

```
public class Sudoku {  
    /*  
     * Sudoku.java          Richard Addicott (ria4@aber.ac.uk)  
     * - This class is simply what the code will initiate first when  
     * the program is run at runtime - all it does is create a  
     * SudokuDisplay in the main method of the program.  
     */  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        @SuppressWarnings("unused")  
        SudokuDisplay d = new SudokuDisplay();  
        System.out.println("Please click SOLVE - MULTIPLE TIMES - to initiate  
solving algorithm");  
    } // ends main method  
  
} // ends Sudoku class
```

```
public class SudokuModel {
    /*
     * SudokuModel.java      Richard Addicott (ria4@aber.ac.uk)
     * - This class provides the rest of the classes with two get and
     * set methods that are heavily used to store the values of the
     * Sudoku cells throughout the program. No real algorithms are
     * present in this class, it is just a reference point for the
     * rest of the code to call when needed.
     */
    public char grid[][]; // forms the basis of the grid array
    public int ROWS = 9; // constant variable of 9x9 grid
    public int COLUMNS = 9;

    public SudokuModel(int row, int col) {
        grid = new char[ROWS + 1][COLUMNS + 1];
    } // ends SudokuModel method

    public void setValue(int row, int col, char r) {
        grid[row][col] = r;
    } // ends setValue method

    public char returnValue(int row, int col) {
        char x;
        x = grid[row][col];
        return x;
    } // ends returnValue method
} // ends SudokuModel class
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import java.awt.*;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.ArrayList;

import javax.swing.*;

@SuppressWarnings("serial")
public class SudokuCanvas extends JPanel {
    /*
     * SudokuCanvas.java          Richard Addicott (ria4@aber.ac.uk)
     * - This class contains the code of many of the complex
     * algorithms that are used to load in, and manipulate the Sudoku
     * data in order to solve the data. It also provides graphical
     * tools to produce an output onto the GUI for the user to see.
     */

    // Variable declaration
    SudokuModel board = new SudokuModel(9,9); // Needed for interaction with Model
class
    int ROWS = 9;
    int COLUMNS = 9;
    char gridArray[][] = new char[9][9]; // Holds coordinate data
    char gridValue[] = new char[81]; // Holds all numerical values
    ArrayList<String> usedNumbers = new ArrayList<String>(); // Holds numbers
found in corresponding cells
    ArrayList<String> possibleNumbers = new ArrayList<String>(); // Holds numbers
that could be solved

    public SudokuCanvas() {
        board = new SudokuModel(ROWS, COLUMNS);
    } // ends SudokuCanvas constructor

    public void paintComponent(Graphics g) {
        // method to drawGrid and provide graphical support
        super.paintComponent(g);
        drawGrid(g);
    } // ends paintComponent method

    public void drawGrid(Graphics g) {
        String value;
        g.setColor(Color.black);
        // Provides graphical outputs using elements
        int width = getSize().width;
        int height = getSize().height;
        // Variables needed to create basic grid structure
        int firstValuei = 20;
        int firstValuej = 25;
        // Loops that perform graphical output to create the grid
        for (int i = 0; i < ROWS; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < COLUMNS; j++) {

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        // Finds if any numerical values are needed to be printed
to the GUI
        value = String.valueOf(board.returnValue(j,i));
        g.drawRect((i * 40),(j * 40), 40, 40);
        // Draws the graphic within appropriate cell
        g.drawString(value, (firstValuei + (i * 40)), (firstValuej
+ (j * 40)));
    }
}

// Additional graphical tools to create 4 thicker lines to divide
subgrids
Graphics2D g2 = (Graphics2D) g;
g2.setStroke(new BasicStroke(3));
g2.drawLine((width / 3), 0, (width / 3), height);
g2.drawLine((width / 3) * 2, 0, (width / 3) * 2, height);
g2.drawLine(0, (height / 3), width, (height / 3));
g2.drawLine(0, (height / 3) * 2, width, (height / 3) * 2);

} // ends drawGrid method

public void loadSudoku(String filename) throws IOException {
    BufferedReader br; // Needed for file handling
    // Opens BufferedReader using the filename input from the JTextField
    br = new BufferedReader(new FileReader("src\\" + filename));
    char x; // Declares variable x
    // Uses clearSudoku method to ensure no incorrect values still in data
structures
    clearSudoku();
    // Iterates through the file, reading each line
    for (int i = 0; i < ROWS; i++) {
        String sCurrentLine = br.readLine();
        for (int j = 0; j < COLUMNS; j++) {
            // Parses off the character at index (j) - returning a
value or ' '

            x = sCurrentLine.charAt(j);
            // Assigns to gridArray data structure
            gridArray[i][j] = x;
            // Sets the value to the graphical board
            board.setValue(i, j, x);
            // Sets to '0' for command line output
            if (x == ' ') {
                x = '0';
            }
            // Command line output
            System.out.print(x);
        }
        System.out.println("");
    }
    // Closes BufferedReader connection
    br.close();
}

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        // Repaints the graphical output
        repaint();
    } // ends loadSudoku method

    public void clearSudoku() {
        // Iterates through each cell (9,9 grid) - setting everything to ' '
        (clearing it)
        for (int i = 0; i < ROWS; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < COLUMNS; j++) {
                gridArray[i][j] = ' ';
                board.setValue(i, j, ' ');
            }
        }
        // Repainting the graphical output
        repaint();
    } // ends clearSudoku method

    public void findPossibleCandidates() {
        // Loops through 81 cells, producing the checks if needed
        for (int i = 0; i < ROWS; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < COLUMNS; j++) {
                // Checks if cell is empty
                if (gridArray[i][j] == ' ') {
                    // Calls check method to produce arrayList of
usedNumbers

                    checkRow(i,j);
                    checkColumn(i,j);
                    checkSquare(i,j);
                    solveCell(i,j);
                } else {
                    // Cell is not empty, can be left
                }
            }
        }
    } // ends findPossibleCandidates method

    public void checkRow(int row, int col) {
        // Clears the arrayLists so that they can be used each time
        // in the loop without any invalid data in the data structures
        usedNumbers.clear();
        possibleNumbers.clear();
        // Iterates through the columns (9)
        for (int i = 0; i < COLUMNS; i++) {
            // Checks if the coordinate is blank
            if (gridArray[row][i] != ' ') {
                char c;
                // Assigns c to data structure
                c = gridArray[row][i];
                String s = Character.toString(c);
                //check is usedNumbers already contains an instance of the
number s
            }
        }
    }

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        if (usedNumbers.contains(s)) {
            // Value is already present in arrayList - do not
add
        } else {
            // Adds to data structure
            usedNumbers.add(s);
        }
    }
} // ends checkRow method

public void checkColumn(int row, int col) {
    // Iterates through the number of rows (9)
    for (int i = 0; i < ROWS; i++) {
        // Checks if the cell is blank
        if (gridArray[i][col] != ' ') {
            char c;
            // Assigns c to relevant data structure value
            c = gridArray[i][col];
            String s = Character.toString(c);
            //check is usedNumbers already contains an instance of the
number s
            if (usedNumbers.contains(s)) {
                // Value is already present in arrayList - do not
add
            } else {
                // Add to data structure
                usedNumbers.add(s);
            }
        }
    }
} // ends checkColumn method

public void checkSquare(int row, int col) {
    char c; // Variable needed for use in this method
    // Relevant for cells 0,0 0,1 0,2 1,0 1,1 1,2 2,0 2,1 2,2
    if (row <= 2 && col <= 2) {
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) { //row
            for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) { //col
                if (gridArray[i][j] != ' ') {
                    c = gridArray[i][j];
                    String s = Character.toString(c);
                    //check is usedNumbers already contains an
instance of the number s
                    if (usedNumbers.contains(s)) {
                        // Value is already present in
arrayList - do not add
                    } else {
                        // Add to data structure
                        usedNumbers.add(s);
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

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    }
    }
}
// Relevant for cells 0,3 0,4 0,5 1,3 1,4 1,5 2,3 2,4 2,5
if (row <=2 && col <= 5 && col > 2) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) { //row
        for (int j = 3; j < 6; j++) { //col
            if (gridArray[i][j] != ' ') {
                c = gridArray[i][j];
                String s = Character.toString(c);
                //check is usedNumbers already contains an
instance of the number s
                if (usedNumbers.contains(s)) {
                    // Value is already present in
arrayList - do not add
                } else {
                    usedNumbers.add(s);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
// Relevant for cells 0,6 0,7 0,8 1,6 1,7 1,8 2,6 2,7 2,8
if (row <=2 && col <= 8 && col > 5) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) { //row
        for (int j = 6; j < 9; j++) { //col
            if (gridArray[i][j] != ' ') {
                c = gridArray[i][j];
                String s = Character.toString(c);
                //check is usedNumbers already contains an
instance of the number s
                if (usedNumbers.contains(s)) {
                    // Value is already present in
arrayList - do not add
                } else {
                    usedNumbers.add(s);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
// Relevant for cells 3,0 3,1 3,2 4,0 4,1 4,2 5,0 5,1 5,2
if (row <= 5 && col <= 2 && row > 2) {
    for (int i = 3; i < 6; i++) { //row
        for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) { //col
            if (gridArray[i][j] != ' ') {
                c = gridArray[i][j];
                String s = Character.toString(c);
                //check is usedNumbers already contains an
instance of the number s

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        if (usedNumbers.contains(s)) {
            // Value is already present in
        } else {
            usedNumbers.add(s);
        }
    }
}
// Relevant for cells 3,3 3,4 3,5 4,3 4,4 4,5 5,3 5,4 5,5
if (row > 2 && row <= 5 && col <= 5 && col > 2) {
    for (int i = 3; i < 6; i++) { //row
        for (int j = 3; j < 6; j++) { //col
            if (gridArray[i][j] != ' ') {
                c = gridArray[i][j];
                String s = Character.toString(c);
                //check is usedNumbers already contains an
instance of the number s
                if (usedNumbers.contains(s)) {
                    // Value is already present in
                } else {
                    usedNumbers.add(s);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
// Relevant for cells 3,6 3,7 3,8 4,6 4,7 4,8 5,6 5,7 5,8
if (row <= 5 && col <= 5 && col > 5) {
    for (int i = 3; i < 6; i++) { //row
        for (int j = 6; j < 9; j++) { //col
            if (gridArray[i][j] != ' ') {
                c = gridArray[i][j];
                String s = Character.toString(c);
                //check is usedNumbers already contains an
instance of the number s
                if (usedNumbers.contains(s)) {
                    // Value is already present in
                } else {
                    usedNumbers.add(s);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
// Relevant for cells 6,0 6,1 6,2 7,0 7,1 7,2 8,0 8,1 8,2
if (row <= 8 && col <= 2 && row > 5) {
    for (int i = 6; i < 9; i++) { //row

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        for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) { //col
            if (gridArray[i][j] != ' ') {
                c = gridArray[i][j];
                String s = Character.toString(c);
                //check is usedNumbers already contains an
instance of the number s
                if (usedNumbers.contains(s)) {
                    // Value is already present in
arrayList - do not add
                } else {
                    usedNumbers.add(s);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
// Relevant for cells 6,3 6,4 6,5 7,3 7,4 7,5 8,3 8,4 8,5
if (row > 5 && row <= 8 && col <= 5 && col > 2) {
    for (int i = 6; i < 9; i++) { //row
        for (int j = 3; j < 6; j++) { //col
            if (gridArray[i][j] != ' ') {
                c = gridArray[i][j];
                String s = Character.toString(c);
                //check is usedNumbers already contains an
instance of the number s
                if (usedNumbers.contains(s)) {
                    // Value is already present in
arrayList - do not add
                } else {
                    usedNumbers.add(s);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
// Relevant for cells 6,6 6,7 6,8 7,6 7,7 7,8 8,6 8,7 8,8
if (row <= 8 && col <= 5 && col > 5) {
    for (int i = 6; i < 9; i++) { //row
        for (int j = 6; j < 9; j++) { //col
            if (gridArray[i][j] != ' ') {
                c = gridArray[i][j];
                String s = Character.toString(c);
                //check is usedNumbers already contains an
instance of the number s
                if (usedNumbers.contains(s)) {
                    // Value is already present in
arrayList - do not add
                } else {
                    // Add to data structure
                    usedNumbers.add(s);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

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        }
    }
}

} // ends checkSquare method

public void solveCell(int row, int col) {
    // Loops through the numbers 1 to 9 (possible Sudoku grid values)
    for (int i = 1; i < 10; i++) {
        String s = Integer.toString(i);
        // Gets rid of " " from the value, so it passes .contains() check
        s = s.replaceAll("^\\|\\$", "");
        if (usedNumbers.contains(s)) {
            // Value is found, do not add
        } else {
            // Value is added to arrayList (could be number to add in)
            possibleNumbers.add(s);
        }
    }
    // Checks if the arrayList.size() is 1, then this means that there is
only // 1 value for the cell and it is correct and can output to grid
    if (possibleNumbers.size() == 1) {
        String str = possibleNumbers.get(0);
        char c = str.charAt(0);
        // Parses off first (and only) value in the arrayList
        board.setValue(row, col, c);
        // Adds to setValue for graphical output
        gridArray[row][col] = c;
        // Adds to gridArray for future usage and data storage
    } else {
        // Do nothing
    }
    // Prints the solved grid
    repaint();
} // ends solveCell method

} // ends SudokuCanvas class

```

```
import java.awt.*;

import javax.swing.*;

import java.awt.event.*;
import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
import java.io.IOException;

@SuppressWarnings("serial")
public class SudokuDisplay extends JFrame implements ActionListener {
    /*
     * SudokuDisplay.java          Richard Addicott (ria4@aber.ac.uk)
     * - This class contains the majority of the code that represents
     * and creates the graphical user interface of the program. It uses
     * JFrame features and ActionListeners to implement buttons, panels,
     * graphics and text fields that the user can interact with and
     * effectively use the program.
     */

    // Declaration of variables
    public JTextField load = new JTextField();
    public JPanel buttonPanel, gridPanel;
    public JButton loadButton, solveButton, clearButton;
    SudokuCanvas canvas;

    public SudokuDisplay() {
        setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        setTitle("Display - ria4"); // Title of GUI window

        buttonPanel = new JPanel();
        load = new JTextField();
        loadButton = new JButton("Load");
        clearButton = new JButton("Clear");
        solveButton = new JButton("Solve");
        // Declaration and addition of GUI elements to GUI
        buttonPanel.setLayout(new GridLayout(1,4));
        buttonPanel.add(load);
        buttonPanel.add(loadButton);
        buttonPanel.add(clearButton);
        buttonPanel.add(solveButton);
        // Add actionListeners to GUI elements
        loadButton.addActionListener(this);
        clearButton.addActionListener(this);
        solveButton.addActionListener(this);
        setLayout(new BorderLayout());
        add(buttonPanel, BorderLayout.NORTH);

        canvas = new SudokuCanvas();
        canvas.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLineBorder(Color.black,2));
        add(canvas, BorderLayout.CENTER);
        // Sets the size of the window and makes it visible
    }
}
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        setSize(380,430);
        setVisible(true);
    } // ends SudokuDisplay constructor

    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) { // User interaction
        // Passes in the event e and chooses appropriate statement to call
        if (e.getSource() == loadButton) {
            try {
                canvas.loadSudoku(load.getText()); // Passes textfield
data into loadSudoku method
            } catch (FileNotFoundException e1) {
                // Standard error handling
                System.out.println("File " + load.getText() + " not found.
Please enter a valid file.");
            } catch (IOException e1) {
                if (load.getText() == null) {
                    System.out.println("No text entered. Try again.");
                } else {
                    // Valid
                }
            }
        }
        if (e.getSource() == clearButton) {
            canvas.clearSudoku();
        }
        if (e.getSource() == solveButton) {
            canvas.findPossibleCandidates();
        }
    } // ends actionPerformed method

} // ends SudokuDisplay class
```

```
import static org.junit.Assert.*;

import org.junit.After;
import org.junit.Before;
import org.junit.Test;

import junit.framework.*;

public class JUnitTest {

    SudokuModel model = new SudokuModel(9, 9);

    @Test
    public void testGet() {
        char c = model.returnValue(0, 0);
        assertEquals(c, 0);
    }

    @Test
    public void testSet() {
        char c = 1;
        model.setValue(0, 0, c);
        assertEquals(1, model.returnValue(0, 0));
    }
}
```