# DESIGN REPORT Group V8G

#### Designed by:

BT19MEC025 Sarthak Dalvi

BT19MEC069 Richa Mohta

BT19MEC117 Sahil Wavare

Under the guidance of:

Dr. H. T. Thorat

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#### Name of the Machine

Railway Cart

#### Purpose of the Machine

Railway carts are used for the transportation of cargo. This cart is attached to the front of the train, between the winch and the rest of the wagons. We expect all the wagons to move with the velocity at which they are being pulled, but it may not always be the case. (Example- during travel along an inclined plane the wagons move with a velocity greater than the pulling velocity) Therefore, to regulate the velocity of the wagons, the railway cart in question is used.

#### Design Objective

To design a safe railway cart that regulates the velocity of the 26 wagons attached to it. It should be done in such a manner that the train can be stopped within 1m @ 2 minutes.

#### **Broad Design Specifications**

- Has 26 wagons of 100 tonnes each attached to it
- Velocity of cart- 0.125m/s
- Stopping distance- 1m
- Wheels and axle- According to Indian railway standards

#### Calculation of Design Load

#### 1. Braking load

The stopping distance, s= 1m and the velocity of the cart, v= 0.125m/s

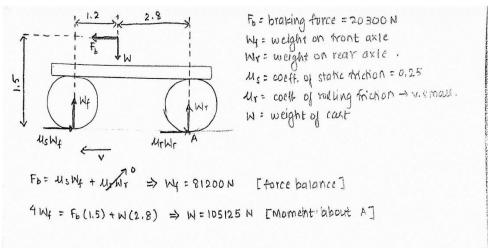
Total mass, m= 26\*100\*1000kg

therefore, acceleration, a= v^2/2s= 0.00781m/s^2 and

The breaking load, F= ma= 20300N

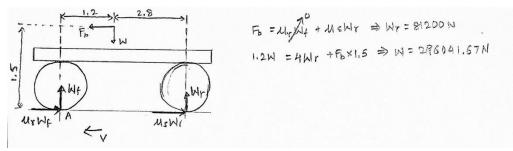
#### 2. Weight of Cart

- Without dead weight braking force= frictional force where the coefficient of friction, mu= 0.25 20300= mu\*(weight of the cart) therefore, the weight of the cart, W= 81200N
- With dead weight
   Considering a mass distribution of 7:3 and <u>brake</u>
   <u>on the front axle</u> and a distance of 4m between
   \_the axles of the wheels



Centre of gravity lies at 1.2m from the front axle where coefficient of static friction on the front

wheel, mu(s)= 0.25 balancing forces (weight on front axle, W(f)=81200N) and moment about the centre of gravity, we get weight of the cart, *W*= 105125N



(Considering 7:3 mass distribution and brake on the rear axle, the weight of the cart comes out to be 296041.67N. The case where the mass of the cart is less; is chosen.)

The final weight of the cart is W= 105125N

#### Design on Machine Elements

#### No. of wheels

material of wheels- cast steel (E= 215GPa, v= 0.265)
material of track- rolled steel (E= 186GPa, v= 0.287)
radius of wheel, r(w)= 0.5m
Syc= 250MPa, fos= 2, P= Syc/fos= 125MPa
Maximum axle load = 20.32 tonne
Maximum bearing load by wheel,
F= Maximum axle load/2= 10.16 tonne
Number of wheels= total load/F = 4

#### **Bush bearing**

Diameter of shaft where bush is to be placed, d= 128.5mm (Indian Railway Standards)

Bearing pressure, p=3MPaMaximum force on one wheel, R=W(f)/2=40600Nusing, p=R/(I\*d) we get,

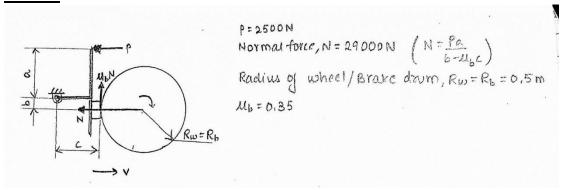
length of the bush, I= 105.32mm

radius of shaft, r= d/2 = 64.25mm and c/r= 0.001, therefore c=0.06425mm

inner diameter of bush, d(i)= d+2c= 128.6285mm

### thickness of bush, t= 2.54mm outer diameter of bush, d(o)= d(i)+2t=133.7085mm~134mm

#### **Brake**



Placing the drum brake on the front axle The brake is self-energizing in nature weight on each front wheel, R=81600/2=40600N coefficient of friction between wheel and track, mu= 0.26 radius of wheel, r(w)=0.5m

Braking torque, T = mu\*R\*r(w) = 0.25\*40600\*0.5 = 5075NT = (a\*mu(b)\*P\*R(b))/(b-mu(b)\*c)

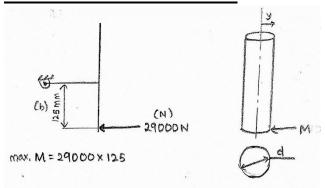
where R(b) i.e radius of brake drum = r(w) = 0.5m, b = 125mm,

mu(b) i.e friction coefficient between wheel and brake shoe= 0.35,

P= 2500N

For self-energizing, b < mu(b)\*c i.e c > 125/0.35 = 375mm hence, taking c = 500mm, we get a = 580mm

#### **Brake Lever Dimensions**



Maximum bending moment on the lever, M= N\*b M=29000\*125= 3625000Nmm sigma(permissible)= 400/fos= 400/2= 200MPa sigma= M\*y/l for a circular cross section, I/y= pi\*D^3/64 200= 3625000\*64/ pi\*D^3 the diameter of the brake lever, **D= 71.75mm ~ 72mm** 

#### Bolts on axle housing

material- mild steel
(Shear Stress, Tao(s)= Syt/2= 400/2= 200MPa)
Permissible Shear stress,
 Tao= Tao(s)/fos= 200/2= 100MPa
force on each bolt, f= 20300/2= 10150N
using Tao= f/area of bolt, we get
diameter of bolt, d(c)= 11.37mm ~12mm
taking thickness of housing= 3\*d= 36mm

#### Bolts on axle cap

Material- mild steel (Syt= 400MPa)

Permissible tensile stress,

sigma= Syt/fos= 400/2= 200MPa

Axial load= 0.2\*F= 4060N

Axial load on each bolt, p'= 4060/4= 1015N

using sigma= p'/area of bolt, we get

diameter of bolt, d'= 2.54mm ~5mm

length of bolt, l'= 1.5d'= 7.5mm

#### Cross Section of chassis (Longitudinal beam)

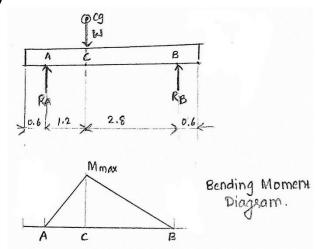
material- mild steel (Syt= 400MPa)

Permissible tensile stress,

sigma= Syt/fos= 400/2= 200MPa

Considering the entire weight of the vehicle(W=105125N) at the centre of gravity (1.2m from the front axle), and reaction forces Ra, Rb at the front and rear wheel respectively.

Weight on one longitudinal bar= W/2=52562.5N (in the line of Cg)



Balancing forces and moment about the centre of gravity, we get

Ra= 36793.75N and Rb= 15768.75N

Calculating the maximum bending moment based on the values above,

M(max) = 44152.5Nm

sigma(b)= M/z= 44152500/z

We know that pulling force, F(p) = 20300N

sigma(p)= F(p)/Area= 20300/A

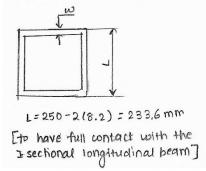
sigme(b)+ sigma(p)= sigma

i.e.44152500/z+ 20300/A= 200 (where z and A are in mm)

The I-section beam suitable for the above condition is

ISLB 250(h=250mm, b=125mm, tf= 8.2mm, tw= 6.1mm)

#### Cross section of chassis (Lateral beam)



width of the section, w= 8.2mm

#### **Compression Spring**

material- En 10277 (spring steel)

ultimate tensile strength, S(ut)= 1200MPa

tao = S(ut)/2 = 600MPa

E= 212 GPa, v= 0.29 at 20 deg celsius

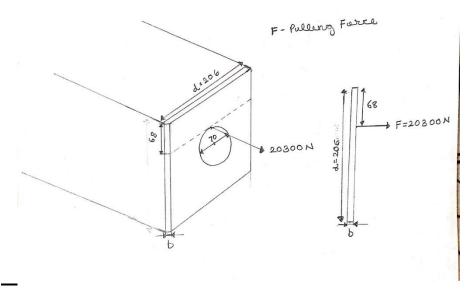
G = E/(2(1+v)) = 82.17 GPa

c = D/d = 6;

where D is the mean diameter of the coil and d is the diameter of the spring

k= (4c-1/4c-4)+ 0.615/c= 1.2525
tao= k\*(8\*P\*c/pi\*d^2)
solving for d, we get d= 25.45mm~ 26mm
since D/d= 6, D= 156mm
deflection = (8\*P\*(D^3)\*N)/(G\*d^4)= 15mm
solving for number of active coils,N, we get N=0.91~ 1
Using square and grounded ends;
so the total number of coils, N(t)= N+2= 3
Solid length of the spring= N(t)\*D= 78mm
free length of the spring= 94.5mm

#### Width of box



Material used- mild steel
Ultimate Yield Stress = 400MPaTensile strength( $\sigma$ ) = 400/FOS = 400/2 = 200MPaPulling force(F)=20300NMax bending moment(M)=F\*68=20300\*68d=206mm

Bending Stress(sigma) = M\*y/I 200=(20300\*68\*b/2)/(db^3/12) width of box(b)=(20300\*68\*6/206\*200)^½ b=14.17mm~15mm

#### Bolts for attaching box with chassis

material- mild steel (Syt= 400MPa)

Permissible tensile stress,
 sigma= Syt/fos= 400/2= 200MPa

F= 20300N

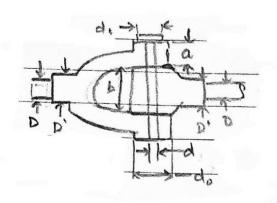
Axial load on each bolt, p'= 20300/2= 10150N

using sigma= p'/area of bolt, we get

diameter of bolt, d= 8.04mm ~ 9mm

length of bolt, I = 35mm

#### Pin joint(Knuckle)



Material used - steel
Ultimate Yield Strength = 400 MPa
Tensile strength = 400/F.O.S = 400/2 = 200 MPa
Shear Strength =  $\sigma/2$  =100 MPa
D=root( $4p/\pi * \sigma(t)$ ) =11.37 ~ 12mm

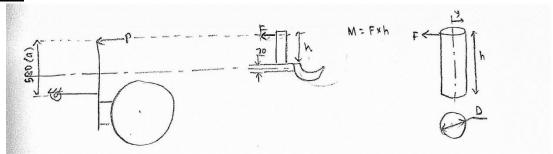
Diameter of pin, d= max(  $\sqrt{(2p/\pi^*\tau)}$ ,  $\sqrt[3]{((32/p\pi^*\sigma^*(b))^*(p/2)((b/4)+(a/3)))}$ = max(11.37,15.17)

#### d= 15.17 ~ 16mm

 $d_o=2d=32mm$ ,  $d_1=1.5d=24$  mm  $sigma'_t=P/b(d_o-d)=84.58 < sigma(t)$ ,  $sigma'_c=84.58=tao$  '1  $< sigma_c$  , sigma It is a safe design for eye

sigma"<sub>t</sub>= P/2a(do-d) =70.48=sigma"<sub>c</sub> =tao  $_1$ "< sigma<sub>t</sub>, sigma<sub>c</sub>, It is a safe design for fork

#### Vertical rod



The height of the point of force on the rod from the hook(h) must coincide with the height 'a' of the brake lever, h= 441.1 mm

Maximum bending moment on the lever, M= F\*h

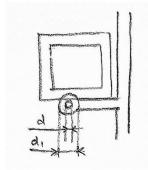
M=20300\*441.1= 8954330Nmm

sigma(permissible)= 400/fos= 400/2= 200MPa sigma= M\*y/I for a circular cross section, I/y= pi\*D^3/64 200= 8954330\*64/ pi\*D^3 the diameter of rod, **D= 96.99mm ~ 97mm** 

#### Horizontal rod

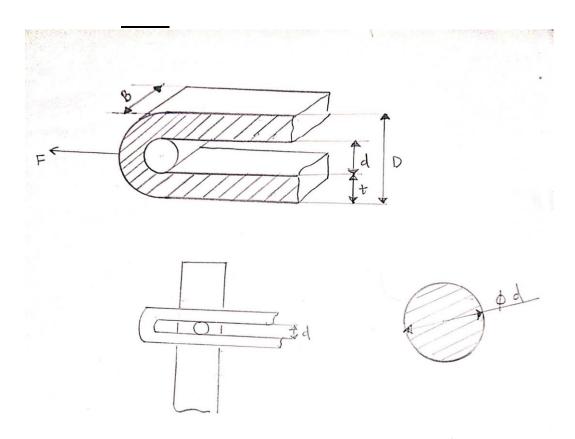
Tensile strength= 400/F.O.S = 400/2 = 200 MPa Tensile strength= F/A F= 20300N, and A= (pi\*d^2)/4 Solving for diameter of rod, d; we get, d= 11.37mm~ 12mm

#### Pin joint for brake lever



Material -Annealed steel (Syt=520Mpa)
Shear strength= 260 MPa
Tao(permissible)=260/2=130Mpa
Moment, T= N\*b= 29000\*125
tao= (pi\*(d^3)\*T)/16
solving for diameter, d; we get
pin diameter, d=52mm
boss diameter,
d(1)=1.6\*d=81mm

#### **Brake Handle**



#### Stresses on pin of handle

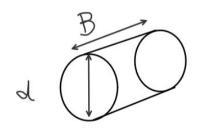
Area=  $\pi$  d^2

FOS=2

 $\tau$ (shear)= F/A

 $200/FOS = 20300/(\pi d^2/4)$ 

d= 16.07 ~ 17mm



#### Stresses on slider

Area= B x t σ(compressive)/FOS= F/A 400/2= 20300/B x t t= 16.9 ~ 18 mm

τ= F(compressive on collar)/Area 400/2= 20300/18 x B B =5.6~ 6 mm

#### <u>Hook</u>

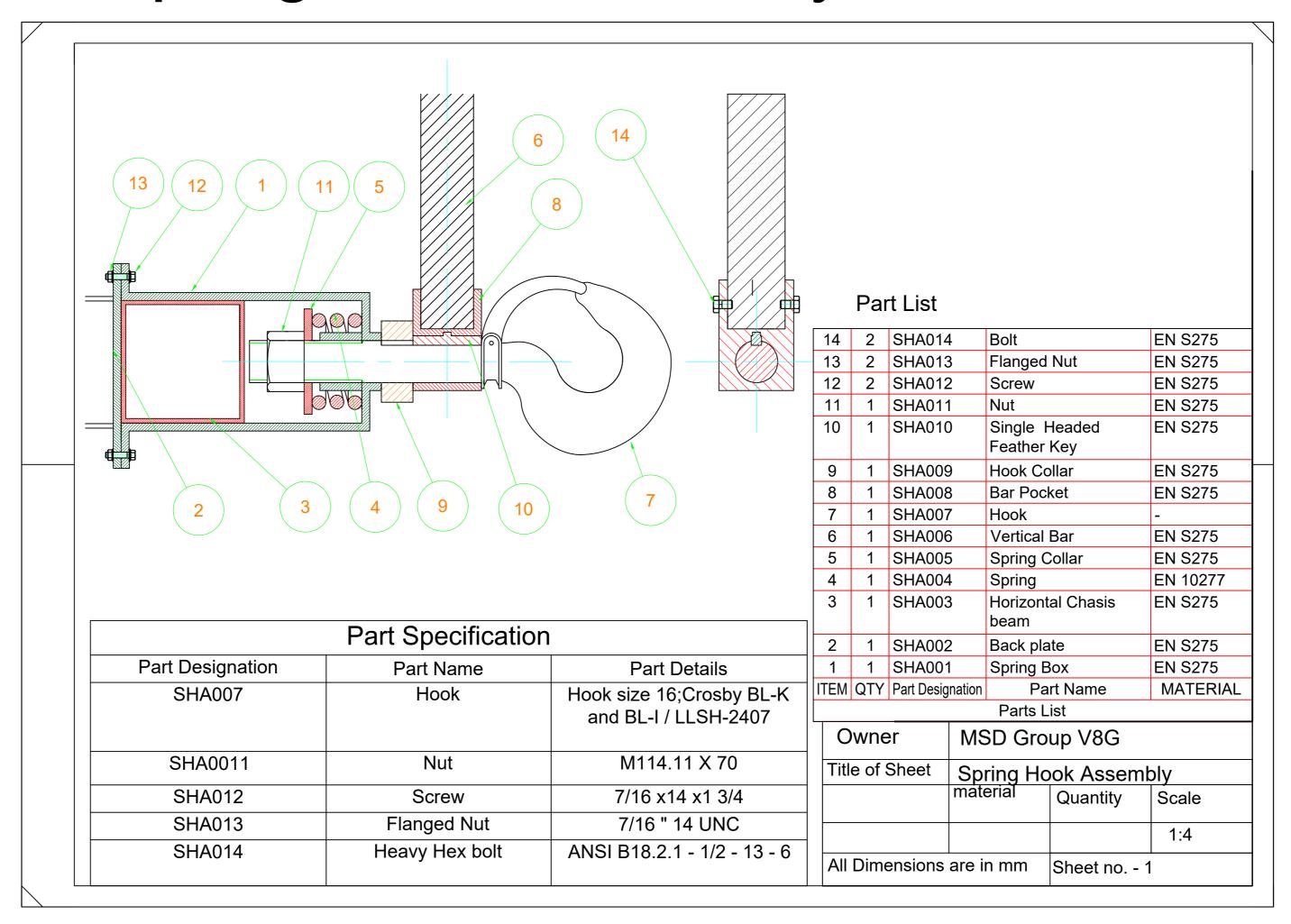
Working Load- 30 tonnes Weight Each- 46.7 kg

#### Specifications of the Machine

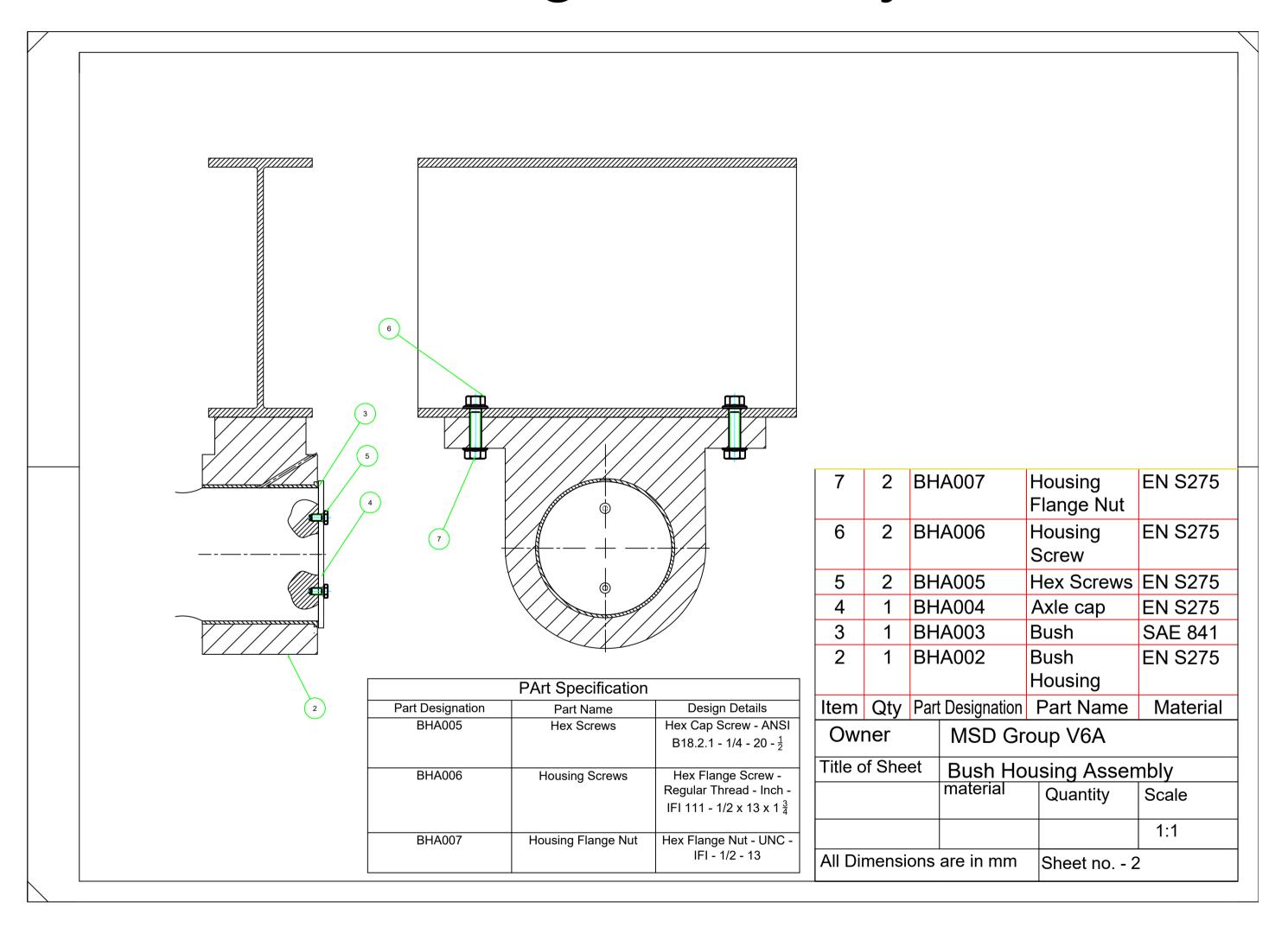
- 1. Overall Dimensions: (6.45\*2.13\*1.22) m^3
- 2. Power Requirement: 2537.5 W
- 3. Operational Specifications:
  - The cart maintains a velocity of 0.125 m/s
  - The stopping distance is 1 m
  - The cart is subjected to only linear motion

# SUBASSEMBLY DRAWINGS

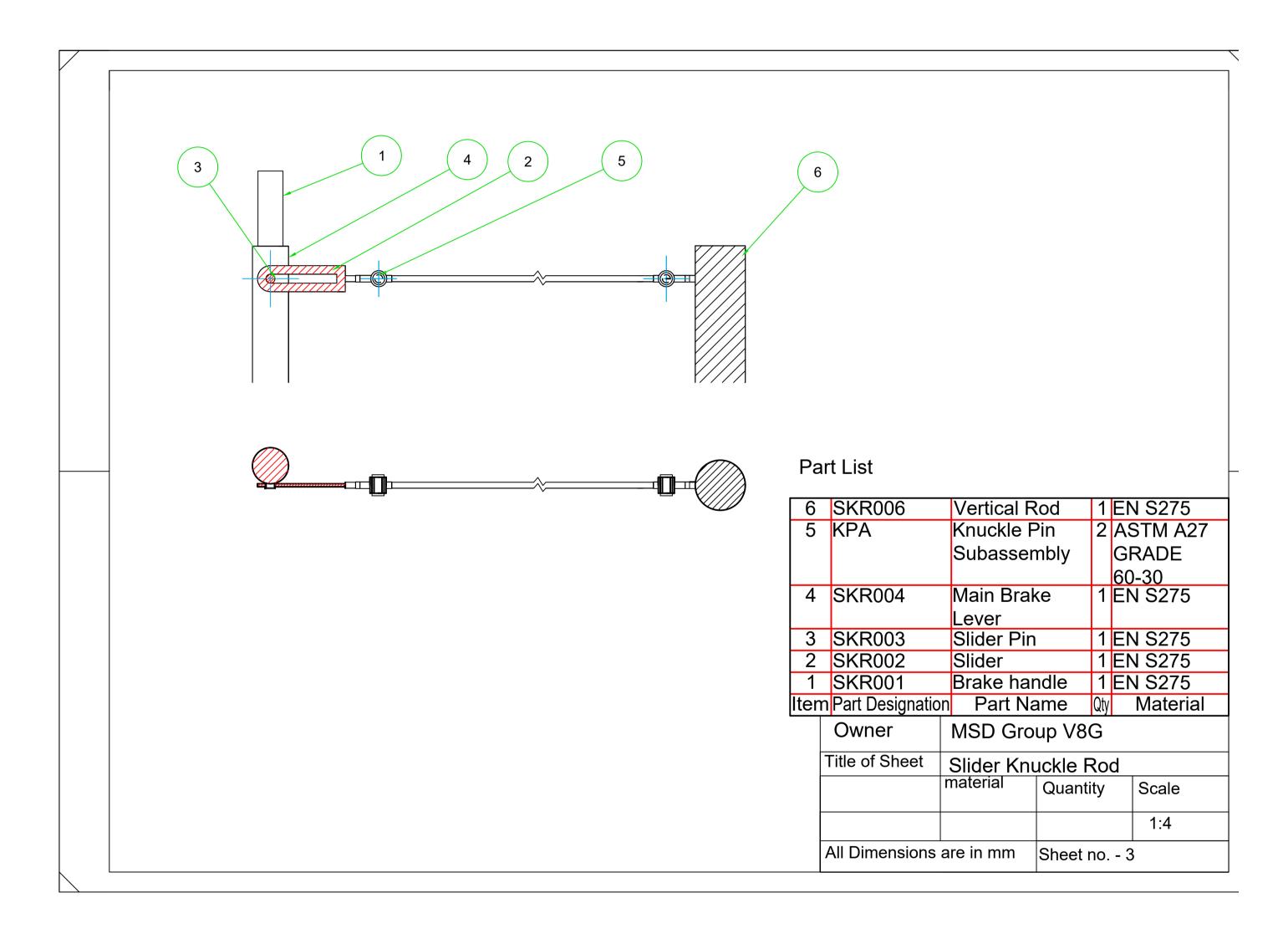
### 1. Spring Hook Assembly



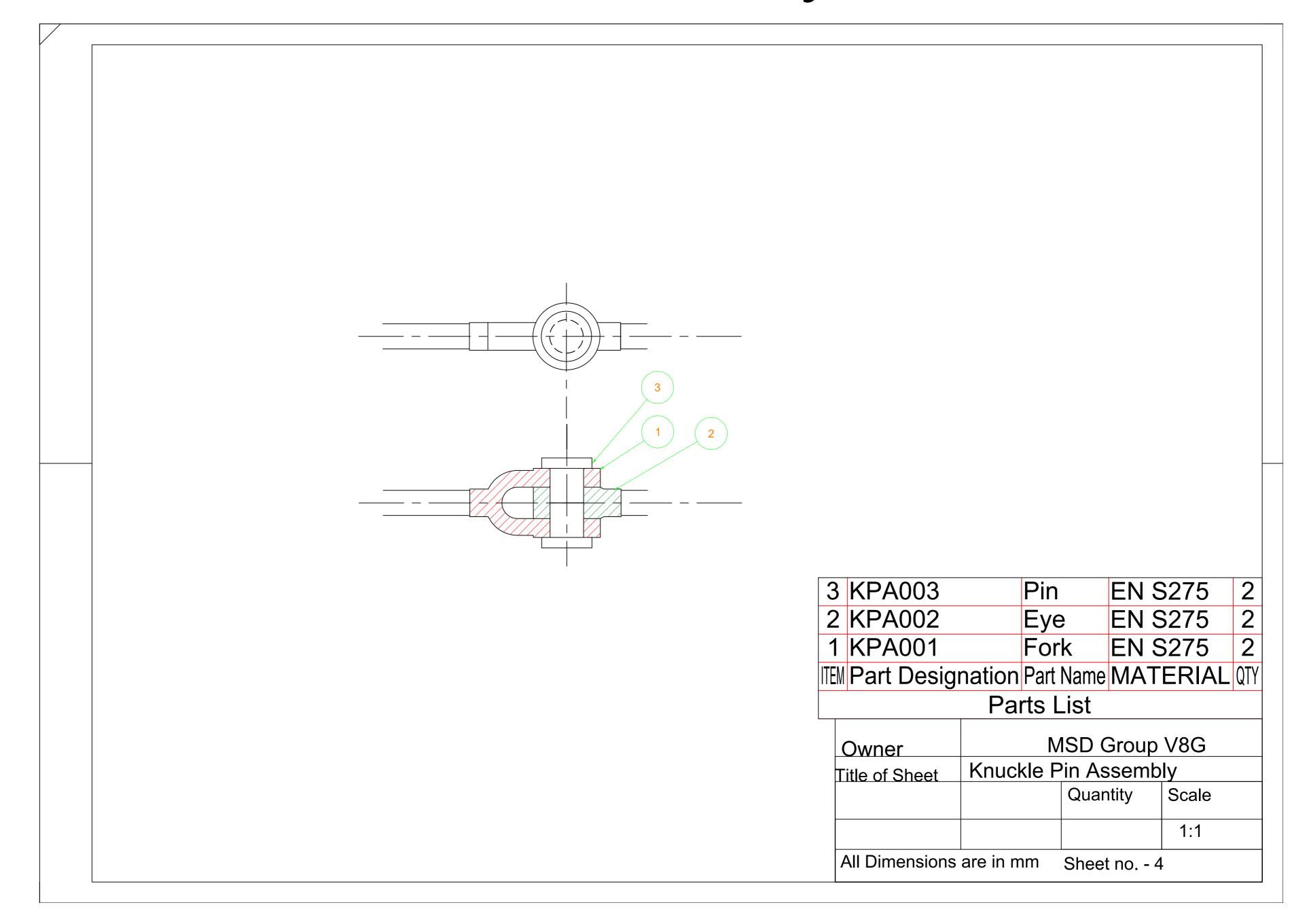
## 2. Bush Housing Assembly



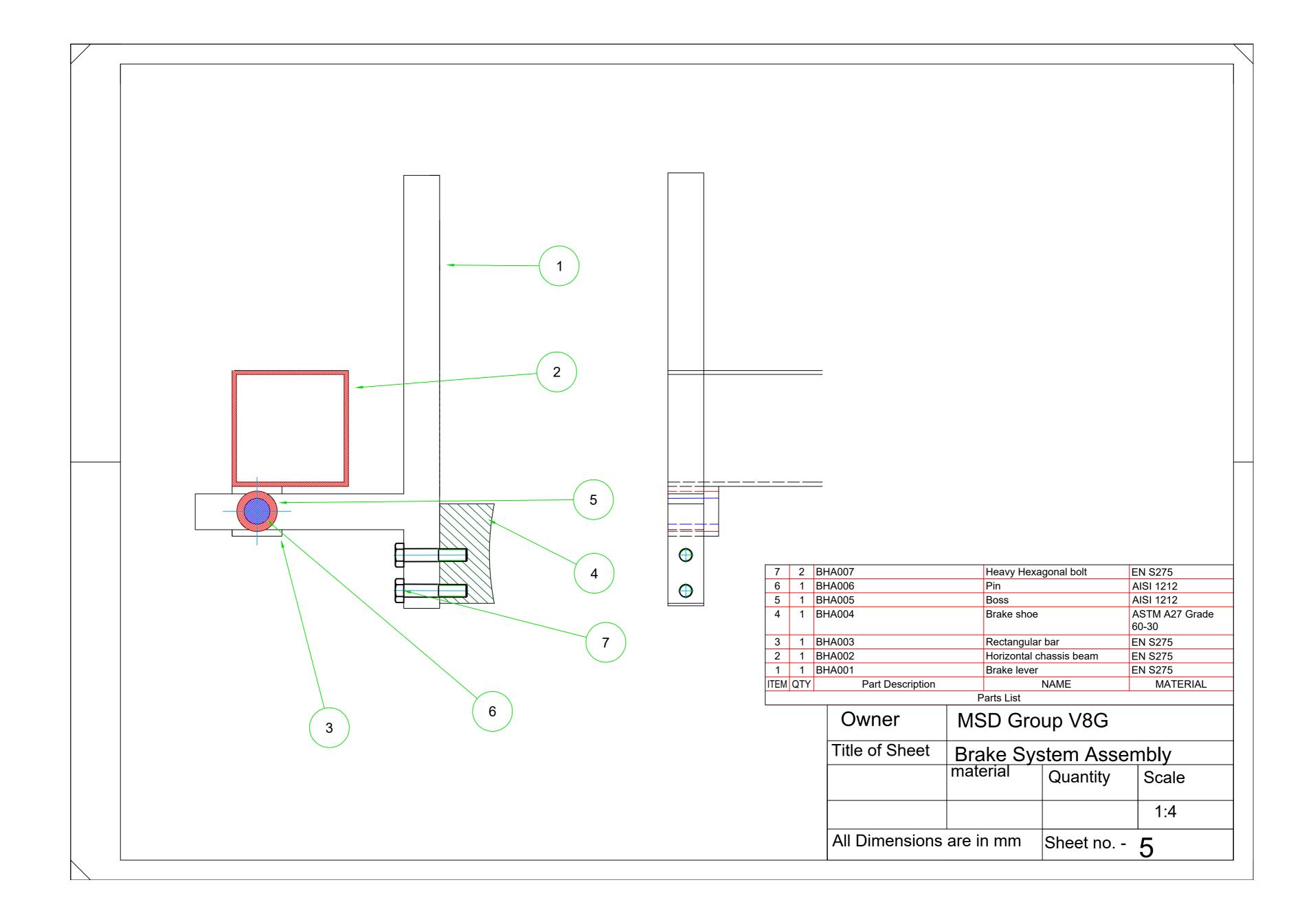
### 3. Slider Knuckle Rod Assembly

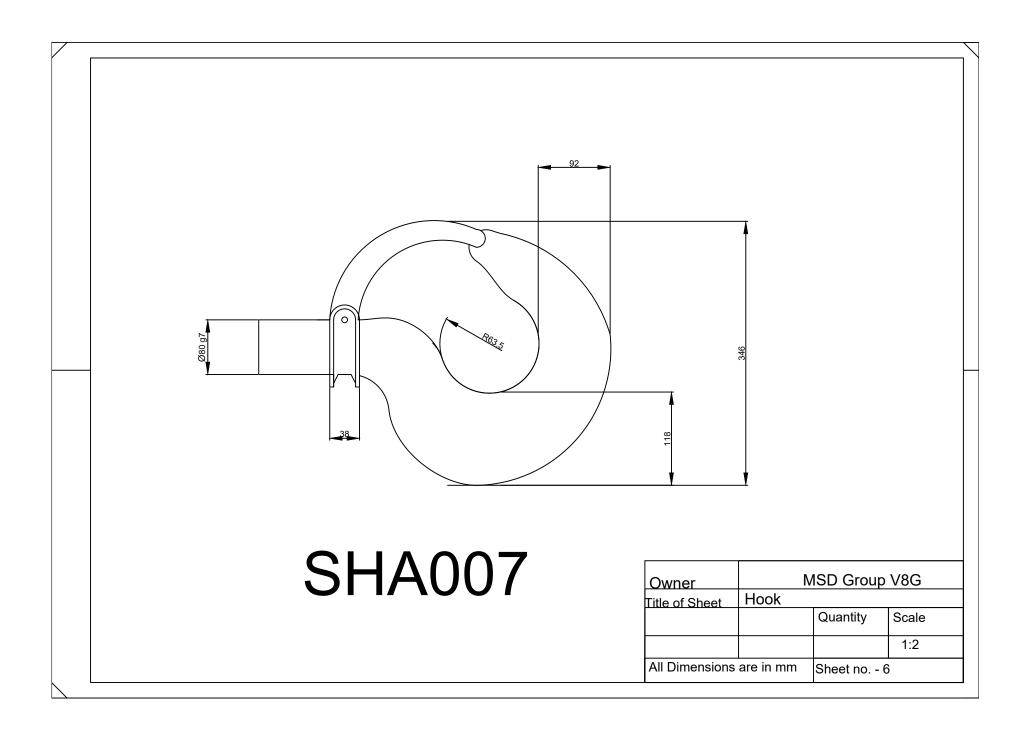


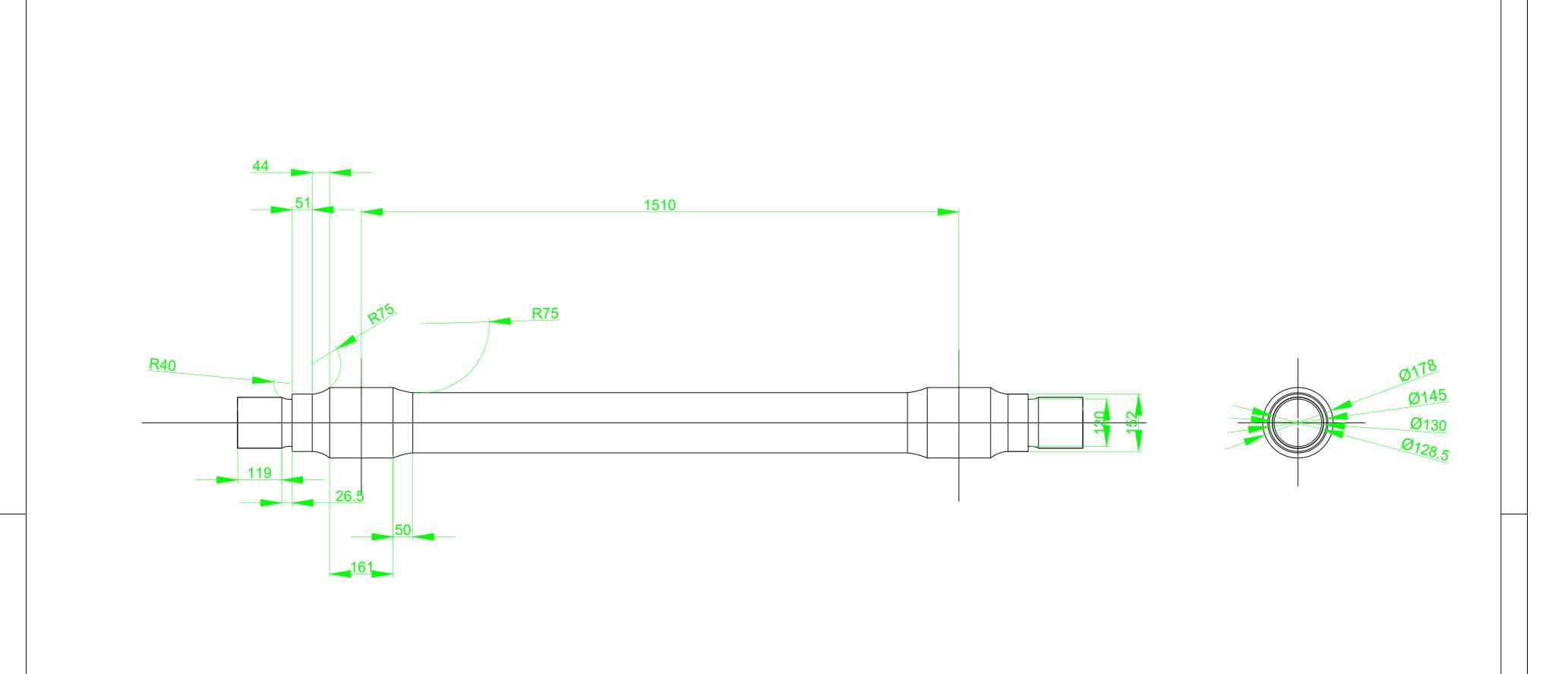
# 4. Knuckle Pin Assembly



# 5. Brake Assembly

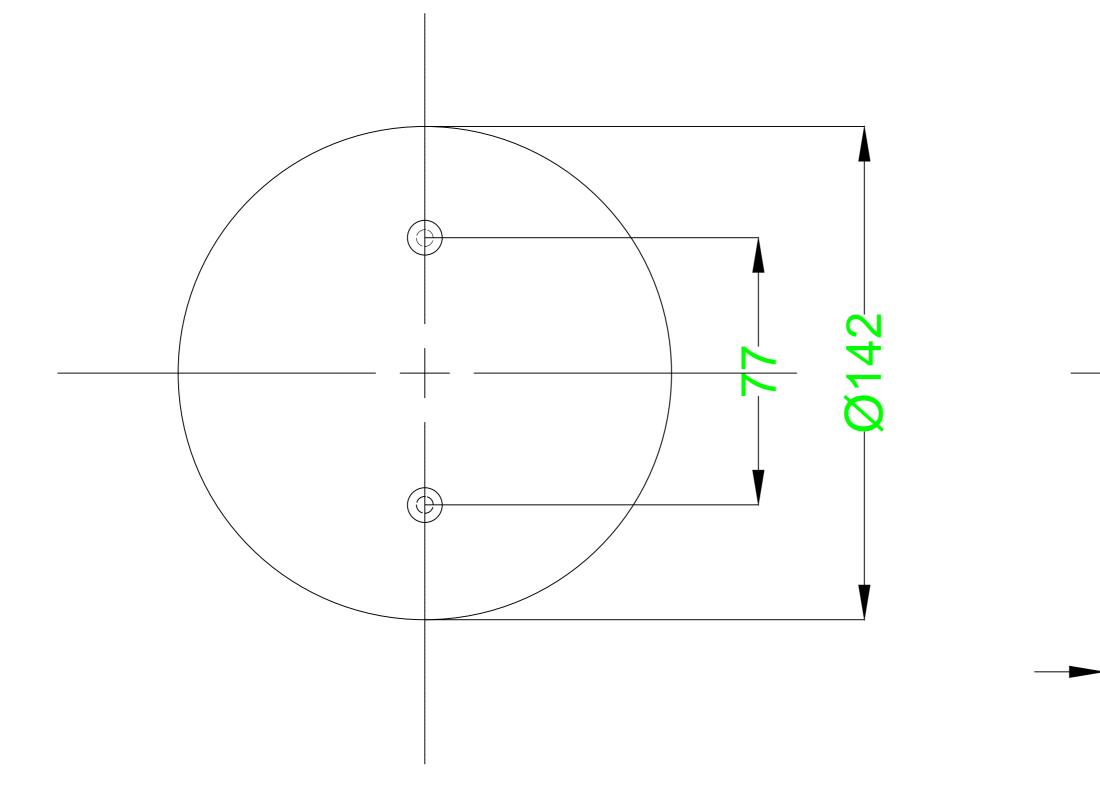






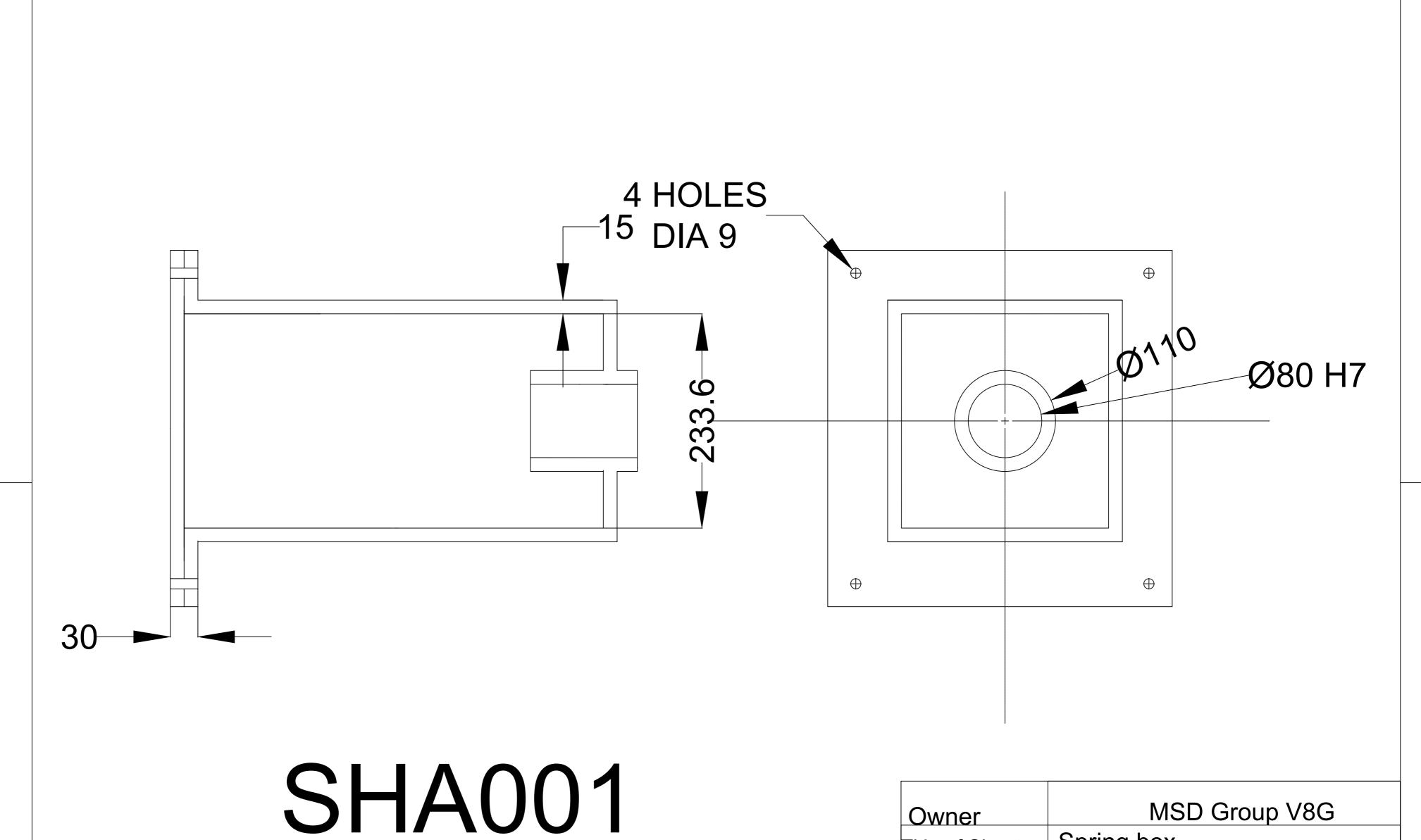
# CWA003

Owner	MSD Group V8G		
Title of Sheet	Axle component drawing		
		Quantity	Scale
			1:6.667
All Dimensions are in mm		Sheet no 7	

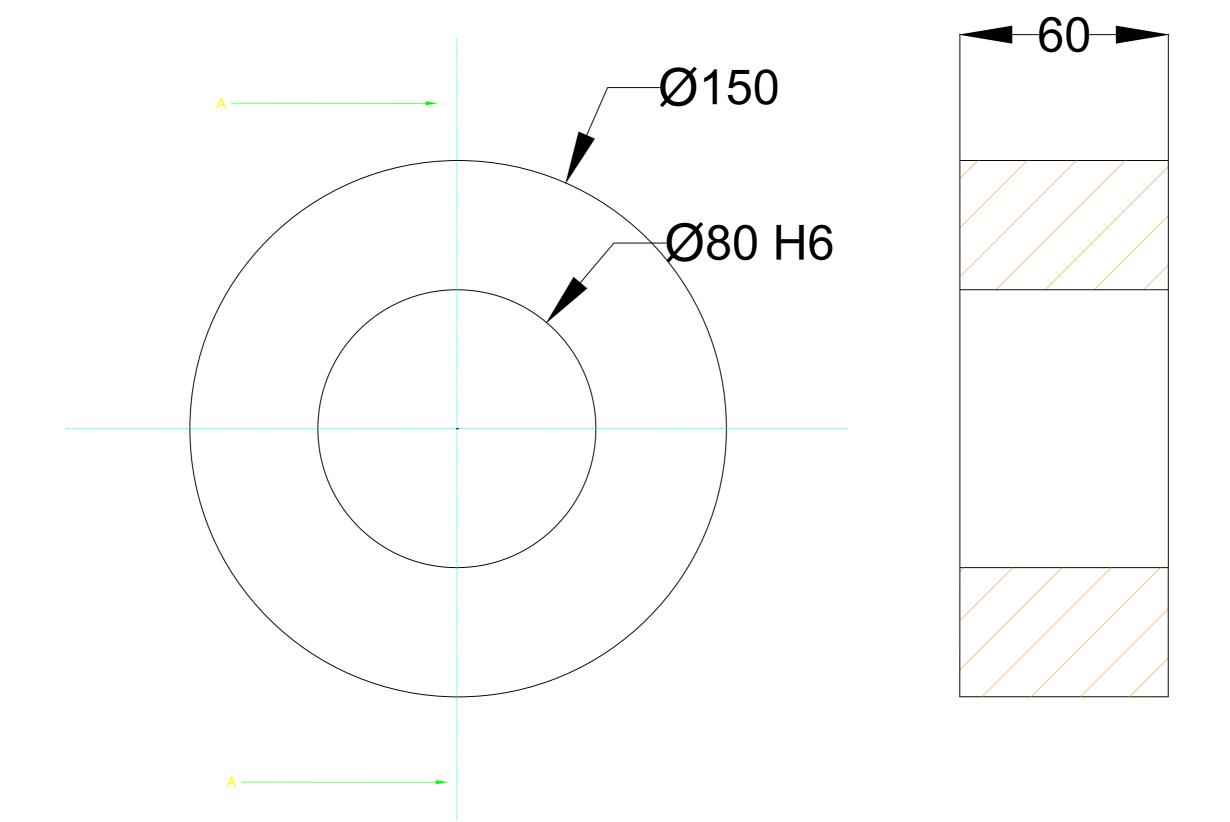


BHC003

Owner	MSD Group V8G		
Title of Sheet	Axle Cap	Quantity	Scale
			1:1
All Dimensions are in mm		Sheet no 8	3

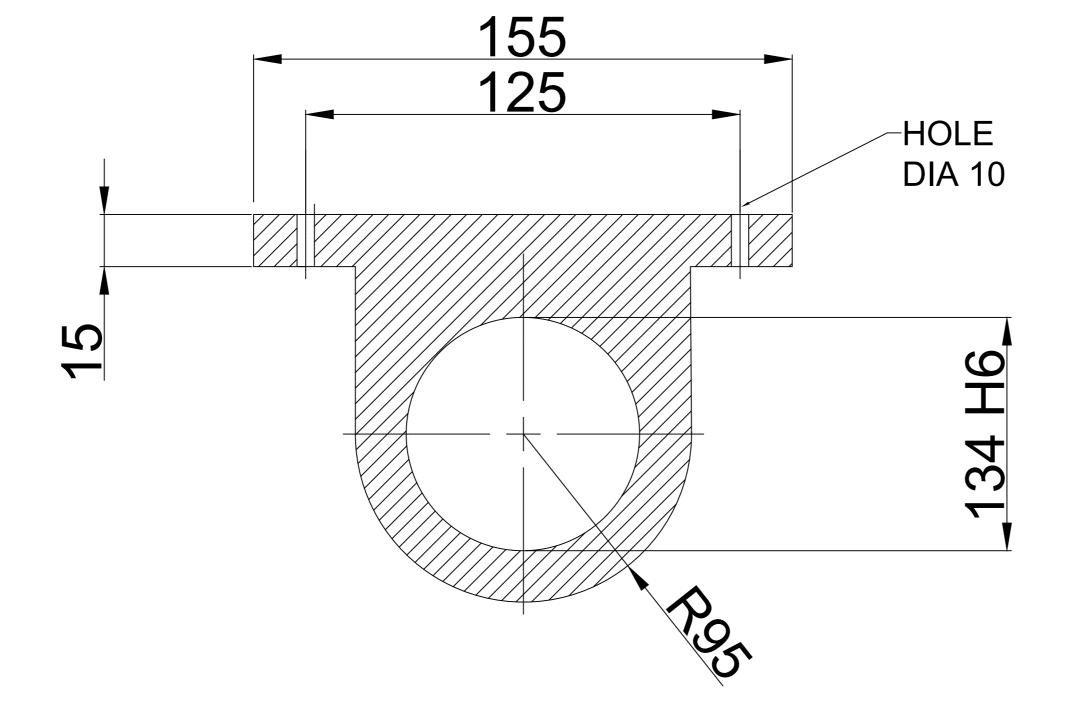


Owner	MSD Group V8G		
Title of Sheet	Spring box		
		Quantity	Scale
			1:2
All Dimensions are in mm		Sheet no 9	



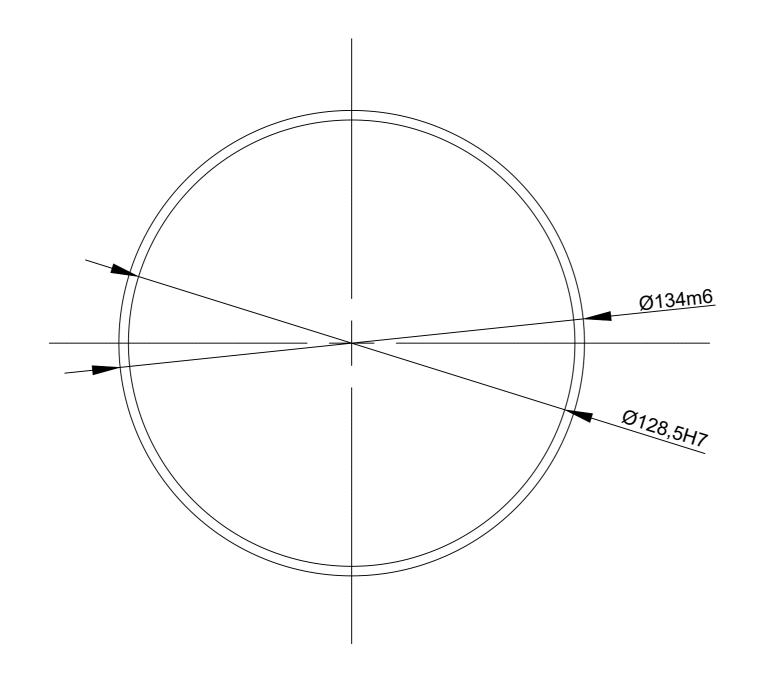
SHA009

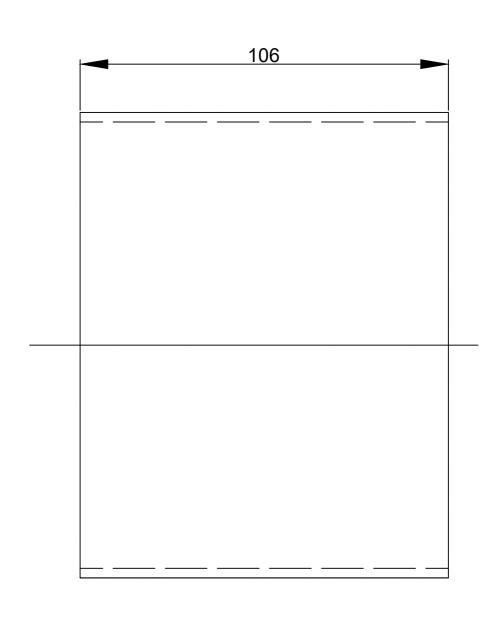
Owner	MSD Group V8G Bar collar		
Title of Sheet			
		Quantity	Scale
			1:1
All Dimensions are in mm		Sheet no 10	



BHC002

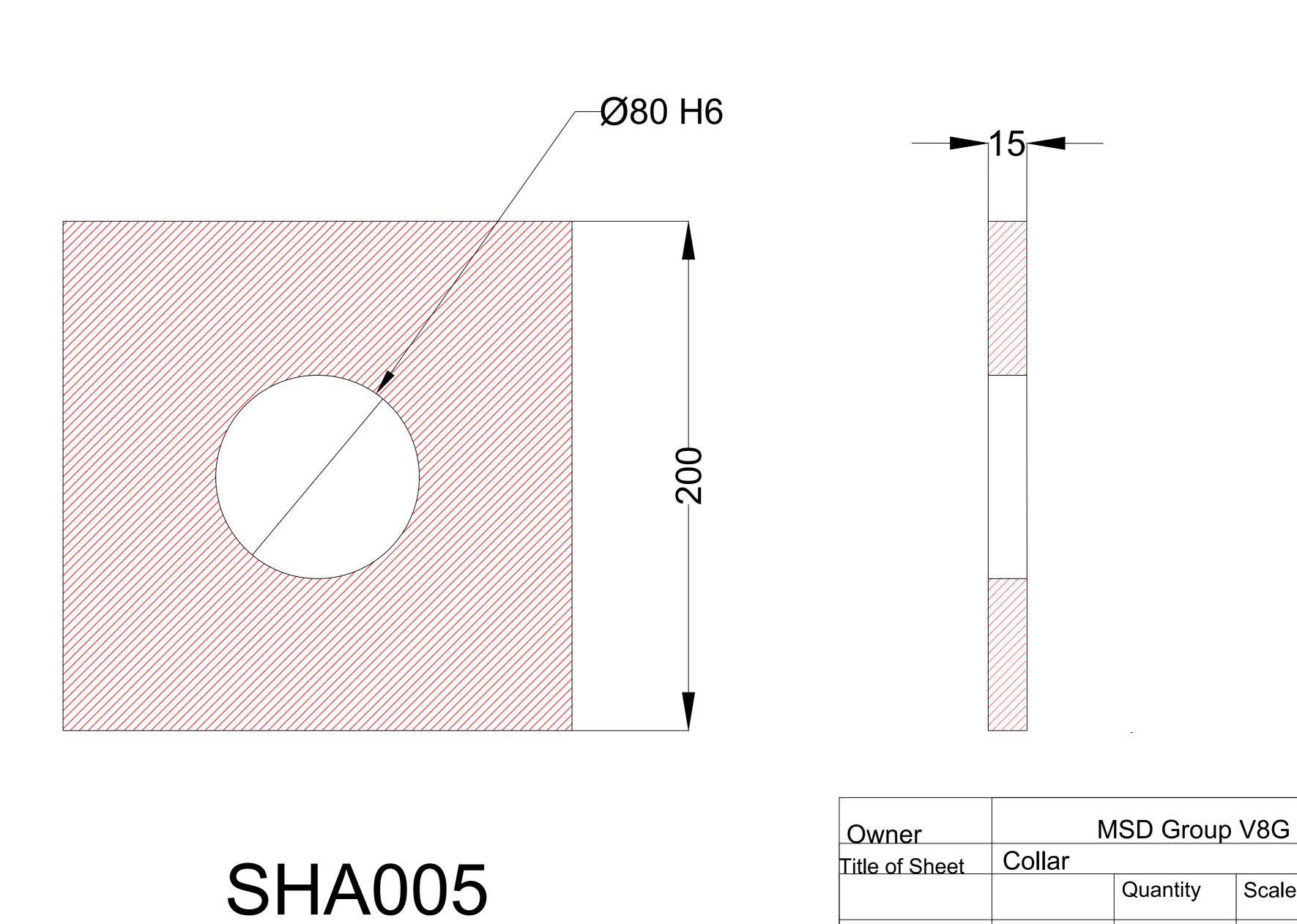
Owner	MSD Group V8G Bush housing		
Title of Sheet	DuSII IIOU	Quantity Scale	
			1:2
All Dimensions are in mm		Sheet no 5	





BHC001

Owner Title of Sheet	MSD Group V8G Bush		
		Quantity	Scale
			1:1
All Dimensions are in mm		Sheet no 5	

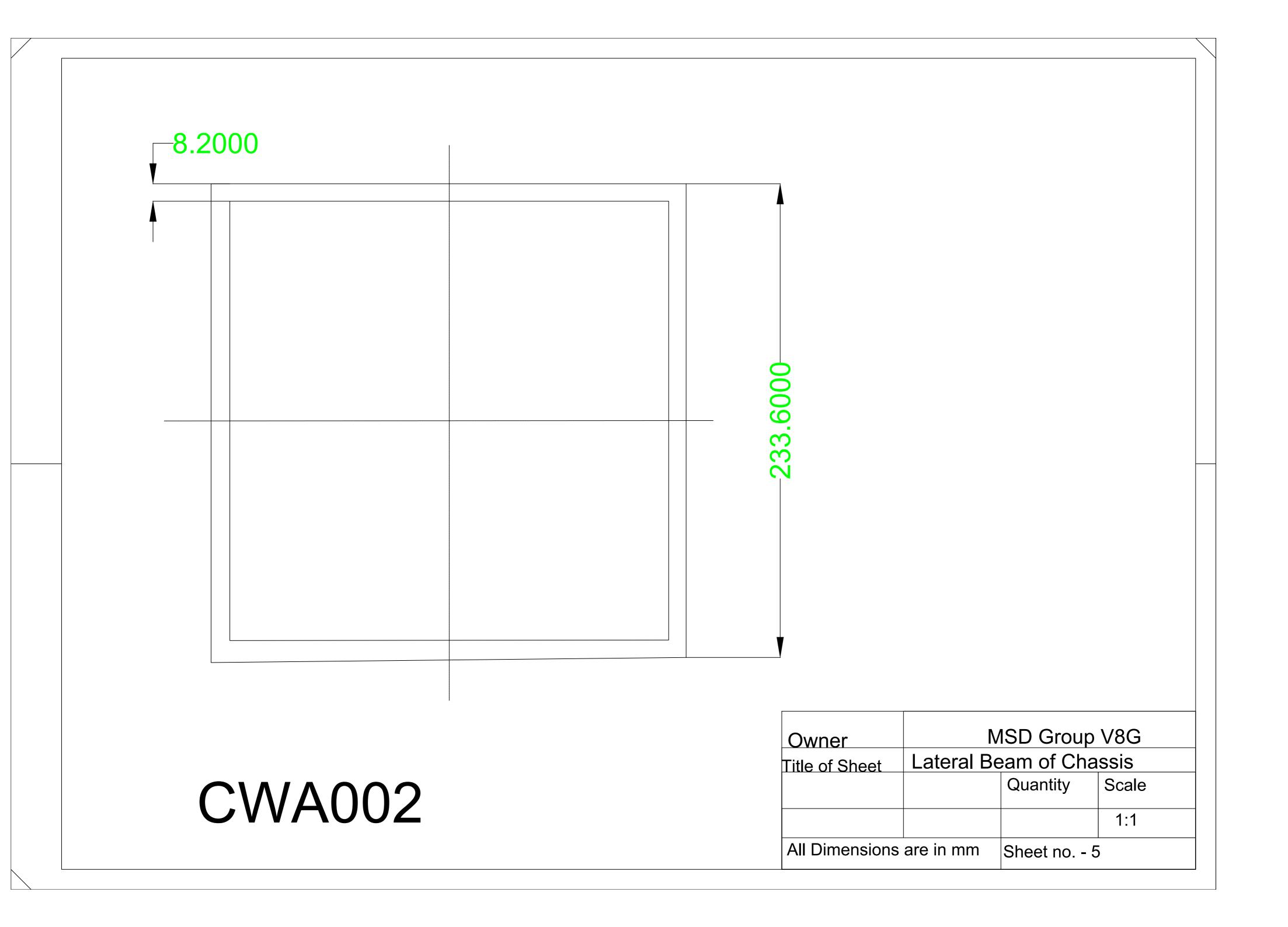


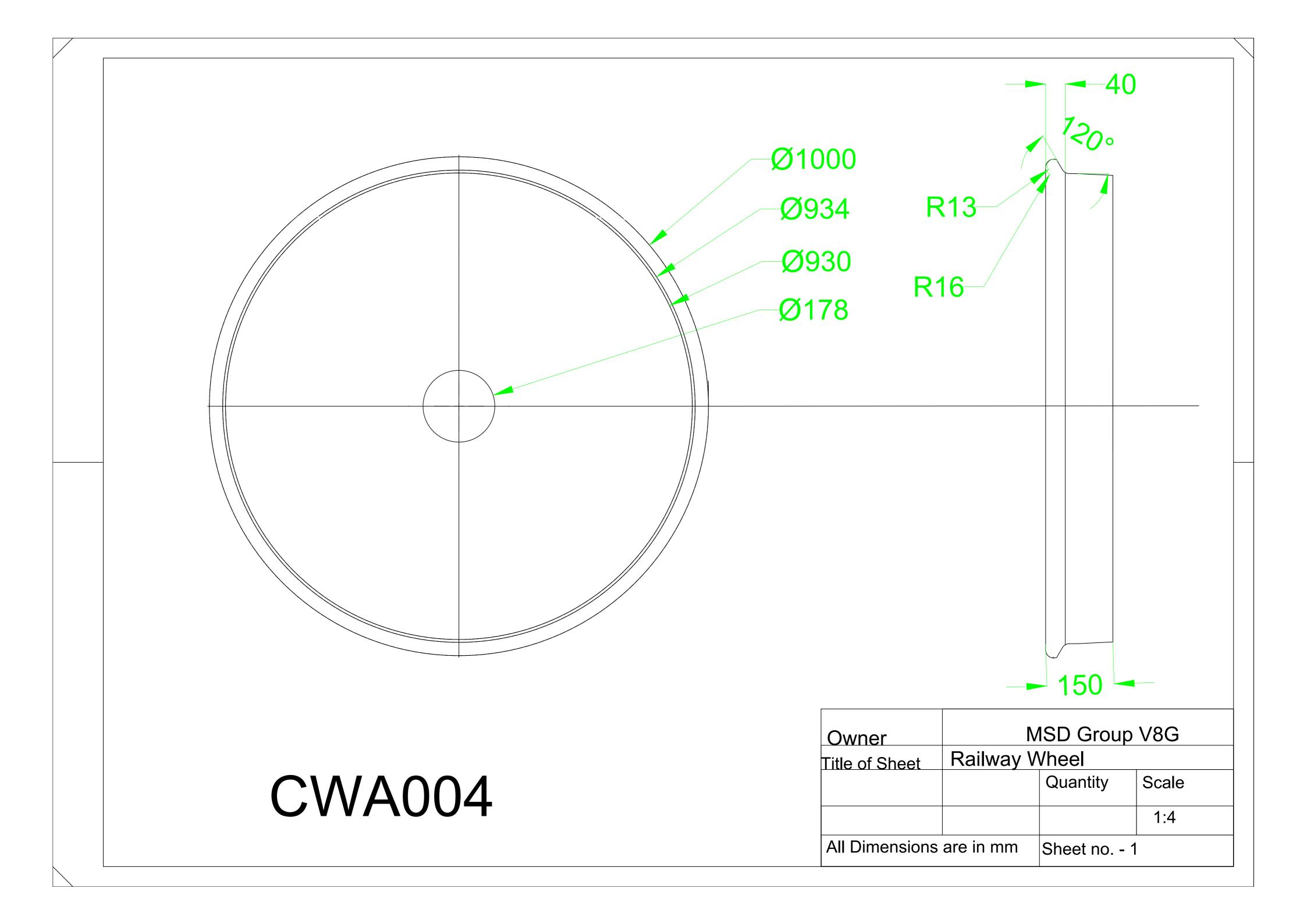
Scale

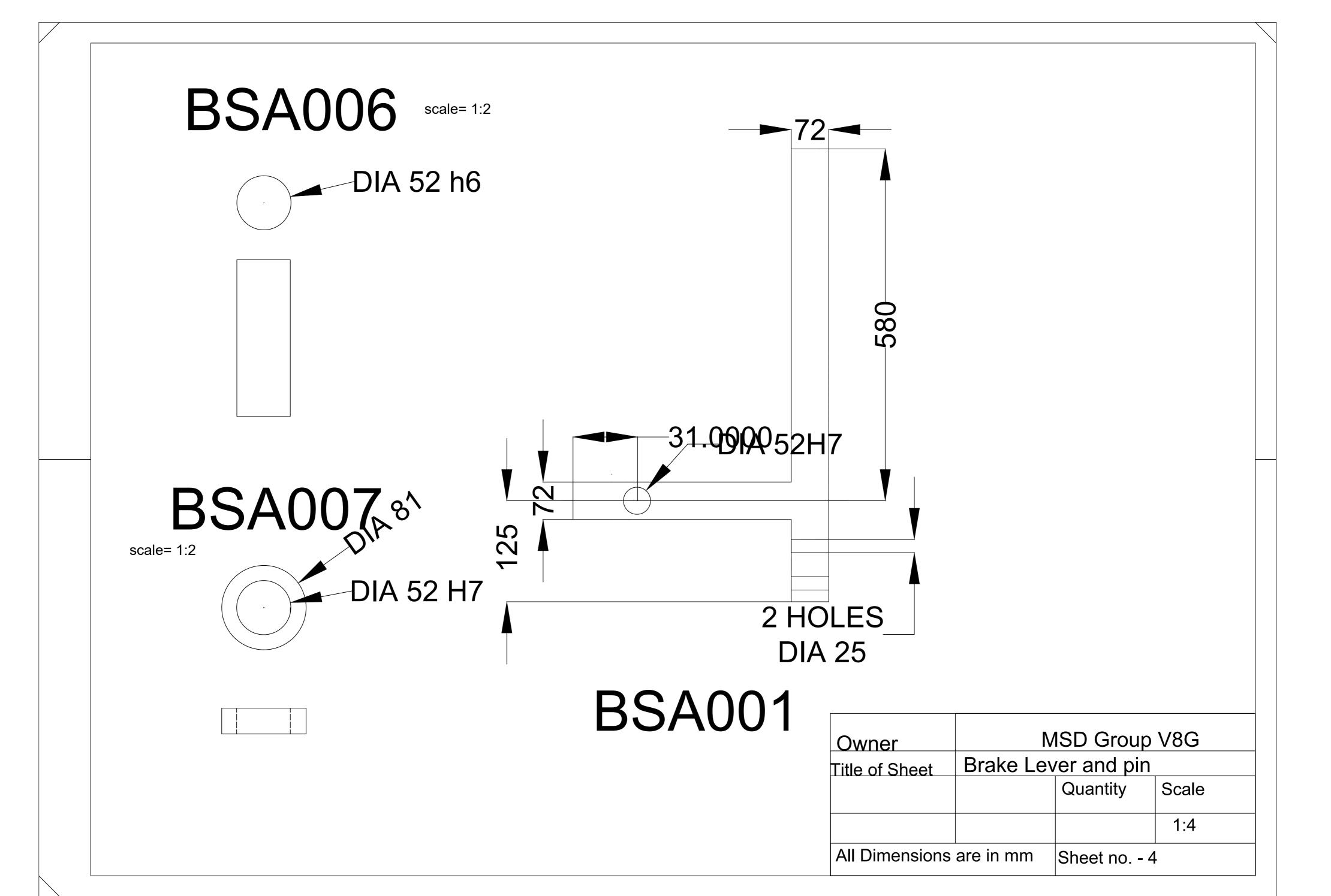
1:1

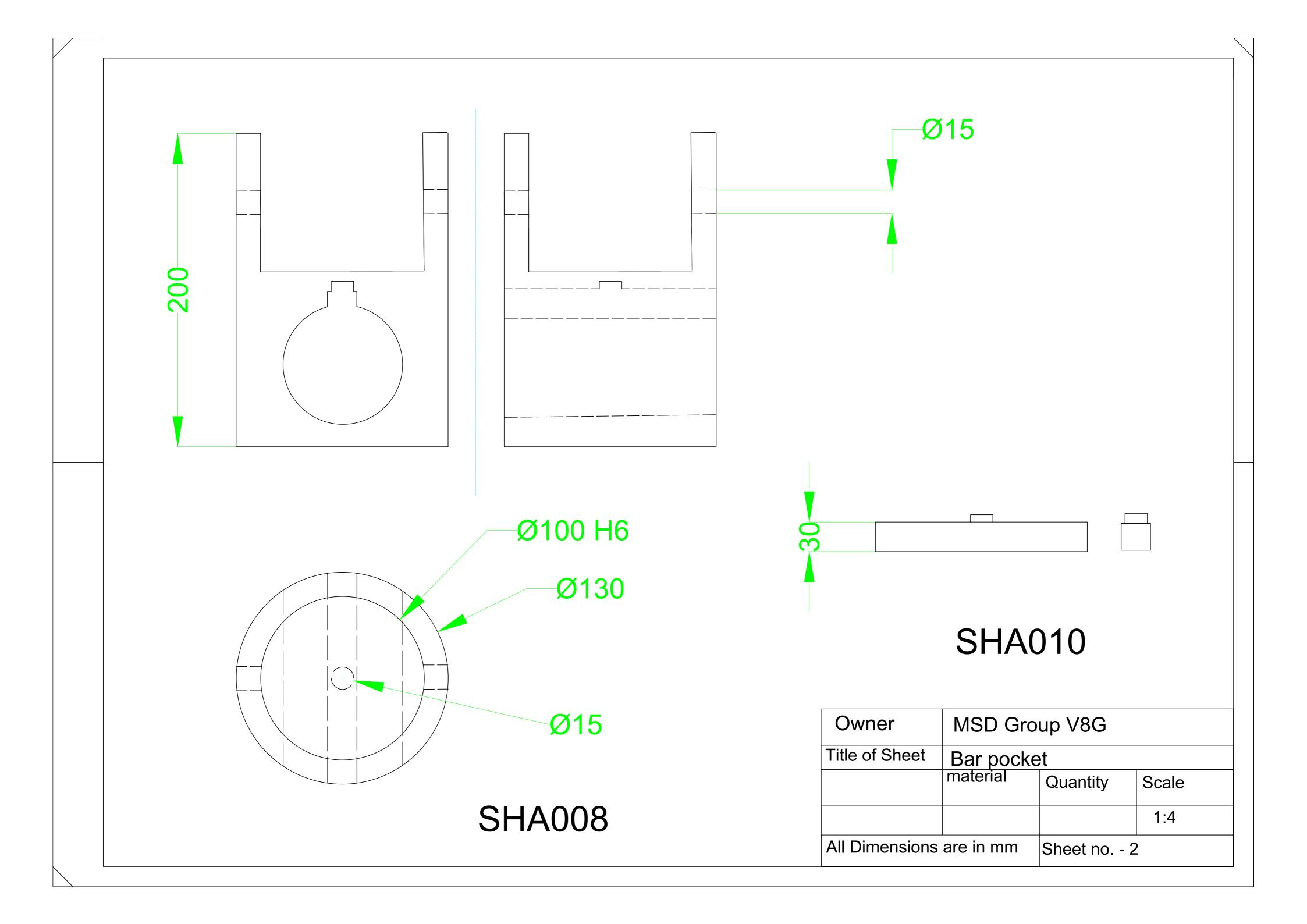
Sheet no. - 3

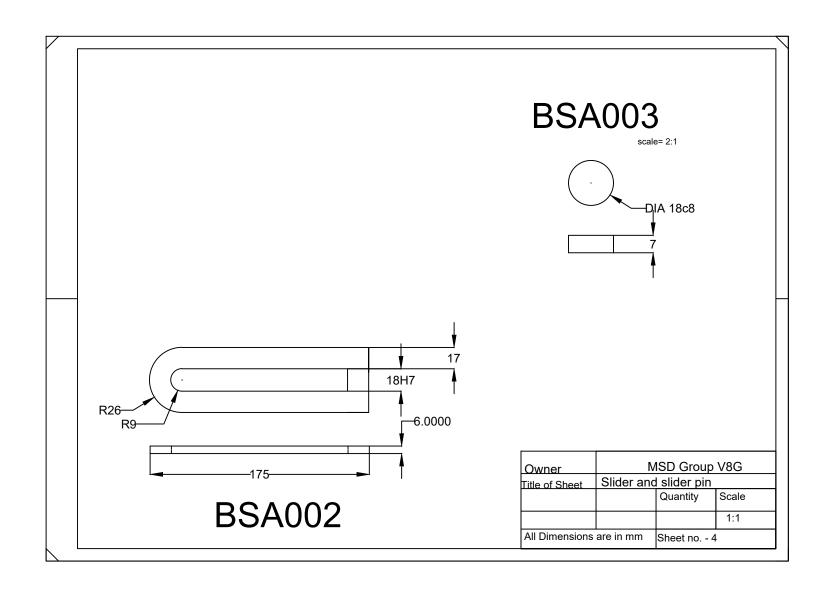
All Dimensions are in mm

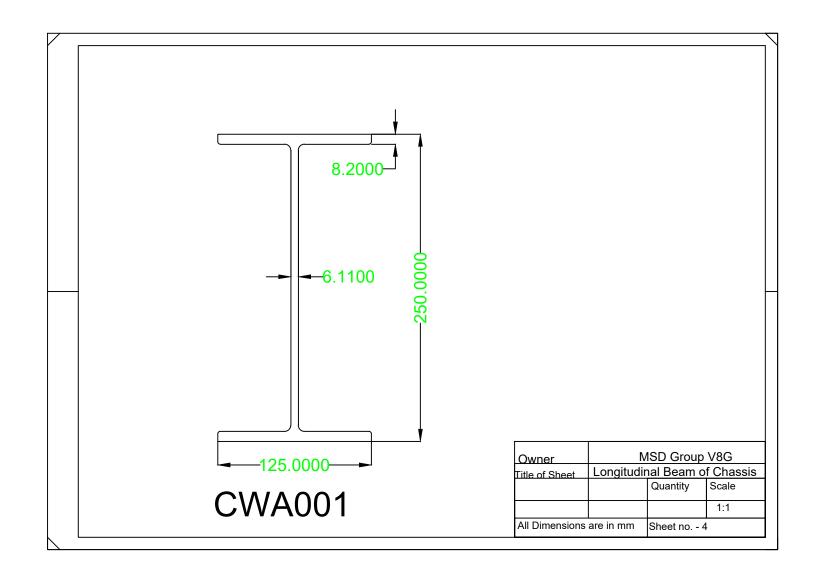






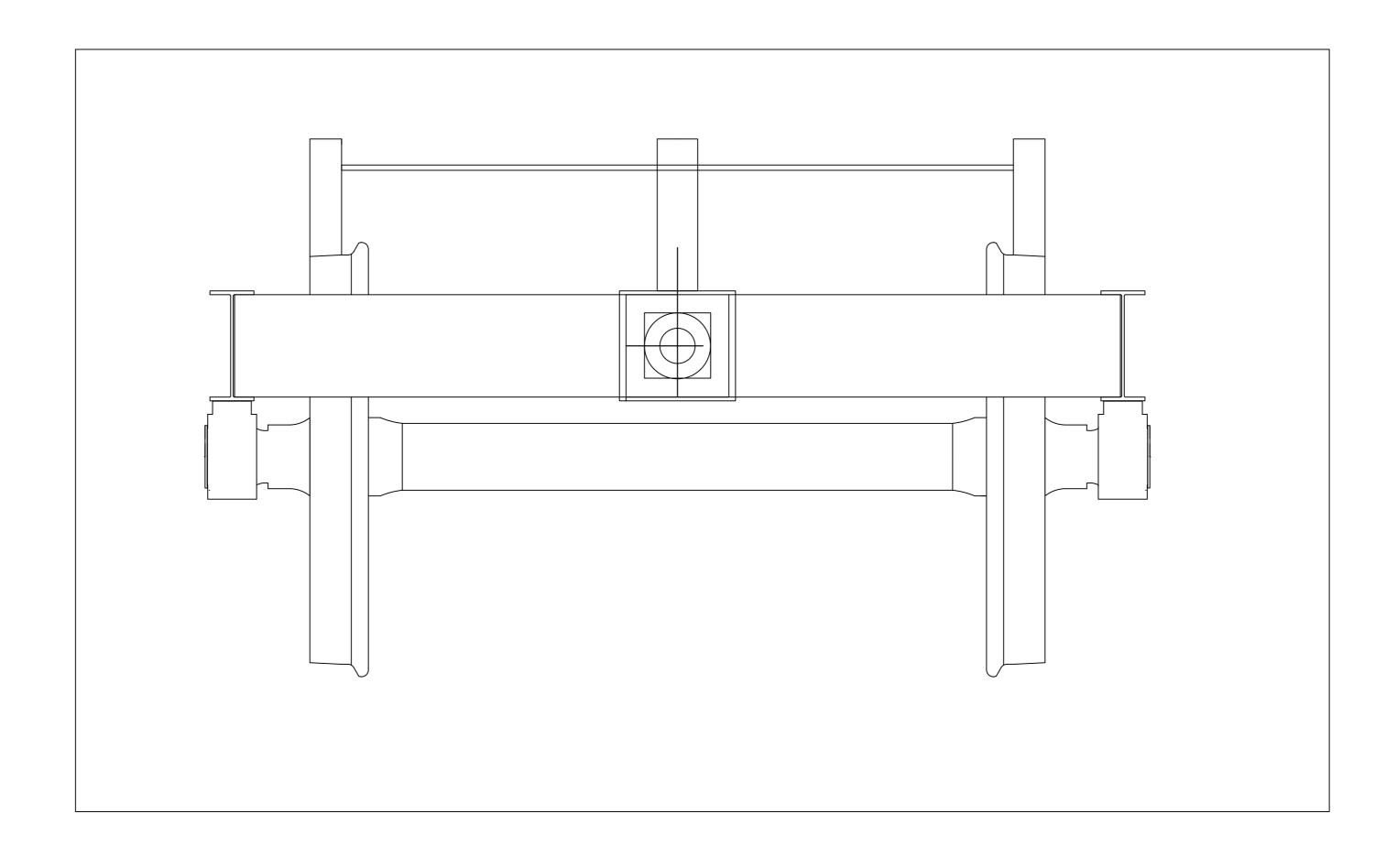






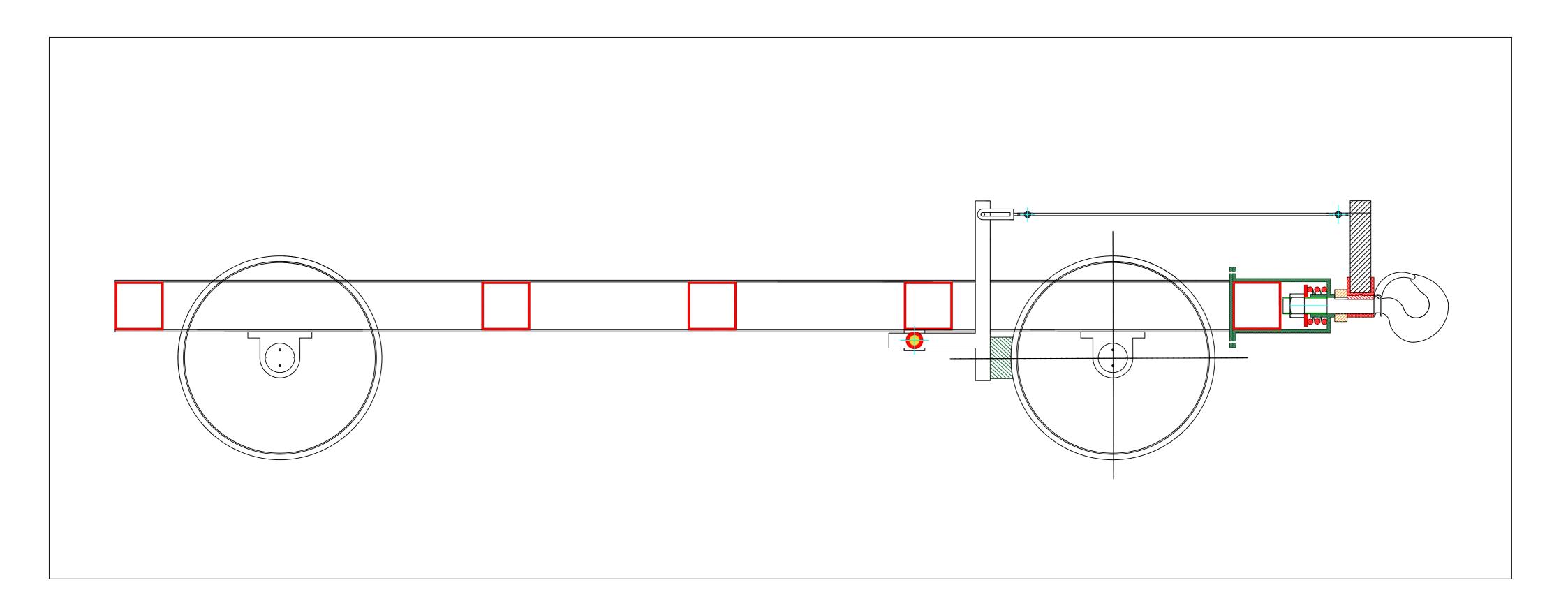
# Final Assembly

Front View



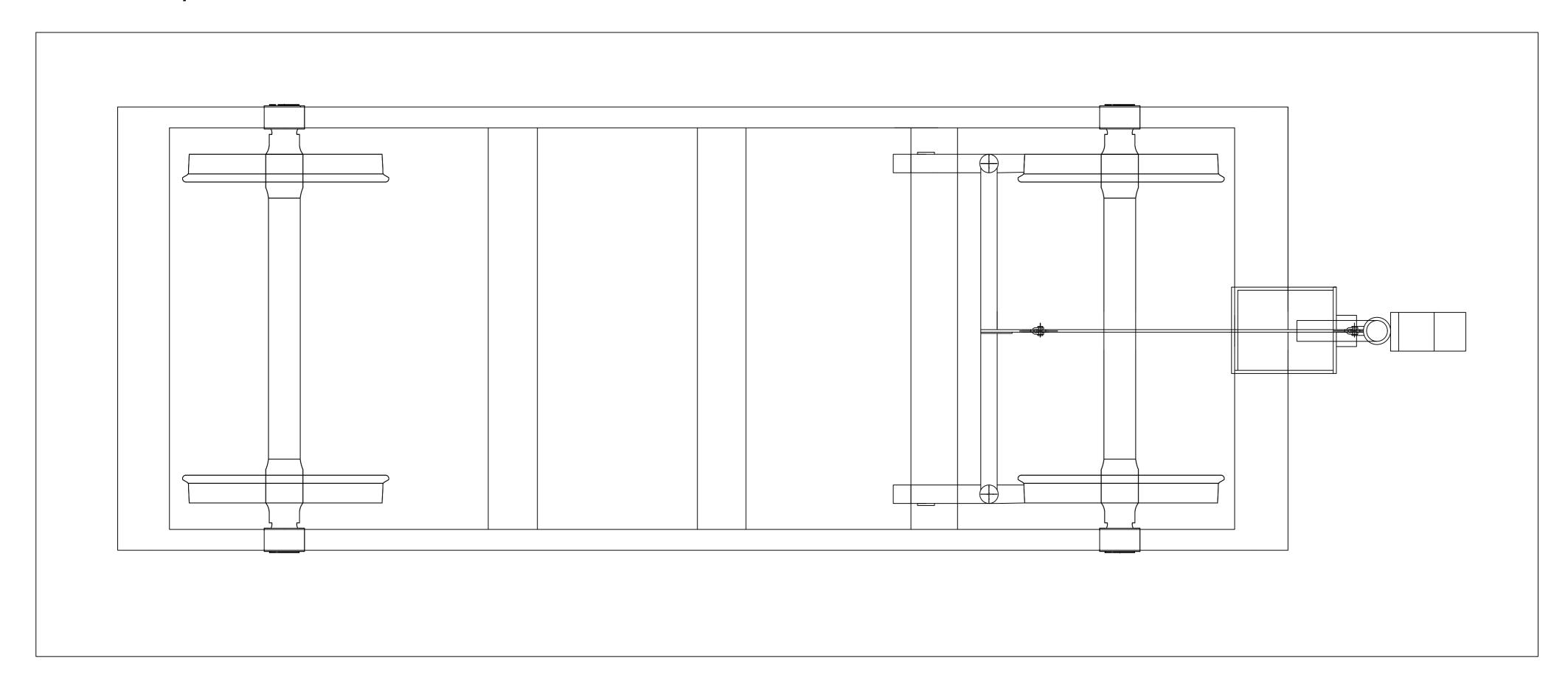
### **Final Assembly**

Side View



### **Final Assembly**

Top View



#### Specifications of the Machine

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