10 training set (cross entropy loss) and **soft labels** from predictions of the **teacher** (Kulback-Leibler loss between teacher and student).

Try to optimize training parameters in order to maximize the performance of the student. It should at least outperform the student trained only on hard labels in Setp 2.

**Tip**: You can save the predictions of the trained teacher network on the training set and adapt your dataloader to provide them together with hard labels. This will **greatly** speed up training compared to performing a forward pass through the teacher for each batch of training.

[]: # Your code here.

## 1.3.3 Exercise 2.3: Explain the predictions of a CNN

Use the CNN model you trained in Exercise 1.3 and implement Class Activation Maps:

B. Zhou, A. Khosla, A. Lapedriza, A. Oliva, and A. Torralba. Learning Deep Features for Discriminative Localization. CVPR'16 (arXiv:1512.04150, 2015).

Use your CNN implementation to demonstrate how your trained CNN attends to specific image features to recognize specific classes. Try your implementation out using a pre-trained ResNet-18 model and some images from the Imagenette dataset – I suggest you start with the low resolution version of images at 160px.

#### 1.3.4 Reading and understanding the paper

Dal paper: In questo metodo (CAM) applichiamo un Global Avarage Pooling(GAP) dopo l'ultimo layer convoluzionale della CNN per poi procedere con il classificatore (MLP/FC). La pipeline su cui lavoreremo sarà quindi la seguente, immagine input -> feature maps (attraverso la CNN) ->

ricaviamo le mappe di attivazione dall'utlimo layer convoluzionale -> calcoliamo la GAP, come la media globale per ogni feature map -> passiamo il tutto al layer FC dove la media delle feature maps viene moltiplicata per i pesi W associati alla classe analizzata.

Dal paper troviamo anche la formuala per calcolare la mappa di attivazione per una classe c:

```
CAM_c(x,y) = \sum_k w_k^c f_k(x,y)
```

Con questa formula rappresentiamo l'importanza di ciascuna regione (x, y) per predire la classe c

```
[2]: import torchvision.models as models
     from torchvision.models import ResNet18_Weights
     class ResNetCAM(nn.Module):
         def __init__(self):
             super().__init__()
             self.resnet = models.resnet18(pretrained = True)
             #Sto creando una pipeline con qli utlimi due layer della rete in questou
      ⇔caso adaptivepool + fc
             self.feature_map_last = nn.Sequential(*list(self.resnet.children())[:
      →-2])
             #Aggiungiamo il GAP
             self.pool = nn.AdaptiveAvgPool2d((1,1))
             self.fc = self.resnet.fc #Reinseriamo il FC preaddestrato
         def forward(self, x):
             feature_map_last = self.feature_map_last(x)
             pred = self.resnet(x)
             return pred, feature_map_last
```

```
cam = torch.matmul(weight, features)
         cam_img = cam.reshape(7,7).cpu()
         return pred, cam_img
     def visualize(img, cam, class_idx=None, class_name=None):
         cam = transforms.functional.resize(cam.unsqueeze(0), (224,224))[0]
         fig, axis = plt.subplots(1,2)
         axis[0].imshow(img, cmap='bone')
         axis[0].set_title("Immagine originale")
         axis[1].imshow(img, cmap='bone')
         axis[1].imshow(cam, alpha=0.7, cmap='jet')
         axis[1].set_title(f"CAM - Pred: {class_name or class_idx}")
[4]: import os
     model = ResNetCAM().cuda()
     model.eval()
     weights = ResNet18_Weights.DEFAULT
     class_names = weights.meta["categories"]
     for filename in os.listdir("CAMimages/"):
         img_path = os.path.join("CAMimages/", filename)
         img = preprocess_image(img_path).cuda()
         pred, activation_map = calculate_class_activation(model, img)
         pred_class_idx = pred.argmax().item()
         pred_class_name = class_names[pred_class_idx]
         visualize(img.squeeze(dim=0).permute(1,2,0).cpu(), activation_map,__
      ⇔class_idx=pred_class_idx, class_name=pred_class_name)
    /home/riccardo/.pyenv/versions/DLAvenv/lib/python3.12/site-
    packages/torchvision/models/_utils.py:208: UserWarning: The parameter
    'pretrained' is deprecated since 0.13 and may be removed in the future, please
    use 'weights' instead.
      warnings.warn(
    /home/riccardo/.pyenv/versions/DLAvenv/lib/python3.12/site-
    packages/torchvision/models/_utils.py:223: UserWarning: Arguments other than a
    weight enum or `None` for 'weights' are deprecated since 0.13 and may be removed
    in the future. The current behavior is equivalent to passing
    `weights=ResNet18_Weights.IMAGENET1K_V1`. You can also use
    `weights=ResNet18_Weights.DEFAULT` to get the most up-to-date weights.
      warnings.warn(msg)
    Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for
```

floats or [0..255] for integers). Got range [0.0..1.0000001].

Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers). Got range [0.0..1.0000001].

