HTML/CSS coding standards

Following are the guideline which we have to take in our code:

- All elements should be closed via a tag pair or self closing declaration.
- Use 4 spaces for indenting.
- Place block, list and table elements on a new line and indent the new line 4 additional spaces.
- Remove all trailing whitespace.
- Use only lowercase.

For example

Right:

```
<!-- Recommended -->
<img src="google.png" alt="Google">
```

Wrong:

```
<!-- Not recommended -->
<A HREF="/">Home</A>
```

- Use double quotes around attribute values.
- Boolean attributes should not have a value.
- Attribute Order

For example



```
class
```

- id , name
- data-*
- src , for , type , href
- title , alt
- aria-*, role

```
<a class="..." id="..." data-modal="toggle" href="#">
Example link
</a>
<input class="form-control" type="text">
<img src="..." alt="...">
```

- Use standard HTML comments to indicate the beginning and end of large sections of code.
- Use the HTML5 doctype.

For Example

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Title of the document</title>
<meta charset="utf-8">
<link rel="icon" href="/favicon.ico" type="image/x-icon">
</head>

<body>
The content of the document......
</body>
```



```
</html>
```

- Use the Favicon :link rel="icon" href="/favicon.ico" type="image/x-icon">
- Use the embedded resources where possible.

For example

Right:

```
<!-- Recommended -->
<script

src="//ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.1.0/jquery.min.js"></script>
```

Wrong:

CSS:



Following are the guideline which we have to take in our code:

http://dev.credencys.com/html-standerds/css/style.css

- Set tabs, not spaces, to indent each property.
- Add two blank lines between sections and one blank line between blocks in a section.
- Each selector should be on its own line, ending in either a comma or an opening curly brace.
- Always end in a semicolon
- Font weights should be defined using numeric values (e.g. 400 instead of normal, 700 rather than bold).
- Try to use a short form of the hexadecimal value, for example, with #fff instead of #ffffff
- 0 units to the specified value to avoid, for example, with a margin: 0; instead of margin: 0px; .

Bad CSS:

```
.selector, .selector-secondary, .selector[type=text] {
  padding:15px;
  margin:0px 0px 15px;
  background-color:rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);
  box-shadow:0px 1px 2px #CCC,inset 0 1px 0 #FFFFFF
}
```

Good CSS:

```
.selector,
.selector-secondary,
.selector[type="text"] {
  padding: 15px;
  margin-bottom: 15px;
  background-color: rgba(0,0,0,.5);
```



```
box-shadow: 0 1px 2px #ccc, inset 0 1px 0 #fff;
}
```

• Declaration order

Property-related statements should be grouped and arranged in the following order:

- 1. Positioning
- 2. Box model
- 3. Typographic
- 4. Visual

```
.declaration-order {
 /* Positioning */
 position: absolute;
 top: 0;
 right: 0;
 bottom: 0;
 left: 0;
 z-index: 100;
 /* Box-model */
 display: block;
 float: right;
 width: 100px;
 height: 100px;
 /* Typography */
 font: normal 13px "Helvetica Neue", sans-serif;
 line-height: 1.5;
 color: #333;
 text-align: center;
 /* Visual */
 background-color: #f5f5f5;
 border: 1px solid #e5e5e5;
 border-radius: 3px;
 /* Misc */
 opacity: 1;
```



