NARMS_Analysis

July 24, 2018

- 1 Is Antimicrobial Resistance Increasing?
- 2 Data Science Prep Course: Capstone Data Analysis Report
- 3 Github: https://github.com/richardgorham1/ds-prep-capstone.git

3.1 Summary

The World Health Organization has found increase in antimicrobial resistance in every region of the world. Antimicrobial resistance contributes to 23,000 deaths per year in the US and 25,000 deaths per year in the EU. High proportion of resistance is found in all world regions. Over use of antimicrobial drugs have led to the proliferation of resistant bacteria. The National Antimicrobial Resistance Monitoring System has been tracking the incidences of antimicrobial resistance since the mid 1990's. Analysis of the enteric bacteria dataset seems to show that the incidence of resistance is increasing starting from 2010. The data does not address the prevalence of resistance in the ecosystems, as specimens were only collected once a disease was observed. The database includes some information on the plasmid markers that express resistance, these sequences along with others known can be aligned to sequences in the American Gut Biome database to develop an understanding of the potential prevalence of resistance. In this chart the proportion of enteric bacteria resistant to one or more antimicrobials is plotted against the year isolated. On average, about 8% of enteric bacteria are resistance to some antimicrobial. Though the last three years there is indication that resistance is increasing, a short trend increasing and the last point is greater that 3 standard deviations from the mean. World Health Organization. Antimicrobial resistance: global report on surveillance. World Health Organization 2014

3.2 Introduction

Data Set: National Antimicrobial Resistance Monitoring System for Enteric Bacteria (NARMS) https://wwwn.cdc.gov/narmsnow/ű
Data set size - 54352 columns, 106 rows

3.2.1 Microbial Resistance

Antimicrobial resistance is thought to occur due to selection pressure from the wide spread use of antibiotics. Three steps detail selected pressure. First, an infection is observed. Second the infection is treated by an antibiotic. Third, some very small fraction of organisms, exposed to the antibiotic, are not inactivated but rather develop a resistant response or an ability to tolerate the

substance. Also, agricultural practices create analogous selection pressures. First, bacterial infections are a concern to agriculturalists. Second, antibiotics are given to animals as prophylactics. Third, some (very small fraction of) organisms develop a resistant response. Not only can the now resistant organisms increase in number with respect to the general population, they can also pass along the characteristic. Resistance is generally encoded in a genetic structure, separate from the chromosomal DNA, called a plasmid. Plasmids are replicated through binary fission and they can be transferred between bacteria of the same or of different species. Beceiro *et. al.* (2013) propose that the mechanisms for virulence are closely tied to antimicrobial resistance. Given these conditions, an increase in antimicrobial resistance is expected. Beceiro, A., Tomás, M., & Bou, G. (2013). Antimicrobial Resistance and Virulence: a Successful or Deleterious Association in the Bacterial World? Clinical Microbiology Reviews, 26(2), 185–230. http://doi.org/10.1128/CMR.00059-12

3.2.2 National Antimicrobial Resistance Monitoring System

The National Antimicrobial Resistance Monitoring System is a collaborative program of the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA), the Centers for Disease Control (CDC), US Department of Agriculture (USDA), and state and local public health departments. The program monitors the incidences of antimicrobial resistance in communicable and non-communicable pathogens from all transmission routes. The dataset in this study is specifically four genera of enteric bacteria most commonly transmitted through food.

3.2.3 Potential Issues with the Dataset

Note 1

Data from 1996 through 2002 may not be representative of nationwide trends. Data collected began in 1996 and continues through the present. From 1996 through 2002, only 14 states participated, in 2003 the program was expanded nationwide. ##### Note 2 Data may suffer from selection bias. Data is collected based on incidences of foodborne illness outbreaks large enough to illicit a public health investigation. This data may overestimate the rate of antimicrobial resistance. ##### Note 3 The number of specimens collected and the population of the US both increased during the monitoring period. Any increase in antimicrobial resistance could be due in whole or in part to these trends, rather than an increase in prevalence.

3.2.4 A Note on isolates

Campylobacter, Escherichia, Salmonella, and Shigella are the monitored bacteria. Each is a gramnegative, facultative anaerobe that cause intestinal disease in humans and animals. Each is transmitted through fecal-oral contact, or by eating or drinking contaminated food or water. Species and serotypes have varying degrees of virulence, are generally non-fatal, though more threatening to young children, older adults, or immunocompromised individuals.

3.3 Methods

3.3.1 Functions and Modules

```
In [1]: #custom functions used
    import data as d
    import US_Population_1996_2015 as usp
    import set_1
```

```
import regression_4_by_4 as rch
import resistance_level as rl
import regression_and_p_chart as rp
import residual_analysis as ra
import least_squares as ls
import pred_interval_95 as pred

#standard modules
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import scipy.stats as stats
%matplotlib inline
```

3.3.2 Base data

```
In [2]: df = d.data('IsolateData.csv')
    pop = usp.US_Population_1996_2015('US_Population.csv')
```

The data frame contains 54352 rows and 106 columns. The data types of the 106 columns are 74 as "object", 31 as "float64", and one as "int64". The columns list isolate taxonomy, date, geography, age group of the patient, and resistance information. The specimen ID is the ID of the individual isolate, Genus, Species, and Serotype are bacterial taxonomy descriptors. Data Year is the year of the specimen collection. Region Name is the Health and Human Services Department region number. Age Group is the age interval of the patient. Specimen Source is the substrate from which the isolate was collected. Resistance Pattern and Residence Determinants are genomic resistance patterns found if the isolate was sequenced. NCBI Accession Number and WGS ID are points to the whole genetic sequence, if sequenced. And 31 antibiotics are listed with equivalence (Equiv) results (Rslt), minimum inhibitory concentration, and a susceptibility conclusion (Concl).

3.4 Analysis

3.4.1 General Trends

US Population The US population increased by about 52 million people during the period covering the data. An increase in enteric bacteria could be due to the increase in population.

The chart shows a positive relationship between population and year. It is possible that an observed increase in the incidence of enteric bacteria could be due in part to the increase in population; as the opportunities for infection increase (population) the observations increase. Subsequent analysis is performed both raw and scaled to population.

```
In [3]: x = pop['Year']
    y = pop['Value']

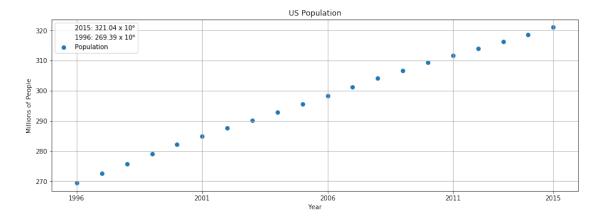
#Plot charts

plt.figure(figsize = (15, 5))
    plt.scatter(x, y, label = 'Population')

plt.grid()
```

```
plt.xlim((1995, 2016))
plt.xticks([1996, 2001, 2006, 2011, 2015])
plt.title('US Population')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Millions of People')
plt.plot([], [],' ', label = '2015: ' + y[19].astype(str) + u' x 10\u2076')
plt.plot([], [],' ', label = '1996: ' + y[0].astype(str) + u' x 10\u2076')
plt.legend(loc = 2)
plt.plot()
```

Out[3]: []



An early idea for an analysis technique involves subtracting the linear fitted equation for population from the like equations for enteric bacteria. But analysis of the linear model for population showed that the model was not a valid fit (*cf.* section 6.1) and that idea was abandoned for simple scaling.

Isolated Enteric Bacteria by Year The number of incidences of enteric bacteria are increasing by 142 cases per year (0.4 cases per million people).

The incidences of enteric bacteria are increasing for both raw numbers and when scaled to population. The database does not include negative observations, so no conclusions on prevalence are drawn.

The increase in incidence appears to be free from the increase in population. But it still does not indicate increased risk. For example, the increase could be due to better monitoring systems, better publicity among clinicians, or an increase in resources.

A linear regression was performed in each case. On both charts, the blue dots are the plotted data, the blue dashed line is the fitted data, the light blue area is the confidence interval for the line, and the red dashed lines are the prediction intervals for the data.

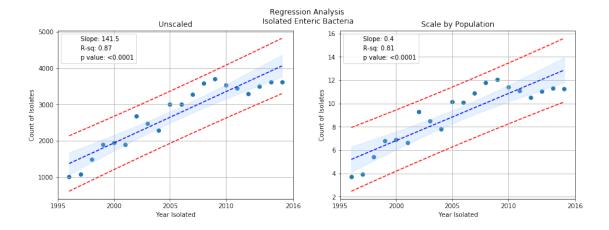


Table 4.1.2-a	Set	Slope	Intercept	R^2	p
	Raw Scaled		-281056.13 -799.04		

Table 4.1.2-b	Set	Input	95% Lower PI	Prediction	95% Lower PI
		2025 2025		5477 17	6370 20

There is good evidence that a linear model fits the data, cf. sections 6.2 and 6.3.

Isolated Genera by Year Each of the four bacterial genera are increasing by year over the period covered by the data.

Each of the four genera of enteric bacteria isolated in the monitoring program are increasing. *Salmonella* has the largest number of incidences and is increasing at around 64 cases per year. *Campylobacter* has somewhat less number of incidences and increases about the same rate, around 69 cases per year. *Shigella* and *Escherichia* have fewer incidences and lesser rates, around 0.4 and 14 respectively.

A linear regression was performed in each case. On all charts, the blue dots are the plotted data, the blue dashed line is the fitted data, the light blue area is the confidence interval for the line, and the red dashed lines are the prediction intervals for the data.

Regression Analysis Isolated Enteric Bacteria

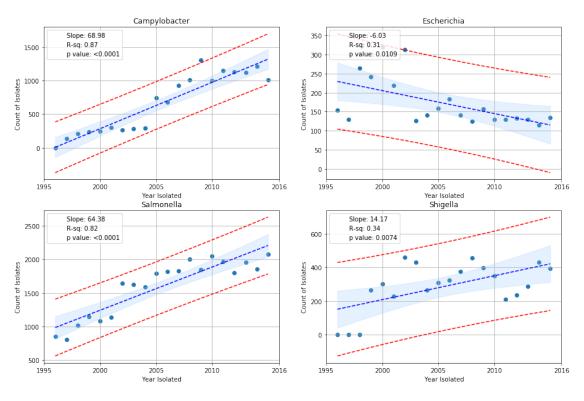


Table 4.1.3-a	Set	Intercept	Slope	R^2	р
	Campylobacter	-137682.27	68.98	0.87	< 0.0001
	Escherichia	12267.07	-6.03	0.31	0.0109

Table 4.1.3-a	Set	Intercept	Slope	R^2	p
	Salmonella Shigella	-127514.02 -28126.91			

Table 4.1.3-b	Set	Input	95% Lower PI	Prediction	95% Lower PI
	Campylobacter	2025	1566	2008	2449
	Escherichia	2025	0	55	201
	Salmonella	2025	2356	2852	3347
	Shignella	2025	239	563	887

There is good evidence that a linear model fits the data, *cf.* sections 6.4 through 6.7.

Isolated Genera by Year per Million People Each of the four bacterial genera are increasing by year over the period covered by the data.

Each of the four genera of enteric bacteria isolated in the monitoring program are increasing. *Salmonella* has the largest number of incidences and is increasing at around 64 cases per year. *Campylobacter* has somewhat less number of incidences and increases about the same rate, around 69 cases per year. *Shigella* and *Escherichia* have fewer incidences and lesser rates, around 0.4 and 14 respectively.

A linear regression was performed in each case. On all charts, the blue dots are the plotted data, the blue dashed line is the fitted data, the light blue area is the confidence interval for the line, and the red dashed lines are the prediction intervals for the data.

The data were modeled by ordinary least squares. The fitted line, confidence intervals, and prediction intervals were calculated from the models.

Regression Analysis Isolated Enteric Bacteria Scaled to Population

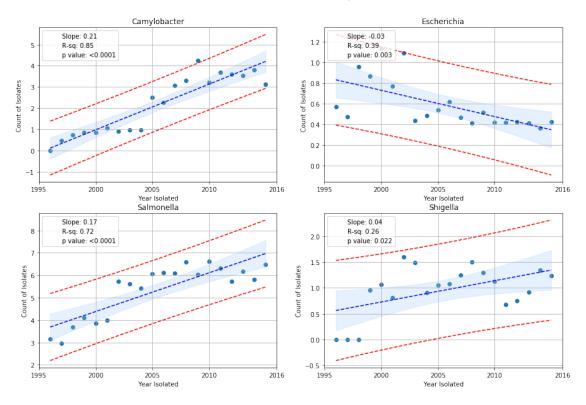


Table 4.1.4-a	Set	Intercept	Slope	R^2	p
	Campylobacter	-427.75	0.21	0.85	< 0.0001
	Escherichia	51.82	-0.03	0.39	0.003
	Salmonella	-341.26	0.17	0.72	< 0.0001
	Shigella	-81.85	0.04	0.26	0.022

Table 5.1.2-b	Set	Input	95% Lower PI	Prediction	95% Lower PI
	Campylobacter	2025	5	6	8
	Escherichia	2025	0	0	1
	Salmonella	2025	7	9	10
	Shignella	2025	1	2	3

There is good evidence that a linear model fits the data, *cf.* sections 7.1.2 and 7.1.3.

Note: Scaling the data by US population does not change the trend or any conclusion from analysis. Data will not be scaled by population in the remaining analysis.

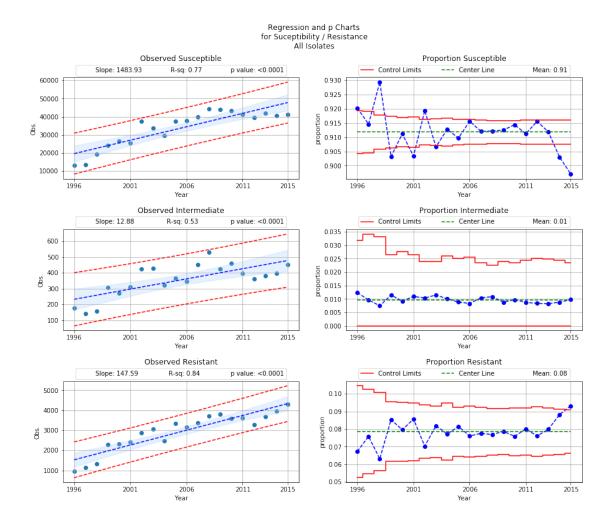
3.4.2 Trends in Resistance

All Isolates by Year The overall trend is increasings isolates and an increase in resistant bacteria over the last few years.

Isolates may be tested against some or all of the 31 antibiotics in the study.

Two chart types are shown below. The charts in the left column are scatter plots with regression analysis. The blue markers are the data points, the blue dashed line is the regression, the blue shaded area is the 95% confidence interval for the line, and the red dashed line is the 95% prediction interval for the data. The charts in the right column are proportion run charts. The blue markers and dashed line is the data and the red lines are the upper and lower control limit. The data is calculated by dividing the value of the resistance category by the total of all categories. On all charts, the x axis is year the specimen was assayed.

Susceptible indicates that the isolate was susceptible to a particular antimicrobial. Intermediates means that the isolate was moderately resistant, and resistant means that the isolate was completely resistant to a particular antimicrobial.



The last three years of the data set show an increasing proportion resistant bacteria and a corresponding decrease in susceptible bacteria.

Campylobacter Campylobacter has not shown an increase in resistance.

About 13% of the isolates were consistently resistant during the monitoring period. No intermediate resistant isolates were found.

```
subtitle_5 = 'Proportion Resistant',
                                                 xlabels_r = 'Year', xlabels_p = 'Year',
                                                 xmin = 1995, xmax = 2016,
                                                 xticks = (1996, 2001, 2006, 2011, 2015))
                                                          Regression and p Charts
for Suceptibility / Resistance
                                                                 Campylobacter
                            Observed Susceptible
                                                                                                   Proportion Susceptible
                 Slope: 551.74
                                   R-sq: 0.86
                                                                                        Control Limits
                                                                                                         --- Center Line
                                                                                                                                Mean: 0.87
                                                                             1.0
  12500
  10000
                                                                            0.8
   7500
                                                                          .
달 0.6
Obs
   5000
                                                                            0.4
   2500
  -2500
                                                                             0.0
                        2001
                                      2006
                                                    2011
                                                                                 1996
                           Observed Intermediate
                                                                                                   Proportion Intermediate
                Slope: 0.0
                                  R-sq: 0.0
                                                   p value: <0.0001

    Control Limits

                                                                                                         --- Center Line
                                                                                                                                Mean: 0.0
                                                                             1.0
                                                                            0.8
                                                                            0.6
Obs.
   0.00
                                                                            0.4
   -0.01
                                                                            0.0
   -0.02
         1996
                        2001
                                                    2011
                                                                                 1996
                                                                                               2001
                                                                                                                            2011
                                                                                                                                       2015
                                      2006
                                                                                                             2006
                             Observed Resistant
                                                                                                    Proportion Resistant
                 Slope: 86.1
                                  R-sa: 0.88
                                                   p value: < 0.0001
                                                                                        Control Limits
                                                                                                          -- Center Line
                                                                                                                               Mean: 0.13
                                                                             1.0
   2000
                                                                            0.8
   1500
    1000
                                                                            0.6
                                                                          JodoJd
0.4
                                                                            0.0
   -500
                                                                                               2001
                                                                                                                                       2015
                                      2006
                                                                                                             2006
```

subtitle_4 = 'Observed Resistant',

Escherichia Escherichia may be showing an increase in resistance.

Escherichia may be increasing in resistance. The proportion of susceptible bacteria has decreased in the last few years of the period covered by the data, especially in 2015, the last year. Resistant bacteria have shown a corresponding increase.

```
In [10]: set_2_Es = rl.resistance_level(df, pop).get('set_2_Es')
    x = set_2_Es['Data Year']
    y1 = set_2_Es['sum_S']
    y2 = set_2_Es['sum_I']
    y3 = set_2_Es['sum_R']
```

```
rp.regression_and_p_chart(x, y1, y2, y3, suptitle = 'Escherichia',
                                         subtitle_0 = 'Observed Susceptible',
                                         subtitle_1 = 'Proportion Susceptible',
                                         subtitle_2 = 'Observed Intermediate',
                                         subtitle_3 = 'Proportion Intermediate',
                                         subtitle_4 = 'Observed Resistant',
                                         subtitle_5 = 'Proportion Resistant',
                                         xlabels_r = 'Year', xlabels_p = 'Year',
                                         xmin = 1995, xmax = 2016,
                                         xticks = (1996, 2001, 2006, 2011, 2015))
                                                Regression and p Charts
                                               for Suceptibility / Resistance
                                                     Escherichia
                      Observed Susceptible
                                                                                Proportion Susceptible
            Slope: -97.57
                            R-sq: 0.3
                                          p value: 0.0116
                                                                       Control Limits
                                                                                       Center Line
                                                                                                       Mean: 0.98
                                                             0.99
  5000
                                                             0.98
  4000
  3000
                                                             0.97
Obs.
  2000
                                                             0.96
 1000
                                                             0.95
      1996
                  2001
                                         2011
                                                   2015
                                                                 1996
                                                                             2001
                                                                                         2006
                                                                                                    2011
                              2006
                     Observed Intermediate
                                                                                Proportion Intermediate
            Slope: -0.98
                                          p value: 0.0029
                                                                      Control Limits
                                                                                                        Mean: 0.0
                            R-sa: 0.4
                                                                                     —— Center Line
                                                             0.14
   40
                                                             0.12
                                                             0.10
                                                             0.08
Obs
   10
                                                             0.06
                                                             0.04
                                                             0.02
  -10
                                                             0.00
      1996
                  2001
                              2006
                                         2011
                                                   2015
                                                                 1996
                                                                             2001
                                                                                        2006
                                                                                                    2011
                                                                                                             2015
                                                                                        Year
                      Observed Resistant
                                                                                 Proportion Resistant
            Slope: 0.63
                           R-sq: 0.04
                                          p value: 0.4029
                                                                       Control Limits
                                                                                                       Mean: 0.02
                                                             0.08
   60
                                                             0.06
 g 40
                                                           0.04
   20
                                                             0.02
    0
                                                             0.00
      1996
                  2001
                              2006
                                          2011
                                                   2015
                                                                 1996
                                                                             2001
                                                                                         2006
                                                                                                    2011
                                                                                        Year
```

Salmonella Resistant Salmonella may be increasing.

In the last four years of the period covering the data, susceptible bacteria decrease and resistant bacteria have a corresponding increase.

```
y1 = set_2_Sa['sum_S']
      y2 = set_2_Sa['sum_I']
      y3 = set_2_Sa['sum_R']
      rp.regression_and_p_chart(x, y1, y2, y3, suptitle = 'Salmonella',
                                         subtitle_0 = 'Observed Susceptible',
                                         subtitle_1 = 'Proportion Susceptible',
                                         subtitle_2 = 'Observed Intermediate',
                                         subtitle_3 = 'Proportion Intermediate',
                                         subtitle_4 = 'Observed Resistant',
                                         subtitle_5 = 'Proportion Resistant',
                                         xlabels_r = 'Year', xlabels_p = 'Year',
                                         xmin = 1995, xmax = 2016,
                                         xticks = (1996, 2001, 2006, 2011, 2015))
                                               Regression and p Charts
for Suceptibility / Resistance
                      Observed Susceptible
                                                                                 Proportion Susceptible
                                         p value: <0.0001
             Slope: 871.24
                            R-sq: 0.74
                                                                        Control Limits
                                                                                      -- Center Line
                                                                                                        Mean: 0.93
                                                            0.945
  35000
                                                            0.940
  30000
                                                            0.935
  25000
                                                            0.930
Obs
  20000
                                                            0.925
  15000
                                                            0.920
  10000
                                                            0.915
       1996
                   2001
                              2006
                                          2011
                                                                  1996
                                                                             2001
                      Observed Intermediate
                                                                                Proportion Intermediate
             Slope: 14.52
                            R-sq: 0.85
                                         p value: <0.0001

    Control Limits

                                                                                      -- Center Line
                                                                                                        Mean: 0.01
   500
                                                             0.03
                                                             0.02
 Obs.
   200
                                                             0.01
   100
                                                             0.00
       1996
                   2001
                              2006
                                          2011
                                                   2015
                                                                  1996
                                                                             2001
                                                                                         2006
                                                                                                     2011
                                                                                                              2015
                       Observed Resistant
                                                                                  Proportion Resistant
             Slope: 25.99
                            R-sq: 0.38
                                         p value: <0.0001
                                                                        Control Limits
                                                                                       - Center Line
                                                                                                        Mean: 0.06
  2000
                                                             0.08
  1800
                                                             0.07
  1600
s 1400
                                                             0.06
  1200
  1000
   800
   600
       1996
                   2001
                              2006
                                          2011
                                                   2015
                                                                  1996
                                                                             2001
                                                                                         2006
                                                                                                     2011
                                                                                                              2015
                              Year
                                                                                        Year
```

Shigella There have been little change in resistance for *Shigella*. Over the period covering the data, resistance of *Shigella* has remained constant.

```
In [12]: set_2_Sh = rl.resistance_level(df, pop).get('set_2_Sh')
            x = set_2_Sh['Data Year']
            y1 = set_2_Sh['sum_S']
            y2 = set_2_Sh['sum_I']
            y3 = set_2_Sh['sum_R']
            rp.regression_and_p_chart(x, y1, y2, y3, suptitle = 'Salmonella',
                                             subtitle_0 = 'Observed Susceptible',
                                             subtitle_1 = 'Proportion Susceptible',
                                             subtitle_2 = 'Observed Intermediate',
                                             subtitle_3 = 'Proportion Intermediate',
                                             subtitle_4 = 'Observed Resistant',
                                             subtitle_5 = 'Proportion Resistant',
                                             xlabels_r = 'Year', xlabels_p = 'Year',
                                             xmin = 1995, xmax = 2016,
                                             xticks = (1996, 2001, 2006, 2011, 2015))
                                                    Regression and p Charts
                                                  for Suceptibility / Resistance
Salmonella
                           Observed Susceptible
                                                                                 Proportion Susceptible
                                              p value: 0.018
                   Slope: 158.52
                                                                                      --- Center Line
                                                                1.0
                                                                0.8
         6000
                                                              .
년 0.6
         4000
      Obs.
                                                                0.4
         2000
                                                                0.2
                                                                0.0
        -2000
             1996
                        2001
                                                                   1996
                                  Year
                                                                                 Proportion Intermediate
                           Observed Intermediate
                   Slope: -0.66
                                 R-sq: 0.0
                                              p value: 0.7945

    Control Limits

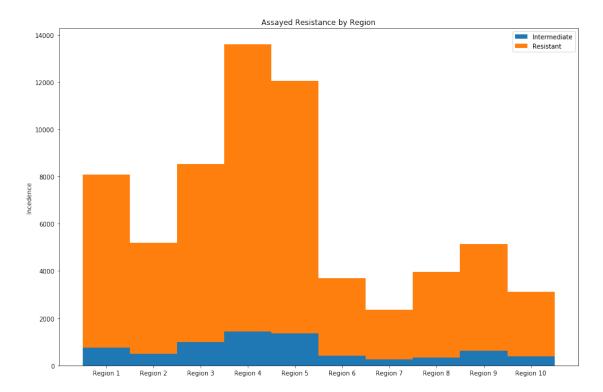
                                                                                     --- Center Line
                                                                                                      Mean: 0.02
          250
                                                                1.0
                                                                0.8
          150
       S 100
                                                                0.4
          50
                                                                0.2
          -50
                                                                0.0
             1996
                        2001
                                   2006
                                              2011
                                                                   1996
                                                                                         2006
                                  Year
                                                                                        Year
                                                                                  Proportion Resistant
                            Observed Resistant
                                              p value: 0.0087
                   Slope: 34.87
                                                                     — Control Limits
                                                                1.0
         1500
                                                                0.8
         1000
                                                              .
.
.
.
.
.
.
.
.
.
.
.
.
.
.
.
.
       Obs
                                                               0.4
                                                                0.2
           0
                                                                0.0
                                                                              2001
                                  Year
                                                                                        Year
```

3.4.3 Comparisons of Categories

Resistant and intermediate resistant bacteria were compared to the region where isolated, patient age group, and culture source. Significant difference were found between the categories.

Resistance by Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) Regions There are significant difference in the incidences of resistant and intermediate resistant bacteria for HHS regions.

Regions 4 and 5 (Mid-West and South) had the greatest incidences and regions 7 and 10 (The Plains states and Pacific Northwest including Alaska) had the least incidences.

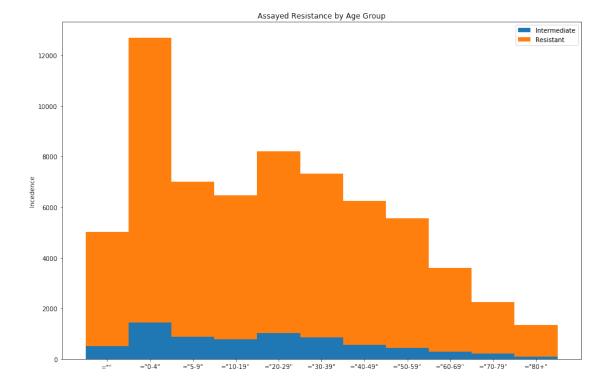


```
In [14]: stats.chisquare(series_2_All_region['sum_I'])
Out[14]: Power_divergenceResult(statistic=2303.0225352112675, pvalue=0.0)
In [15]: stats.chisquare(series_2_All_region['sum_R'])
Out[15]: Power_divergenceResult(statistic=18184.93986424259, pvalue=0.0)
```

Resistance by Age Group There are significant difference in the incidences of resistant and intermediate resistant bacteria for patient age group.

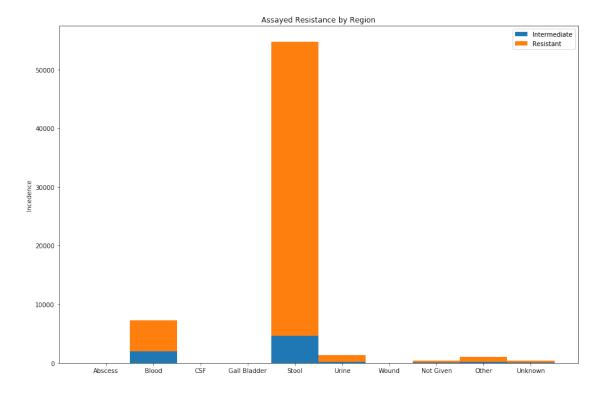
Patients of 0 to 4 years have the greatest incidences and patients 80 years or greater had the least.

```
In [16]: series_2_All_age = rl.resistance_level(df, pop).get('series_2_All_age')
         plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
                           # the width of the bars: can also be len(x) sequence
         width = 1.0
         N = len(series_2_All_age)
         ind = np.arange(N)
         p3 = plt.bar(ind, series_2_All_age['sum_I'], width)
         p4 = plt.bar(ind, series_2_All_age['sum_R'], width, \
                      bottom = series_2_All_age['sum_I'])
         plt.ylabel('Incedence')
         plt.title('Assayed Resistance by Age Group')
         plt.xticks(ind, ('=""', '="0-4"', '="5-9"', '="10-19"', '="20-29"',\
                          '="30-39"', '="40-49"', '="50-59"', '="60-69"', \
                          '="70-79"', '="80+"'))
         plt.legend(( p3[0], p4[0]), ('Intermediate', 'Resistant'))
         plt.show()
```



```
In [17]: stats.chisquare(series_2_All_age['sum_I'])
Out[17]: Power_divergenceResult(statistic=2465.587605633803, pvalue=0.0)
In [18]: stats.chisquare(series_2_All_age['sum_R'])
Out[18]: Power_divergenceResult(statistic=13664.087764778116, pvalue=0.0)
```

Resistance by Isolate Source The majority of resistant bacteria were collected from stool. As might be expected for enteric bacteria, the majority of isolates were collected from stool.



```
In [20]: stats.chisquare(series_2_All_source['sum_I'])
Out[20]: Power_divergenceResult(statistic=29290.832955832393, pvalue=0.0)
In [21]: stats.chisquare(series_2_All_source['sum_R'])
Out[21]: Power_divergenceResult(statistic=376846.84418484796, pvalue=0.0)
```

3.5 Discussion

The World Health Organization has found increase in antimicrobial resistance in every region of the world. Antimicrobial resistance contributes to 23,000 deaths per year in the US and 25,000 deaths per year in the EU. High proportion of resistance is found in all world regions. Overuse of antimicrobial drugs have led to the proliferation of resistant bacteria. The National Antimicrobial Resistance Monitoring System (NARMS) is a collaborative program of the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA), the Centers for Disease Control (CDC), US Department of Agriculture (USDA), and state and local public health departments. The program monitors the incidences of antimicrobial resistance in communicable and non-communicable bacteria from all transmission routes. The CDC has been tracking the incidences of enteric antimicrobial resistance since the mid 1990's. The NARMS Enteric Bacteria database of the CDC was analyzed to determine if incidences of antimicrobial resistance are increasing in enteric bacteria and if any regional of demographic patterns emerge. The data frame contains 54352 rows and 106 columns of specimens isolated from 1996 to 2015. The data includes specimen ID, bacterial ID information, region of US where the specimen was collected, the sample substrate, some genetic data, and resistance measures for 31 antimicrobial compounds. The data does not address the prevalence of resistance in the ecosystems, as specimens were only collected once a disease was observed. There are a few issues with the database that could affect conclusions. The monitoring program was initially rolled out to 14 states (1996 to 2002), though at least one state was included from each or 10 predefined regions. In 2003 the program was expanded nationwide. The process for collecting specimens started with an observation of enteric disease, no negative results, results that did not isolate bacteria were included in the data.

3.6 Appendix

Residuals from linear regression were tested for normality and random distribution by order and fit.

3.6.1 Residual Analysis of US Population

US Population does not fit a linear model.

The residuals do not likely fit a normal distribution. There is observable curvature in the Q-Q plot. The Anderson Darling test returns a p value less than 0.05. Finally, there is a significant pattern in residuals by order and residuals by fit.

```
d = 'norm'
       response = 'US Population'
       ra.residual_analysis(x, y, d, response)
       plt.savefig('chart2.png')
                                                            Residual Analysis
                                                         Response is US Population
                        Histogram of Residuals
                                                                                                       Q-Q Plot
  0.8
        -- Normal
                                                                                   Normal Fit
           Residuals
                                                                                   Residual Fit
  0.7
                                                                                   R-Sq: 0.88
                                                                                   AD p-value: 0.0068
  0.6
                                                                                   KS p-value: 0.2771
                                                                       Observed Residuals
  0.5
Density
0.4
  0.3
  0.2
  0.1
                                                                          -2
                            0
Standard Normal
                                                                                                  -0.5 0.0 0.5
Theoretical Residuals
                           Residual v Order
                                                                                                    Residual v Fit
  1.0
                                                                          1.0
  0.5
                                                                          0.5
  0.0
                                                                          0.0
 -0.5
 -1.0
                                                                        -1.0
                                                                         -2.0
                                   2006
                                                                             270
                     2001
                                                 2011
                                                            2015
                                                                                        280
                                                                                                                        310
      1996
```

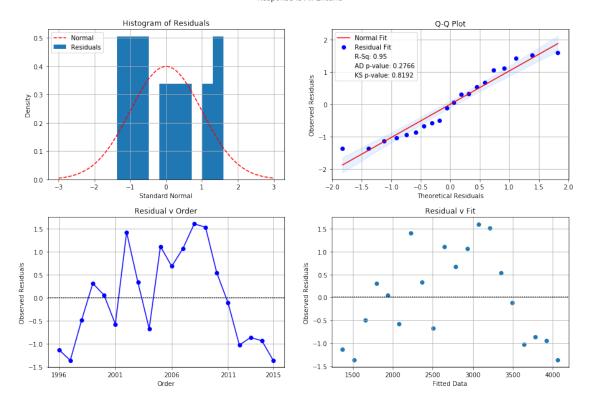
<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

3.6.2 Residual Analysis - All Enteric Bacteria

All enteric bacteria meets the assumptions of linear regression.

Though there is some curvature in the residuals, there are more residuals around 1 and +1 standard deviations than near the center, the Anderson Darling test and Kolmogorov–Smirnov test have p values greater than 0.05. Residuals against order and fit show no discernible pattern.

Residual Analysis



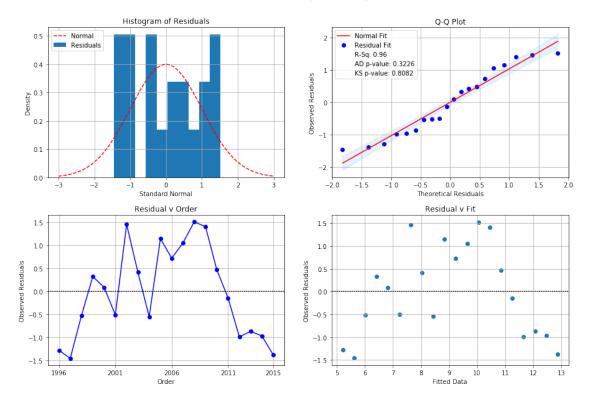
3.6.3 All Enteric by Million People

All enteric bacteria by million people meets the assumptions of linear regression.

Again there is a bit of curvature in the residuals, the Anderson Darling test and Kolmogorov–Smirnov test have p values greater than 0.05. Residuals against order and fit show no discernible pattern.

As with the regression the residuals of the raw data look similar to the residuals of the scaled data. The number of enteric bacteria is not likely determined by US population.

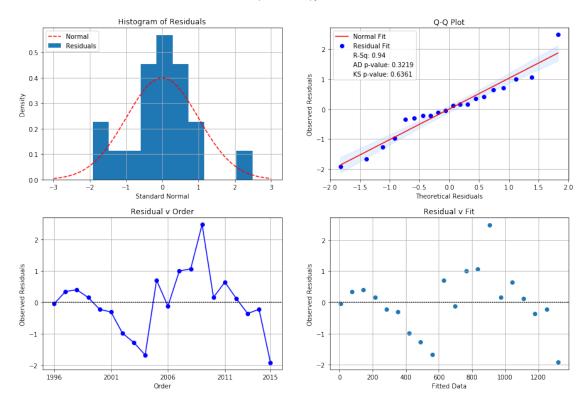
Residual Analysis Response is All Enteric per Million People



3.6.4 Campylobacter

Campylobacter meets the assumptions of linear regression. The residuals are normal and well dispersed.

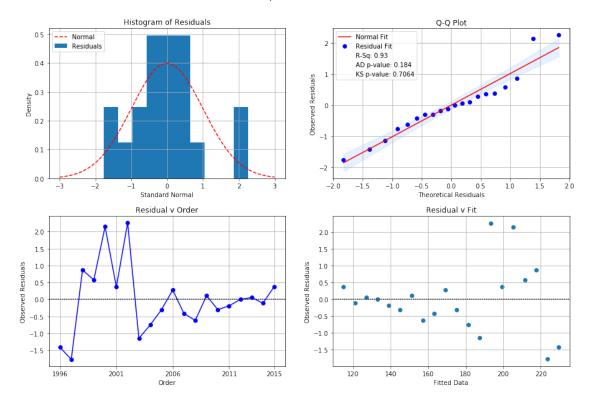
Residual Analysis Response is Campylobacter



3.6.5 Escherichia

Escherichia meets the assumptions of linear regression. The residuals are normal and well dispersed.

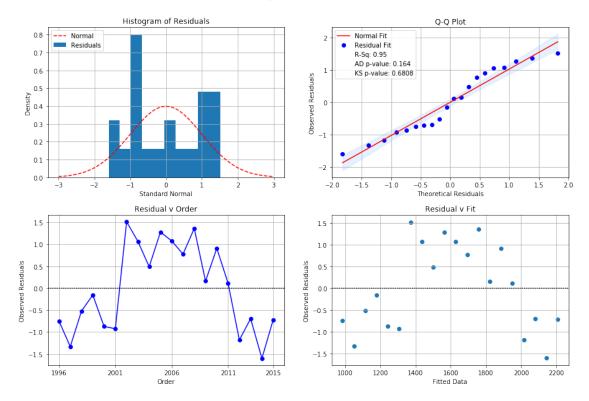
Residual Analysis Response is Escherichia



3.6.6 Salmonella

Salmonella meets the assumptions of linear regression. The residuals are normal and well dispersed.

Residual Analysis Response is Salmonella



3.6.7 Shigella

Shigella meets the assumptions of linear regression. The residuals are normal and well dispersed.

```
In [28]: x = set_1['Data Year']
    y = set_1['Shigella']
    d = 'norm'
    response = 'Shigella'

ra.residual_analysis(x, y, d, response)
```

Residual Analysis Response is Shigella

