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Interplanetary Transport Shuttle Interface

Ship status

Current Speed: 9808 M/S

Distance: 18946343/62100000000 Meters

Fuel: 100%

Information

Water Supplies: 1000000 Items

Food Supplies: 1000000 Items

Earth Time: Thu, 20 Apr 2017 12:30:47 GMT

Starlog

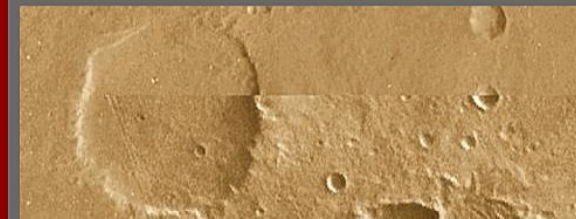
Name:

Date:

Message:

Latest Starlogs

Estimated landing zone



Ship status

Current Speed: 8877 M/S

Distance: 21266021/62100000000 Meters

Fuel: 100%

Information

Water Supplies: 1000000 Items

Food Supplies: 1000000 Items

Earth Time: Thu, 20 Apr 2017 12:31:11 GMT

Starlog

Name:

Name

Date:

DD-MM-YYYY

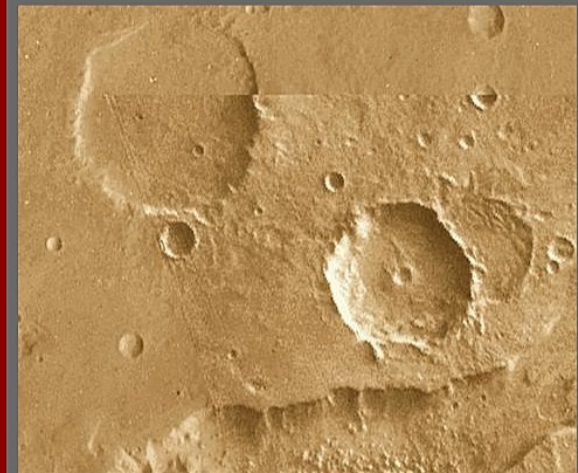
Message:

Message

Submit

Latest Starlogs

Estimated landing zone



Ship status

Current Speed: 9698 M/S

Distance: 23973293/6210000000 Meters

Fuel: 100%

Information

Water Supplies: 1000000 Items

Food Supplies: 1000000 Items

Earth Time: Thu, 20 Apr 2017 12:31:40 GMT

Starlog

Name:

Date:

Message:

Message

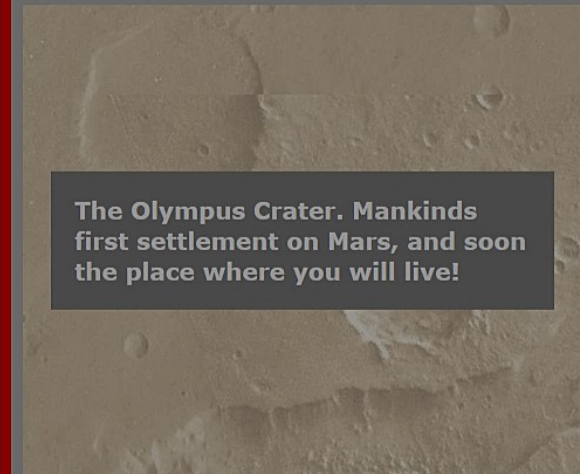
Latest Starlogs

asdas

13-10-1944

adasfafafa

Estimated landing zone



The Olympus Crater. Mankinds first settlement on Mars, and soon the place where you will live!

The background of the entire page is a high-resolution, sepia-toned image of the Martian surface. It shows a vast, desolate landscape with numerous impact craters of various sizes, some with distinct rims and shadows. The terrain is uneven, with ridges and valleys visible. The overall color is a warm, brownish-orange, typical of Mars imagery.

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12:35:05

The background of the entire page is a high-resolution image of the Mars surface, showing various craters, ridges, and a reddish-brown color palette.

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12:36:18

Possible landing sites

Astana

Bamako

Magadan

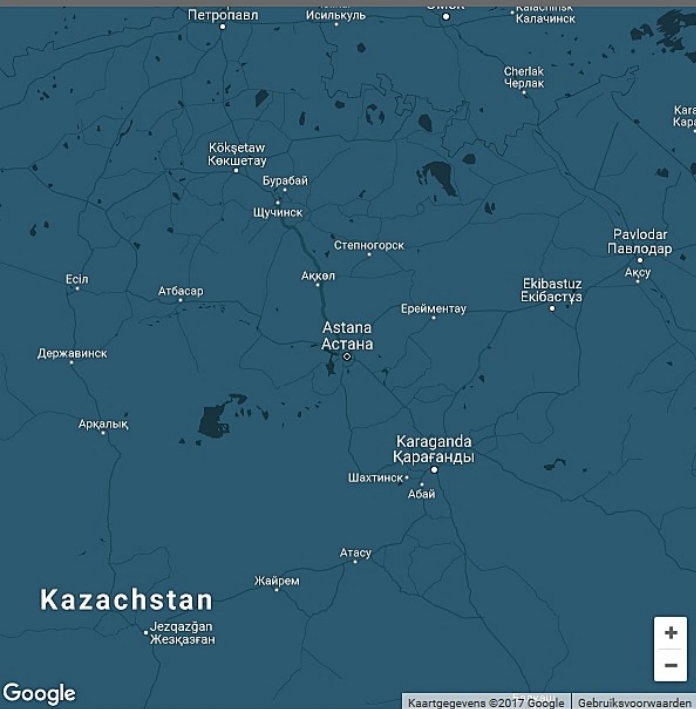
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Location Information



Placename: Astana

Country: Republic of Kazakhstan

Temperature: 19

Temperature minimum: 19 maximum: 19

Weather: clear sky

Fun fact: Astana is the second coldest capital city in the world after Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia.



Possible landing sites

Astana

Bamako

Magadan

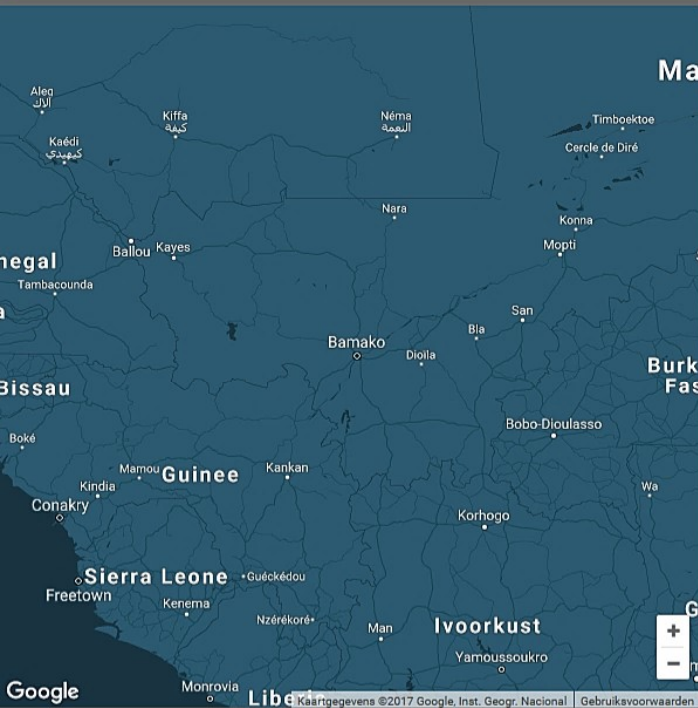
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Location Information



Placename: Bamako

Country: Republic of Mali

Temperature: 39

Temperature minimum: 39 maximum: 39

Weather: clear sky

Fun fact: Bamako was a leading center of Muslim learning under the Mali empire (c.11th–15th century) but by the 19th century had declined into a small village



Possible landing sites

Astana

Bamako

Magadan

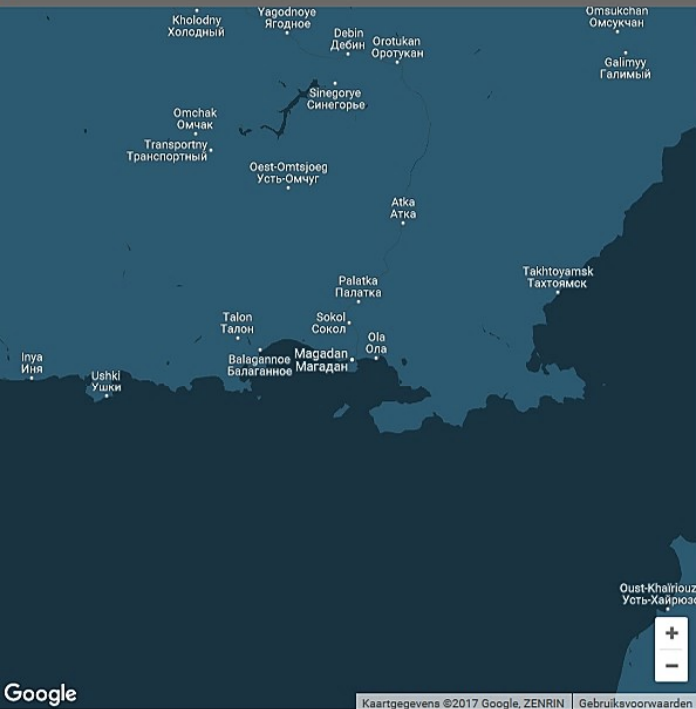
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Location Information



Placename: Magadan

Country: Russian Federation

Temperature: 2

Temperature minimum: 2 maximum: 2

Weather: clear sky

Fun fact: The nearest city, Yakutsk is 2,000 kms away.



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Disclaimer

Each week's assignments can be found using the menu on the right, this menu will persist for navigation through the assignments, but is not a part of the assignment.

ASSIGNMENT 1: WEEK 1, 2, 3

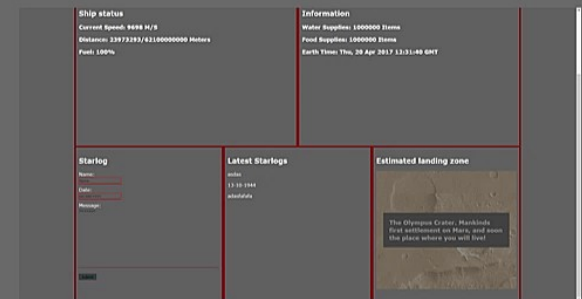
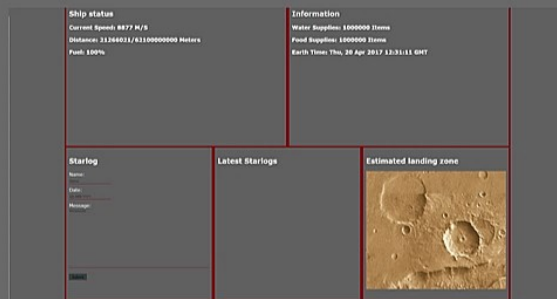
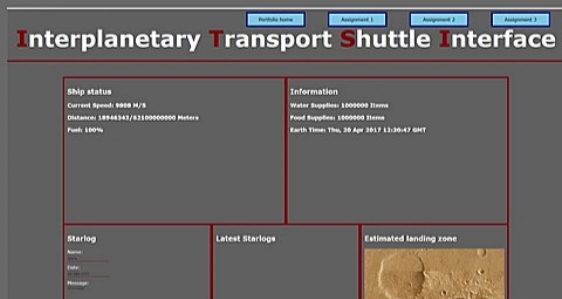
Recapitulation of the lectures

During the first three weeks I mostly had to fresh up my knowledge of JavaScript, seeing as I already knew it, but hadn't used it in over half a year. The first lecture as such consisted of paying attention to the syntax used to remember the correct way of programming in JavaScript, such as the var declarations, the way conditionals are written (which was pretty much the same as I remembered it) and set me up for further self-study. After week 1 had passed I had already started reading up on the topics for week 2 and 3. As such I went well prepared into week 2 and 3, where I typed along during the lecture and tried to add extra features to see how the page would respond. Due to this I deepened my understanding of the complex data types and DOM manipulation.

Description of assignment

The first assignment we had to make was an interface that a user could gather "real-time" information from. For this we had to access the DOM and manipulate it to do specific actions. For mine I decided to make a bound, pseudo-random number generator that makes a speedometer fluctuate up and down, but tries to balance it around the 10000 mark. I used this number to increment a distance travelled number. Secondly I created a form that the user could fill in. Once filled in, the next field will present the message typed by the user. Thirdly I implemented a simple UTC clock. Lastly I created an image that, once mouse over will present some text to the user, this is all done through JavaScript. I implemented the various elements from the lectures in the assignment through the various event listeners and conditionals that contain the rest of the elements.

Results



ASSIGNMENT 2: WEEK 4, 5

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Result



ASSIGNMENT 3: WEEK 6, 7

Recapitulation of the lectures

In the two final lectures we learned about other API's, their possibilities and how to use AJAX for certain API's that require it. This was completely new terrain for me, since I had no experience with these API's or AJAX. As such I paid close attention to the examples and kept copies of each and every one with comments to review later. As such I was able to work out the intricacies of the API's and how AJAX functions. In the end I understood how to make an AJAX request, how to process it and how to work with it. For the Google Maps API I quite often turned to the reference, seeing the complexity and possibilities that it provides.

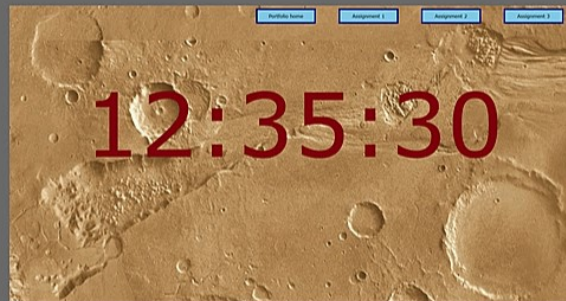
Description of assignment

For our final assignment we had to simulate a shuttle returning to earth and wanting ground information, for this I decided to present the user with 3 possible landing zones, each using a object to store all the information with. Using these three objects I populated them with data from the openweather API. Giving each all the information required. Next I generated the map and placed it on the currently active city. If the user select one of the other cities the page contents are updated with the new data without having to re-fetch the information. The map is then panned to the new cities location.

Results

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Results

